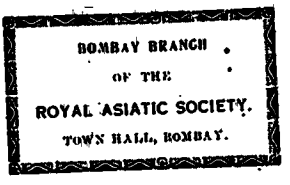
Administration Report
Central Provinces
1884-85 and 1886-87

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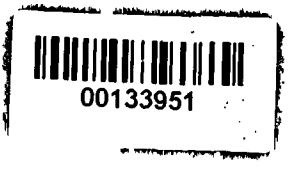
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ADMINISTRATION REPORT

OF THE

CENTRAL PROVINCES

FOR 1884-85.



PART I.

GENERAL SUMMARY.

In the second Part of this Report detailed facts and figures are given for the calendar year 1884, in respect of the Judicial, Jail and Police Departments, and for the official year in respect of other Departments A summary of the official history of the same periods is given here, together with some general remarks on subjects of special interest.

Rain-fall and harvests.

2. The population being chiefly agricultural, the welfare of the people depends mainly on the out-turn of the harvests. The rain-fall of 1884 was remarkable for the absence of any break from the first burst of the monsoon (late in June) till near the close of September, and this incessant fall was prejudicial to all the autumn crops except rice, and prevented the usual preparation of the land for the spring crop sowings. The result was an out-turn considerably below the average as regards most of the staples of the autumn harvest, and a contraction of the area sown for the spring harvest. This was not, however, accompanied by any general rise in prices. On the contrary, prices on the whole fell, owing to the abundance of stock in hand, to the decrease in the general export demand, and, in the case of millet (juari), to the abundance of the harvest in Berar.

Land Revenue.

3. The Land Revenue was, as usual, collected without difficulty. No permanent addition was made to the assessment during the year.

Trade.

4. It was noticed in last year's Report that the system of registration of frontier and town traffic had been discontinued, because the figures obtained under that system were unreliable, and that attention had been turned to the improvement of the system for registering railway traffic. The trade by rail is now registered under what is known as the block system. English coal, cotton goods, gunny bags, metals, salt, sugar and tobacco are the most important articles of import, and accounted in the year under report for 64 per cent of the weight and 70 per cent of the value of the total import trade. The chief features in the import trade of the year were a great decrease in the import of English coal and Indian piece-goods, and a large increase in that of Indian yarn. The chief features in the export trade were a great decrease in the export of cotton and tilseed, owing to the shortness of the crop, and a large increase in the export of wheat and hides. The port of Bombay engrosses by far the largest portion of

the Provincial traffic, and the export trade of the Province with that port practically represents its export trade with Europe. The trade with the North-West Provinces and the Bombay Presidency is important, as supplying the Central Provinces with their sugar and salt respectively.

Revenue and Finance.

5. The total revenue of the year, including the receipts from Provincial State Railways and Public Works, amounted to Rs. 1,47,16,374, and the total expenditure, including charges on account of Provincial State Railways and Public Works, to Rs. 92,71,551. The surplus of revenue over expenditure was Rs. 54,44,823. The arrangements with the Government of India for the administration of the Provincial Services have remained the same as in the preceding year, but certain items of Provincial revenue and expenditure were transferred during the year to the administration of District Councils and Local Boards constituted under the Local Self-Government Act I of 1883. Further transfers in the same direction have been made since the commencement of the year 1885-86. The distribution of the total figures for 1884-85 under the three heads Imperial, Provincial and Local is given below :—

	Revenue.	Expenditure.
	Rs.	Rs.
Imperial ...	60,64,037	9,46,668
Provincial (including Public Works) ...	79,33,571	77,56,199
Incorporated Local ...	7,18,766	5,68,684

The finances of the Province are in a satisfactory state. The closing cash balance at the end of 1883-84 was Rs. 27,15,882. At the end of 1884-85 it amounted to Rs. 28,81,794 : these balances will be chiefly devoted to improving the communications of the Province; and the works to be undertaken and paid for from them have been carefully considered and determined. Large allotments were made for this purpose in the budget estimates of 1885-86. But owing to the check put on expenditure under the orders of the Government of India, the money has not been spent.

Communications.

6. The Jubbulpore and Mandla road, and the road connecting Saugor and Jubbulpore *viâ* Damoh were completed. Work on the Tumsar-Katangi road, which is one of the many proposed feeders to the Nagpur and Chhattisgarh State Railway, was vigorously pushed on. The attention of the Administration is now directed chiefly to the construction of feeder roads to this railway and to the improvement of the communications between Nagpur and the Nerbudda valley *viâ* Saoner and Betul. This part of the Province, which includes the districts of Betul and Chhindwara, much needs opening up.

Wardha Coal State Railway.

7. The quantity of coal raised during the year was slightly below that raised last year. The cost of raising was Rs. 2-14-11 per ton. The Government of India reduced the price of coal at the pit's mouth from Rs. 5-8 to Rs. 4-8 per ton for large coal, and also reduced the rate for carriage from 6 to 4½ pies per ton per mile with the object of increasing the consumption of the coal and especially of bringing it into use on the Rajputana-Malwa Railway. This expectation has not been realized. There has been a small increase of consumption by private customers ; but the Great Indian Peninsula Railway has not taken more coal, while the Rajputana-Malwa line has practically refused to use the Warora coal. The result, so far, has been a loss to the State line of more than Rs. 25,000 and a like gain to the Great Indian Peninsula Railway and to private consumers.

Taken by itself the Colliery pays well, but there is loss on the Railway, the traffic on which is small and does not increase. The total loss on the combined undertaking was Rs. 4,798.

Nagpur and Chhattisgarh State Railway.

8. The entire length of the line from Nagpur to Raj-Nandgaon, and the branch line from Dowhali to Tumsur were open for traffic during the year. The gross earnings for the year were Rs. 13,23,014, and the total expenditure was Rs. 7,64,984. The net profit amounted to 5¼ per cent on the capital outlay to the end of December 1884. The working expenses were abnormally high, and absorbed 57·82 per cent of the gross earnings. This was due to the extraordinary expenditure on account of the breaking of the Panoli bridge, to the collection and spreading of special ballast, and partly also to the reduced rates for the carriage of grain and salt which came into force from the 1st of April 1884. The passenger traffic increased during the year. The extension of the line towards Bengal was commenced, and much of the earth-work between Nandgaon and Raipur was completed. This work, however, was not under the charge of this Administration.

Early in the current year, in order to facilitate the work of extending the line and converting it into broad gauge, the Government of India took over charge of the line from the Chief Commissioner and placed it under the Director General of Railways. The surplus profits on the line are to be paid to the Central Provinces Administration, which retains a voice in the financial management of the line, until such time as it is converted or made over to a Company.

Military

9. The strength of the garrison remained as in former years. The remodelling of the Fort of Sitabaldi was continued and brought towards completion. The Volunteer force was increased, a Cadet Corps formed, and an Adjutant for the first time appointed. The expediency of instructing some of the Volunteers in Artillery practice was suggested.

Police.

10. This is the sixth year in succession in which a decrease of crime has been reported. Other satisfactory features in the year's returns are the greater energy displayed in prosecuting bad characters which resulted in a large increase in the number of convictions under the Vagrancy Sections of the Criminal Procedure Code and the increase in the number of convicted persons against whom previous convictions were proved. But success in proving previous convictions was by no means common to all districts, so that although the general result is good, in some districts there has been failure. An increase in the number of robberies, and a decrease in the percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested and in the percentage of persons convicted to persons tried, are unfavourable features in the statistics of the year. On the whole the working of the Department has not been quite satisfactory.

The endeavours made to effect the capture of the dacoit Tantia have unfortunately been unsuccessful.

A scheme for improving the pay and position of the higher subordinate grades of the Police force and thus attracting to the Police men of better education and good family was sanctioned by Government, and brought into force in June 1884. The general results of this scheme have been to increase the number of Assistant District Superintendents, to raise the pay while

decreasing the number of Inspectors, to increase considerably the pay of the Chief Constables of all grades, and to create a new grade of Head Constables on higher pay. The Assistants have also been divided into two grades, A and B. To the former have been posted young Officers who are now qualifying themselves for promotion to the grade of District Superintendent, while the latter has been filled up by the promotion of Inspectors of long and meritorious service. Special rules have also been made in regard to the appointment and position of Chief Constables, which, it is hoped, will induce men of good education and social position to take service as Chief Constables. The charge of a Station House is one of much responsibility, and it is essential to successful Police action that Station House posts should be held by thoroughly competent men. To secure such men is the object of these rules.

Criminal Justice.

11. Crime having decreased, there was a corresponding decrease in the number of cases which came before the Courts. In contrast with the fact that the decrease was common to most districts is the circumstance that there was an increase of nearly 700 offences against property in the Sambalpur district. This is attributed to the partial failure of the rice crop there in 1883, which was followed by a rise in the price of rice—the staple food grain of Sambalpur, and a concurrent increase in the number of petty thefts during the year under report. The strength of the Magistracy was increased by seven stipendiary Magistrates and six new benches of Honorary Magistrates, while the number of persons dealt with decreased from 39,061 to 37,612. The share of the criminal business which fell to Honorary Magistrates was larger than in the preceding year. Sentences to fine were more numerous, yet there was a decrease in the total amount imposed by way of fine, and realizations were proportionately smaller than in the previous year. The average duration both in police and complaint cases was higher. The number of appealable sentences declined, while the number of appeals increased and the percentage of successful appeals was higher. The proportion of sentences to imprisonment for short terms (not exceeding 15 days) was the same as in the preceding year. The working of the Courts has, therefore, been rather disappointing, and it has been found necessary to point out again how important it is that the Magistrate of the District should keep a constant watch over the proceedings of Subordinate Courts and instruct them when they go wrong. The diligence with which the controlling powers of the Judicial Commissioner have been exercised may be estimated from the fact that the revisional work of his Court has nearly doubled since last year.

Prisons.

12. The Jail statistics of the year are satisfactory, and Jail administration generally has improved. The number of convicts admitted fell from 7,661 (1883) to 6,932, and the daily average number of convicts in confinement from 3,741 to 3,254. There was also a decrease in the number of under-trial prisoners admitted. On the other hand, the number of Civil prisoners admitted increased from 596 to 639. The year under report was a much healthier one than 1883, the daily average number sick having decreased from 36·7 per mille to 33 per mille of average strength, while the total number of deaths was half the total of 1883. The number of corporal punishments in 1882 was 623; it fell in 1883 to 426, and has fallen in the year under report to 353. But there was an increase of other punishments, so that the percentage of all punishments to jail population was about the same as in 1883. A considerably larger number of convicts have been released on earning a remission of sentence, and during the course of the

year the good conduct rules were so amended as to admit habitual criminals to the full benefit of them. Habituals can now earn a remission of sentence as other convicts do, and are thus encouraged to conduct themselves well. It was also ordered towards the close of the year that habitual criminals should be eligible for the post of convict officer. There was an increase in the number of prisoners employed as convict officers, and the convict officer system will be gradually extended to all jails. The extension of the system, besides being good in itself, will diminish the expenditure now incurred on watch and ward.

Civil Justice.

13. The work of the Civil Courts was heavier than in 1883. The number of original suits instituted was larger and so was the number of appeals. The percentage, however, of appeals to appealable cases was about the same as in the preceding year. The total number of suits for disposal was 1,08,272 compared with 94,755 in 1883, and the number disposed of was 99,432 and 88,220 in the two years respectively. The total number of appeals for disposal was 6,218 compared with 5,265 in 1883, and the number disposed of, 5,357 and 4,661 in the two years respectively. But this apparently large increase of litigation is to a great extent nominal, for Tenancy suits formerly tried by the Revenue Courts are now tried in the Civil Courts and included in the Statistics of Civil Justice. The real increase of litigation was nevertheless considerable, and is mainly traceable to districts in which, under the influence of railway extension, trade is developing. It has been frequently pointed out that the great bulk of the litigation in the Central Provinces is of a very petty nature. This characteristic is as conspicuous as usual in the returns of the year. Of suits instituted 89 per cent were for sums not exceeding Rs. 100, and 48 per cent of the suits tried were disposed of by the Courts of the lowest grade (Naib Tahsildar). A large number of these simple suits are uncontested. Of the suits disposed of by all Courts 70 per cent were uncontested, compared with 72 per cent in 1883, the increase of contested cases being probably due to the inclusion in the returns of cases formerly tried by the Revenue Courts. The higher average of duration is an unsatisfactory feature in the returns, and the attention of the Courts has been called to this blemish. The results of appeals too are not very satisfactory, a considerably larger percentage of judgments having been modified or reversed by the higher Appellate Courts.

The question of reorganizing the Civil Courts of the Province was taken up during the year. The appointment of Additional Commissioner, which had been sanctioned as a temporary expedient, was abolished, and proposals were made to the Government of India for the introduction of a scheme, whereby the Civil Courts of the Province from the lowest grade up to that of the Commissioner's Court should be strengthened. For this purpose an amendment of the Courts Act was found necessary and legislation had to be undertaken. The principal feature of the scheme is the gradual separation of the work of the administration of Civil Justice by the establishment of new Civil Courts in all places where there is enough work to occupy a separate Judge. The Deputy Commissioners of heavily worked districts will be relieved of much of the appellate work, while, at the same time, Commissioners' Courts will also have less to do. Since the close of the year the scheme has been partially introduced and will come into full force after the first January 1886.

Registration.

14. There was a small decrease in the number of registrations and a corresponding decrease in the income of the Department. Expenditure on the other hand rose, the percentage of expenditure to income being 52·5 compared with 42·3 in the preceding year. This increase of expenditure was caused by the introduction of several important reforms, and is therefore no matter for regret. The chief reforms introduced were the appointment of special Sub-Registrars in the place of Tahsildars (hitherto Sub-Registrars *ex-officio*) to offices in which Registration business is heavy, and the appointment of an Inspector of Registration offices, whose duty it is to assist the Inspector-General in supervising the work of the registering agency. The system of remunerating Sub-Registrars by a percentage on the receipts of their offices also gave way to a new system of remunerating them in proportion to the number of documents which they register. A portion of the large surplus income of the Department has in this way been spent in promoting the convenience of the public and in improving the working of the Department.

Forests.

15. The purchase of the Ahiri Forest, with an area of 94 square miles, from the Zamindar of Ahiri in the Chanda district was completed during the year. The property is a very valuable one and its acquisition by Government is matter for congratulation. The Forest revenue amounted to Rs. 10,27,203 and the expenditure to Rs. 4,95,821, giving a net revenue of Rs. 5,31,384, compared with Rs. 5,58,712 in the preceding year. There would have been a considerable increase in the net revenue but for the exceptional expenditure (Rs. 60,000) incurred in purchasing the Ahiri Forest. The area of forests successfully protected against fire was 1,399 square miles, and the percentage of failure in the whole area over which protection was attempted was greatly reduced. These results are very good. The estimated out-turn from the forests was much smaller than in 1883, and this is attributed to the occurrence of the Singhast year, which diminished the demand for timber for building purposes. There are several questions connected with the administration of the 2nd class Reserves which call for earnest attention. Fair progress was made during the year in surveying and demarcating the boundaries of these forests, but the work is not yet finished, and until it is finished, the important work of excluding from the permanent Forest Estates such waste lands as may best be made over to cultivation cannot be taken up. The subject of establishments is also one of importance. A very large temporary establishment is now entertained in the 2nd class Reserves. They possess scarcely any permanent establishment. The question of what permanent establishment is required for the management of the 2nd class Reserves in each district has still to be settled. These and other matters will, it is hoped, shortly receive the attention they deserve, when Mr. Thompson, who was specially deputed to examine the various systems of management in force in the 2nd class Reserves of the Province, has submitted his report on the results of his enquiries. His report will, it is believed, supply the necessary data for introducing a more complete and more uniform system of administration.

Stamps.

16. The Stamp revenue amounted to Rs. 13,69,881 compared with Rs. 13,10,736 in 1883-84, the increase of Rs. 59,145 being almost wholly due to a rise of revenue from the sale of Court Fee stamps. The revenue from the sale of General stamps declined slightly.

Excise.

17. The Excise revenue amounted to Rs. 24,92,932 compared with Rs. 23,56,435 in 1883-84, the increase of Rs. 1,36,497 being mainly due to the

higher fees paid for the monopolies of vend of country spirits. It is satisfactory to find that this large increase of revenue was obtained without any change of system, and without extending the facilities for drinking; the opium revenue fell a little, while the revenue from ganja increased. In districts bordering on the Holkar State and Bhopal, the administration of the opium revenue is attended by much difficulty. Opium can be purchased very cheaply in the Native States across the border, and there is every temptation to smuggle. Contraband opium therefore competes with the Government opium sold for the treasury, and our revenue suffers. In spite of the fact that several heavy seizures of contraband opium have been made, and severe punishments have been inflicted on the offenders, smuggling continues.

Local Self-government.

18. The constitution of the District Councils and Local Boards in all districts except Sambalpur was completed during the year. In the course of his tour, the Chief Commissioner met the members of the District Councils of all the districts which he visited, and was generally pleased with the intelligence they showed and the interest they take in their work. The financial position of each Council was carefully examined during the course of the year. The duties to be entrusted to them, the charges which they would have to meet, and the income which they will receive were determined. In some cases allotments will have to be made from Provincial Revenues in order to make them solvent. The amount of these allotments have been settled and fixed in each case for a term of three years. The manner in which the accounts of these local bodies are to be kept and controlled has been considered in communication with the Comptroller, and rules on the subject have been drafted and brought into force experimentally.

Municipal administration.

19. With one or two exceptions, Municipal Committees are composed now of elected and nominated members only, and the ordinary rule is, that nominated members shall not exceed one-third of the whole Committee of any municipality, leaving two-thirds of every Committee to be elected by the people. Ordinarily too Municipal Committees elect their own Presidents and Vice-Presidents. Revised election rules have now been sanctioned by the Chief Commissioner for most municipalities; and, in the majority of cases, the payment of Pandhri tax, or of Government revenue assessed upon land, has been made the basis of a right to vote. Payment of Municipal rates is the prescribed qualification in a few cases, but as the Municipal income is ordinarily derived from Octroi, this form of qualification cannot be generally adopted. Municipalities now enjoy considerable independence of action in the matter of making appointments and of undertaking public works, though their annual budgets require the sanction of the Chief Commissioner. They are encouraged in the ways of independence, but at the same time they are made aware that their action is not altogether uncontrolled. The management of dispensaries within municipal limits has lately been transferred to Municipal Committees, and proposals for effecting a similar transfer in respect to schools are under consideration.

There are 61 Municipalities, and in 33 of these Octroi is the principal source of income. Licenses on trade, a house-tax and bazar dues are other forms of taxation. Octroi schedules are being revised with a view to limiting the number of taxed articles to a few remunerative items, and more liberal refund rules are being generally adopted.

Education.

20. The publication of the report of the Education Committee and the measures taken for the promotion of Local Self Government have had much influence on the progress of Education during the year. The system prevailing in these Provinces has always been so much in accordance with the principles advocated by the Commission, that no radical changes of system have been found necessary. The labours of the Commission have, however, stimulated the efforts both of the Administration and of private individuals. The management of rural schools, which are principally supported from the school cess levied from the Malguzars, was placed under the District Council, and the relations of the Council to the Departmental officers were defined. From the report of the Inspector General of Education it is evident that the result has been good, and the transfer of the control of the schools to the local bodies has in no way impaired the progress of Education. In Municipalities the schools are for the most part under the direct control of the Department. The policy of the Chief Commissioner is to relieve the Department as much as possible of the direct management of all but the High schools, and he has invited the Municipal Committees to take over the charge and financial responsibilities of schools situated within their jurisdiction and attended chiefly by scholars residing within their limits. It is believed that Municipal Committees will then take a more lively interest in the success of these institutions.

In the matter of University education great efforts were made during the year. Large subscriptions had been raised for the purpose of establishing a College or Colleges to commemorate Sir John Morris' administration. It was decided that the Jubbulpore High School should be raised to the status of a College, remaining under the management of the Department, and that a College under independent management, but aided by Government, should be established at Nagpur. The subscribers of the Southern districts acting under the advice of the Chief Commissioner registered themselves as a Society under Act XXI. of 1860, and have established a College at Nagpur, which is now working. The necessary classes were added to the Jubbulpore College. The Free Church Institution at Nagpur has established F. A. Classes, and is preparing to compete with the Morris College. The wants of the Province have therefore been more than sufficiently supplied.

The system of Scholarships for all classes of schools has been revised during the year, and an attempt has been made, hitherto without much success, to induce Eurasians and Native lads to take technical scholarships for the purpose of receiving instruction in the Railway Workshops.

In order to bring the managers of the independent Institutions and the representatives of various classes of the public into systematic communication with the Education Department, and to give them ready means of expressing their views on all matters which affect their business, a Standing Committee of Education has been appointed. The intention of the Chief Commissioner in appointing this Committee is not in any way to supplant the authority of the Inspector General, who at present is the President of the Committee. The expenditure on Education is rapidly reaching the limit of aid which the Provincial Revenue can afford to give; for the future the efforts of private liberality, and in the higher grades of schools the increase of fees paid by the scholars, must be largely relied on.

Public health.

21. The year was a healthy one, and food was generally cheap and abundant. The mean death rate per thousand of the population was 27·30 compared with an average for the five preceding years of 32·13. The mean birth rate per thousand was 41·75, or 14·45 in excess of the mean death rate. There was scarcely any cholera, and fever claimed fewer victims than in the preceding year. On the other hand, small-pox was more prevalent.

Medical relief.

22. The number of in-patients admitted to the Dispensaries decreased, owing partly to a more careful observance of the rules regulating admissions; but there was a large increase in the number of out-patients treated. That these institutions are much appreciated by the people there can be no doubt. It appears too that the popularity of particular Dispensaries depend to a great extent on the Hospital Assistant in charge. A popular Hospital Assistant means a crowded Dispensary. The financial condition of the Dispensaries is, on the whole, satisfactory. It has been noticed elsewhere that the management of Dispensaries within municipal limits has been lately transferred to Municipal Committees.

Vaccination.

23. The total number of primary vaccinations and re-vaccinations was 3,60,448 compared with 3,52,643 in the preceding year. The reported percentage of success in primary vaccinations was 96·56 and in re-vaccinations 71·27. The average cost of each successful operation was somewhat higher than last year. Hostility to the Vaccinator may now be almost said to be a thing of the past. In many places vaccination is decidedly popular, and it is satisfactory to find that there has been no falling off in the amount of vaccination work in the Feudatory States which support vaccine departments.

Revenue administration.

24. Mention was made in last year's report of the introduction of measures for securing agricultural statistics of a reliable character. The carrying out of these measures has been pushed on vigorously during the course of the year under report. Rules have been brought into force regarding the appointment, removal and duties of Lambardars, Mukaddams and Patwaris, and the revision of Patwaris' circles has in many districts been completed. These measures will prove of the greatest assistance in the re-settlements of the Land Revenue which will have to be made during the course of the next ten years. Special attention has been paid to the instruction of Patwaris in surveying and to their being trained in the preparation of correct agricultural statistics.

The working of the Tenancy Act which came into force on the 1st January 1884 is being watched. It is still too early to judge of its effect in regulating the relations between landlords and tenants. But so far no difficulties in applying it have arisen, and there has been little litigation under it.

Survey and Settlement.

25. Before the close of the year a Settlement officer was appointed to the Sambalpur district, in which a traverse survey is being carried out by professional agency. The plotting in of the field details has been entrusted to the Patwaris under the supervision of the Settlement officer. A Summary Settlement of the Drug pargana of the Raipur district was completed just after the close of the year. This settlement will continue in force until the pargana has been re-surveyed. The training of junior officers of the Commission, in view to their being hereafter employed in Settlement work, is a matter to which the Chief

Commissioner attaches much importance, and five Assistant Commissioners were taught surveying in the field and put through a practical course, which included the principal operations to be conducted in preparing a district for settlement.

Feudatory States.

26. During the year the Feudatory State of Raigarh was added to those under the direct management of Government. The maladministration of the Chief was referred to in last year's report. He has now been removed and the State has been placed under the control of the Deputy Commissioner of Sambalpur. In our relations with the other States nothing worthy of prominent notice occurred.

PART II.

CHAPTER I.—PHYSICAL AND POLITICAL GEOGRAPHY, &c.

1. At pages 1 to 24 of the Administration Report for 1882-83, an account of the following subjects, drawn up for standard reference, will be found:—

1.—*Physical features of the country, area, climate, &c.*
2.—*Historical Summary.*
3.—*Form of Administration.*
4.—*Character of Land Tenure.*
5.—*System of Survey and Settlement.*
6.—*Civil divisions of British Territory.*
7.—*Changes in the Administration.*

2. On the 2nd April, 1884, Mr. W. B. Jones, C. S. I., C. S., made over charge of the Chief Commissionership of the Central Provinces to Mr. C. H. T. Crosthwaite, C. S., who held charge of the Administration throughout the year 1884-85.

8.—*Relations with Tributary States.*

3. Of the fifteen Feudatory States attached to the Central Provinces, Makrai is in the Nerbudda Division, and the remaining fourteen are in the Chhattisgarh Division. Six of the latter were under Government management during the year, viz., Patna, Kalahandi, Sarangarh, Raigarh, Sakti and Kawardha.

Nerbudda Division—1 State.

4. *Makrai* (Hoshangabad district).—No complaints were preferred against the administration of this State during the year. The Chief gave his loyal co-operation in the measures taken to check the incursions of Tantia Bhil and his gang: and maintained special Police out-posts for this end.

Area in square miles	...	216
Population	...	19,764
Income	...	Rs. 38,000

Chhattisgarh Division—14 States.

5. *Khairagarh* (Raipur).—Kanhiya Lal, the Chief of this State, has shown in his report, (written in English) on the year's administration that both income and expenditure, (but especially the latter) increased considerably; that at the end of the year there was a financial deficit of Rs. 21,391; and that at one time he was reduced to the necessity of borrowing money. The considerable sum that was saved for him during the management of the estate by Government has been spent. The increase in expenditure during the year was in the shape of allowances (amounting to Rs. 94,000) to himself and to his family. The increased income was mainly derived from Forest dues, Excise receipts and Pandhri. No serious complaints were preferred against the administration of the State during the year: but the progress of taxation will have to be carefully watched. In accordance with representations made to him, the Chief at the close of the year reduced the Bazaar dues levied in Dongargarh market from 6 annas to 2 annas per cart.

Area in square miles	...	940
Population	...	166,138
Income	...	Rs. 1,65,000
Government tribute	...	„ 49,000

Raipur district.

6. *Nandgaon* (Raipur).—The Chief has submitted a report, in English, on the administration of Khairagarh, prepared by the Diwan. The trade of Raj-Nandgaon, the capital of the State, and the present terminus of the Chhattisgarh Railway, is on the increase. The objectionable practice of levying what was in effect a transit duty on grain has now been discontinued. No duty at all is levied on grain consigned, for export, to the Raj-Nandgaon Railway Station. On grain brought to the Raj-Nandgaon market for sale, the rate of bazaar due levied has been reduced from 8 annas to 2 annas per cart.

Area in square miles	...	905
Population	...	154,339
Income	...Rs.	79,000
Government tribute	... „	600

The expenditure of the State is kept well within the income: and it possesses considerable surplus funds. The necessity of making feeder roads through the State has been frequently impressed on the Diwan, and the matter seems, at last, about to be taken up in earnest. A qualified Overseer has been appointed, and surveying instruments have been purchased.

The young Chief, Balram Dass, is now of age, and will shortly take up the responsible duties attaching to his position. The administration has so far been fairly well conducted by the Diwan; and there have been no serious complaints of injustice or oppression.

7. *Chhuikadan* (Raipur).—No officer was able to visit this Chiefship during 1884-85. No complaints were preferred by any of the subjects of the State. The Chief is in debt; and has no money to spare for administrative improvements.

Area in square miles	...	174
Population	...	32,979
Income	... Rs.	35,000
Government tribute	... „	11,000

8. *Kanker* (Raipur).—Raja Narhar Deo, the Chief of Kanker, has submitted a report on its administration, in English. The income is small and half of it is absorbed in meeting the expenses of the ruling family. No expenditure is incurred on improvements, therefore, although traffic roads are much needed.

Area in square miles	...	639
Population	...	63,610
Income	...Rs.	17,000

The new jail, to which reference was made in last year's report, is still far from completion: but some progress has been made with it.

The only complaints received during the year were in connection with the misbehaviour of the Diwan, Sheoram Panth, who was ultimately convicted of Criminal Breach of Trust and expelled from the State.

Sambalpur district.

9. *Bamra* (Sambalpur).—This State continues to be well governed by its intelligent ruler, Raja Sudhal Deo. The Raja has introduced system into his administration, and which exercising an effective personal control over his subordinates he refrains from interfering in matters of detail. The Commissioner of the Chhattisgarh Division marched through the State in January last. He reports that the land revenue system in force has been excellently planned and carried out, and that the State is being opened to trade by the construction of good metalled roads. The people are contented and are making progress under a ruler who displays a real interest in their welfare and their education.

Area in square miles	...	1,988
Population	...	81,286
Income	Rs.	32,100
Government tribute	„	350

10. *Rehrakol* (Sambalpur).—The income of this State is very limited, and the Raja, who is old and blind, is not very able to control affairs, and is in debt. Under these circumstances the State cannot make much progress. At the same time, there are no complaints. The Commissioner of the Chhattisgarh Division visited the Chiefship during the year.

Area in square miles	... 683
Population	... 17,750
Income	Rs. 22,200
Government tribute	,, 680

11. *Sonpur* (Sambalpur).—Three-fourths of the annual income of Sonpur are absorbed by the Raja and his family. The Raja keeps the whole of the work of the State in his own hands, and has necessarily, therefore, to trust more than is advisable to the reports of subordinates. The administration is consequently inefficient. Many complaints were received during the year: and in one case the Chief Commissioner was obliged to demand the dismissal of a Police official, who had systematically abused his authority. In the matter of the Raja's dispute with Karm Singh Zamindar, to which reference was made in last year's report, it has been necessary to intervene and to assume the management of the Zamindari till the difficulty can be finally arranged.

Area in square miles	... 906
Population	... 178,180
Income	Rs. 54,000
Government tribute	,, 5,000

12. *Bastar* (Sambalpur).—The arrangements made for improving the administration of Bastar have been so far satisfactory that the system of reckless extravagance which formerly prevailed has been stopped, no new debts have been incurred and no further harassing imposts have been imposed upon the people. On the other hand, there is very little real control by the Raja or his Diwan; the officials and the Police are few and badly paid; and no improvements of any kind are attempted. Lal Kalandar Singh, the Diwan—to whom the Raja leaves the management of affairs—is lacking in energy: and the Naib Diwan, who is an ex-Tahsildar of these Provinces, has not succeeded in acquiring sufficient influence to be useful. Beyond the birth of a son to the Raja, no event of any importance occurred during the year.

Area in square miles	... 13,062
Population	... 196,248
Income	Rs. 100,000
Government tribute	,, 3,056

Feudatory States under Government management.

13. *Patna*.—This State has now been 14 years under Government management. Since the 1st October 1883 it has been in the charge of the Political Agent at Bhowanipatna. The most noticeable feature in the year's administration of this Chiefship is the fact that a summary settlement of the land was successfully carried through by the Political Agent, Mr. Berry. The revised assessments were sanctioned by the Chief Commissioner on the 21st August 1885. They are moderate in their pressure on the cultivating classes, but increase considerably the land revenue of the State, owing to the great extension of cultivation that has taken place during the last ten years of direct management. The State is in a satisfactory financial condition, and besides having a good balance in hand, has a considerable annual surplus.

Political Agency, Bhowanipatna.

Area in square miles	... 2,399
Population	... 257,959
Income	Rs. 64,000
Government tribute	,, 600

Political Agency, Bhowanipatna (in Kalahandi.)

14. *Kalahandi.*—The Political Agent estimates the present annual surplus of this State to be Rs. 20,000: and if this amount were devoted strictly to liquidating debts, they would be completely cleared in four years. There are however certain charges—such as expenditure on the construction of a Jail and other much needed public buildings—which must be met, if the administration is to be properly carried on, and which will defer the final discharge of all liabilities. It has been decided that there is to be no revision of the Land Revenue demand which was assessed in 1883-84 (as a three years' settlement): the circumstances of the country being such that the agricultural classes require to be given time to recover lost ground and to extend cultivation. With general quiet, which now seems assured, future years should show great progress. There has already been a considerable increase of population and cultivation.

Area in square miles	...	3,745
Population	...	224,548
Income		Rs. 1,00,000
Government tribute		„ 3,975

Sambalpur district.

15. *Sarangarh* (Sambalpur).—This State has been 7 years under Government management. The young Chief, Raja Bhowani Pratap Sing, is now of age, and with a view to fitting him for his responsible position he is to be trained under the Superintendent of the State in all the duties which he will have to discharge when in due course he is installed. A summary settlement of the land revenue was in part effected during the year; and in this work the young Chief gave much assistance, evincing considerable interest and energy in the performance of the task made over to him. Public buildings and roads are earnest wants. Owing to the difficulty experienced in procuring the services of a competent Overseer, the works have been delayed: but materials have been collected, and a beginning is to be made this cold season. The Commissioner of the Chhattisgarh Division marched through the State during the year. He reports that the people are prosperous and contented.

Area in square miles	...	540
Population	...	71,274
Income	...	Rs. 39,500
Government tribute	...	„ 1,350

16. *Raigarh* (Sambalpur).—Owing to the long continued mis-government of Raja Ghansham Sing, this State was taken under direct management in February 1885. Affairs have, since then, progressed smoothly; and, as a first step towards good administration, arrangements are being made for placing the disordered finances of the State upon a proper footing. The difficulties of the Raja arose from extravagant expenditure and consequent debt. For years he had always been in great straits for money, and this led him to auction his villages and impose exactions on his people. He is old and infirm, and accepted with gladness the administrative change which relieved him from his embarrassments.

Area in square miles	...	1,486
Population	...	128,943
Income	...	Rs. 28,000
Government tribute	...	„ 400

The State is of considerable importance, as in addition to forests abounding in the best kinds of timber, it is said to possess both coal and iron mines.

Bilaspur district.

17. *Sakti* (Bilaspur).—This Chiefship has been under direct management for the last ten years. Its financial position may be stated as follows. The income is about Rs. 18,000 and the expenditure about Rs. 16,000. There is no debt, Rs. 10,000 of savings have been invested in Railway stock. The elder son of the Chief has been called in to Raipur to receive such a training in administrative work as will enable him to fittingly manage the State hereafter.

Area in square miles	...	570
Population	...	71,277
Income	...	Rs. 18,400
Government tribute	...	„ 1,350

18. *Kawardha* (Bilaspur).—Owing to gross mal-administration by the Chief, Thakur Rajpal Sing, this State was brought under direct management early in October 1884. It is in a satisfactory financial condition, and the annual surplus will admit of the construction of certain roads and buildings which are much needed. An Overseer has been entertained; and it is hoped that considerable progress will be made during the current year. A specially selected Tahsildar holds charge of the State and acts under the orders of the Deputy Commissioner, Bilaspur. Thakur Rajpal Sing will reside at Raipur until his Chiefship is restored to him.

Area in square miles	...	857
Population	...	86,362
Government tribute	...	Rs. 1,600

Non-Feudatory Zamindaris.

19. There are 116 Non-Feudatory Zamindaris, the majority of which are of small size.

Chanda district.

20. The purchase of the valuable teak forest which the Zamindar of Ahiri in the Chanda district (who is insolvent) had offered for sale to Government was arranged during the year. There is nothing of importance to be recorded with regard to the other Zamindaris of the Chanda district or with respect to those situated in the Balaghat, Bhandara and Chhindwara districts.

Bilaspur district.

21. The Non-feudatory estates in the Bilaspur district are 13 in number. Four of these are under Government management. With regard to the remaining 9, viz. Bhatgaon, Bilaigarh, Chapa, Pandaria, Uprora, Lafa, Chhuri, Kenda and Korba, the Commissioner of the Chhattisgarh Division writes as follows :—

"There has been nothing of a special character in any of the Zamindaris during "the year which called for the interference of this office or required report to "the Chief Commissioner. The fact that all action in the Zamindaris is subject to "the jurisdiction of the ordinary Courts prevents the prevalence of any thing like "injustice or oppression. In revenue matters the ryots are completely protected, "while lessees of villages have either recognised rights recorded at Settlement or "hold under leases for fixed terms."

Sambalpur district.

22. The three most important of the Sambalpur Zamindaris are Phuljar, Bora Sambhar and Chandarpur-Padampur. The indebtedness of the two former has long been a subject of report, and it seems probable that it will be necessary to take them under direct management. The defective Police arrangements in the Zamindaris of this district generally have been before referred to, and a scheme for making the Police more effective without at the same time weakening the direct responsibility of the Zamindars is now under consideration. Another important object to be achieved is the protection of the Zamindari forests from reckless waste: and proposals to that end are being matured.

CHAPTER II.—ADMINISTRATION OF THE LAND.

1.—*Survey and Settlement.*

Sambalpur district—Skeleton survey.

1. The skeleton survey of the Sambalpur district by professional agency was commenced during the year under report. The survey, as at first planned, was to include the plotting of the boundaries of villages and of blocks of fields within their limits, but experience showed that the assistance which these survey details gave the plotting establishment was not worth their cost. They were in consequence abandoned, and the professional operations were restricted to a traverse survey.

The plotting in of field details by the agency of patwaris was commenced just before the close of the year, when the Settlement officer, who had been appointed to the district, took charge of his duties. He had during the cold weather been deputed to the North-West Provinces to study the system of survey which is being followed in the Gorakhpur district.

Raipur district—Summary Settlement.

2. The Summary Settlement of one pargana of the Raipur district (Drug) was carried on during the year and was completed just after its close. The Settlement of this pargana expired in June 1885, and it was therefore impossible to bring it under regular Settlement in time to avoid a loss of revenue. The Summary Settlement now concluded will continue in force until the pargana has been resurveyed.

Instruction of Civilians.

3. Survey operations were carried on in the Raipur district, with the object of giving practical instruction to junior civilians and other officers, as well as of giving practical trial to the system of surveying by patwari agency. The plotting was based on skeleton maps which had been previously made by the Survey department. The results were very satisfactory. Five civilians were put through a practical course which included the principal operations to be conducted in preparing a district for Settlement; and for a period of from six weeks to two months they were each in immediate charge of a number of patwaris engaged in field plotting as well as in the preparation of village registers of area and rental.

Training of Patwaris.

The principal object of the operations being instruction, the Surveyors were drafted out of the staff as soon as they had become fully up to their work; and in this way practical training was given to 90 Revenue Inspectors and 150 Patwaris during the season, though the number of Surveyors at work at any one time did not exceed 80.

Field maps and records were, in the course of the work, prepared for 75 villages which are now ready for re-settlement. The maps and records were subjected to very careful testing and were found to be exceedingly accurate.

2.—*Waste Lands.*

The orders prohibiting the breaking up of waste lands under the Clearance Lease Rules (with exceptions in respect to the districts of Mandla and Hoshangabad) are still in force.

3.—*Wards Estates.*

Separate annual report on Wards' Estates.

A separate annual report on the estates under Government management was for the first time prepared during the year; and information respecting these estates was collected and tabulated. The question of the establishments required for effective management was taken up; and existing establishments were revised in many districts.

CHAPTER III.—PROTECTION.

1.—*Legislative Authority.*

1. The legislating authority for the Central Provinces is the Council of the Governor General of India for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations.

2.—*Course of Legislation.*

2. The Acts of the Imperial Legislature passed during the year 1884, which affect the Central Provinces, are as follows :—

(*a*).—Acts specially applicable to the Central Provinces.

Nil.

(*b*).—Acts applicable to the Central Provinces in common with other parts of, or the whole of, British India:—

Act III. of 1884.—An Act to amend the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882.

Act IV. of 1884.—An Act to regulate the manufacture, possession, use, sale, transport and importation of Explosives.

Act IX. of 1884.—An Act to amend the Legal Practitioners' Act, 1879, and the Indian Stamp Act, 1879.

Act XII. of 1884.—An Act to amend and provide for the extension of the Northern India Pakavi Act, 1879.

Act XV. of 1884.—An Act for the validation of certain licenses to solemnize marriages granted to Ministers of Religion under Act XXV. of 1864.

3.—*Police.*

Total of "true" crime.

3. What is known as the "true" crime of the year was represented in 1884 by 19,367 cases, as compared with 20,275 in 1883. The total of "true" cases is arrived at by deducting those declared by Magistrates to be false from the number of cases reported to the Police or to a Magistrate. The decrease in crime indicated by the above figures occurred under every class except "Offences against public tranquillity, &c." and "Other offences." The increase under the former head is slight.

Serious offences.

4. Serious offences against the person were fewer in number by 83. The decrease occurred chiefly under the head of Murder, Culpable Homicide and Attempts at Suicide. On the other hand, there was an increase of 22 in the number of Grievous Hurt cases.

Serious offences against the person and property, or against property only, showed a slight decrease on the whole, though two of the more important descriptions of offences coming under this class were more largely represented than in 1883, Thus Dacoities increased from 12 to 23 and Robberies from 60 to 69. On the other hand, Burglaries were fewer by 19. Of the 23 Dacoities, 9 were committed in the Hoshangabad district; and 6 of these were attributed to Tantia and his gang.

Minor offences.

5. Under minor offences against property, the decrease which has been going on for several years was again continued. The decrease occurred under every heading of offence comprised in the class—*viz.* Theft ordinary, Cattle theft, House Trespass, &c.—and is attributable to the comparatively easy circumstance of the poorer classes. An auxiliary cause may have been the increased activity of the Police in the matter of prosecuting bad characters.

Other offences.

The number of convictions under the vagrancy sections of the Criminal Procedure Code increased from 81 in 1883 to 169 in 1884. The only other head falling within the class "Other offences" under which there was any noticeable increase was that of "Public and Local Nuisances," and this increase appears to have occurred chiefly in those districts in which there are Cantonments.

Results of Police action.

6. The results of Police action in regard to cases investigated show a slight improvement, owing to the exercise of greater caution in the matter of taking up complaints; but there was at the same time a falling off in the proportion of convictions to arrests. The percentage of persons convicted to persons arrested was, in 1883, 72·03, and in the year under report it was 69·71. The percentage of persons convicted to persons tried declined from 76·76 to 74·52. In the matter of the recovery of property, the Provincial percentage of value recovered was the same as in 1883, *viz.* 31. There was an increase of 37 in the number of convicted persons against whom previous convictions were proved.

The number of non-cognizable cases in which the Police were employed to make an enquiry decreased from 1,189 in 1883, to 724 in the year under report.

7. Thus while, in some respects, the Police returns for 1884 are not satisfactory, yet the decrease in crime is the most striking feature and throws the faults in procedure into the background.

Strength and cost of Police force.

8. The scheme for improving the pay and position of the higher subordinate grades of the Police force was finally sanctioned by the Government of India during the year and was brought into force on the 1st June 1884. The force is now constituted as follows :—

1	Inspector General.
18	District Superintendents.
6	Assistant District Superintendents, Class A.
5	Do. do. do. B.
38	Inspectors.
7	European Constables.
211	Chief Constables.
1,016	Head Constables.
6,871	Constables.
191	Mounted Police, Head Constables and Constables.
6	Boy orderlies.
8,450	costing Rs. 13,15,525 per annum, inclusive of salary, clothing and all other charges.

This shows an increase of 4 Chief Constables, 13 Head Constables and 71 Constables in the strength of the force and of Rs. 29,338 in the total cost. The increase is, however, merely nominal. It is due to the Cantonment Police having been incorporated with the District Police.

4.—*Criminal.*

Decrease in crime.

9. As might be anticipated from what has been said under the head of Police, the Criminal (Judicial) returns show that there was a decrease both in reported and in "true" crime in 1884. In 12 out of the 18 districts of the Province, the number of offences believed to have been committed was smaller than in the preceding year. The only heads of crime under which there was a noticeable increase, are offences relating to weights and measures, and offences affecting the human body (these were chiefly assaults); but the excess over last year's figures under both these heads taken together is not a hundred cases, and was due to special causes which need not be here detailed. In other classes of offences there was either a decrease—or an increase which is too small to merit attention. The increase in the number of robberies and dacoities, although not great, is, however, an unsatisfactory feature in the returns.

Except in 6 districts.

10. The six districts in which there was an increase in the total of offences, are Nagpur, Wardha, Narsinghpur, Nimar, Sambalpur and Bilaspur; and in only three of these, *viz.*, Narsinghpur, Nimar and Sambalpur was the increase considerable. In Narsinghpur, assault cases caused the increase. The addition of nearly 700 offences against property to the Sambalpur total was probably due to the partial failure of the rice crop in that district in 1883, which caused a rise in the price of the food grain—an occurrence commonly followed by an increased number of petty thefts.

Action of Tribunals.

11. While, on the whole, the crime returns of the year showed satisfactory results, the action of the tribunals was disappointing in some respects. The strength of the Magistracy was increased by seven Stipendiary Magistrates and and six new Benches of Honorary Magistrates during the year. The number of persons to be dealt with by Magistrates' Courts decreased from 39,061 to 37,612. The percentage of convictions and committals, however, decreased from 56·6 to 55·4; and the percentages were less favorable in the more important cases, *e. g.* theft, robberies and dacoities.

The proportion of work done by Honorary Magistrates increased, the percentage done by Stipendiary Magistrates other than Deputy Commissioners falling from 69·2 to 63·6. The decrease in the percentage of convictions was possibly to some extent due to the injudicious action of some Honorary Magistrates in entertaining petty complaints.

Punishments.

12. The punishment returns show that sentences of fine slightly increased, while sentences of whipping decreased. Sentences of imprisonment were in the same proportion as last year. The increase in the sentences of fine was probably connected with the larger proportion of work done by Honorary Magistrates, as in the case of persons who are sentenced at a distance from Headquarters this form of punishment is more appropriate than short terms of imprisonment. The proportion of sentences of imprisonment for a term not exceeding 15 days, does not show any improvement, remaining at 10 per cent. While the number of sentences of fine increased, the total amount imposed was less than in 1883, the percentage of penalties not exceeding ten rupees rising from Rs. 86 to Rs. 88.

Duration of cases.

13. The average duration in Police cases was 3·4 days against 2·9 in the preceding year; and in Complaint cases 16 days as compared with 15. As the work

to be done was less and the number of tribunals was greater, these results were not satisfactory, and the careful attention of all District Officers was called to the matter.

Appeals.

14. Although there was a decrease in the number of appealable sentences, the number of appeals rose from 1,327 to 1,936. The increase was common to all classes of Courts. At the same time there was a rise in the percentage of successful appeals, which seems to indicate that there was good reason for the additional institutions.

Revision.

15. The revisional work of the Judicial Commissioner has nearly doubled since 1883, the increase being due to the large number of cases called for with the object of checking the procedure of the subordinate Magistrates.

5.—*Prisons.*

Decrease in number of admissions.

16. The admissions into Prisons during the year numbered 10,812 prisoners of all classes. Of these, 6,932 were convicts. The daily average number of persons in confinement was 3,406, of whom 3,254 were under criminal sentence.

The following are the admissions of convicts for five years:—

1880.	1881.	1882.	1883.	1884.
9,565	7,568	8,569	7,661	6,932

It will be seen that (if a temporary rise in 1882 be excepted) there has been a steady yearly decrease in the number of convicts admitted since 1880.

Increase in releases on appeal.

17. Releases from Jail upon expiry of sentence have similarly—though not proportionately—declined. Releases upon appeal have not, however, shown a like tendency. During the year under report the number of releases of the latter kind was greater than in the preceding year, and is larger than the total of 1880.

	1880.	1881.	1882.	1883.	1884.
Releases on appeal	302	209	305	234	348
„ expiry of sentence ...	8,242	6,515	6,740	6,491	5,592

Population of Prisons at close of year.

With a decrease of 729 in the number of admissions and an increase of 114 in the number of releases on appeal—to say nothing of the more numerous releases under the Remission rules—the convict population of the prisons at the close of 1884 should apparently have shown a larger decrease upon the total at the close of 1883 than 183—the actual difference. The explanation is to be found in the fact that releases on expiry of sentence did not (as stated above) decrease proportionately to the decrease in admissions. This is because (*a*) the percentage of convicts admitted in 1884 whose sentences did not exceed one year was 88 per cent as compared with 90 per cent in 1883 : and (*b*) there were fewer convicts at the beginning of 1884 whose sentences would expire during the year than there were at the beginning of 1883—as the following figures show :—

	1883.	1883.	1884.
Number of prisoners at close of year serving out sentences not exceeding one year ...	1,729	1,449	1,413

Although short sentences were still the rule, yet the year under report showed a small comparative decrease in such sentences.

Working of Remission Rules.

18. The releases under the remission rules exhibited a satisfactory increase. The figures of four years are given below. The new Remission rules have been in

force since September 1882 but they were recently amended:—

1881.	1882.	1883.	1884.
12	41	209	283

19. The number of convict officers rose from 138 to 163, the increase being partially due to the amendment of the Good Conduct Rules, by which habituals are now placed on the same footing as ordinary convicts. Convict officers.

The number of persons admitted into Jail during the year who had been previously convicted, increased from 635 to 640.

20. There were 7 escapes as against 9 in 1883. Four of the escaped convicts were recaptured, and four others who had escaped in previous years. Escapes.

21. There was a slight decrease in the ratio of punishments to the total number of prisoners. In eight Jails there was an increase in the ratio and in ten a decrease. Punishments.

There was again a considerable decrease in the number of corporal punishments inflicted—the total being 353 as compared with 426 in 1883 and 623 in 1882.

22. The Vital Statistics show that the year was a much healthier one than 1883. The number of admissions to Hospital was fewer by 401, and the daily average number sick decreased from 36·7 per mille to 33 per mille of average strength. The total number of deaths was half the total of 1883. There was a considerable increase of sickness in the Jubbulpore Jail in the latter half of the rainy season. The Superintendent is unable to explain this, except on the supposition that it was due to the wetness of the sub-soil. The rain-fall of 1884 was excessive, it may be remarked. Fever was the chief ailment. There was no cholera in any of the Jails: and much less dysentery and diarrhœa. Vital Statistics.

23. The cost of each prisoner increased from Rs. 53-6-4 to Rs. 55-13-4. The increase was chiefly under the head of Establishment, the explanation being that with fewer prisoners the cost of the fixed establishment was proportionately greater. The substitution of convict officers for paid officials, which is in progress, will decrease the absolute cost of watch and ward. Cost of each prisoner.

6.—*Civil.*

24. The number of Civil Courts open in the Provinces at the close of the year was three in excess of the number shown last year. One Court of Assistant Commissioner and 3 Courts of Naib Tahsildars were added to the list; while, on the other hand, the Court of the Additional Commissioner was closed. The Tribunals.

25. The number of suits instituted and re-instituted in 1884 was 101,193 against 89,470 in 1883. Number of suits.

This number exceeds the number of suits in any of the last four years. A large portion of this increase, namely 7,283 suits, was due to the inclusion for the first time in the returns of suits which by virtue of the Tenancy Act are now tried by Civil Courts instead of by Revenue Courts. Deducting this number from the total institutions, we have 93,910 as the sum of the civil litigation *proper* in 1884. Comparing this sum with the total for 1882 we find that the increase is only 1,262 suits, although as compared with last year the rise is 4,440.

Analysis of increase.

An analysis of the district figures shows that the bulk of the increase occurred at certain places, such as Tirora, Warora, Dhamtari, Simga, Bargarh and Bilaspur, where there has been a more or less steady rise in litigation in the last four years under the influence of Railway extension, and development of trade. In the Jubbulpore, Nagpur and Kamptee Small Cause Courts there was a slight increase over the figures for 1883, and in the Saugor Small Cause Court a slight decrease.

Values of suits.

26. Classifying them according to values, it is found that of the 101,193 suits instituted, 28 per cent did not exceed ten rupees in value; 49 per cent were valued for sums between ten and fifty rupees; 12 per cent were for sums between fifty and one hundred rupees; 10 per cent for sums between one hundred and five hundred rupees; and only 1 per cent for sums in excess of five hundred rupees. The relative value of suits instituted did not greatly change therefore. There was an increase of 1 per cent in the suits of lowest value and a corresponding decrease in suits of high value, the intermediate classes remaining unchanged. The bulk of the suits instituted were for money due on a bond or contract in writing, such suits forming 45 per cent of the whole. Suits on unwritten contract gave a percentage of 17·5 and for goods sold 8·8.

Distribution of business.

27. The suits before the Courts were disposed of in the following proportions by the various classes of judges:—

By Judges of Small Cause Courts	...	11,103	or 11·2 per cent.
„ Naib Tahsildars	...	47,759	„ 48· „
„ Tahsildars	...	29,163	„ 29·3 „
„ Assistant Commissioners	...	11,195	„ 11·3 „
„ Deputy Commissioners	...	212	„ ·2 „

As usual, the Naib Tahsildars had to cope with growing work, and they disposed of nearly 48,000 cases, or 48· per cent of the total litigation. There are now 42 Naib-Tahsildars exercising civil jurisdiction; and, as might have been anticipated from the character of the litigation and the small values of which it is composed, over three-fifths of the total institutions were in their Courts.

Results of trials.

28. The general results of trials were:—

In 695 suits	or ·7 per cent	the plaints were rejected or returned.
„ 18,935 „	19·1 „	dismissal was ordered in default of appearance of parties.
„ 1,000 „	1· „	leave to withdraw was granted.
„ 11,476 „	11·5 „	compromises were effected.
„ 21,399 „	21·5 „	decrees passed on confession.
„ 16,217 „	16·3 „	„ *ex parte*.
„ 979 „	1· „	dismissal was ordered in default of the appearance of plaintiffs.

The proportion of uncontested cases was 70·4, and the results in contested cases were that judgments in 12 per cent were given for the plaintiff in whole: in 9·1 per cent for the plaintiff in part, and 7·8 per cent for the defendant in whole.

The percentage of contested cases is somewhat higher than in 1883, and this is probably due to the inclusion of cases formerly disposed of by the Revenue Courts.

The average number of hearings has not materially varied, but durations were somewhat longer.

29. Although there was an increase in the number of appeals heard by Deputy Commissioners and Commissioners, the percentage of appeals to appealable cases was practically the same as in the preceding year. Appeals.

The scheme submitted to the Government of India for the redistribution of civil work, will, it is hoped, provide adequate relief for those Deputy Commissioners who at present have too much civil appellate work.

30. The general results of appeals are that the Judicial Commissioner and Commissioners modified and reversed a considerably larger percentage of judgments than in 1883, whilst Deputy Commissioners reversed slightly more. Results of appeals.

31. Applications for execution of decree increased largely, following and proportionately surpassing the increase in original suits; but it must be borne in mind that in 1883 such applications *decreased* largely. Execution cases.

32. Insolvency cases were comparatively few. The number dealt with during the last three years were :— Insolvency cases.

	1882.	1883.	1884.
By Deputy Commissioners ...	42	46	64
„ Assistants ...	111	91	115
Total ...	153	137	179

As the insolvency provisions of the Civil Procedure Code have now been in operation for a considerable number of years, their nature and effect must be generally understood. The practice of renewing agreements and acknowledging old debts, however remote the prospect of payment may be, no doubt tends to keep down the number of applications to be declared insolvent.

7.—*Registration.*

33. During the year under report some very important reforms in the constitution of the Registration Department were carried out or inaugurated. These were :— Reforms in Establishment.

(*a*).—The relief of Tahsildars from registration work by the appointment of Special Sub-Registrars in all Tahsils where the number of registrations is over 200 per annum.

(*b*).—The relief of Assistant Commissioners from the work of the Sub-Registry offices performed by them in certain districts.

(*c*).—The abolition of tour registration and of the office of Joint Sub-Registrar.

(*d*).—The breaking up of Registration circles into Sub-districts and the appointment of rural Sub-Registrars.

(*e*).—The strengthening of office Establishment.

(*f*).—The improvement of the system of remunerating Sub-Registrars and their Establishment.

(*g*).—The appointment of an Inspector of Registration offices.

Reforms (*a*), (*d*) and (*e*) were in progress at the close of the year: the others had already been accomplished.

34. At the end of 1883-84, the Registration offices were as under :—

Registrars' offices		... 18
Ex-officio Sub-Registrars (Tahsildars)		... 40
Special Sub-Registrars—	Salaried 8	... 17
	Unsalaried 9	...
	Total	... 75

The division of Special Sub-Registrars into two classes (*a*) salaried and (*b*) unsalaried, was effected during the year. Special Sub-Registrars are to belong as a rule to class (*a*) and those of class (*b*) may be appointed only with the Chief Commissioner's sanction. Officers of class (*a*) receive a salary of Rs. 30 per mensem with a commission of annas 5 per registration : officers of class (*b*) receive a commission of annas 10 per registration.

Total Registrations during the year.

35. The total number of registrations was 22,289, being a decrease of 91 on the previous year's total. The following figures compare the registrations under the principal heads with those of the preceding year :—

	Affecting immoveable property.			Affecting moveable property.	Wills and authorities to adopt.	Total.
	Compulsory.	Optional.	Total.			
1883-84 ...	14,232	4,176	18,408	3,825	147	22,380
1884-85 ...	14,038	4,202	18,240	3,886	163	22,289

Increase in optional Registration.

36. The downward tendency of the percentage of optional registrations to the total number of registrations was arrested in the year under report. This percentage for each of the last five years is as follows :—

1880-81	45·8
1881-82	42·7
1882-83	38·7
1883-84	36·3
1884-85	37·

The increase in the percentage of 1884 is slight : but it is an improvement, for the amount of optional registrations forms one of the most important tests of the work of the department.

Miscellaneous operations.

37. The number of miscellaneous operations again showed an increase. The figures for the last three years are :—

1882-83	7,350
1883-84	7,651
1884-85	7,986

The number of refusals to register, which had advanced from 159 in 1882-83 to 165 in 1883-84, again fell to 155. There is no ground, however, for thinking that the law with regard to refusing registration was loosely applied.

Income and Expenditure.

38. The income and expenditure of the department for the last three years have been as follows :—

	Income.	Expenditure.	Percentage of expenditure to income.
	Rs.	Rs.	
1882-83 ...	68,508	28,735	41·9
1883-84 ...	68,536	28,987	42·3
1884-85 ...	68,054	35,766	52·5

The increase in expenditure is due to the reforms above referred to.

8.—*Municipal Administration.*

Number of Municipalities.

39. At the beginning of the year under report the number of towns enjoying a Municipal constitution under Act XI. of 1873, and their aggregate population were 61 towns and 697,271 persons (census of 1881).

On the 1st April 1885, the small municipalities of Tendukhera, Kauria, Zainabad and Borgaon, which seemed unfitted for independent existence, were abolished.

In November 1882, the town of Kareli in the Narsinghpur district was brought under the Municipal Act: but the Committee did not commence to exercise their powers until after the commencement of the year under report.

Revision of constitution of Committees.

40. Municipal Committees now for the most part consist of nominated and elected members only, and it is the ordinary rule that Committees elect their own Presidents and Vice-Presidents. At the beginning of the year under report more than thirty municipalities had submitted revised election rules for the sanction of the Chief Commissioner. In the majority of cases these rules were approved and published: in a few instances only they were returned for revision. The principle adopted was to refrain from insisting upon a rigid uniformity and to allow the evolution of the best practical franchise scheme by experience of the working of various sets of rules. The result is that the rules sanctioned reflect to some extent the varying composition of the communities to which they relate. Thus in the Jubbulpore, Nagpur and Raipur rules, Graduates of Universities, Licentiates of Medicine, Barristers, Pleaders, Durbaris and Honorary Magistrates are specially referred to as entitled to votes: while in Hoshangabad, Sohagpur and Khandwa, Gomashtas and Mukhtars in receipt of Rs. 200 per annum are considered of sufficient importance to form a descriptive head in the list of electors. Similarly in Damoh and Hatta, Chowdris are distinguished from other voters. Again in the small towns of Ramtek and Umrer the possession of a certain number of plough-bullocks is made a qualification for the Municipal franchise. The nearest approach to manhood suffrage is made in the town of Khapa, where ability to read and write entitles a citizen to be brought on the electoral roll. The municipality of Kalmeshwar has preferred the guarantee of respectability implied in the enjoyment of an income of Rs. 150 per annum; and the town of Sambalpur is content with a property qualification, viz: the possession of moveables valued at Rs. 250.

The bulk of the rules, however, make payment of Pandhri tax or of Government revenue assessed upon land the basis of a right to vote. Only a few municipalities (including Nagpur, Jubbulpore, Raipur, Damoh and Hatta) have adopted the principle so familiar to Englishmen, that payment of rates should give a voice in the nomination of the persons to whom the expenditure of the rates is to be entrusted.

Development of Autonomy.

41. While the independence of Municipalities has thus been strengthened internally, their authority and discretion in external matters is acquiring a larger scope. At the beginning of the year 1884—1885, Circular orders were issued giving Municipalities at the head-quarters of districts and sub-divisions larger financial powers in the matter of making appointments and of undertaking public works and contingent expenditure.

Municipalities were also called upon to decide whether they would employ the Police to superintend conservancy in their towns; and the rate of contribution to the pay of the Police so employed was under discussion during the year.

Twenty-five Municipalities have preferred to engage or retain their own establishments for supervising conservancy.

The Chief Commissioner further directed that in the Budgets for 1885-86, Municipalities at Civil Stations should be relieved of the expense of contributing to the maintenance of such station gardens as are kept primarily for the advantage of European residents.

The transfer of schools and dispensaries within Municipal limits to the management of Municipal Committees is in progress.

Income from taxation.

42. Leaving out of sight the tax on vehicles, which exists only in Jubbulpore, the water rate levied in Nagpur, and the special tax on wire-drawing realised at Burhanpur—the income derived from taxation by the Municipalities of the Central Provinces is of the following four descriptions :—

1. Income from Octroi.
2. „ „ Licenses on trades.
3. „ „ House tax.
4. „ „ Bazaar dues.

Octroi is the principal source of income in 33 out of the 61 Municipalities. It is the sole source of income (with insignificant exceptions) in 23 towns. The amounts realized by different towns under this head vary from over a lakh and a quarter (in Jubbulpore and Nagpur) to the trifling sum of Rs. 2,186 (in Mohari). The schedules of Octroi are in course of revision with a view to limiting the number of taxed articles to a few remunerative items. More liberal Refund Rules are also being generally adopted. New schedules and Refund Rules were published by several Municipalities during the year.

9.—*Military.*

43. The Military force stationed in these Provinces, on the 31st December 1884, consists of—

2 Batteries of European Artillery.
2 Battalions and a detached company of European Infantry.
2 Regiments of Native Cavalry.
1 Company of Native Sappers and Miners.
7 Regiments of Native Infantry.

The Company of Sappers and Miners, who arrived at Nagpur in December 1881, continued to be employed in remodelling Sitabaldi Fort.

Number and distribution of troops.

The total number of fighting officers and men was 8,120, of whom 2,301 belonged to the European Army. The cost of the force was about the same as in the year previous, *viz.* 27½ lakhs of rupees or £ 275,000.

The distribution of the troops was as follows :—

BENGAL ARMY.

Saugor Cantonment.

1 Battery of European Artillery.
1 Wing of European Infantry.
2 Squadrons of Native Cavalry.
1 Regiment of Native Infantry (Madras.)*

Jubbulpore.

1 Wing (Head Quarters) of European Infantry.
2 Squadrons of Native Cavalry.
1 Regiment of Native Infantry (Madras.)*

*These Regiments though serving in Bengal belong to the Madras Army.

MADRAS ARMY.

Kamptee Cantonment.

1 Battalion of European Infantry.
1 Battery of European Artillery.
1 Regiment of Native Cavalry.
2 Regiments of Native Infantry.

Sitabaldi.

1 Detachment of the European Infantry stationed at Kamptee.
1 Company of Sappers and Miners.
1 Wing (Head Quarters) of a Regiment of Native Infantry.

Hoshangabad.

1 Wing of a Regiment of Native Infantry.

Raipur.

1 Regiment of Native Infantry.

Sambalpur.

1 Wing of a Regiment of Native Infantry.

BOMBAY ARMY.

Asirgarh Fort.

1 Company of European Infantry.

Volunteer Corps.

The Nagpur Volunteer Rifle Corps was during the year under the command of Lieutenant-Colonel Thomas and Captain Baily. The enrolled strength of the Corps on the 1st April 1885 was 319 compared with 212 in the previous year. The Corps was inspected in April last, by the Brigadier General W. K. Elles, C. B., A. D. C., Commanding Nagpur Force, who made the following observations:—

"The Corps has recently undergone a change; the number of members has been largely increased and efforts are still being made to develope the movement. The Chief Commissioner is also taking steps with a view to the formation of a Volunteer Reserve, mounted and dismounted, in connection with the Corps."

"The Head Quarters of the Corps being at Nagpur, where the Fort of Sitabaldi is situated, it has been suggested by Mr. Crosthwaite, the Chief Commissioner, that an Artillery Company would be appropriate to the Corps. The proposal is in accordance with the wishes of the members, and I beg to recommend the step. As heavy ordnance of various descriptions is about to be mounted on the ramparts, the means of instruction will probably be available without the special appointment of an Artillery Instructor; but even if it should be necessary to attach a Royal Artillery Non-Commissioned Officer to the Corps as Instructor, the increased usefulness of the Corps would well repay the additional expense. Since the appointment of an Adjutant, the Corps has made very satisfactory progress."

10.—*Marine.*

44. There is nothing to be recorded under this section.

CHAPTER IV.—PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

1.—*Agriculture.*

The following figures show the variations in the cultivated area of the Provinces during the last three years :—

1882-83.	1883-84.	1884-85.
155,16,800	156,22,400	140,76,800.

The figures for 1884-85 exclude, while those for the two preceding years include, the cultivated area of the Zamindaris, and the decrease must be entirely attributed to this change. The percentage of cultivated to total area was 34 in 1884-85, against 29 in the previous year,—thus showing that if Zamindaris be excluded from both years' returns, the cultivated area will be found to have increased in the year under report.

2. The returns of the areas under different crops are not given, as the system under which they are prepared is undergoing revision, and the figures at present obtainable are not to be relied upon for accuracy.

2.—*Weather and Crops.*

3. The following Table gives details of the rain-fall in each district during 1884-85, with the average for the preceding 18 years :—

Districts.	April and May 1884.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November 1884 to March 1885.	Total Rain-fall 1884-85.	Total Rain-fall 1883-84.	Average Rain-fall of past 18 years.
Saugor ...	·08	9·86	15·36	19·71	9·67	·67	2·06	57·41	32·85	53·01
Damoh ...	·29	10·95	18·05	25·92	18·28	·91	2·34	76·74	38·66	63·17
Jubbulpore ...	·40	12·07	36·55	25·52	14·83	2·33	2·22	93·92	50·16	75·55
Mandla ...	·23	12·09	24·58	14·00	14·71	·94	3·87	70·42	43·91	61·93
Seoni ...	·38	16·17	18·49	10·68	20·63	·27	3·71	70·86	60·53	61·07
Narsinghpur ...	·42	9·06	16·85	16·49	15·16	·13	2·70	60·81	59·81	55·84
Hoshangbad ...	·08	6·95	18·31	22·52	29·86	·44	1·67	79·83	66·73	64·71
Nimar ...	·20	8·06	12·76	2·69	13·33	·96	1·07	39·07	38·86	36·72
Betul ...	·22	4·21	19·89	7·32	21·26	·55	3·11	56·56	41·50	50·19
Chhindwara ...	·43	7·57	13·97	6·71	17·52	2·91	3·52	52·63	63·12	48·31
Wardha ...	·20	2·32	20·52	12·60	16·96	·42	3·54	56·56	64·35	47·85
Nagpur ...	·31	3·96	19·23	13·82	13·51	·05	4·65	55·53	59·66	50·34
Chanda ...	·34	8·08	29·01	10·03	11·40	·20	4·27	63·33	59·06	55·41
Bhandara ...	·18	4·57	24·39	16·41	14·19	·15	5·46	65·35	68·05	59·36
Balaghat ...	·35	13·86	38·61	22·47	19·00	2·67	4·37	101·33	58·67	83·53
Raipur ...	...	20·64	37·65	11·25	11·18	2·13	3·48	86·33	46·66	68·25
Bilaspur ...	·35	7·57	16·64	11·65	20·17	1·52	2·68	60·58	85·82	54·39
Sambalpur ...	·23	8·47	20·17	14·10	21·33	·06	2·52	66·88	75·69	63·53

Rain-fall.

4. The rain-fall of 1883 had consisted of two main bursts separated by a long break in July and August; that of 1884, besides being considerably above the average in quantity, was remarkable for the absence of any break from the first burst of the monsoon (late in June) till near the close of September. This feature occurred in nearly every district but Nimar, the most westerly district of the Provinces, which usually receives far less rain than any other, but where the distribution in 1884 is reported to have been seasonable.

Rice the only crop favored by the rain-fall.

5. In the other districts, the incessant fall for nearly three months was fatal to all the kharif crops except rice, and prevented the usual preparation of land for the rabi sowings. The monsoon terminated suddenly in October, or the end of

September, and was succeeded by clear open weather, during which the surface of the land rapidly dried and hardened to such an extent as to render ploughing exceedingly difficult. The cultivators were unable to pulverize the soil enough for wheat, the sowing of which was thus carried out under disadvantageous circumstances. The usual October and November showers were wanting; but in most districts there was a considerable fall of rain in December and January which did great good on the whole to the wheat crop, though it is reported to have caused mildew in Saugor and Damoh. The linseed crop suffered considerably from the cloudy weather in January.

The character of the rain-fall was generally prejudicial to all crops but rice; and the out-turn of most of the staples was considerably below the average.

Rice.

6. The principal rice-growing districts are Sambalpur, Raipur and Bhandara; and all these had a rice crop exceeding, or not below, the average. In the two former districts, the price of rice rose, notwithstanding the good harvest; and this was due (at all events in Sambalpur,) to an export demand. In Bhandara the price of rice is reported to have been lower in May 1885 than in the preceding hot weather.

Millet.

7. Except in Nimar, where the yield of juari was only 2 annas short of an average crop, the out-turn was very small. Juari is an important food crop in Wardha and Nagpur; and in both districts the yield was only from a third to a half of an average crop.

Cotton.

8. The season was very adverse to the production of cotton, as the plant likes alternate showers and sunshine. In Nimar the out-turn was about two-thirds of an average crop; in Wardha it is reported to have been one-third only, and it did not exceed this in Nagpur. In some parts of these districts the crop totally failed.

Wheat.

9. Wheat did best in the Raipur district, where the crop was above the average, and in Nimar, where an average crop was reaped. In the other wheat-growing districts the out-turn is reported to have been about two-thirds of an average crop—except in Saugor, where the yield approximated more nearly to the ordinary estimate.

Linseed.

10. Linseed was much damaged by cloudy weather in December and January, but did best, on the whole, in the southern districts constituting the Nagpur division, and in Nimar, where the yield was from two-thirds to five-sixths of an average crop. It was slightly below this in the other Nerbudda Valley and Satpura districts; and in Saugor it is reported that only a half crop was reaped.

Prices.

11. It has already been stated that the price of rice was affected by other causes than the amount produced during the year, and this was the case also with other kinds of grain. The general export demand was less than it had been in some preceding years, linseed alone being sufficiently in demand to maintain its price in most districts. In Raipur, the price even rose. The price of wheat fell, in spite of the yield having been under the average, and that of other grains slightly fell. The deficiency of millet in Nagpur and Wardha was relieved by a more than ordinarily good harvest in Berar.

The following table compares the prices in each district in June, December and March of 1883-84 and 1884-85 of the four principal food-grains—Wheat, Gram, Juari and Rice.

Price Current.—1884-85.

District.	Year.	June.								December.								March.							
		Wheat.		Gram.		Juari.		Common rice.		Wheat.		Gram.		Juari.		Common rice.		Wheat.		Gram.		Juari.		Common rice.	
		s.	c.	s.	c.	s.	c.	s.	c.	s.	c.	s.	c.	s.	c.	s.	c.	s.	c.	s.	c.	s.	c.	s.	c.
Saugor	1883-84	23	0	27	0	...		10	0	25	0	29	0	32	0	11	0	26	0	31	0	35	0	11	0
	1884-85	28	0	29	0	...		11	0	29	0	29	8	35	0	13	0	35	6	36	10	...		15	7
Damoh	1883-84	26	0	39	4	...		14	8	27	0	37	0	...		13	8	29	8	34	0	...		14	8
	1884-85	32	0	39	0	...		12	8	32	0	34	8	34	8	18	8	34	4	40	0	...		18	7
Jubbbulpore	1883-84	19	0	25	0	25	0	16	0	23	0	28	0	33	0	13	0	23	8	28	0	29	0	13	0
	1884-85	23	0	28	0	24	0	12	0	25	0	30	0	32	0	16	0	23	0	30	0	28	0	17	0
Mandla	1883-84	25	0	42	0	...		18	8	27	8	45	0	...		23	0	32	0	45	0	...		18	0
	1884-85	32	0	45	0	...		17	8	36	0	42	0	...		21	8	26	0	35	0	...		20	0
Seoni	1883-84	23	0	26	0	...		18	0	24	0	26	0	...		20	0	24	8	27	0	...		19	0
	1884-85	25	0	28	0	...		16	8	31	0	31	0	...		19	0	26	0	27	0	...		18	0
Narsinghpur ...	1883-84	18	0	24	8	...		12	8	20	8	25	0	29	0	12	8	23	0	28	0	...		12	0
	1884-85	21	0	31	0	...		11	8	22	8	31	0	32	0	13	8	20	13	32	2	...		14	15
Hoshangabad ...	1883-84	14	5	21	11	21	0	9	9	17	7	23	8	24	0	11	4	19	11	29	4	30	0	11	4
	1884-85	20	4	27	0	...		9	8	24	12	28	2	31	8	12	6	26	7	32	1	33	13	12	1
Nimar	1883-84	16	0	19	0	19	0	15	0	17	8	20	4	25	5	15	15	18	9	25	13	22	8	14	14
	1884-85	21	10	23	15	22	8	13	13	24	12	25	13	26	4	15	15	25	10	30	3	30	0	16	2
Betul	1883-84	19	0	18	0	21	0	11	0	18	0	18	0	22	0	14	0	20	0	21	0	21	0	13	0
	1884-85	24	0	26	0	22	0	12	0	28	0	26	0	30	0	15	0	25	0	26	0	29	0	12	8
Chhindwara ...	1883-84	25	0	29	0	30	0	11	0	24	0	23	8	28	0	13	0	24	0	24	8	27	0	13	0
	1884-85	28	0	31	0	27	0	12	8	23	10	26	3	26	12	14	5	25	8	28	0	32	0	16	0
Wardha	1883-84	20	0	25	0	27	0	13	0	24	0	19	0	26	0	12	0	23	0	26	0	31	0	10	0
	1884-85	25	0	21	0	19	0	13	0	26	0	22	0	27	0	12	0	26	10	26	10	34	12	14	9
Nagpur	1883-84	17	4	23	12	31	12	16	0	23	8	22	4	35	12	14	12	22	4	22	4	26	12	14	12
	1884-85	22	12	22	12	27	12	14	12	25	4	23	4	29	12	14	4	29	12	24	12	30	0	16	0
Chanda	1883-84	19	0	21	8	27	8	13	8	24	0	19	8	45	0	17	0	22	0	26	8	24	0	15	0
	1884-85	25	0	25	0	25	0	16	4	23	0	27	0	24	8	17	8	27	8	26	3	...		19	3
Bhandara	1883-84	22	8	26	8	35	0	20	0	22	0	22	0	35	0	17	8	23	0	25	0	22	0	17	8
	1884-85	24	12	24	12	24	8	15	12	27	0	26	0	25	12	19	0	29	0	31	6	...		19	6
Balaghat	1883-84	20	0	26	0	...		26	0	20	0	25	0	...		27	0	21	0	25	0	...		24	0
	1884-85	24	0	26	0	...		21	0	25	0	27	0	...		24	0	30	2	30	10	...		26	12
Raipur	1883-84	22	0	30	0	...		36	0	25	0	26	0	...		24	0	32	0	26	0	...		25	0
	1884-85	28	0	23	0	...		23	8	36	0	24	0	...		25	0	46	11	23	4	...		22	7
Bilaspur	1883-84	32		36	0	...		54	0	28	8	34	0	...		34	0	38	0	34	0	...		29	4
	1884-85	47	0	42	8	...		34	0	56	12	48	0	...		36	8	57	11	24	0	..		31	15
Sambalpur	1883-84	17	8	19	8	...		40	0	17	8	12	0	...		28	0	21	0	16	8	...		28	0
	1884-85	22	12	16	8	...		24	8	33	4	19	8	...		29	12	26	4	19	8	...		29	12

3.—*Horticulture.*

District Gardens.

12. There were, during 1884-85, 35 public gardens maintained from Local and Municipal Funds, besides the Maharaj Bagh (the Nagpur Horticultural gardens). The net cost of these 35 gardens was Rs. 14,014-2-5. The net cost of the Maharaj Bagh was Rs. 4,859-1-3. The district gardens distributed 2,671 seedlings gratis and 1,166 on payment.

Maharaj Bagh.

The Maharaj Bagh distributed gratis and sold 1,832 fruit trees and 1,505 ornamental trees and shrubs. The last-named garden was considerably improved during the year and is now a pleasure-resort for crowds of people. A small menagerie has been established in the grounds which will form the nucleus of a Zoological collection.

Experimental Farm.

13. The heaviness of the monsoon rain-fall which ruined all kharif crops, save rice, throughout the Nagpur country, did not spare the crops of the Experimental Farm. The experiments made there during the year were therefore less fruitful of results than they would otherwise have been: but the following particulars may be recorded.

Experiments with—(1) Cotton.

(1). A field sown with the American variety of cotton known as Upland Georgian was the only one of the cotton fields which yielded an out-turn worth picking and ginning; and this was due to the fact that it continued to bear cotton till late in the hot weather and profited, therefore, by the cold weather rain. One of the most marked characteristics of this variety is that it actually gains in value by being saw-ginned, whereas local cotton is greatly injured by this process and must be cleaned by rollers.

(2) Maize.

(2). The Maize which was grown was of two American varieties—Golden dent and Maryland. The seed used had been produced in the country. The ground was heavily manured with poudrette (at the rate of 300 maunds to the acre) and the seed was sown in the middle of July. The crop was cut on October the 24th and yielded cobs with a dry weight of 1,019 lbs. (Golden dent) and 479 lbs. (Maryland) per acre. This is equal to about 679 and 319 lbs. of grain. The maize was grown as an ordinary rain-crop and not a single watering was given. The cobs of both these varieties are double or treble the size of the maize cobs ordinarily grown and are, of course, much admired. The kachis on the sewage farm have taken to growing the Golden dent variety and some was grown by a cultivator in the Raipur district with marked success.

(3) Ensilaging Juari.

(3). Green juari was successfully ensilaged. The silo was simply a rectangular pit, 16 feet long, 10 feet broad and 6 feet deep, the inside of which was plastered with cowdung. The juari was cut in green condition in November, and when the pit was opened in April its contents were found in excellent condition. The juari had developed a sweetness which it does not ordinarily possess, and was greedily eaten by cattle.

(4) Swedish Ploughs.

(4). The experiments made with Agricultural Machinery have shown that the ploughs which are best fitted for working black cotton soil of any yet tried are the Swedish ploughs. Two of these were obtained from the Saidapet farm and worked admirably. Though ploughing to a depth of 5 inches, they can be drawn by one pair of bullocks—ploughing, that is to say, as deep as the heavy plough or "Nagar" of the country, with only half the labour. They have the further advantage over the Nagar of thoroughly breaking up and inverting the soil. The cost of the ploughs at Saidapet was Rs. 18 each, which was increased to Rs. 21 by cost of carriage to Nagpur. Their cost in Sweden is £ 1-5-0.

(5) Hand Thresher and Grain Winnower.

The Hand Thresher supplied by Messrs. Mayfurth and Co., of Frankfort-on-the Maine, Germany, worked as satisfactorily as during the preceding year and was in constant use throughout harvest time. The Grain Winnower, by Messrs. Dill and Co., of London, also worked well, delivering 4½ maunds wheat and 2½ maunds linseed per hour.

4.—Forests.

Increase in area of First Class Reserves.

14. The area of the Forests was modified during the year 1884-85, as under:—

First class reserves,	*increase*	45,042 acres.
Second „ „	*decrease*	37,966 „
Unreserved Forests,	*increase*	54,874 „

The increase in the First class reserves is due to the transfer of the Bhandak Forest (Chanda district) and the Malaigaon Forest (Wardha district) from the Second class to the First class reserves. The Bhandak Forest (area 43,764 acres or 68 square miles) is capable of supplying the vast open populated country to the west and south-west with forest produce; and the projected Chanda Railway will pass through or very near this forest. The Malaigaon forest (area 6,590 acres, or over 10 square miles) is of unquestionable importance as a permanent source of supply to the town of Wardha and the villages lying in the open country south-west of the forest. The area of the First class reserves was, however, reduced by the retransfer to the Second class of 5,312 acres (or about 8 square miles) in the Jubbulpore district. This block had been transferred in June 1883 to the First class; but further enquiry convinced both District Officers and the Conservator that this was inexpedient, owing to the position and character of the forest. The action of June 1883 was accordingly cancelled. The net increase in the area of the First class forests was, therefore, 45,042 acres, or over 70 square miles.

15. Of course a corresponding decrease took place in the area of the Second Class Reserves, owing to these transfers. But against this decrease has to be set off 629 acres acquired in 1882 by exchange, and 3,837 acres by purchase, in the Balaghat district, and 2,107 acres in that district not hitherto included in any Notification. This total area of 6,573 acres, or over 10 square miles, was notified as reserves during the year: to which has to be added 503 acres excluded by mistake. The total decrease in the area of the Second Class Reserves is, therefore, shown as 37,966 acres, or over 59 square miles.

Increase in Unreserved Forests—Purchase of Ahiri Forest.

16. The great increase in the area of the Unreserved Forests is due mainly to the successful completion of the purchase of the Ahiri Forest (area 60,591 acres, or over 94 square miles) from the Zamindar of Ahiri. This important purchase had been under consideration for about two years, but was delayed owing to the Zamindar having had recourse in his financial difficulties to the Insolvency Court. His affairs were settled during the year; and the purchase was completed. The purchase of 232 acres of the Muljhari and Puljhari villages in the Chanda district at a small cost (Rs. 40) was also advantageous, as securing to Government the rights of these private proprietors within the Muharli Reserve. The necessary proceedings for declaring the Ahiri, Muljhari and Puljhari areas to be reserves had not been completed at the year's end. The other variations in area are due to the operation of the old Clearance Lease Rules.

Boundaries.

17. The total length of boundaries of the First class reserves is 2,522 miles. Of this length, 2,159 miles are reported as cleared, while 363 miles remain to be attended to. In regard to the Second Class Reserves, the checking of boundaries has been carried on in twelve districts. A total length of 1,623 miles has been surveyed and a length of 1,086 miles has been demarcated.

Breaches of Forest law.

18. The total number of cases of breaches of Forest law for the last two years, may be thus compared :—

	Taken into Court.	Compounded.	Total.
1883-84	341	9,853	10,194
1884-85	312	11,160	11,472
Difference...	—29	+1,307	+1,278

As the percentage of convictions to prosecutions has risen from 82·2 to 86·4 for cases and from 74·1 to 75·9 for persons, there is good ground to believe that prosecutions were not unnecessarily instituted.

Protection against fire.

19. The results of protection against fire during the year under report may be compared with those for the preceding year as follows :—

Year.	Area in square miles.				Cost per square mile.
	Attempted.	Failures.	Actually protected.	Percentage of failure in area attempted.	
					Rs.
1883-84 ...	1,429	63	1,366	4·4	12-8-8
1884-85 ...	1,434	35	1,399	2·4	13-4-0

These figures afford ground for satisfaction; for, though the cost was slightly greater than in the preceding year, the area protected was also greater and the proportion of failures is reduced by nearly one-half.

Grazing.

20. The following statement shows the number of cattle grazed in the forests for the last two years :—

Year.	In 1st class reserves.		In 2nd class reserves.		Total.	
	Cattle.	Income.	Cattle.	Income.	Cattle.	Income.
		Rs.		Rs.		Rs.
1883-84 ...	165,251	25,747	3,014,640	3,62,203	3,179,891	3,87,950
1884-85 ...	273,323	43,081	3,009,168	3,60,478	3,282,491	4,03,559

Of the animals grazed during 1884-85, about 72 per cent were cows and bullocks, and about 12 per cent buffaloes: the remaining 16 per cent were chiefly sheep and goats. The chief grazing districts are Chanda and Mandla.

Yield of Forests.

21. The yield of the forests as reported for the last two years may be thus compared:—

Description of produce.	Quantity removed in tons.					
	By departmental agency.		By purchasers.		Total.	
	1883-84.	1884-85.	1883-84.	1884-85.	1883-84.	1884-85.
Teak and Sal timber ...	2,023	1,151	1,613	1,602	3,636	2,753
Other timber	1,020	161	41,024	25,884	42,044	26,045
Fencing wood	...	...	4,895	...	4,895	...
Firewood and charcoal ...	650	756	113,762	69,758	114,412	70,514
Bamboos	443	536	15,293	17,582	15,736	18,118
Grass	242	417	15,560	17,166	15,802	17,583
Other minor produce ...	260	118	9,647	7,952	9,907	8,060
Total ...	4,638	3,139	201,794	139,934	206,432	143,073

There can be little doubt that the reduced out-turn is due to the fact that the year under report was the Singhast year, a year unfavourable to building and similar operations (among Hindus).

Financial results.

22. The financial results for the year under report may be thus compared with those for the preceding year :—

	1883-84.			1884-85.		
	First class.	Second class.	Total.	First class.	Second class.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Receipts	1,79,788	8,14,981	9,94,769	2,20,487	8,06,716	10,27,203
Charges	1,74,612	2,61,445	4,36,057	2,37,482	2,58,339	4,95,821
Net Revenue ...	5,176	5,53,536	5,58,712	—16,995	5,48,377	5,31,384

There is thus shown to be a decrease in net revenue amounting to Rs. 22,171 for the first class forests and to Rs. 5,159 for the second class—making a total of Rs. 27,330. But it must be borne in mind that a sum of Rs. 60,040 spent in purchasing the Ahiri forests and two small villages in the Chanda district has been debited against the first class forests, to which class these forests will soon belong. If this exceptional item be omitted, there will be found an increase of Rs. 37,869 in the net revenue of the first class forests; and a total increase in the net revenue of Rs. 32,710. These results are very satisfactory in view of the circumstances of the year under report.

5.—*Mines and Quarries.*

Warora Colliery.

23. The total earnings of the Warora Colliery for the year 1884, were Rs. 3,98,291; and the expenditure was Rs. 2,85,957—giving a net profit of Rs. 1,12,334, which is 11·22 per cent on the capital spent on this work (viz., Rs. 10,00,936, to the end of December 1884).

24. The Colliery earnings during the year show a decrease as compared with the figures for 1883. This was due to the reduced rate at which coal was sold to the public—a reduction which was referred to in last year's report—and also to issue of coal to the Home Line and Colliery at the cost rate, instead of at the the selling rate, as formerly.

Quantity of coal raised.

25. The quantity of coal raised during the year ending 31st March 1885, was 97,456 tons, or about the same quantity as was got out in the preceding year.

26. The fire in the 2nd seam of coal which broke out in 1882, continues to be a source of anxiety. It has, however, been successfully stopped off; and although one out-break gave some trouble, it did not interfere with the workings in other parts of the mines.

Average out-put.

There are at present 5 pits, three of which are winding and two are pumping shafts. The out-put averages 12,000 tons a month.

6.—*Manufactures.*

Cotton Mills.

27. Excluding Government and Railway Workshops, the only important factories which were at work in the Province during 1884-85, are the Cotton Mills at Nagpur and Hinganghat. A third Cotton Mill was in process of construction at Jubbulpore: and is now finished. The following statement shows the position and out-turn of the two former Mills during the year under report.

Place of working.	Proprietors.	Nominal capital.	No. of looms.	No. of spindles.	Amount of cotton worked up.	Description of goods manufactured.	Average daily attendance of hands.				
							Men.	Women.	Young persons.	Children.	Total.
		Rs.			Cwts.						
Nagpur ... (The Empress Mills.)	Joint stock Company, Limited.	15,00,000	348	31,192	31,483	Cotton twiet and piece goods.	930	207	410	142	1,689
Hinganghat ... (Wardha District.)	do.	3,50,000	...	10,788	12,396	Yarn.	143	71	169	36	419

It will be observed that the manufacture at the Hinganghat Mill is at present limited to cotton twist, and no woven goods are made. In both Mills the number of spindles at work, and the average number of hands employed, have increased.

7.—*Trade.*

28. Speaking generally, the traffic of the year under report shows a decrease of 16 per cent in the Imports, and an increase of 9 per cent in the Exports.

The principal items in the import traffic.

29. The trade of the last two years in the principal commodities which are imported into these Provinces is contrasted below :—

	Amount, Maunds.		Value, Rupees.	
	1883-84.	1884-85.	1883-84.	1884-85.
Coal	5,68,489	1,75,685	1,70,547	52,706
Cotton twist and yarn—				
European	20,646	23,259	14,45,220	16,28,130
Indian	21,246	25,636	6,37,380	7,69,080
Cotton piece-goods—				
European	90,749	83,446	77,13,665	71,81,470
Indian	32,741	18,888	16,37,050	9,53,475
Gunny bags	1,97,122	2,16,517	15,76,976	11,36,714
Metals—				
Iron	1,71,712	1,28,915	8,15,632	6,92,918
Others	9,304	30,773	1,02,344	3,07,730
Salt	11,93,695	11,91,484	43,27,144	42,44,662
Sugar—				
Drained	82,367	1,19,669	9,57,516	14,21,069
Undrained	4,24,283	2,57,545	22,80,548	12,55,532
Tobacco	92,186	58,525	9,39,145	5,77,935

Coal.

30. The great decrease in the import of coal is due to a falling off in the English coal received from Bombay by the Nimar block, which includes the Khandwa Railway junction. During 1883-84, the coal imported into the Nimar block from Bombay amounted to 3,48,140 maunds. During the year under report it only amounted to 81,847 maunds. This points to an increase in the consumption of coal produced in the Provinces.

Cotton goods.

31. The imports of European yarn show a small increase (from 20,646 to 23,259 maunds), and the imports of Indian yarn show a large increase (from 21,246 to 25,636 maunds). The European yarn comes almost entirely from Bombay, Calcutta only subscribing 5,008 maunds. A large proportion of the Indian yarn (11,726 maunds) comes from mills in the Berars, and mills in the Bombay Presidency, and Bombay itself subscribed almost the whole of the remainder.

The Nagpur block in these Provinces received nearly half of the total quantity of yarn imported. This was to be expected, as the places in which the weaving of fine cloth is an industry of importance are almost entirely confined to the Nagpur, Bhandara and Chanda districts.

While the imports of yarn increased, the imports of piece-goods decreased considerably, the falling off being especially noticeable in the case of Indian piece-goods, the imports of which declined from 32,741 maunds to 18,888

maunds. The decrease occurs in the imports into every Provincial block except Nimar, and appears to indicate an over-import in the year preceding.

Of the European piece-goods, 82 per cent were imported from Bombay, and only 8 per cent from Calcutta. Of the Indian piece-goods 60 per cent came from the Bombay Presidency and 30 per cent from mills in the North-Western Provinces (Cawnpore).

Metals.

32. The import of metals shows a decrease of 53,268 maunds, of which 42,797 maunds are accounted for by the falling off in the import of iron. There was a decrease in the import of iron in the case of every block of the Provinces; but it is especially marked in the case of the Nimar block, the imports of which sank from 48,328 to 12,282 maunds.

The greater part of the metals which are imported into these Provinces are despatched from Bombay, and the share which Calcutta takes in the trade barely amounts to 10 per cent.

Salt.

33. The imports of salt remain at almost precisely the same figure as in the preceding year, but the character of the trade suffered a change in the decrease in the import of Rajputana salt, which sank to 34,421 maunds from 1,23,996 maunds in the preceding year. The salt imported during the year under report was practically all Bombay salt.

Sugar.

34. The traffic under the head of Sugar has been classified according as it consists of drained or undrained sugar. By the former is meant sugar from which the treacle has been extracted, often improperly termed "refined;" and by the latter is meant sugar compost (*gurh*), in which sugar crystals and treacle are mixed.

The import of drained sugar shows a considerable increase, which is chiefly due to a large rise in the import of Mauritius sugar from Bombay (from 23,021 to 83,961 maunds). This is interesting as indicating a change in the habits of the people, amongst whom Mauritius sugar has been anything but popular. It now seems to be gaining ground at the expense of the produce of the North-Western Provinces and Behar, the import of which has sunk from 58,271 maunds to 34,209 maunds. No drained sugar is manufactured in these Provinces.

For undrained sugar the North-Western Provinces and Behar continue the main sources of supply; and it constitutes indeed the only important commercial link between these tracts and the Central Provinces. The returns show however a very great decrease in the imports, which sank from 4,24,288 maunds to 2,57,545 maunds. There is no apparent reason for this. The price of undrained sugar was lower during the year under report than during 1883-84, and a larger consumption might have been expected. It is noticeable, however, that the imports of 1883-84 exceeded those of the preceding year by 90,000 maunds, and it may be that the imports of 1883-84 were in excess of requirements.

Tobacco.

35. The import of tobacco shows a decrease of 33,661 maunds, due to a great contraction in the imports from Bengal, which affected the receipts of the Jubbulpore and Nerbudda blocks. For this decrease no reason can be assigned.

Kerosine oil, and umbrellas.

36. The items of import above mentioned account for 64 per cent of the weight and 70 per cent of the value of the total import trade. A brief mention may be made of two other items—kerosine oil and umbrellas—which are worthy of note, not for their intrinsic importance, but for the indications which they

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give of the prosperity of the country and of the extent to which the people can afford luxuries.

The import of kerosine oil rose from 31,038 to 49,802 maunds.

The import of umbrellas was separately registered for the first time during the year under report. The import amounted to 1,919 maunds, which may be roughly taken as representing 50,000 umbrellas.

The principal items in the export traffic.

37. The principal items in the Export traffic of the last two years are contrasted below :—

	Amount, Maunds.		Value, Rupees.	
	1883-84.	1884-85.	1883-84.	1884-85.
			Rs.	Rs.
	10,73,744	12,99,836	3,22,123	3,89,951
Coal	1,12,865	72,723	16,92,975	10,77,209
Cotton	77,08,223	97,91,130	1,54,16,446	1,46,86,695
Wheat	10,68,865	12,83,019	30,05,939	28,06,604
Rice	15,19,796	11,88,774	25,76,906	17,86,913
Other grains	36,883	67,139	5,04,836	9,06,376
Hides	20,99,558	25,11,181	65,61,119	73,76,594
Linseed	9,02,675	2,60,781	34,41,448	9,94,227
Tilseed	...	2,24,193	...	5,74,495
Myrabolans	73,729	67,282	9,58,477	12,11,076
Stick lac	23,733	26,600	6,02,225	7,81,375
Ghi				

Coal

38. Almost the whole of the quantity of coal exported was the produce of the Warora mines, and was consigned to stations in the Berars and in the Bombay Presidency. Very little of the Mohpani coal left the Provinces; and its supply was restricted to places within the Nerbudda and Jubbulpore blocks.

Cotton.

39. The export trade in cotton sank during the year under report to a lower figure than it had stood at for many years. This was due to the extraordinary shortness of the crop of 1884. The excessive rain of the monsoon period of that year was very prejudicial to all crops except rice, and was ruinous to cotton, which yielded a miserable out-turn. The rain-fall of all districts in these Provinces except Nimar and Wardha is too heavy for cotton production, and its cultivation appears to be practically giving way to that of cold weather crops, especially of linseed, which grows well on the soils ordinarily appropriated to cotton.

Wheat

40. The expansion of the export traffic in wheat is perhaps the most striking feature in the trade of the year. It exceeded the export of 1883-84 by 20 lakhs maunds and was 3 lakhs maunds in excess of the export of 1881-82, which has hitherto been the largest on record. The total amount exported (nearly 98 lakhs maunds) represents the produce of at least 14,00,000 acres, or 41 per cent of the total recorded wheat area of the Provinces.

The increase in export was the result of two exceedingly good harvests which brought down prices to a very low figure. It will be seen that although the wheat exports of the year *in weight* exceed those of 1883-84 by 27 per cent, *in value* they actually fall short of them by 5 per cent. This is the result of the great decline in prices, which sank from an average of Rs. 2 per maund in 1883-84 to an average of Rs. 1-8-0 per maund in 1884-85.

Practically speaking, the whole of the wheat exported from these Provinces was consigned to Bombay.

Rice.

41. The increase in the export of rice was due to an increase in the export from the Nagpur block, resulting from the expanding trade of Gondia station on the Nagpur and Chhattisgarh State Railway. But the traffic in rice is mainly supported by the Chhattisgarh country, which contributed ⅔rds of the amount exported.

Other grains.

The exports were distributed between Bombay and places in the Bombay Presidency and the Berars, Rajputana also taking a considerable share.

42. The exports under the head of "Other grains" chiefly consist of gram, which was sent in large quantities (5,65,894 maunds) to Bombay from the Jubbulpore and Nerbudda blocks.

The Nimar block exported 1,82,962 maunds of millet to Bombay and places in the Bombay Presidency. Nimar is the district which grows the best juari in the Provinces.

Hides.

43. The export of hides nearly doubled itself. This was mainly due to the unprecedented mortality of cattle in the Chhattisgarh Division during the rains of 1884—when an epidemic of pleuro-pneumonia carried off cattle in thousands. Nearly half the quantity of hides exported was subscribed by the Chhattisgarh block. Rinderpest was also prevalent in parts of the Nagpur Division, and the exports of hides from the Nagpur block rose from 12,114 maunds in 1883-84 to 22,112 maunds in 1884-85. The increase in the amount of hides exported from the Nagpur and Chhattisgarh Divisions represents an increase in cattle mortality amounting to about 13,000 and 1,31,000 head respectively.

Linseed.

44. The increase in the export of linseed is principally due to an increase in the amount contributed by the Chhattisgarh block, which rose from 5,48,787 maunds in 1883-84 to 9,06,039 maunds in 1884-85.

The linseed crop of 1884 was a very good one; and half the amount exported during the year under report was despatched during the first three months of the year, the period immediately following the harvest. The crop of the current year was a deficient one, and a falling off in export may be expected.

The linseed, like the wheat, was almost wholly absorbed by Bombay.

Tilseed.

45. The great decrease in the export of til was due, like that in the export of cotton, to the unfortunate character of the monsoon season of 1884. The til crop was a very short one, and export fell off by 72 per cent.

Myrabolans.

46. The export of myrabolans was separately registered for the first time during the year under report. It is of comparatively recent origin and has before it great possibilities. The trees from which the berries are produced (the Harra and Bahera) are found abundantly in many parts of the Provinces and promise to become a most productive source of forest income. The export is at present principally derived from the Satpura forests in the Jubbulpore and Nerbudda Divisions, and the Chhattisgarh forests only contribute a quarter of the quantity despatched. But the extension of the Chhattisgarh Railway towards Calcutta will bring into the market very great supplies of myrabolans, which are now wasted in the jungles of Raipur, Sambalpur and the Native States surrounding them.

Stick lac.

47. The stick lac exported is derived from forests in the Jubbulpore and Chhattisgarh Divisions, and is all consigned to the lac factories at Mirzapur in the North-Western Provinces. The exports of the year fell off, owing to a short supply from Chhattisgarh.

Ghi.

48. The exports of ghi show an increase; but it is only a small step toward the amount which they attained in 1881-82 (53,574 maunds).

Value of trade with other Provinces.

49. It will have been seen from the remarks already made that the port of Bombay engrossed by far the largest portion of the Provincial traffic. Of the imports it contributed by *weight* 35 per cent, but the goods which it supplied constituted the most valuable part of the traffic, and the *value* of its contributions amounted to 53 per cent of the total. Of the exports it received 78 per cent by *weight*, and 71 per cent by *value*. Even when the exports are valued according to Central Provinces rates, the sum in which Bombay stands indebted to these Provinces is close upon 1½ crore of rupees. It is unnecessary to add that the traffic which these Provinces transact with Bombay practically represents the traffic which they transact with Europe.

The share which *Calcutta* took in the traffic was exceedingly small, only amounting (by value) to 6 per cent of the imports and 1 per cent of the exports. The shares taken by the Lower Provinces of Bengal and by Southern India (Madras and Hyderabad) were also insignificant.

The trade with the *North-West Provinces and the Bombay Presidency* is important, as supplying these Provinces with their sugar and salt respectively.

The value of the goods imported from the *North-West Provinces* was 12 per cent of the total value of the imports and amounted to 33½ lakhs of rupees, of which sugar contributed 9 lakhs, cotton goods 3 lakhs, dyes 3½ lakhs, spices nearly 1 lakh, and railway plant 4 lakhs. Two-thirds of the imports were paid for in kind, the stick lac exported being alone worth 11 lakhs of rupees. There remained a balance of 9 lakhs rupees against these Provinces.

The value of the imports from the *Bombay Presidency* was 19 per cent of the total value of the imports and amounted to 53¾ lakhs of rupees, of which salt alone contributed 40 lakhs. These Provinces repaid nearly 37 lakhs in kind,—grain, cotton and hides being the principal exports; and a balance of 17 lakhs rupees remained against them.

Trade with the *Berars and Rajputana* was relatively unimportant. In both cases the value of the exports exceeded that of the imports, the balance in favour of these Provinces amounting to 24 lakhs rupees.

8.—*Public Works.*

50. The total expenditure incurred during the year under the principal heads of Public Works Expenditure (excluding Railways) amounted to Rs. 16,63,106, as shown below;—

	Rs.
Imperial, Military Ordinary ...	1,38,654
Do. Other Services ...	59,596
Provincial	14,04,989
Contribution Works	25,185
Incorporated Local Funds ...	34,682
Total ...	16,63,106

Imperial Military.

51. Under the head of Imperial Military, the principal work was the Remodelling of Fort Sitabaldi. The *cavalier* emplacements Nos. 1 and 6 Batteries, with their sub-chambers, were completed during the year. The escarp revetment was nearly finished. The out-work on the lower hill was finished. The outlay during the year was Rs. 38,069.

Imperial Other Services.

52. The principal outlay incurred under Imperial Other Services, was on the construction of an office for the Chief and Assistant Superintendent of Telegraphs and of two blocks of Quarters for Signallers, at Jubbulpore.

53. The construction of Provincial buildings absorbed a larger expenditure than in 1883. The detached Record-house for the District Court House at Nagpur was completed at a cost of Rs. 19,738. The other chief works were the remodelling of four male wards in the Lunatic Asylum, Jubbulpore, at a cost of Rs. 16,151; and the erection of 6 Police Station Houses at a cost of Rs. 20,292.

Communications.

54. The outlay on Communications amounted to Rs. 3,85,213. The principal roads on which work was done are :—

The North-West Road (from Itarsi *via* Betul and Saoner to Nagpur.)
„ Tumsar Katangi Road (Nagpur and Chhattisgarh Railway Feeder.)
„ Gondia and Balaghat do.
„ Great Northern do. (Nagpur to Jubbulpore.)
„ Great Eastern do. (Nagpur to Raipur.)
„ Raipur and Bilaspur do.
„ Raipur and Sambalpur do.
„ Saugor and Jubbulpore do. (*via* Damoh)
„ Seoni and Chhindwara do.
„ Piparia and Pachmarhi do.

55. The expenditure on repairs to roads throughout the Province amounted to Rs. 4,95,361, as compared with Rs. 3,25,389 in the preceding year.

Contribution works.

56. Under the head of Contribution Works, Civil Buildings, the chief outlay was on the construction of a Church at Mandla; on additions to Christ Church at Jubbulpore; and on the Water-works at Nagpur, Jubbulpore, Hinganghat and Khandwa. A new pumping-engine was purchased for Khandwa.

9.—*State Railways.*

Two State Lines.

57. The lines under the control of this Administration during 1884-85 were:—

i.—The Wardha Coal State Railway, broad gauge, length 45 miles.
ii.—The Nagpur and Chhattisgarh State Railway, narrow gauge, length 149½ miles.

The entire length of both lines was open for traffic during the year, and worked without accident of any serious nature. During a heavy flood in August 1884, the centre pier of the Panoli bridge on the Chhattisgarh line gave way, and a temporary interruption in the traffic was the result.

Earnings.

58. The earnings of the two lines are shown below :—

Line.	Gross earnings.	Expenditure.	Net Profit.	Percentage on Capital outlay.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Wardha Coal Railway ...	6,81,037	4,69,177	2,11,860	3·20
Nagpur Chhattisgarh Railway ...	13,23,014	7,64,984	5,58,030	5·5

Coaching traffic.

59. The number of third and fourth class passengers carried by each line during the year 1883 and 1884 is given below :—

	1883.		Total.	1884.		Total.
Wardha Coal Railway ...	3rd class	1,910	128,527	1,880		134,458
	4th do.	126,617		132,608		
Nagpur Chhattisgarh Railway ...	3rd class	14,662	661,291	138,338		867,136
	4th do.	646,629		728,798		

The increase in coaching traffic is due to the natural growth of traffic, assisted by the running of a second through mixed train on the Nagpur and Chhattisgarh line during the hot weather of 1884.

Goods traffic.

60. Goods receipts on the other hand decreased. This was partly due to a reduction of rates.

CHAPTER V.—REVENUE AND FINANCE.

1. The following is an Abstract of the Accounts of the Central Provinces, for the year 1884-85:— Abstract of accounts for 1884-85.

	Receipts.	Expenditure.
	Rs.	Rs.
Cash Balance on 1st April 1884 ..	69,71,812	...
REVENUE AND SERVICE HEADS.		
Imperial Revenue and Expenditure	53,02,034	1,84,665
Provincial Services—Revenue and Expenditure ...	55,69,818	45,72,416
Local Revenue and Expenditure	7,18,765	5,34,001
DEBT AND REMITTANCE HEADS.		
Excluded Local Funds—Revenue and Expenditure ...	1,44,978	2,07,417
Government Stock Notes	463	...
Savings Bank Deposits	2,77,180	2,74,375
Civil Deposits	25,83,488	23,85,400
Municipal Funds	9,54,673	9,45,454
Miscellaneous Debt Accounts	22,36,850	29,18,500
Account Current with Native States	42,403	61,270
Coinage Accounts	1,000	...
Departmental Accounts	5,404	2,950
Loans to Municipalities, Native States, &c. ...	1,01,219	70,000
Cash Remittances and Adjustments	79,62,210	79,61,417
Remittances by Bills—Local and Foreign ...	21,51,047	22,47,918
Foreign Remittances	4,00,000	39,27,698
Cash and Bill Remittances to and from other Governments ...	14,23,034	17,67,795
Post Office Department	25,97,692	2,51,139
Telegraph Department	29,398	1,15,475
Account Current with Marine	...	30
Military Department	1,15,924	36,02,964
Public Works Department (including State Railways) ...	15,25,001	36,70,380
Account between England and India	348	...
Cash Balance on 31st March 1885	...	61,18,477
Total ...	4,18,19,741	4,18,19,741

TOTAL REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE.

2. The total Revenue of the year, including the receipts from Provincial State Railways and Public Works, amounted to Rs. 1,47,16,374; and the total expenditure, including charges on account of Provincial State Railways and Public Works, to Rs. 92,71,551. The surplus of Revenue over Expenditure was thus Rs. 54,44,823. Surplus of Revenue over Expenditure—fifty-four lakhs.

DISTRIBUTION BETWEEN IMPERIAL, PROVINCIAL AND LOCAL.

3. The arrangements with the Government of India for the administration of the Provincial Services have remained the same as in the preceding year, but certain items of Provincial Revenue and Expenditure were transferred during the year to the administration of District Councils and Local Boards constituted under the Local Self-Government Act I. of 1883. Further transfers in the same direction have been made since the commencement of the year 1885-86. The distribution of the total figures for 1884-85 under the three heads Imperial, Provincial and Local, is given below:—

	Revenue.	Expenditure.
	Rs.	Rs.
Imperial	60,64,037	9,46,668
Provincial (including Public Works)	79,33,571	77,56,199
Incorporated Local	7,18,766	5,68,684
	1,47,16,374	92,71,551

The following paragraphs contain a detailed review of the Revenue and Expenditure of the year as compared with the figures for the year 1883-84.

A.—Revenue.

Distribution of gross revenue between Imperial, Provincial and Local accounts.

4. The Abstract Statement given in paragraph 1 includes the entire cash transactions of the year, both under the Revenue and Service heads and the Debt and Remittance heads of the Accounts. The details of the net Imperial, Provincial and Local Revenue and of the Expenditure will be found in the Statistical Tables—A., Finance I. and II., appended to this report.

The subjoined Statement gives the distribution under the several major heads in the Government accounts of the gross revenue as shown in column 1 of Table A., Finance I. Also the amount of revenue credited in the accounts of the Public Works Department on account of Provincial State Railways and Public Works, and included in the amount shown against the head "Public Works Department" in the Abstract Statement in paragraph 1.

Major head of Revenue.	Imperial Revenue.	Provincial Revenue.	Incorporated Local Revenue.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
I.—Land Revenue	31,03,618	29,59,468	...	60,63,086
II.—Opium	2,15,040	...	...	2,15,040
IV.—Stamps	6,84,941	6,84,940	...	13,69,881
V.—Excise	12,46,466	12,46,466	...	24,92,932
VI.—Provincial Rates	...	2,75,336	3,72,881	6,48,217
VIII.—Assessed Taxes	1,19,534	1,19,535	...	2,39,069
IX.—Forest	5,13,601	5,13,601	...	10,27,202
X.—Registration	34,046	34,046	...	68,092
XI.—Tributes	1,35,908	...	...	1,35,908
XV.—Law and Justice	...	4,26,361	...	4,26,361
XVI.—Police	...	88,850	1,63,143	2,51,993
XVIII.—Education	...	1,04,596	1,525	1,06,121
XIX.—Medical	...	8,697	13,900	22,597
XX.—Scientific and other Minor Departments	...	4,038	12,880	16,918
XXI.—Interest	10,411	...	...	10,411
XXII.—Receipts in aid of Superannuation.	...	6,870	...	6,870
XXIII.—Stationery and Printing ...	...	21,366	...	21,366
XXIV.—Miscellaneous	297	9,143	80,997	90,437
XXXV.—Civil Buildings, Roads and Services	...	40,502	73,440	1,13,942
XXXVIII.—Exchange on transactions with London	175	...	...	175
Total Civil ...	60,64,037	65,43,815	7,18,766	1,33,26,618
Public Works Department Revenue, Buildings and Roads	...	27,364	...	27,364
State Railways ...	...	13,62,392	...	13,62,392
Grand Total ...	60,64,037	79,33,571	7,18,766	1,47,16,374

5. Under the arrangements referred to in paragraph 3, certain heads of revenue and expenditure are wholly reserved as Imperial: others are divided between Imperial and Provincial, and the rest are made wholly Provincial. The figures entered in the columns headed "Imperial" and "Provincial" of the Statement given in the preceding paragraph, show under what heads the revenue is wholly Imperial or wholly Provincial, and in what cases it is divided between the Imperial and Provincial Governments. The figures in the column headed "Local" represent only the revenue of the Incorporated Local Funds, namely, the Patwari Fund and the District Fund, the receipts of the former being credited against the head VI. Provincial Rates, and those of the latter distributed under different major heads of revenue, according to the nature of the receipts. The figures do not include the receipts of Municipal and Excluded Local Funds, which are separately shown (paragraphs 51—53).

I.—Land Revenue.

Percentage of Land Revenue credited to Provincial accounts.

6. Under the existing scheme of Provincial Finance, a fixed percentage on the Land Revenue of the Province is credited to the Provincial Revenues of the Administration to cover the difference between the Provincial revenue and Provincial expenditure, the balance of transfers of revenue and expenditure under other heads being against the Local Administration. This percentage is 49·2047 under the Provincial contract at present in force, and the Land Revenue is therefore divided between the Imperial and Provincial Governments in the following proportions :—

Imperial	...	50·7953
Provincial	...	49·2047

The total Land Revenue collected in the year 1884-85 amounted to Rs. 60,63,086, as compared with Rs. 61,92,976 in the year 1883-84. The decrease in 1884-85 is attributable principally to revenue falling due in that year having been collected in advance in the year 1883-84.

The distribution of the revenue between Imperial and Provincial according to the percentages mentioned above is as follows :—

	1883-84.	1884-85.
	Rs.	Rs.
Imperial share	31,71,157	31,03,618
Provincial share	30,21,619	29,59,468
Total Rs.	61,92,976	60,63,086

II.—Opium.

Sale proceeds of Opium how credited.

7. The revenue credited under this head is wholly Imperial. It represents the cost price of opium supplied to the Excise Department—that is to say, on the sale of the opium the credit for the gross proceeds is divided between Opium and Excise. A sum (at present Rs. 7-4-0 per ser) equal to the cost of the drug is credited to Opium, and the balance as Excise revenue, no charge being made to the Excise Department for the opium supplied to it by the Opium Department. The amount credited as Opium revenue in 1884-85 is somewhat less than in the preceding year (see para. 9). The figures are :—

	Rs.
1883-84	2,18,511
1884-85	2,15,040

IV.—Stamps.

Increase of Revenue from Court Fee stamps.

8. The revenue derived from Stamps is divided equally between Imperial and Provincial. The total amount collected in 1884-85 was Rs. 13,69,881, as compared with Rs. 13,10,736 in 1883-84. The details for the two years are given below :—

	1883-84. Rs.	1884-85. Rs.
Sale of general stamps ...	4,09,994	4,08,020
,, of Court Fee stamps ...	8,84,710	9,42,581
,, of plain paper ...	2,895	2,498
Duty on impressed documents...	7,122	7,779
Fines and penalties ...	5,589	8,879
Miscellaneous ...	426	124
Total Rs.	13,10,736	13,69,881

The figures for 1884-85 show an increase of revenue amounting to Rs. 59,145, in comparison with 1883-84. The increase is almost entirely under the head "Sale of Court Fee Stamps." In 13 out of 18 districts the income from this source rose.

Sales of Document stamps and of Hundi stamps decreased during the year. The decline under the former head was mainly caused by a sudden check in the progress of this branch of the revenue in a single district (Hoshangabad). The decrease under Hundi stamps was probably due to the slackness of the export trade.

The number of Sub-Postmasters licensed to sell Non-judicial stamps rose from 135 to 165. Although it is questionable whether the total sales of Document stamps in the Province is increased by the employment of this agency, there seems to be little doubt that it has a stimulating effect upon the income from One Anna Revenue stamps. The discount allowed to Sub-Postmasters upon the purchase of the last-named stamps was increased during the year under report from 2 to 6¼ per cent, with marked effect.

V.—Excise.

Increase of Revenue due to competition for Country Spirit monopolies.

9. The Excise Revenue is also divided equally between Imperial and Provincial. The total amount credited in the accounts for the year 1884-85 was Rs. 24,92,932. The comparison with the year 1883-84 is as follows :—

	1883-84. Rs.	1884-85. Rs.
License and distillery fees and duties on sale of liquor and drugs ...	19,24,396	20,60,001
Gain on sale proceeds of Excise opium ...	4,29,138	4,24,146
Fines, confiscations and miscellaneous ...	2,901	8,785
Total ...	23,56,435	24,92,932

The increase, amounting to Rs. 1,36,497, in the revenue collected in 1884-85 as compared with the figures for the previous year, is attributable, in the main, to the higher fees paid for the monopoly of sale of country spirits, owing to competition among the bidders. There was a falling off in the income from duties levied upon the manufacture of liquor at Sadar distilleries and Contract

stills. With regard to Opium, while the number of shops for the sale of the drug and the consumption in the *khalsa* decreased during the year under report, the total demand was still above the average in almost every district. At the same time, the opium revenue to be collected under all heads of income showed only a trifling decrease: and the returns for several years show that (with exception in the case of four districts, which are particularly open to smuggling) even this small depression was due to fluctuations in the demand.

Ganja, on the other hand, showed an increase in consumption in all districts save four. The improved quality of the issues of the drug attracted anew the consumers who had been driven to seek their supplies elsewhere by the poorness of the stuff sold by Government licensees in 1882-83.

VI.—Provincial Rates.

10. The details of the revenue credited under this head are as follows :— Increase in Patwari fund receipts.

	1883-84. Rs.	1884-85. Rs.
Provincial.—		
Additional rates on land ...	1,28,007	1,28,324
Education cess ...	1,36,352	1,11,785
District Post cess ...	36,695	35,227
Local.—		
Road cess ...	1,46,518	1,38,466
Education cess ...	...	17,951
Patwari Fund Receipts ..	1,42,444	2,16,464
Total ...	5,90,016	6,48,217

The receipts from Education cess in the Nagpur district were transferred during the year 1884-85 from Provincial revenue to the District Fund, under the provisions of the Local Self-Government Act, and a similar transfer has been made from the commencement of 1885-86 in all other districts in the Province to which the Act has been extended.

The large increase in the Patwari Fund receipts is attributable to administrative reforms now in progress.

VIII.—Assessed Taxes.

11. The figures under this head represent the revenue derived from the Pandhri tax. The total amount collected in 1884-85 was Rs. 2,39,069 as compared with Rs. 2,54,733 in 1883-84. The decrease of Rs. 15,664 is attributed to a more careful assessment of the tax under orders issued by the Chief Commissioner in January 1884. Half the collections under this head are credited to Imperial, and the other half to Provincial Revenues. Pandhri shows a decrease.

IX.—Forest.

12. The revenue under this head is equally divided between Imperial and Provincial. The total amount realized in 1884-85 was Rs. 10,27,202 as compared with Rs. 9,94,769 in 1883-84. Increase in Forest Revenue.

The details of the receipts are as follows :—

	1883-84. Rs.	1884-85. Rs.
Timber and other produce removed from the forests by Government agency ...	80,336	84,152
Timber and other produce removed from the forests by consumers or purchasers ...	8,74,040	9,07,878
Confiscated drift and waif wood ...	4,857	5,258
Revenue from forests not managed by Government ...	11,822	9,884
Miscellaneous ...	23,714	20,030
Total ...	9,94,769	10,27,202

X.—Registration.

Slight decrease in Registration receipts.

13. The following figures show the revenue credited under this head :—

	1883-84. Rs.	1884-85. Rs.
Fees for registering documents ...	38,395	37,123
Fees for copies of registered documents...	18,363	19,006
Miscellaneous	11,742	11,963
Total ...	68,500	68,092

The collections are credited in moieties to Imperial and Provincial Revenues.

In Section 7 of Chapter III. an account is given of the Registration operations of the year.

XI.—Tributes.

14. The receipts under this head are wholly reserved as Imperial revenue. The amount realized in 1884-85 was Rs. 1,35,908, as compared with Rs. 1,61,820 in 1883-84. It was explained in the Administration Report for 1883-84 that the fixed annual amount receivable under this head is Rs. 1,36,000, and that the amount collected in 1883-84 includes certain tributes amounting to Rs. 27,500, which fell due in 1882-83, but, with the sanction of the Chief Commissioner, were not paid on the due dates.

XV.—Law and Justice.

Decrease under Law and Justice.

15. The whole revenue under this head is Provincial. The total amount credited in 1884-85 was Rs. 4,26,361, as compared with Rs. 4,70,653 in 1883-84. The receipts are classified as follows :—

	1883-84. Rs.	1884-85. Rs.
Sale proceeds of unclaimed and escheated property	18,921	17,685
Court fees realized in cash	3,364	4,408
General fees, fines and forfeitures ...	96,186	90,492
Jails	3,47,452	3,09,530
Pleadership examination fees ...	224	208
Miscellaneous fees and fines ...	210	490
Miscellaneous	4,296	3,548
Total ...	4,70,653	4,26,361

Mainly due to decline of Jail manufactures.

The decrease in the revenue of last year as compared with that of the year preceding, amounts to Rs. 44,293. The figures given above show that of this decrease, Rs. 37,922 fall under the head "Jails." There has been a marked decrease for some years in the receipts on account of Jail manufactures arising from the issue of orders by the Government of India to curtail certain Jail industries which competed with private trade. The decline in last year's receipts from Jail manufactures is, however, also attributed to a falling off in the Jail population and to a lack of demand for Jail manufactured articles. The following figures show the extent to which the receipts on account of Jail manufactures have fallen off since 1882-83, and the decrease during the same period in the charges of Jail manufactories.

Jail Manufactures —

	1882-83. Rs.	1883-84. Rs.	1884-85. Rs.
Receipts	2,78,633	2,20,154	1,93,905
Expenditure	2,13,207	1,68,328	1,50,092
Net ...	+65,426	+51,826	+43,813

School of Industry Manufactures—

Receipts	1,60,307	1,24,111	1,13,455
Expenditure	1,82,679	92,181	98,674
Net ...	—22,372	+31,930	+14,781

XVI.—Police.

Increase under Police due to changes of system.

16. The receipts under this head are partly Provincial and partly Local. The details of the amounts credited during the two years 1883-84 and 1884-85 are as follow:—

Provincial.—

	1883-84. Rs.	1884-85. Rs.
Police supplied to Railways ...	53,527	27,026
Do. to Municipal, Cantonment and Town Funds	346	14,822
Do. to Public departments, private persons, &c.	7,355	6,110
Superannuation receipts	606	589
Miscellaneous	6,717	40,253

Local.—	1883-84. Rs.	1884-85. Rs.
Cattle trespass fines ...	... 1,38,677	1,38,640
Sale proceeds of unclaimed cattle	... 31,261	23,811
Miscellaneous ...	... 1,099	692
Total	... 2,39,588	2,51,993

Under the head "Police supplied to Railways" the amount receivable yearly from the Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company as its share of the cost of the Police force employed on the portion of the line which traverses these Provinces, is about Rs. 26,000; but, as explained in last year's Administration Report, delay took place in settling the claim for 1882, and consequently the amount due by the Company for the two years (1882 and 1883) was credited in the accounts for 1883-84. It may be noted, in connection with this item of receipts, that upon a representation made by the Railway Company, certain alterations have recently been made, with the sanction of the Government of India, in the method of calculating the contribution payable by the Company towards the cost of the Police; and under the revised arrangements the amount receivable yearly from the Company will be reduced to about Rs. 24,000.

The increase in the receipts under the head "Police supplied to Municipal, Cantonment and Town Funds" is due to contributions having been recovered from Municipalities, under orders of the Chief Commissioner, on account of the cost of the Police employed in supervising conservancy arrangements in Municipal towns.

The increase in the miscellaneous receipts under "Provincial" is attributable to the adjustment in the accounts for 1884-85 of certain exceptional items, amounting to Rs. 38,170-13-8, on account of expenditure incurred in the two previous years in connection with the suppression of the Kalahandi insurrection and the supply of arms and ammunition to the Kalahandi State. The charges were in the first instance treated as Provincial Police expenditure, but were subsequently transferred, with the approval of the Government of India, to debit of the Kalahandi State by a corresponding credit to Provincial Revenues.

The receipts classified under "Local" revenue are connected with Cattle Pounds, and have been credited up to the end of the year 1884-85 to the District Funds. But since the commencement of the year 1885-86, the receipts and charges of Pounds situated within the limits of Municipal towns have been transferred under orders of the Chief Commissioner, to the Municipal Funds, and have ceased to be incorporated in the accounts as Government revenue and expenditure.

XVIII.—Education.

Decrease under Education.

17. In the year 1883-84, the revenue under this head was wholly Provincial, but in 1884-85 certain receipts and charges on account of schools were transferred to the District Fund of the Nagpur District, under the operation of the Local Self-Government Act, and similar transfers have been made in other districts from the commencement of the year 1885-86. The details of the receipts

credited under the head "Education" in the two years 1883-84 and 1884-85 are as follow:—

	1883-84. Rs.	1884-85. Rs.
Provincial.—		
Fees, Government schools ...	33,166	27,566
Contributions ...	36,108	42,473
Sale proceeds of books ...	34,296	30,185
Miscellaneous ...	5,269	4,372
Local.—		
School fees ...	...	455
Contributions ...	...	1,070
Total ...	1,08,839	1,06,121

Mainly due to a falling off in fees of the Rajkumar School, Jubbulpore.

The decrease in the receipts against the head "Fees, Government Schools," is chiefly due to a falling off in the receipts on account of fees of the Rajkumar School at Jubbulpore. The amount credited against this school in the year 1884-85 being Rs. 6,150, as compared with Rs. 11,125 in the year preceding. The amount received by sale of books was also considerably less in 1884-85 than in the previous year, the figures being Rs. 34,296 in 1883-84 and Rs. 30,185 in 1884-85. There is, however, a corresponding decrease in the charges of the Government Book Depôts.

XIX.—Medical.

Increase under Medical due to transfer of balances of certain Dispensaries.

18. The receipts credited under this head comprise the following :—

	1883-84. Rs.	1884-85. Rs.
Provincial.—		
Lunatic Asylum receipts ...	2,277	2,430
Contributions ...	480	3,250
Miscellaneous ...	3,162	3,017
Local.—		
Contributions ...	...	60
Miscellaneous ...	354	13,840
Total ...	6,273	22,597

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

Under orders of the Chief Commissioner, the Dispensary Fund, which was hitherto treated as an Excluded Local Fund in the Government accounts, was abolished as a separate fund at the close of the year 1884-85, and the increase as shown above, in the Provincial receipts under "Contributions" and in the Local receipts under "Miscellaneous," is caused by the transfer to Provincial Revenues of the cash balances on 31st March 1885 of certain dispensaries which had been made Provincial institutions under the orders of the Chief Commissioner, and by the transfer to the District Funds of the cash balances of the dispensaries situated within the areas subject to the authority of the District Councils.

XX.—*Minor Departments.*

Decrease in receipts from Model Farm, Public Gardens, &c.

19. The total receipts under this head amounted to Rs. 16,918 in 1884-85 as compared with Rs. 20,135 in 1883-84. The following are the details :—

	1883-84. Rs.	1884-85. Rs.
Provincial.—		
Botanical and other public garden receipts...	2,577	2,252
Receipts on account of Model Farms, &c. ...	2,990	1,370
Emigration fees ...	962	66
Miscellaneous ...	100	350
Local.—		
Botanical and other public garden receipts...	10,304	11,297
Receipts on account of Model or Experimental Farms ...	866	342
Receipts on account of public Exhibitions and Fairs ...	1,484	982
Miscellaneous ...	852	259
Total ...	20,135	16,918

XXI.—*Interest.*

20. The receipts on account of Interest are credited in full to Imperial Revenue. The amount realized in 1884-85 was Rs. 10,411 as against Rs. 10,272 in the previous year. The receipts are on account of interest on loans to Municipalities or to landholders and other notabilities.

XXII.—*Receipts in aid of superannuation, &c.*

21. The receipts under this head comprise, for the most part, contributions for pension paid by officers on Foreign service and by persons employed under the Court of Wards. The amount credited in 1884-85 was Rs. 6,870 as against Rs. 6,208 in the previous year, the increase being on account of contributions from officers on Foreign service (chiefly in the Kalahandi State). The receipts under this head have been credited wholly to Provincial Revenues.

XXIII.—*Stationery and Printing.*

Falling off in receipts from Jail presses.

	1883-84. Rs.	1884-85. Rs.
22. Total receipts	23,383	21,365
Details.—		
Stationery receipts	489	194
Sale of Gazettes, &c.... ...	1,602	2,449
Other Press receipts... ...	21,292	18,723
Total ...	23,383	21,366

The revenue under this head is wholly Provincial. The decrease is due to a falling off in the receipts of Jail presses.

XXIV.—Miscellaneous.

23. The total receipts credited under this head in 1884-85 amounted to Rs. 90,437 as compared with Rs. 99,060 in 1883-84. The largest part of the revenue is credited in the "Local" portion of the accounts, but the receipts include some small items of Imperial Revenue and also Provincial Revenue, amounting in 1884-85 to Rs. 9,143.

The details are given below :—

	1883-84. Rs.	1884-85. Rs.
Imperial.—		
Premia on Supply bills	563	280
Other items (unclaimed bills, &c.) ...	79	17
Provincial.—		
Unclaimed deposits	8,298	5,741
Other items (sale of old stores, materials, &c.)	3,401	3,402
Local.—		
Contributions	14,344	13,177
Sales of land and houses, &c.	9,630	5,370
Rents	50,348	49,749
Rates and taxes	7,466	7,305
Other items (sale of old stores, materials, &c.)	4,931	5,396
Total ...	99,060	90,437

XXXV.—Civil Buildings, Roads and Services.

24. The receipts credited under this head in the accounts of the Civil department, are as follow :—

Decrease under Civil Buildings &c. due to changes in account.

	1883-84. Rs.	1884-85. Rs.
Provincial.—		
Works in charge of Civil officers ...	40,898	40,502
Local.—		
Works in charge of Civil officers ...	94,048	73,440
Total ...	1,34,946	1,13,942

In 1883-84, certain contributions for local works were made from the Provincial grant for Public works, and as payment was made in cash to the District Funds by the officers of the Public Works Department, the amounts were credited as receipts in the accounts of the District Funds. Similar contributions were not made in 1884-85, and consequently the receipts of that year show a decrease under "Local."

Public Works Department Revenue.

25. The receipts collected in the Public Works Department as communicated annually to the Comptroller by the Examiners of Public Works and State Railway Accounts, are given below :—

Increase in Public Works Department revenue mainly due to Nagpur and Chhattisgarh Railway.

	1883-84. Rs.	1884-85. Rs.
Ordinary Branches.—		
Buildings and Roads ...	23,660	27,364
State Railways.—		
Gross earnings	12,95,655	13,62,392

The figures under the head State Railways represent the gross earnings of the Nagpur and Chhattisgarh State Railway. The whole revenue was Provincial in the year under report.

B.—Expenditure.

26. The subjoined Statement shows the distribution of the expenditure of the year under the several Major heads in the Government Accounts.

	Imperial Expenditure.	Provincial Expenditure.	Incorporated Local Expenditure.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1. Interest on Ordinary debt (Stock Notes)	10,466	...	...	10,466
2. Interest on other obligations (Savings Bank Deposits) ...	22,527	...	...	22,527
3. Refund and Drawbacks ...	14,730	14,658	·1	29,389
4. Assignments and Compensations ...	72,419	...	...	72,419
5. Land Revenue ...	6,009	6,66,332	...	6,72,341
8. Stamps ...	18,610	18,610	...	37,220
9. Excise ...	32,924	32,924	...	65,848
12. Assessed Taxes ...	170	170	...	340
13. Forests ...	2,47,123	2,47,124	...	4,94,247
14. Registration ...	17,878	17,878	...	35,756
15. Post Office ...	...	50,660	...	50,660
18. General Administration ...	60,590	3,60,451	1,40,231	5,61,272
19. Law and Justice ...	...	11,61,879	...	11,61,879
20. Police ...	2,472	13,67,707	53,415	14,23,594
22. Education ...	...	5,71,747	25,755	5,97,502
23. Ecclesiastical ...	43,360	...	...	43,360
24. Medical ...	...	2,81,153	25,905	3,07,058
25. Political ...	16,526	...	...	16,526
26. Scientific and other minor Departments.	...	57,639	54,976	1,12,615
27. Territorial and Political Pensions ...	3,76,027	...	...	3,76,027
29. Superannuation Allowances and Pensions	...	1,47,765	612	1,48,377
30. Stationery and Printing ...	...	1,37,100	57	1,37,157
31. Miscellaneous ...	4,837	28,529	18,667	52,033
39. Charges in respect of Capital ...	...	3,71,718	...	3,71,718
46. Civil Buildings, Roads and Services	...	12,369	2,14,383	2,26,752
Total Civil ...	9,46,668	55,46,413	5,34,002	70,27,083
Public Works Department.—				
Buildings and Roads ...	...	14,04,989	34,682	14,39,671
State Railways ...	...	8,04,797	...	8,04,797
Grand Total ...	9,46,668	77,56,199	5,68,684	92,71,551

Distribution of expenditure between Imperial, Provincial and Local.

27. It has been explained in paragraph 5 that, under the existing arrangements for the administration of the Provincial Services, certain heads of expenditure are exclusively Imperial, while others are divided between Imperial and Provincial, and the rest are made wholly Provincial; also that the charges of the District Fund and the Patwari Fund are incorporated in the Government accounts as "Local" expenditure. It will be seen from the statement given in the preceding paragraph that the expenditure under the following heads is exclusively Imperial:—

1. Interest on ordinary debt (Stock Notes.)
2. Interest on other obligations (Savings Bank Deposits.)
4. Assignments and Compensations.
23. Ecclesiastical.
25. Political.
27. Territorial and Political Pensions.

As details of these need not be given here the following paragraphs contain a review of the total expenditure under the other heads only.

3.—*Refunds and Drawbacks.*

28. The total charges under this head amounted to Rs. 29,389 as against Rs. 45,052 in 1883-84. The decrease, amounting to Rs. 15,663, is chiefly on account of refunds of Land revenue, which amounted to Rs. 20,247 in 1883-84 as compared with Rs. 5,750 in 1884-85. On the other hand, there were slight increases in the refunds of revenue derived from Stamps, from Pandhri tax and from Forests.

The charges under this head represent only refunds of revenue shared between Imperial and Provincial. Refunds of revenue credited under other heads are either wholly Provincial or wholly Local, according as the revenue is credited to Provincial or to Local Funds, and the charges are debited to the corresponding Expenditure heads.

5.—*Land Revenue.*

29. The following figures show the total expenditure under this head for the two years :— Increased expenditure under Land Revenue due to Settlement and Land Record charges.

	1883-84. Rs.		1884-85. Rs.
Imperial.—			
Land Settlement charges	...	...	6,009
Provincial.—			
Land Settlement charges	...	...	5,821
Deputy Commissioners and their Establishments	5,96,141	...	6,11,068
Contingencies	50,093	...	49,443
Total ...	6,46,234	...	6,72,341

In comparison with the previous year, the figures for 1884-85 show an increase of Rs. 26,107. Of this, Rs. 11,830 is on account of Land Settlement charges, which commenced from the year 1884-85, and are divided between Imperial and Provincial in the same proportion as the Land revenue ; and the remainder Rs. 14,277, is due chiefly to the entertainment during the year of additional establishments, including a portion of the staff of Revenue Inspectors sanctioned in letter No. 473 R., dated 11th July 1884, from the Government of India, in the Department of Revenue and Agriculture.

8.—*Stamps.*

30. The total charges under this head amounted to Rs. 37,220, in 1884-85, as compared with Rs. 40,453 in 1883-84. The expenditure is divided equally between Imperial and Provincial. The decrease in 1884-85 is due to a smaller supply of stamp paper having been obtained from the Central Stores at Calcutta and Bombay than in the previous year. Decrease under Stamps.

9.—*Excise.*

31. There is an increase of Rs. 7,705 in the total expenditure under this head in comparison w th the previous year, the figures being :— Increase under Excise due chiefly to change in system of accounting for Rewards.

	Rs.
1883-84 ...	58,143
1884-85 ...	65,848

This increase is due chiefly to a change introduced during the year 1884-85 in the method of accounting for charges for rewards to informers in Excise cases. In 1883-84 and previous years, the rewards were deducted from the fines realized and the net amount credited as revenue, but in order to secure prompt payment of the rewards, it was decided in 1884-85 that the money required for the purpose should be drawn from the Treasury on bills and treated as expenditure of the Excise Department, the rewards being paid under Departmental rules, and the fines, when realized, credited in full as revenue.

The Excise expenditure is divided equally between the Imperial and Provincial Governments.

12.—*Assessed Taxes.*

32. The amount charged annually under this head represents the cost of a special establishment employed in the assessment and collection of Pandhri. The payments in 1884-85 amounted to Rs. 340, as against Rs. 449 in the previous year. The amount is divided equally between Imperial and Provincial.

13.—*Forests.*

Increased expenditure on Forest Conservancy.

33. The details of the expenditure under this head are as follows:—

	1883-84.	1884-85.
	Rs.	Rs.
Conservancy and works ...	2,56,541	3,22,554
Establishments ...	1,78,806	1,71,693
Total ...	4,35,347	4,94,247

The amount is divided equally between Imperial and Provincial.

14.—*Registration.*

Increase under Registration due to appointment of Inspector and of paid Sub-Registrars.

34. The total expenditure under this head in 1884-85 was Rs. 35,756, and in the previous year Rs. 29,819. The increase in 1884-85 is due partly to the appointment of an Inspector of Registration offices having been sanctioned during the year, and partly to the District charges for registration, including commission to Sub-Registrars, having been higher than in the previous year. The expenditure is shared equally by the Imperial and Provincial Governments.

15.—*Post Office.*

Increase of Postal Establishment.

35. The expenditure under this head is on account of the District Post Establishment, and is wholly Provincial. The total charges incurred on this account in 1884-85 amounted to Rs. 50,660 as compared with Rs. 45,075 in 1883-84. The increase is due partly to additional Postal establishments having been sanctioned during the year, and partly to the transfer from the District Fund of Raipur to Provincial Services of certain expenditure for the conveyance of mails, including a subsidy sanctioned by the Chief Commissioner for a mail tonga service between Raipur and Raj-Nandgaon,—the terminus of the Nagpur and Chhattisgarh State Railway, distant 41 miles from Raipur.

18—*General Administration.*

36. The following figures show the expenditure charged to this head :—

	1883-84. Rs.	1884-85. Rs.
Imperial ...	59,093	60,590
Provincial ...	3,58,438	3,60,451
Incorporated Local...	1,26,210	1,40,231
Total ...	5,43,741	5,61,272

The Imperial expenditure is on account of the cost of the Civil Account office. The Provincial expenditure includes the salary and tour expenses of the Chief Commissioner, the salaries of the Commissioners of the Divisions, and of the Secretary and Assistant Secretary to the Chief Commissioner, also the cost of the Civil Secretariat establishment and of the Provincial establishment in the Civil Account office.

The Incorporated Local Fund expenditure is chiefly on account of establishment and contingent charges paid from the Patwari Fund, as will be seen from the figures given below :—

	1883-84. Rs.	1884-85. Rs.
Patwari Establishment, &c. ...	1,18,650	1,32,671
Contributions for Local Fund establishments in Provincial offices ...	7,560	7,560
Total ...	1,26,210	1,40,231

19.—*Law and Justice.*

37. The expenditure under this head for the two years is shown below :— Decrease under Law and Justice due to curtailment of Jail Industries.

	1883-84. Rs.	1884-85. Rs.
Civil and Criminal Courts ...	6,92,878	6,91,206
Jails ...	4,75,743	4,52,832
Refunds ...	18,720	17,841
Total ...	11,87,332	11,61,879

The whole expenditure is Provincial, the charges in 1884-85 on account of Jails show a decrease of Rs. 22,902 as compared with the figures for 1883-84, owing to chiefly a reduction in the amount of Jail manufactory charges, consequent on the curtailment of Jail industries, already referred to in connection with the falling off in the receipts from Jail manufactures.

20.—*Police.*

38. The figures are as follows :— Police charges increased with revision of Establishment.

	1883-84. Rs.	1884-85. Rs.
Imperial ...	2,017	2,472
Provincial ...	13,20,682	13,67,707
Incorporated Local	48,180	53,415
Total ...	13,70,879	14,23,594

The charges classified as Imperial expenditure are on account of Police employed on Imperial State Railways. The increase in the Provincial expenditure is due partly to a moiety of the annual cost of the Police force maintained in the Kalahandi State, having been accepted during the year 1884-85, with the sanction of the Government of India, as a charge against the Provincial Revenues. The amount adjusted on this account in the year 1884-85, for the period from May 1882 to March 1885 inclusive, is Rs. 29,780, and a credit for that amount has been given to the Kalahandi State during the year 1884-85 in reduction of the debt due by it to the British Government on account of the expenditure incurred in connection with the suppression of the insurrection in 1882-83. Since closing the accounts for the year 1884-85, however, it has been decided with the approval of the Government of India, to retransfer this sum of Rs. 29,780 to debit of the Kalahandi State, and the adjustment will be made in the accounts for 1885-86. The remainder of the increase is attributable to the additional expenditure caused by the reorganization of the Police establishment sanctioned by the Government of India in March 1884.

The "Local" expenditure under "Police" is on account of charges paid from the District Funds for collection of Cattle Trespass fines.

22.—*Education.*

Increase of expenditure on Education.—*vide* Chapter VII.

39. The total expenditure on Education amounted in 1884-85 to Rs. 5,97,502, as compared with Rs. 5,80,237 in 1883-84. The charges are distributed between Provincial Services and Incorporated Local Funds (District Fund), as shown below :—

	1883-84. Rs.	1884-85. Rs.
Provincial.—		
Direction and inspection ...	1,04,436	1,08,670
Government schools ...	2,89,677	2,82,150
Normal and technical schools ...	26,949	27,294
Scholarships and prizes ...	33,912	32,928
Government Book Depot ...	39,892	27,788
Grants-in-aid ...	34,835	37,718
Payments by results ...	21,185	24,128
Other heads including Miscellaneous ...	26,942	31,071
Local.—		
Government schools &c. ...	2,409	25,755
Total ...	5,80,237	5,97,502

The increase in the local expenditure is caused by the transfer from Provincial Services to the District Fund of the charges on account of certain schools in the Nagpur district, made over to the control of the District Council, under the Local Self-Government scheme. To enable the District Fund to meet this expenditure on education, the receipts from the Education cess, hitherto treated as Provincial, have been made over to it, and in addition thereto, a contribution

was made to the Fund in 1884-85 from Provincial Revenues, so that practically, the whole expenditure may be said to have been met from Provincial Revenues. Since the commencement of 1885-86, the scheme of Local Self-Government has been generally introduced throughout the Province, and all schools situated outside the limits of Municipal towns have been made over to the management and control of the District Councils and Local Boards. The 'local' expenditure on education will therefore be much larger in future than it was in 1884-85, and there will be a corresponding decrease in the Provincial charges.

24.—*Medical.*

40. The following figures show the expenditure under this head:—

		1883-84. Rs.	1884-85. Rs.
Provincial.—			
Medical establishment	...	1,78,159	1,83,270
Vaccination	...	12,400	13,104
Hospitals and Dispensaries	...	54,713	59,354
Sanitary Commissioner	...	8,485	8,656
Medical school	...	1,163	...
Lunatic Asylum	...	17,475	16,683
Other heads	...	596	86
Local.—			
Vaccination	...	15,565	14,999
Hospitals and dispensaries	...	12,651	9,870
Other heads	...	2,089	1,036
Total	...	3,03,296	3,06,058

The figures do not call for special remark; but it may be mentioned that, from the commencement of 1885-86, the entire expenditure on Vaccination is being met from District Funds, and the whole charge on this account will therefore be classified in future as "Local" expenditure.

26.—*Minor Departments.*

41. The following are the charges classified under this head:— Increased expenditure on Agricultural and Statistical Establishments.

		1883-84. Rs.	1884-85. Rs.
Provincial.—			
Agricultural Department	...	18,763	20,364
Model or experimental farms	...	11,701	11,786
Botanical and other public gardens	...	6,158	7,312
Provincial Museums	...	1,642	2,317
Provincial statistics	...	10,745	12,746
Census charges	...	4,135	...
Other heads	...	1,604	3,113

	1883-84. Rs.	1884-85. Rs.
Local.—		
Botanical and other public gardens ...	20,020	24,097
District Fund Office establishments ...	23,732	27,007
Other heads ...	7,539	3,873
Total ...	1,06,039	1,12,615

There are increases under nearly all the heads of Provincial expenditure. The total increase in the Provincial charges for 1884-85 as compared with 1883-84 being Rs. 7,025, exclusive of the special charge of Rs. 4,135 incurred in 1883-84, for printing the Census Report tables. The increase under Agricultural Department is due partly to the pay of the appointment of Director of Agriculture being "progressive," and partly to the entertainment of additional establishments. The larger expenditure under Provincial Statistics is caused by additional establishments having been employed during the year 1884-85 for trade statistics.

Increase in District Fund Establishments.

The Local expenditure is taken from the District Fund Accounts. There has been an increase in the District Fund Office Establishments since the creation of District Councils and Local Boards, causing an increase of Rs. 3,275 in the expenditure on this account during the year 1884-85. The charges on account of Botanical and other public gardens maintained from the District Funds also show a considerable increase during the year 1884-85; but it may be mentioned with regard to this expenditure that since the commencement of 1885-86, the receipts and charges of station gardens at the head-quarters of districts have been taken over as Provincial Revenue and Expenditure, and the establishment and other charges of these gardens are being reduced.

29.—*Superannuation.*

42. The total amount expended under this head amounted to Rs. 1,48,377 in 1884-85 as compared with Rs. 1,50,821 in 1883-84. All charges on account of pensions and gratuities are debited to Provincial Services, except in the case of certain pensions and gratuities for service paid from Incorporated Local Funds which are payable by the funds concerned. Up to the present, however, the amount paid on this account from Incorporated Local Funds is insignificant, being only Rs. 612 in the year 1884-85 out of a total expenditure of Rs. 1,48,377.

30.—*Stationery and Printing.*

Increased expenditure on Stationery.

43. The total expenditure amounted in 1884-85 to Rs. 1,37,157 as against Rs. 1,23,012 in 1883-84. The increase is chiefly on account of value of stationery obtained from the Central Stores at Calcutta and Bombay, but there is also a considerable increase in the cost of stationery purchased in the country.

The details of the expenditure are as follows:—

	1883-84. Rs.	1884-85. Rs.
Provincial.—		
Stationery purchased in the country ...	17,891	23,217
Do. supplied from Central Stores ...	40,129	51,079
Printing charges at Government Presses ...	61,659	62,771
Do. Private Presses ...	3,331	33
Refunds	2	...

Local.—

	1883-84. Rs.	1884-85. Rs.
Stationery purchased in the country ...	...	22
Printing charges ...	...	35
Total ...	1,23,012	1,37,157

As explained in the Administration Report for 1883-84, the charge of Rs. 3,331 incurred in that year for printing work done at private presses includes a special payment of Rs. 2,944-9-0 made under sanction of the Chief Commissioner to the Education Society's Press at Bombay for the printing and binding of copies of the Circulars and Rulings of the Judicial Commissioner, Central Provinces.

The sums aggregating Rs. 57 debited as Local Expenditure are on account of some petty charges incurred locally in printing notices and other papers connected with the elections of District Councils, &c. All charges for prescribed forms of accounts, bills, &c., supplied to the District Fund Offices are included in the Provincial Expenditure under Government Presses.

31.—*Miscellaneous.*

44. The charges under this head are distributed as follows :— Decreased expenditure on Staging Bungalows and Serais.

	1883-84. Rs.	1884-85. Rs.
Imperial ...	3,670	4,837
Provincial ...	29,709	28,529
Incorporated Local ...	24,437	18,667
Total ...	57,816	52,033

The Imperial Expenditure is on account of charges for remittance of treasure. The increase is due to the remittances in silver to other provinces having been larger than in the previous year.

45. The principal item of Provincial Expenditure under this head is the amount paid as rewards for the destruction of wild animals, namely, Rs. 21,789 in 1884-85, as against Rs. 22,897 in 1883-84. The remainder of the Provincial Expenditure for 1884-85 comprises the following items :—Donations for charitable purposes (Rs. 2,362), Travelling Allowance to officers attending examinations (Rs. 379), charges on account of European vagrants (Rs. 63) ; other Miscellaneous and unforeseen charges (Rs. 3,436).

The charges classified as "Local" Expenditure are chiefly on account of Staging Bungalows and Serais maintained from District Funds. Since 1st April 1885 the receipts and charges of Staging Bungalows have been taken over as Provincial Revenue and Expenditure.

39.—*Charges in respect of Capital.*

45. The expenditure under this head represents the interest paid by the Local Administration on the Capital outlay from Imperial Funds on the Nagpur and Chhattisgarh State Railway. The method of calculating the interest payable was explained in last year's Administration Report (para. 66). The interest paid in 1884-85 amounted to Rs. 3,71,718 as compared with Rs. 3,49,032. The charges increase in proportion to the amount of the Capital outlay.

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46.—*Civil Buildings, Roads and Services.*

46. The expenditure classified under this head in the Accounts of the Civil Department is as follows :—

	1883-84. Rs.	1884-85. Rs.
Provincial.—		
Works in charge of Civil officers ...	9,853	12,369
Local.—		
Works in charge of Civil officers ...	2,65,049	2,14,383
Total ...	2,74,902	2,26,752

The Local Expenditure is taken from the District Fund Accounts. The decrease is chiefly in the outlay on Original works—roads—in the Chhattisgarh Division.

Public Works Department Expenditure.

Increase under Public Works.

47. The expenditure incurred in the Public Works Department as communicated to the Comptroller by the Examiners of Public Works and State Railway Accounts, is as follows:—

	1883-84. Rs.	1884-85. Rs.
Ordinary Branches.—		
Buildings and Roads—		
Provincial ...	10,35,931	14,04,989
Local ...	40,960	34,682
State Railways.—		
Nagpur and Chhattisgarh Railway—		
Working expenses ...	6,45,721	8,04,797

This expenditure, though given above in order to complete the review of the revenue and expenditure of the year, is not shown in the Civil books, being finally accounted for in the books of the Public Works Department.

C.—Local Funds.

48. The Local Funds in these Provinces are of three kinds, namely, Incorporated Local Funds, Municipal Funds and Excluded Local Funds. The Incorporated Local Funds are the Patwari Fund and the District Fund, and the Excluded Local Funds comprise the Cantonment Funds, the Police Remount and Butchat Funds, the Museum Funds and the Dispensary Funds.

Incorporated Local Funds.

Patwari Fund and District Fund.

49. The Revenue of the Incorporated Local Funds as shown in the Statement of Imperial, Provincial and Local Revenue given under the head "A. Revenue, (paragraph 4) amounted in 1884-85 to Rs. 7,18,766; and the Expenditure as shown in the statement under the head "B. Expenditure" (paragraph 26) to Rs. 5,68,684. The following figures show the distribution of this Revenue and Expenditure between the two Funds :—

	Revenue. Rs.	Expenditure. Rs.
Patwari Fund ...	2,16,464	1,32,671
District Fund ...	5,02,302	4,36,013
Total ...	7,18,766	5,68,684

In the general accounts of the Province the revenue of the Patwari Fund is credited under the major head "VI.—Provincial rates," and the expenditure is debited to the head "18.—General Administration," as already explained in the remarks under those heads in preceding paragraphs. The revenue accruing to the District Fund from the Road and Education cesses is also credited under the major head "VI.—Provincial rates;" but the remaining revenues of the fund are credited under the appropriate major heads as "Police," "Medical," "Minor Departments," "Miscellaneous," &c., as shown in the statement in paragraph 4. Similarly, the expenditure of the District Fund is classified in the general accounts under the appropriate major heads. But in addition to the receipts and charges falling under the Revenue and Service heads in the general accounts, there are certain debt transactions and adjustments in the accounts of the Incorporated Local Funds which find a place in the "Debt and remittance section" of the general accounts. Such transactions include advances and contributions from the Provincial revenues, and in the balanced accounts of the funds these are shown separately.

50. The following is an abstract of the balanced accounts of the Incorporated Local Funds for the year 1884-85. Abstract of their accounts.

Patwari Fund.

Receipts.	Amount.	Expenditure.	Amount.
	Rs.		Rs.
Revenue Heads—		18. General Administration ...	1,32,671
VI. Provincial Rates ...	2,16,464		
Contributions—			
From Provincial Revenue ...	3,511		
Balance on 1st April 1884 ...	1,19,240	Balance on 31st March 1885...	2,06,544
Total ...	3,39,215	Total ...	3,39,215

District Fund.

Receipts.	Amount.	Expenditure.	Amount.
	Rs.		Rs.
Revenue Heads.		*Service Heads.*	
VI. Provincial Rates ...	1,56,417	3. Refunds ...	1
XVI. Police ...	1,63,143	18 General Administration ...	7,560
XVIII. Education ..	1,525	20. Police ...	53,415
XIX. Medical ...	13,900	22 Education ...	25,755
XX. Minor Departments ...	12,880	24. Medical ...	25,905
XXIV. Miscellaneous ...	80,997	26. Minor Departments ...	54,976
XXXV. Civil Buildings, Roads, &c..	73,440	29. Superannuation, &c. ...	612
		30. Stationery and Printing ..	57
Total Revenue Heads ...	5,02,302	31. Miscellaneous ...	18,667
		46. Civil Buildings, Roads, &c.—	
Contributions.		In Civil Dept. Rs. 2,14,383	
		In P. W. Dept. „ 34,682	
From Provincial Revenues ...	7,950		2,49,065
Debt Accounts.		Total Service Heads ...	4,36,013
Recoveries of Advances, &c. ...	77,548	*Debt Accounts*—(Advances) ...	85,622
Balance on 1st April 1884 ...	2,89,637	Balance on 31st March 1885 ...	3,55,802
Grand Total ...	8,77,437	Grand Total ...	8,77,437

For both Funds balances are kept by districts, the balances shown above being the aggregate of the several District balances.

Municipal Fund.

51. The following Statement shows the Receipts, Expenditure and Balances of the Municipal Funds for the year 1884-85.

Receipts.			Amount.	Expenditure.			Amount.
			Rs.				Rs.
A.—Municipal Taxes—				A.—General Establishment—			
Octroi	...	6,53,813		Office Establishment, Inspection and Honorary Magistrates' Establishment	...	27,731	
Licenses on Trades	...	18,665		Collection of Municipal Taxes	...	87,670	
Tax on houses and lands	...	21,589		Refunds of Octroi	...	1,05,137	2,20,538
Taxes on Vehicles	...	3,334					
Tolls	...	986					
Water rate	...	12,477	7,10,864				
				B.—Public safety—			
B.—Miscellaneous Receipts.—				Fire and Lighting Establishment	...	10,055	10,055
Realizations under special Acts	...	109		C.—Public Health—			
Proceeds of Lands, &c.	...	98		Erection and repairs of markets, dispensaries and latrines	...	35,325	
Income derived from markets &c.		70,765		Medical	...	30,025	
Payments for services rendered to private individuals	...	80,166		Water Works	...	43,328	
Conservancy and Road cleaning fees	...	2,330		Road-watering and Road cleaning	...	45,906	
Municipal Fines	...	4,223		Conservancy and Drainage	...	1,67,117	
Miscellaneous	...	20,384		Markets and slaughter-house Establishment	...	1,775	
Contributions	...	8,406		Public Garden Establishment	...	9,246	
Dispensary Balance	...	46,349	2,32,835	Contributions	...	950	3,33,672
Total Revenue	...		9,43,699				
C.—Debt—				D.—Public Instruction—	...	54,258	54,258
Loans	...	200		E.—Public Convenience—			
Deposit	...	2,877		Public Works Establishment	...	7,435	
Advances	...	47,542	50,619	Tools and Plant	...	2,371	
				Roads	...	1,34,524	
				Civil Buildings	...	5,037	
				Miscellaneous Public Improvements	...	6,555	
				Survey of Land	...	766	
				Other charges	...	4,186	
				Contributions	...	19,600	1,30,474
				F.—Miscellaneous—			
				Public Exhibitions and Fairs	...	2,519	
				Donation to Gardens and Museums	...	1,132	
				Experimental cultivation	...	339	
				Paid to Poor-house	...	950	4,940
				Total Expenditure	...		8,03,937
				G.—Debt—			
				Loans	...	1,37,559	
				Deposits	...	935	
				Advances	...	51,336	1,89,830
Opening Balance on April 1884—				Closing Balance on 31st March 1885—			
In Treasury	...	3,48,737		In Treasury	...	3,57,957	
Outside	...	11,449	3,60,186	Outside	...	2,780	3,60,737
Grand Total		...	13,54,504	Grand Total		...	13,54,504

Excluded Local Funds.

52. The subjoined Statement shows the total income and expenditure and balances of the several Excluded Local Funds upon the books of the Comptroller, Central Provinces, for the year 1884-85:—

Name of Fund.	Balance on 1st April 1884.	Income during the year.	Total.	Expenditure during the year.	Balance on 31st March 1885.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Cantonment Fund ...	23,051	72,929	95,980	69,172	26,808
Police Remount Fund ...	5,097	4,628	9,725	4,374	4,851
Police Butchut Fund ...	23	331	354	335	19
Dispensary Fund ...	65,462	64,541	1,30,003	1,30,003	...
Museum Fund ...	615	2,549	3,164	3,032	132
Total ...	94,248	1,44,978	2,39,226	2,07,416	31,810

Abolition of Dispensary Fund.

53. The Dispensary Fund has been abolished as a separate fund from 1st April 1885, under orders of the Chief Commissioner, the dispensaries in Municipal towns being made Municipal institutions and most of those outside Municipal towns being placed under District Councils, the few exceptions being taken over as Provincial dispensaries. The balances at credit of the Dispensary Fund on 31st March 1885 were accordingly transferred to the Municipal and District Funds, with which the receipts and charges of the dispensaries have been amalgamated since 1st April 1885. The balances of the dispensaries taken over as Provincial institutions being, in like manner, credited to Provincial Revenues. The total amounts so transferred were as follow:—

	Rs.
To Municipal Funds	42,677
To District Funds	13,460
To Provincial Revenues	617
Total ...	56,754

CHAPTER VI.—VITAL STATISTICS AND MEDICAL SERVICES.

1.—*Census.*

1. For the results of the Census of 1881, see the Report for 1882-83.

2.—*Births and Deaths.*

Vital Statistics.

2. The number of births registered in the Central Provinces in 1884-85 was 368,086; or 41·75 per thousand of the population. This is an increase of about 10,000 as compared with the figures for last year; but it does little more than bring the total up to the level of 1882. The ratio of males to females born is 107·51 to 100. It has steadily fallen to this figure step by step since 1873, when it was 115·00; and judging from the English figure (106), it is probably very nearly correct.

Urban registration.

3. There is more difficulty in getting accurate returns for the towns than for the country, because the village Kotwal is aware of all births and deaths, and reports them as a matter of business routine; while in the town, unless the house-holder himself reports, the occurrence is likely to escape observation. The importance of enforcing the responsibility of house-holders has, therefore, been frequently insisted on. The difference between the rates for Sadr towns and the general District rates for the last four years are noted below:—

1881 ...	Birth rate	—13·27	Death rate	...	—4·31
1882 ...	Do.	— 8·58	Do.	...	—2·39
1883 ...	Do.	— 3·61	Do.	...	+1·08
1884 ...	Do.	— 4·63	Do.	...	—2·11

These figures indicate considerable improvement in the town statistics.

Deaths registered.

4. The total number of deaths registered was 240,714; or 27·30 per thousand of the population. During the previous five years, the ratio per thousand was 32·13. The excess of births over deaths per thousand of the population was 14·45.

Public health.

5. The year was generally a healthy one, and there was no epidemic of cholera. Food was cheap and abundant. It was probably owing to these causes that the number of deaths, as compared with the previous year, decreased by 64,049. Of this decrease about 30,000 was under the head "Fevers", and over 16,000 under "Cholera." The seven districts in which the decrease was most marked, were, with the exception of Nimar, the districts in which cholera was most prevalent in 1883.

Cholera.

There were only 149 deaths from cholera registered in the Province in 1884. Except in 1874, there have never been so few in any year since 1871.

Small-pox.

Small-pox, on the other hand, was more prevalent than it has been since 1875, except in the years 1878 to 1880. There were 4,582 deaths.

Fevers.

The number of registered deaths attributed to "Fevers" was 145,342 or 16·48 per thousand. The figures for the last ten years are as follows:—

1875	...	16·26	1880	...	18·46
1876	...	20·22	1881	...	19·42
1877	...	17·70	1882	...	17·31
1878	...	29·50	1883	...	19·86
1879	...	18·34	1884	...	16·48

The year 1878 was one of famine and scarcity, which accounts for its exceptionally high rate. 1882 was the first year in which the rate was calculated on the figures of the last Census; so that, *cæteris paribus*, the rate ought to be lower from that date forward. During the year under report it was lower than it has been since 1875; but it cannot be regarded as much lower than the average (18·68) for the previous five years 1879 to 1882, when it is remembered that the rate for the first three of these years was calculated on the old Census figures.

3.—*Medical Relief.*

Dispensaries.

6. The number of dispensaries open to the public in 1884 remained the same as in 1883, viz. 82. They are classified for Provincial purposes as follows :—

Sadar or head-quarter dispensaries	...	18
Out-station dispensaries—		
(*a*) admitting in-patients	...	29
(*b*) *not* admitting do.	...	35
Total	...	82

Number of patients.

7. The number of in-patients received in the 18 Sadar and 29 out-station dispensaries (of class *a*) was 6,961, as compared with 7,545 in the preceding year. This decrease was not exclusively due to the reduction by four of the number of dispensaries receiving in-patients It occurred in 12 of the Sadr dispensaries and in 17 of the Out-station dispensaries; and is partly attributable to a more careful observance of the rules regulating admissions.

At the same time, the number of out-patients largely increased, the total being 645,669 as compared with 603,996 in 1883. Of this total increase of 41,673 out patients, the greater part was contributed by the Nagpur district, in which the number of such patients exceeded the previous year's figure by 30,590.

Prevalent diseases.

8. The year was distinguished by an unusually heavy rain-fall: and it is probably in consequence of this that fevers, catarrhs and rheumatic affections were more numerous. Bowel complaints, on the other hand, decreased. The total number of deaths from all causes was, as already noted, considerably below the total of 1883.

Operations performed.

The number of major operations performed increased from 564 to 637, or by 73.

Financial results.

9. The financial results were, on the whole, satisfactory. The opening balance at credit of all dispensaries was Rs. 60,117; the income (including proceeds of sale of securities) was Rs. 1,18,953; and the expenditure Rs. 1,08,771. Rs. 20,200 were invested: and the cash balance at the end of the year was Rs. 50,099. The total invested capital rose from Rs. 36,000 to Rs. 50,000 (in round numbers).

Lunatic Asylums.

10. Passing now to the treatment of insane persons in the two Provincial Asylums at Jubbulpore and Nagpur, the results may be stated as follows :—

On the first January 1884, there were 117 inmates (90 males and 27 females) in the Nagpur Asylum. Admissions during the year numbered 54 (50 males and 4 females), and re-admissions 3. Fifteen inmates were discharged and 6 died: so that the population on the 31st December 1884 was 13. The daily average strength was 132, and the daily average sick was 663.

The corresponding figures for the Jubbulpore Asylum are:

On the first January there were 133 inmates (99 males and 34 females). Admissions numbered 12 (10 males and 2 females), and re-admissions 2. Ten inmates were discharged during the year and 4 died, so that the population on the 31st December 1884 was 133. The daily average strength was 133, and the daily average sick was 1·43.

During the year the Berar Asylum was closed and the inmates were transferred to that at Nagpur.

Lock Hospitals.

11. The returns of the Lock Hospitals may be briefly referred to. The numbers of admissions of men into hospital increased in Jubbulpore, Kamptee and Pachmarhi, and decreased in Saugor. The ratios per thousand in 1883 and 1884 were as under:—

	1883.	1884.
Jubbulpore	261	405
Kamptee	125	179
Pachmarhi	54	235
Saugor	293	188

The comparatively small number of troops stationed at Pachmarhi makes the increase there seem disproportionately large. The Cantonment in which the increase of disease in 1884 was really marked is Jubbulpore. There was no variation in the total of European troops at this station. The cause of the rise in cases is said to be that for a short time during the year the order prohibiting troops from visiting the native town of Jubbulpore was suspended; and even in spite of the order soldiers frequently gained access to the city.

The variations elsewhere do not seem to have been due to any special cause. Last year Kamptee showed a decrease, and Saugor a slight increase. The returns generally bear out the view so often expressed, that the Lock Hospital system affords a limited protection, which is beneficial so far as it goes. If the rules are at any time relaxed the number of patients in hospital is speedily increased, but even the best vigilance cannot procure entire immunity.

The total expenditure was Rs. 6,042, which is only slightly in excess of the charges in 1883.

4.—*Vaccination.*

Provincial vaccination.

12. The operations performed by the Provincial Vaccine Department were more numerous than in any preceding year. The figures for three years are compared below:—

	Primary vaccination.	Re-vaccination.	Total.
1882-83 ...	3,45,126	12,829	3,57,955
1883-84 ...	3,43,096	9,547	3,52,643
1884-85 ...	3,46,753	13,695	3,60,448

The percentage of success in primary vaccinations was 96·56 as against 96·15 for 1883-84. There was a lower percentage of success in re-vaccination cases (71·27 against 77·20), which is attributed "to more accurate reporting of "the results, and more care in recording operations as those of re-vaccination." The average cost of each successful operation was Rs. 0-1-10¾ against Rs. 0-1-9½; but, if the accidental increase in the allowances of the Deputy Surgeon General be omitted, the cost for 1884-85 was Rs. 0-1-9½.

13. Vaccination by Hospital Assistants at Dispensaries decreased during the year. The figures for three years are given below :— Dispensary vaccination.

	Primary vaccination.	Re-vaccination.	Total.
1882-83 ...	30,114	1,359	31,473
1883-84 ...	25,548	2,246	27,794
1884-85 ...	22,812	1,648	24,460

This shows a decrease, last year, of 3,679, followed this year by a further decrease of 3,334. This is not to be regretted. The rules which the Chief Commissioner has recently issued provide that Dispensary Committees, acting under the advice and sanction of the Civil Surgeon and Deputy Surgeon General, may prescribe the limits and conditions of Dispensary vaccination, or even set Hospital Assistants free from it altogether. In some cases the popularity and efficiency of a dispensary have suffered from ill-judged attempts on the part of the Hospital Assistant in charge to vaccinate over too great an area and during unhealthy months, when his presence at the dispensary was specially required.

14. It is difficult to compare the figures showing vaccination operations in Feudatory States this year with those for last year, as the Patna returns have not been received. The figures (including Dispensary vaccination) for the Feudatories are :— Vaccination in Feudatory States.

	Primary vaccination.	Re-vaccination.	Total.
1882-83 ...	44,201	62	44,263
1883-84 ...	40,992	113	41,105
Do. without Patna...	29,638	46	29,684
1884-85 ...	30,890	6	30,896

The percentage of success in all the States was higher than in the preceding year.

15. The results of their inspections, as reported by the Civil Surgeons, were favourable. The attitude of the people towards vaccination has improved. The people are nowhere hostile, and they are not infrequently favourable to vaccination. Attitude of the people.

CHAPTER VII.—INSTRUCTION.

1.—*Education.*

General Statistics.

1. The following figures compare the general results of the working of the Education Department for the last three years:—

	1882-83.	1883-84.	1884-85.
(*a*) Number of schools (Government aided and unaided) ...	1,565	1,612	1,809
(*b*) Number of pupils ...	89,506	93,669	99,010
(*c*) Average attendance ...	60,397	64,365	66,986
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
(*d*) Total expenditure ...	6,82,485	6,84,628	7,09,145
(*e*) Total income from Local sources (exclusive of Education cess) ...	2,05,523	2,05,350	1,94,138
(*f*) Fee receipts ...	31,635	32,537	33,428
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
(*g*) Cost per pupil to Government ...	3 11 3	3 1 4	2 4 5

Increase in schools.

2. These figures denote improvement. The number of schools increased by 197, and of scholars by 5,341. The average attendance increased, though not in the same proportion. Fee receipts also increased. The decrease under income from local sources is nominal only. Though the total expenditure increased, the average cost per pupil to Government fell considerably.

Religion and race of pupils.

3. The principal religions and races of the scholars attending the schools of the Central Provinces for the last two years may be compared as under:—

	1884-85.	1883-84.
Europeans and Eurasians ...	786	820
Native Christians ...	556	518
Hindus ...	86,360	82,239
Muhammadans ...	7,812	7,535
Parsis ...	35	
Gonds and aborigines ...	1,321	2,557
Mahars, Dhers and low castes ...	2,191	

4. It thus appears that the number of the pupils of the last three classes increased from 2,557 to 3,547, *i. e.* that the number of aboriginal and low caste scholars increased by about 1,000. The number of pupils attending at girls' schools rose from an average attendance of 2,696 to 3,032.

Europeans and Eurasians.

5. The schools for Europeans and Eurasians have not suffered in respect to their grants by the introduction of the new Code; and there can be no doubt that the effect of the Code will be to make them more efficient. They are all fairly good schools, except the Bishops' school, Nagpur. This has been recently re-organised in a manner from which improved results may be expected.

Transfer of Rural schools to District Councils.

6. During the year all Departmental rural schools (except in Sambalpur, Mandla and Sironcha and in some parts of Balaghat and Seoni) were placed under District Councils and Local Boards. The school expenditure of District Councils was separated from Departmental school expenditure; and separate budgets have been prepared and approved. The two per cent school cess, local subscriptions raised for schools under District Councils, the fees of such schools, and a considerable grant from Provincial revenues, have been placed at the disposal of the District Councils, to enable them to maintain in efficiency the schools under their care.

Relation of the District Councils to the Education Department.

7. The District Councils cannot without consulting the Educational Department alter rules framed by the Chief Commissioner for the conduct of schools. The constitution of School Committees, the curricula, fee rates, and fee exemptions remain unaltered until the District Councils express a desire for change and show reasons for such change. The rules for the guidance of Masters, as entered in the School Manual, still remain in force, but are capable of alteration, and will be altered if due cause be shown. Subject to these and other restrictions, the control of District Councils over primary schools is as complete as was the control possessed by the Deputy Commissioner. As the Deputy Commissioner usually worked through the Zila Inspector of Schools and consulted that officer, so will District Councils work through and consult the Zila Inspector. He will report, through the Deputy Commissioner to the District Council, when he desires any action to be taken for the improvement of their schools and for the extension of primary education.

Control of schools by Municipalities.

8. Secondary and primary schools in towns are largely supported by Municipalities and are very much under their control. Each school is managed by its Committee, and any Municipal member can be appointed a member either of the Principal school Committee, or of one of the Committees of the subordinate and auxilary schools.

The Provincial revenues have been largely relieved from the burden of the support of secondary education. Middle schools are being more and more provided for by allotments from local funds and by subscriptions.

Improved facilities for higher education.

9. The completion of the Jubbulpore College by the addition of two classes and the commencement of the Morris' College were sanctioned during the year. The people of seven of the Northern districts raised by subscription Rs. 78,940, towards the expense of the Jubbulpore College. This sum is to be invested in Government loan notes.

The Morris College, Nagpur, and the first Council.

10. The people of nine of the Southern and Eastern districts gave Rs. 1,70,463 towards the Morris College, Nagpur, and certain Municipalities voted some 6,000 Rupees for the same object. A meeting of the subscribers was held in February, and it was ruled that the subscribers should form themselves into a Society to be called the Nagpur Morris College Association.

High School classes attached to the Sambalpur Zilla School.

11. The addition of High School Classes in the Sambulpur Zilla School is also to be mentioned. They were added in April, the people having collected Rs. 18,000 for an endowment.

Appointment of a Committee of Education.

12. In order to still further popularise education, to bring public opinion to bear with due force on the general features of our educational system and to ascertain the feelings and consult the wishes of the managers and supporters of independent institutions, the Chief Commissioner appointed during the year a Standing Committee of Education. This Committee will be consulted and have a voice in determining all such matters as the arrangement or conduct of public examinations, the rate of fees, the terms of admission to school, the course of study, and the forms of periodical returns.

Revision of Scholarship rules, and of the fee rules of the Jubbulpore College.

13. The Scholarship rules have undergone complete revision. Besides ordinary scholarships for the promotion of general culture, especial scholarship rules to promote Mechanical Engineering and to qualify their holders for the post of Sub-Overseer in the Public Works Department have been framed and published.

Chap. VII. INSTRUCTION.

2.—*Literature and the Press.*

Books published.

The following is a list of the publications issued in these Provinces during the year 1884 :—

Class of Subject.	No. of work.	Language.	Nature of Contents.
Science ...	1	English ...	Contains 32 propositions of 1st book of Euclid with Notes and Exercises.
Ditto ...	1	Hindi ...	Treatise on Mental Arithmetic.
Arts ...	1	Marathi. ...	Instructions for Needle work.
Drama ...	1	ditto ...	Exposes (in seven acts) the hyprocrisy of pretending mendicants.
Fiction ...	1	ditto ...	Amusing tales, with morals.
Language ...	1	ditto ...	Etymology of Marathi words.
Ditto ...	1	Hindi ...	Meanings of words in 3rd Hindi Reader.
Ditto ...	1	ditto ...	Synonyms of Hindi word.
Miscellanous ...	1	ditto ...	Short sketch of the Geography of the World.
Ditto ...	1	ditto ...	Do. and of the Central Provinces.

Newspapers.

At the close of 1884, there were six weekly Vernacular and Anglo-vernacular Newspapers published in the Central Provinces.

(1). The Nagpur News, published in Nagpur,—in English and Marathi.

(2) The Nyaya Sudha, published at Harda in the Hoshangabad district,—in English and Marathi.

(3). The Arya Vaibhava, published at Burhanpur,—in Marathi.

(4). The Subodh Sindu, published at Khandwa,—in Marathi and Hindi.

(5). The Mauj-i-Narbada, published at Hoshangabad,—in Urdu.

(6). The Tarjuman-i-Nagpur, published in Nagpur,—in English and Urdu.

None of the papers have a large circulation. They are critical, but loyal in tone.

The Tarjuman-i-Nagpur is under the patronage of the Feudatory Chief of Bamra. The rates of subscription to this paper are based on a somewhat original plan. For Chiefs of Native States, Government officials of high rank, and Merchants, no rates are fixed: but for personages of lower degree, and for "the lower middle class" the terms are Rs. 3-12-0 per annum.

3.—*Literary Societies.*

Libraries and Presses.

There were 15 Subscription Libraries, and Reading Clubs, and 12 other literary or philanthropic associations in the Central Provinces at the close of the year 1884-85. The most influential of these societies are the Anjuman-i-Islamia (Jubulpore) and the Hit Sabha (Saugor), both of which support large schools. The Hit Sabha has branches at Rebli, Kurai, and Banda. The Anjuman-i-Islamia also manages a press. There are 16 printing and lithographic presses under private management. Six of these presses publish newspapers. the names of which have been given above: and one—the Saraswati, at Narsinghpur—publishes a monthly magazine.

4.—*Arts and Sciences.*

Museums.

The number of visitors to the Nagpur Museum during 1884-85 increased greatly, the total being 253,407. Of these, 77,671 were women and 38,063 children.

The chief additions to the collections consisted of a Hand Dynamo Machine and electrical apparatus, a Phonograph a Telephone and an Air Pump.

The number of visitors to the Raipur Museum was 132,305, of whom 37,492 were women and 22,423 children.

The principal additions to the collections were 33 specimens of Bombay pottery; specimens of metal ware from Moradabad and Benares; and specimens of locally made *Kosa* cloth and of Lucknow embroidery.

CHAPTER VIII—ARCHÆOLOGY.

Repairs to temple at Mandhatta.

An estimate for the execution of certain repairs to the Siddheswar temple at Mandhata, upon the lines laid down by Major H. H. Cole, R. E., and amounting to Rs. 2,863, was sanctioned during the year under report. These repairs were limited to the clearing away of *debris* and rubbish, and to the collecting and re-placing in position (as far as possible) portions of the plinth, columns and carvings of the Temple. Rs. 1,275 were expended on this work in 1884-85. The Temple is a highly interesting one. When the preliminary operations now in progress are completed, it will be possible to form a correct idea of what is best to be done for the preservation of the remains. An inscription in Hindi has been discovered on the doorstep of the entrance, which may throw some light upon the question whether it is a Jain or a Hindu building.

Madan Mahal.

An estimate for the repair of the Madan Mahal—a castle built on a massive boulder poised on the top of a hill situated about three miles from Jubbulpore—is in course of preparation.

LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH OF THE ROYAL ASIATIC SOCIETY

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I.—STATISTICS OF PHYSICAL, POLITICAL AND FISCAL GEOGRAPHY.

I. A. 1.—Area cultivated and uncultivated and communications.

District.	Area as shown by the Survey Department.	Deduct.			Net area dealt with in this return.	Cultivated.			Uncultivated.			Government Forests.		
		Feudatory States.	Area for which returns are at present not available.	Total.		Actually cropped.	Current fallows.	Total.	Available for cultivation.	Not available for cultivation.	Total.	Cultivated.	Uncultivated.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	sq. ms.	sq. ms.	sq. ms.	sq. ms.	sq. ms.	sq. ms.	sq. ms.	sq. ms.	sq. ms.	sq. ms	sq. ms.	sq. ms.	sq. ms.	sq. ms.
Saugor	4,007	...	...	...	4,007	1,347	18	1,365	1,050	717	1,767	10	865	875
Damoh	2,831	...	...	...	2,831	770	14	784	591	596	1,187	1	859	860
Jubbulpore	3,948	...	...	...	3,948	1,578	63	1,641	1,026	919	1,945	...	362	362
Mandla	5,056	...	...	...	5,056	583	1	584	1,028	541	1,569	66	2,837	2,903
Seoni	3,198	...	...	...	3,198	949	182	1,131	530	593	1,123	20	924	944
Narsinghpur ...	1,916	...	...	...	1,916	901	44	945	262	513	775	3	193	196
Hoshangabad ...	4,749	220	173	393	4,356	1,492	...	1,492	653	620	1,273	18	1,573	1,591
Nimar	3,357	...	...	...	3,357	625	36	661	569	251	820	7	1,869	1,876
Betul	3,824	...	...	...	3,824	971	343	1,314	284	926	1,210	26	1,274	1,300
Chhindwara	4,630	...	1,597	1,597	3,033	963	51	1,014	382	751	1,133	25	861	886
Wardha	2,428	...	...	...	2,428	1,370	98	1,468	431	329	760	5	195	200
Nagpur	3,843	...	...	...	3,843	1,850	21	1,871	688	751	1,439	3	530	533
Chanda	10,749	...	4,902	4,902	5,847	986	34	1,020	1,323	311	1,634	11	3,182	3,193
Bhandara	3,968	...	1,471	1,471	2,497	886	8	894	413	595	1,008	...	595	595
Balaghat	3,139	...	986	986	2,153	403	10	413	274	431	705	300	735	1,035
Raipur	15,110	3,385	5,541	8,926	6,184	2,604	468	3,072	1,699	44	1,743	...	1,369	1,369
Bilaspur	9,277	1,002	4,595	5,597	3,680	1,686	37	1,723	1,085	224	1,309	162	486	648
Sambalpur	10,160	5,691	2,858	8,549	1,611	373	230	603	...	293	293	27	688	715
Kalahandi Agency ...	19,206	19,206	...	19,206	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total Central Provinces ...	1,15,396	29,504	22,123	51,627	63,769	20,337	1,658	21,995	12,288	9,405	21,693	684	19,397	20,081

1. A. 2.—Character of the Surface.

For details of this table see Part II. of the Report of 1872-73 or Chapters I. and II Introduction to "Central Provinces Gazetteer," Edition of 1870.

I. A. 3.—Climate.

District head-quarters.	Rain-fall, inches.				Average temperature in shade.												Cloud proportion 0 to 10.		
					May.				July.				December.						
	January to May.	June to September.	October to December.	Total.	Mean of maximum readings.	Mean of minimum readings.	Highest readings.	Lowest readings.	Mean of maximum readings.	Mean of minimum readings.	Highest readings.	Lowest readings.	Mean of maximum readings.	Mean of minimum readings.	Highest readings.	Lowest readings.	January to July.	June to September.	October to December.
Vindhyan Districts.																			
Saugor	0·88	45·99	2·18	49·05	105·6	78·5	109·6	71·8	85·2	73·3	91·9	71·0	73·6	50·6	76·5	46·0			
Damoh	0·64	73·58	3·27	77·49	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Narbada Valley Districts.																			
Jubbulpore	3·01	88·80	3·35	95·16	106·5	76·3	110·7	68·5	84·7	73·9	91·7	71·5	74·4	45·4	78·4	38·7			
Narsinghpur	1·78	52·32	2·06	56·16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Hoshangabad	1·29	76·00	3·25	80·54	109·0	79·3	112·1	70·6	86·7	74·6	94·4	73·2	77·6	51·1	80·8	46·1			
Nimar	1·49	36·58	2·10	40·17	106·7	78·9	112·9	70·2	86·5	73·3	96·6	71·2	78·6	47·6	83·3	39·9			
Satpura Districts.																			
Mandla	2·06	65·30	1·51	68·87	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Seoni	2·18	65·47	1·91	69·56	105·1	75·7	109·6	70·9	82·8	71·7	90·1	69·3	75·4	49·6	80·4	44·5			
Chhindwara	1·78	44·45	5·32	51·55	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Betul	1·23	49·18	4·27	54·68	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Districts of the Wardha and Wainganga Valleys (Nagpur country).																			
Nagpur	1·59	50·95	3·78	56·32	109·8	81·4	115·2	71·0	84·9	74·1	97·7	71·1	77·2	54·0	80·4	49·1			
Bhandara	0·68	57·31	2·01	60·00	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Balaghat	0·86	96·28	3·78	100·92	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Chanda	0·65	61·40	7·59	69·64	111·0	79·4	115·9	74·2	86·1	74·5	95·4	72·3	80·2	52·8	83·4	44·7			
Wardha	0·64	51·00	4·82	56·46	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Districts of the Mahanadi Valley (Chhattisgarh).																			
Raipur	1·34	79·98	4·20	85·52	109·1	78·6	113·5	72·1	84·2	72·8	89·6	67·9	76·1	53·4	80·9	48·9			
Bilaspur	1·22	54·58	0·67	56·47	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Sambalpur	1·27	64·92	3·22	69·41	107·1	82·5	113·7	72·4	84·1	76·9	89·6	75·1	77·3	53·6	78·9	46·7			

1.—Native States.

Name of State.	In subsidiary alliance or Feudatory.	Tribute in men or money.	†Population.	Supposed gross revenue.	Military force.	Transit duties or not.	Principal articles of production including manufactures and mines.
		Rs.		Rs.			
1. Bastar ...	Feudatory..	3,056	196,248	92,135	3 wall pieces (zambooks) ... 4 Gunners. 12 Horsemen. 50 Sepoys.	None ...	Rice, oilseeds, dyes, dammer, silk cocoons, lac, galls, fibres, some iron, horns, hides, wax and honey. There is a considerable traffic in teak timber, which is sent to the Coast.
2. Karond* ...	Do. ...	3,975	224,548	80,000	Has a considerable force of Paiks some of whom are armed with muskets, but the exact numbers are not known.	Do. ...	Rice, pulses, oilseeds, sugarcane, and cotton; wheat also grown in some parts. No important manufactures, and no mines.
3. Raigarh Bargarh*...	Do. ..	400	128,943	7,500	See foot note ...	Do. ...	Rice, pulses, oilseeds, sugar-cane, cotton and a little wheat and gram. No manufactures of importance, and no mines worked though iron is abundant.
4. Sarangarh* ...	Do. ...	1,350	71,274	33,902	Do.	Do. ...	Do. do.
5. Patna* ...	Do. ...	600	257,959	64,400	Do.	Do. ...	Rice, pulses, oilseeds, sugar-cane, and cotton. No manufactures of importance. Iron ore found in many parts, but no mines are regularly worked.
6. Sonpur ...	Do. ...	5,000	178,701	28,000	Do.	Do. ...	Do. do.
7. Rehrakhol ...	Do. ...	580	17,750	6,000	Do.	Do. ...	Do. do. Also some valuable sal forests; lac is found in considerable quantities. Iron ore very abundant. No manufactures of importance.
8. Bamra ...	Do. ...	350	81,286	16,000	Do.	Do. ...	Rice, pulses, oilseeds, sugarcane, and cotton; also some valuable sal forests, and lac is found in considerable quantities. Iron ore very abundant. No manufactures of importance.
9. Sakti ...	Do. ...	350	22,819	16,800	Do.	Do. ...	Rice, wheat, oilseeds and cotton: also some forest produce but not much, consisting of lac, resin, gum and mohwa fruit.
† 10. Kawardha ...	Do. ...	16,000	86,362	68,000	Do.	Do. ...	Do. do.
11. Kondka or Chhuikhadan.	Do. ...	11,000	32,979	22,032	Do.	Do. ...	Wheat, gram, cotton, &c.
12. Kanker ...	Do. ...	Pays nothing.	63,610	17,000	Do.	Do. ...	Rice, kutki, kodo, lac, gum, &c.
13. Khairagarh ...	Do. ...	47,000	166,138	1,48,713	Do.	Do. ...	Cotton, rice, wheat, gram, &c. Some iron ore.
14. Nandgaon ...	Do. ...	46,000	164,339	1,46,528	Do.	Do. ...	Rice, tur, wheat, gram, oil-seeds, cotton, and coarse cloth.
15. Makrai ...	Do. ..	Pays nothing.	16,764	29,964	Do.	Do. ...	Wheat, gram, rice, &c., gum, mohwa, chironji, achar, &c. No manufactures worthy of note. Iron ore exists but no mines are regularly worked.

NOTE.—All the Chiefs have followers or retainers of kinds, but no accurate information regarding their equipment and discipline exists. They have no military force in the real sense of the term and the column has therefore been left blank.

† The population is given according to the Census of 1881.

* Under British management.

Statement I. B. 2.—Feudatory Chiefs and principal male members of their families.

Name of State.	Name and age of Chief and family to which he belongs.	Caste or race and religion.	How educated.	How employed.	Has sanad authorizing adoption or not.	Family follows primogeniture or not.	Has male heirs or not.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Bastar ...	Raja Bahiram Deo, aged 45.	Rajput ...	Indifferently ...	In administering his territory.	Has Sanad.	Follows primogeniture.	Has a nephew.
Patna ...	Ramchandra Singh Chowhan, aged 13.	Chowhan Agin-bansi ...	Being educated at the Rajkumar College, Jubbulpore ...	The State is under Government management.	do.	do.	Is a minor.
Kalahandi alias Karund.	Raghu Kishore Deo Chowhan, aged 13.	Chowhan Nag-bansi ...	Do. do. ...	Do.	do.	do.	Do.
Sonpur ...	Niladhar Singh Deo Chowhan Mahapatra, aged 46.	Chowhan Maha-patra ...	Knows English and Uria ...	Administering his State.	do.	do.	Has male heirs.
Bamra ...	Sudhal Deo, aged 37.	Gangabansi ...	Knows Uria, Hindi, Bengali and Sanscrit.	Do.	do.	do.	do.
Rairakhole ...	Bishan Chandra Jenamani, aged 66.	Jena Rajput ...	Knows Uria ...	Do.	do.	do.	do.
Sarangarh ...	Bhowani Pratab Singh, aged 20.	Gond ...	Knows a little English and Hindi ...	The State is under Government management.	do.	do.	do.
Raigarh ...	Ghansham Singh, aged 61.	Do. ...	Knows Hindi ...	Do.	do.	do.	do.
Kanker ...	Narhar Deo Chandra Bansi, aged 36.	Kshetri Hindoo ...	Knows Hindi, Urdu, Uria and Sanscrit ...	Administers his territory.	do.	do.	1 son and two step brothers.
Khairagarh ...	Lal Umrao Singh, alias Kanhya Lal aged 40.	Rajput Hindoo ...	Knows Hindi ...	Do.	do.	do.	2 sons and 5 brothers.
Nandgaon ...	Mahant Balram Dass Byragi, aged 20.	Byragi Hindu ...	Knows Hindi and is now learning English	Under education. His mother manages the Estate.	do.	Does not follow primogeniture.	No heirs.
Chuikhadan ...	Mahant Lachman Dass Byragi, aged 74.	Do. ...	Knows Hindi ...	Administers his territory.	do.	Follows primogeniture.	1 son and 4 grandsons.
Kawardha ...	Thakur Rajpal Singh, aged 35.	Raj Gond ...	Under tutor appointed by Deputy Commr.	Resides at Nowagaon in Kawardha, the State being under Government management.	do.	do.	Has no male heir.
Sakti ...	Raja Ranjat Singh, aged 52.	Do. ...	Knows Uria and Urdu.	Resides at Raipur, the State being under Government management.	do.	do.	Has 2 sons.
Makrai ...	Raja Lachushah alias Bharatshah Makrai Raja of Kalabit, aged 36.	Gond ...	By private tutor in Hindi ...	Manages his Estate.	do.	do.	1 son aged 9 years.

I. C.—Civil Divisions of British territory.

Name of Commissionership.	District.	Number of Judicial and Revenue Sub-divisions.	Area in square miles.	Population.	Chief towns with population.		Number of villages.	How many Civil and Revenue Judges of all sorts.	How many Magistrates of all sorts	Maximum distance in miles of villages from nearest Court.	Average do.	Number of Police.	Total cost of officials and police of all kinds.	Revenue.	
														Land.	Gross.
		1	2	3	4		5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
														Rs.	Rs.
JUBBULPORE.	Saugor ...	5	4,007	5,64,950	Saugor	44,416	2,107	12	11	28	26	731	84,555	4,44,138	7,07,787
					Garhakota	8,843									
					Deori	7,074									
					Rehli	5,196									
					Kurai	5,370									
	Damoh ...	2	2,831	3,12,957	Damoh	8,665	1,335	5	8	50	17	382	1,24,890	2,65,620	3,90,405
					Hatta	6,325									
					Hindoria	3,286									
					Raneh	2,628									
	Jubbulpore ...	4	3,948	6,87,233	Jubbulpore	68,357	2,527	11	22	40	18	763	1,06,584	5,73,363	9,51,339
					Sihora	5,736									
					Murwara	8,612									
					Garha	7,348									
					Panagarh	4,916									
	Mandla ...	2	5,056	3,01,760	Mandla	4,372	1,751	4	5	61	25	303	75,179	65,550	87,580
					Bahmni	2,400									
					Shaipura	2,783									
					Pindrai	1,334									

NARBADA.	Seoni	...	2	3,198	3,34,733	Seoni	10,203	1,434	6	5	45	24	315	88,806	1,58,914	3,70,363
	Narsinghpur	...	2	1,916	3,65,173	Narsinghpur	5,114	1,095	8	13	21	13	354	1,34,132	4,18,785	6,31,794
						Kandeli	5,108									
						Gadarwara	8,100									
	Hoshangabad	...	4	4,529	4,88,787	Hoshangabad	34,935	1,415	13	16	55	14	625	1,63,194	4,34,022	13,98,836
						Sohagpur	21,353									
						Harda	11,203									
						Seoni	6,968									
	Nimar	...	2	3,357	2,31,341	Khandwa	15,142	680	16	11	40	6	482	1,23,853	1,79,478	4,91,876
						Burhanpur	30,017									
						Asirgarh	2,437									
						Pandhana	2,788									
						Mandhatta	1,490									
	Betul	...	2	3,824	3,04,905	Betul	4,693	1,200	6	12	52	22	839	1,20,424	1,90,392	1,99,845
						Badnur	4,180									
						Multai	3,423									
	Chhindwara	...	2	4,630	3,72,899	Chhindwara	8,220	1,833	6	5	64	29	387	55,030	2,20,242	4,20,229
						Pandhurna	7,469									
						Mohgaon	5,180									
NAGPUR.	Wardha	...	3	2,428	3,37,221	Wardha	5,816	1,372	10	13	26	19	455	2,68,504	5,14,241	9,36,766
						Hinganghat	9,000									
						Arvi	3,072									
						Ashti	5,245									
						Deoli	5,126									
	Nagpur	...	5	3,843	6,97,356	Nagpur	98,299	2,170	18	21	38	21	1,074	2,22,775	8,29,666	16,04,063
						Kamptee	50,987									
						Umrer	14,247									
						Khapa	8,465									
						Ramtek	7,814									
						Narkher	7,061									
						Mohopa	5,515									
						Kalmeshwar	5,318									
						Saoner	5,023									

1. C.—Continued.

Number of Commissionership.	District.	Number of Judicial and Revenue Sub-divisions.	Area in square miles.	Population.	Chief towns with population.		Number of villages.	How many Civil and Revenue Judges of all sorts.	How many Magistrates of all sorts.	Maximum distance in miles of villages from nearest Court.	Average do.	Number of Police.	Total cost of officials and Police of all kinds.	Revenue.	
														Land.	Gross.
													Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
CHHATTISGARH.	Chanda ...	4	10,749	6,49,146	Chanda	16,137	2,890	10	9	130	20	611	1,42,759	2,80,290	5,52,709
					Warora	8,022									
					Armori	5,584									
	Bhandara ...	3	5,968	6,83,779	Bhandara	11,150	1,612	9	8	72	34	479	55,758	4,02,036	7,76,435
					Pownī	9,773									
					Mohali	5,142									
					Tumsar	7,388									
	Balaghat ...	2	3,139	3,40,554	Behir	4,136	1,211	5	4	65	30	233	79,114	1,60,840	3,60,953
					Waraseoni	3,326									
	Raipur ...	4	11,725	14,051,71	Raipur	24,948	4,703	13	18	69	14	512	1,56,989	6,55,539	10,04,191
					Dhamtari	6,647									
					Rajim	3,252									
					Arang	4,608									
	Bilaspur ...	3	8,275	10,17,327	Bilaspur	7,775	3,722	10	7	56	10	319	1,02,223	2,57,382	4,24,334
					Ratanpur	5,615									
	Sambalpur ...	2	4,469	6,93,499	Sambalpur	13,939	2,252	8	9	66	25	365	1,04,534	1,04,411	1,72,530
	Total ...	53	85,892	98,38,791	.....		35,309	170	197	130	26	8,729	22,09,303	61,54,909	1,14,82,085

I. D.—Population.

District.	Houses.		Population.						Classification of population.												Occupation.		Prevailing language.
					Children under 12 years.				Christians.														
	Occupied.	Unoccupied.	Men.	Women.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Number per square mile.	British born British subjects.	Other Europeans and Americans.	Eurasians.	Natives.	Indian Portuguese.	Unspecified.	Hindus.	Mahomedans.	Parsis.	Buddhists and Jains.	Aborigines.	Others.	Agriculturists.	Non-Agriculturists.	
Saugor ...	1,30,409	25,302	1,99,563	1,81,173	95,283	88,982	5,64,950	141·1	440	99	56	410	...	88	5,02,927	25,396	15	16,434	19,144	...	1,49,732	4,15,218	h
Damoh ...	70,276	3,326	1,09,656	1,00,831	52,914	49,556	3,12,957	111·8	5	7	1	15	...	5	2,91,454	9,384	...	6,665	5,421	...	89,359	2,23,598	h
Jubbulpore ...	1,74,512	15,982	2,31,973	2,25,378	1,17,279	1,12,604	6,87,233	175·4	808	317	267	721	30	333	5,76,593	34,790	51	5,515	67,804	4	2,41,847	4,45,386	h
Mandla ...	61,779	7,192	93,266	90,570	50,376	57,648	3,01,760	62·9	7	5	2	109	...	5	1,29,555	4,048	...	284	1,67,746	...	1,40,989	1,60,771	h g
Seoni ...	67,104	5,245	1,06,804	1,06,349	61,121	60,459	3,34,733	103·1	12	3	7	73	3	1	1,80,337	13,442	3	1,408	1,39,444	...	1,41,944	1,92,789	h m g
Narsinghpur ...	79,765	3,346	1,22,722	1,18,570	63,913	59,968	3,65,173	190·0	11	39	5	31	4	13	3,05,562	13,425	3	2,170	43,910	...	1,15,530	2,49,643	h
Hoshangabad ...	1,02,863	9,558	1,69,546	1,56,892	82,947	79,402	4,88,787	110·2	154	96	63	337	33	100	3,94,035	22,355	41	1,725	69,840	8	1,44,278	3,44,509	h g k
1 Feudatory State ...	3,380	139	5,717	5,385	2,804	2,858	16,764	77·9	...	...	...	...	...	...	11,708	849	...	...	4,207	...	3,538	13,228	...
Nimar ...	48,592	5,666	82,904	73,328	38,104	37,005	2,31,341	69·3	188	6	86	309	53	93	1,99,454	24,425	97	1,247	5,252	46	84,312	1,47,029	h Guzerathi
Betul ...	58,608	5,121	97,129	93,299	57,297	57,180	3,04,905	78·1	4	3	5	22	...	...	1,82,394	5,032	...	942	1,16,503	...	1,24,702	1,80,203	h g m k
Chhindwara ...	73,621	26,874	1,17,026	1,16,807	69,142	69,924	3,73,899	95·2	4	4	19	49	1	...	2,14,320	11,298	...	1,451	1,45,253	...	1,70,407	2,02,492	g h m k
Wardha ...	85,044	7,189	1,36,680	1,29,746	59,884	61,911	3,87,221	161·3	11	15	7	47	7	9	3,28,621	14,200	7	2,356	41,933	8	1,70,849	2,16,372	m g h
Nagpur ...	1,45,593	15,063	2,42,663	2,36,215	1,09,093	1,09,385	6,97,356	184·2	1,063	383	630	2,303	66	405	6,06,223	39,765	178	3,569	42,750	16	2,09,568	4,87,783	m h t g
Chanda ...	1,48,135	22,414	2,12,336	2,10,136	1,14,488	1,12,186	6,49,146	60·2	15	35	29	191	4	15	5,00,569	10,057	...	737	1,36,564	...	2,53,228	3,95,918	m h t g
1 Feudatory State ...	38,271	...	70,328	61,488	32,718	31,719	1,96,248	15·	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,59,128	779	...	...	36,341	..	80,194	1,16,054	...
Bhandara ...	1,33,056	8,058	2,23,549	2,26,812	1,17,262	1,16,156	6,83,779	174·3	15	32	5	87	1	17	5,91,918	13,102	4	577	78,021	...	2,58,668	4,25,111	m h g
Balaghat ...	69,034	2,939	1,09,669	1,13,153	59,261	58,571	3,40,554	108·2	3	5	2	26	..	...	2,49,796	6,541	...	125	84,056	...	1,58,747	1,81,807	h m g
Raipur ...	4,46,651	13,635	4,27,766	4,48,054	2,68,476	2,60,675	14,05,171	118·2	15	31	24	730	4	17	12,23,117	14,991	...	513	1,65,729	...	6,66,394	7,38,777	h u g m
4 Feudatory States ...	1,04,554	19,553	1,31,454	1,34,202	81,338	80,072	4,27,066	160·7	3	1	...	...	...	10	3,16,657	3,385	...	193	1,06,317	...	1,90,967	2,36,099	...
Bilaspur ...	2,81,580	8,719	3,11,228	3,23,905	1,92,818	1,89,376	10,17,327	130·5	5	2	...	28	...	...	8,50,103	9,625	...	17	1,57,647	...	4,05,067	6,12,260	h
2 Feudatory States ...	32,324	1,400	34,016	35,445	20,042	19,678	1,09,181	108·9	...	...	...	...	...	...	89,943	2,682	...	...	26,156	...	45,557	63,594	...
Sambalpur ...	1,60,359	8,022	2,13,943	2,16,093	1,33,606	1,30,857	6,93,499	153·4	8	14	18	70	...	...	6,43,771	2,966	...	...	46,652	...	2,52,419	4,41,080	u h k
7 Feudatory States ...	1,96,754	...	3,03,867	2,87,489	1,85,403	1,83,702	9,60,461	80·7	3	2	4	1	...	...	9,10,835	3,319	...	...	47,297	...	2,80,171	7,30,290	
Total Districts ...	23,36,976	1,93,769	33,07,321	31,67,311	17,52,114	17,12,045	98,38,791	116·5	2,768	1,142	1,226	5,557	206	1,050	79,71,254	2,75,773	399	45,735	15,33,590	82	37,78,040	60,60,751	
15 Feudatory States...	3,75,283	21,092	5,45,382	5,24,004	3,22,305	3,18,029	17,09,720	59·3	6	3	4	1	...	10	14,79,271	9,914	...	193	2,20,318	...	5,50,457	11,59,263	
Grand Total ...	27,12,259	2,14,861	37,52,703	36,91,315	20,74,419	20,30,074	1,15,48,511	101·9	2,774	1,145	1,230	5,558	206	1,060	94,50,525	2,85,687	399	45,928	17,53,917	82	43,28,497	72,20,014	

NOTE.—The population is according to the Census of 1881.
m denotes Marathi, h Hindi, t Telugu, g Gondi, k Kol or Korku, u Uriya.

I. E—Fiscal.

The Survey and Settlement.

Area previously surveyed in miles.				Cost per mile.			Surveyed during the year with cost per mile.		
		Revenue.							
Trigonometrically.	Topographically.	By villages.	By fields.	Trigonometrical.	Topographical.	Revenue	Trigonometrical.	Topographical.	Revenue.
						Rs. a. p.			
7,633	28,024	55,206	...	...	...	45 · 4 2			603 at Rs. 42 per mile.

Includes Survey of some portions of Feudatories.

Settlement.

Nature of Settlement.	Area in miles.	Annual revenue Assessed.	Date of expiry of Settlement.	Remarks.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Settled in perpetuity ...	...	...	...	
For 30 years or upwards ...	30,577	4,744,166	various dates between 1893 and 1898.	
For 10 years and under 30 ...	12,595	1,066,384	Do. 1885 and 1889.	
In progress	391	57,374	1895.	
Total ...	43,563	5,867924	...	Exclusive of Feudatories Zamindaris and Government Forests.

Surveyed and assessed area in acres.

Districts.	Total area by survey less Feudatories and Government Forests.	Deduct area not fully assessed including estates assessed at privileged rates.	Balance of area fully assessed.	Total Land Revenue (excluding cesses) of district (column 2).	Population of district (column 2).	Land Revenue per head of population (columns 5 and 6)	Land Revenue (excluding cesses) assessed on fully assessed area (column 4).	Incidence of revenue on fully assessed area per acre.		Population of fully assessed area.	Land revenue assessment per head of population of fully assessed area (column 4).	Population of towns exceeding 10,000 in assessed area.
								For total area.	For cultivated area only.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
						Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.	
Saugor ...	2,904,480	171,329	1,833,151	4,70,538	558,234	0 13 6	4,36,554	0 3 10	0 9 11	515,508	0 13 7	28,769
Damoh ...	1,261,269	120,140	1,141,129	2,65,620	312,957	0 13 0	2,61,693	0 3 8	0 10 11	284,560	0 14 8	...
Jubbulpore ..	2,294,852	333,711	1,961,141	6,19,267	687,233	0 14 5	5,70,123	0 3 11	0 8 8	614,808	0 14 10	...
Mandla ..	1,377,920	18,716	1,359,204	66,761	223,098	0 4 5	65,550	0 0 9	0 2 9	238,736	0 4 4	...
Seoni ..	1,442,774	153,987	1,288,787	1,49,123	327,841	0 7 2	1,47,543	0 1 7	0 3 3	291,663	0 8 1	10,203
Narsinghpur ..	1,100,815	40,057	1,060,758	4,18,785	364,512	1 2 4	4,14,894	0 6 3	0 11 9	352,809	1 2 9	...
Hoshangabad (Khalsa) ...	1,712,225	147,207	1,565,018	4,34,613	488,787	0 14 3	4,20,349	0 4 1	0 3 1	449,670	0 14 11	...
Do. Zamindari ..	168,095	...	160,895	140	5,347	0 0 5	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nimar ...	947,840	155,875	791,965	1,79,478	231,123	0 12 5	1,76,743	0 3 7	0 7 2	177,518	0 15 11	...
Betul ..	1,615,722	19,771	1,595,951	1,90,605	283,955	0 10 9	1,90,105	0 1 11	0 3 8	280,890	0 10 9	...
Chhindwara (Khalsa) ...	1,740,800	154,240	1,586,560	2,15,303	305,804	0 11 3	1,89,291	0 1 9	0 4 8	271,687	0 11 1	...
Do. Zamindari ...	655,360	...	655,360	...	64,512	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Wardha ...	1,425,807	89,245	1,336,562	5,14,241	387,221	1 5 2	5,09,466	0 6 1	0 9 8	360,091	1 6 8	...
Nagpur ..	2,118,400	246,310	1,872,090	8,29,666	697,356	1 3 0	7,89,015	0 6 9	0 11 11	629,454	1 4 1	163,533
Chanda (Khalsa) ..	1,608,202	35,827	1,662,375	2,69,258	533,214	0 8 2	2,69,258	0 2 7	0 7 0	521,911	0 8 3	16,137
Do. Zamindari ..	3,137,280	...	3,137,280	2,205	115,932	0 0 4	2,205	...	...	115,932	0 0 4	...
Bhandara (Khalsa) ...	1,217,280	75,284	1,141,996	3,30,998	476,816	0 11 1	3,28,153	0 4 7	0 9 9	443,980	0 11 8	11,150
Do. Zamindari ..	941,440	...	941,440	71,038	206,963	0 5 6	71,038	0 1 3	0 3 2	206,963	0 5 6	...
Balaghat (Khalsa) ..	715,520	4,984	710,536	1,27,124	259,724	0 7 10	1,26,946	0 2 10	0 7 8	256,935	0 7 11	...
Do. Zamindari ..	631,040	...	631,040	28,430	80,827	0 5 7	28,430	0 0 9	0 2 6	80,827	0 5 7	...
Raipur (Khalsa) ..	3,081,600	68,814	3,012,786	5,32,053	1,141,882	0 7 5	5,22,581	0 3 9	0 4 4	1,119,006	0 7 6	24,948
Do. Zamindari ...	3,546,240	...	3,546,240	20,050	263,289	0 1 3	20,050	0 0 1	0 0 9	263,289	0 1 3	...
Bilaspur (Khalsa) ...	1,940,480	52,480	1,888,000	2,51,761	746,130	0 5 4	2,45,268	0 2 1	0 3 8	724,055	0 5 4	...
Do. Zamindari ...	2,940,800	...	2,940,800	18,725	271,197	0 1 2	18,725	0 0 1	0 0 8	271,197	0 1 1	...
Sambalpur (Khalsa) ..	573,440	126,720	446,720	93,165	362,058	0 4 1	89,437	0 3 2	0 9 8	305,334	0 4 8	13,939
Do. Zamindari ...	1,829,120	...	1,829,120	11,246	331,441	0 0 6	11,246	0 0 1	...	331,441	0 0 1	...
Total Central Provinces ..	28,267,426	2,014,697	26,254,729	59,58,359	8,387,948	0 11 4	57,47,969	0 3 7	0 7 7	7,838,615	0 11 8	268,679
Zamindari ...	13,849,375	...	13,849,375	1,51,834	1,339,502	0 1 9	1,51,694	0 0 2	0 0 6	1,269,649	0 1 10	...

I. E. 3—Fiscal.

Varieties of tenure held direct from Government.

Naute of tenure.	Number of estates.	Number of villages.	Number of holders or shareholders.	Gross area in acres.	Average area of each estate.	Average assessment of each estate.	Revenue rate per acre.
							Rs. a. p.
1.—Proprietors, Zamindars or Malguzars paying from Rs. 50,000 revenue. { Held by individuals under law of primogeniture ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....
{ Held by individuals and families under ordinary law ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....
2.—Proprietors, Zamindars or Malguzars paying from Rs. 50,000 to 5,000 revenue. { Under law of primogeniture ...	10	2,032	12	8,51,947	85,194	13,586	0 1 11
{ Under ordinary law ..	179	1,419	257	30,97,095	17,302	803	0 6 9
3.—Proprietors paying from Rs. 5,000 to Rs. 100 revenue ...	17,364	23,700	40,807	2,44,89,403	1,410	950	0 4 0
4.—Proprietors other than those of cultivating communities, paying less than Rs. 100	7,587	8,027	18,072	1,18,82,633	1,566	664	0 4 4
5.—Peasant proprietors paying separately	665	142	498	17,227	26	17	0 3 7
6.—Plot-holders (Malik makbuzas)	31,742	...	38,800	6,49,508	20	16	0 9 7
7.—Holders of wholly or partly revenue-free tenures. { In perpetuity	4,072	1,419	5,606	12,78,111	313	190	0 3 7
{ For life or lives	4,192	584	6,140	6,41,830	153	141	0 4 3
8.—Landholders who have redeemed the revenue	22	62	45	28,607	1,273	...	0 0 10
9.—Purchasers of waste lands	258	...	252	2,13,722	828	735	0 15 5
Total ...	66,091	37,385	1,10,489	4,41,49,483	...	...	.....

I E. 4—Fiscal—Transfers.

	No. of transfers.		Total area transferred.	
	By order of Court.	By private contract or gift.	By order of Court.	By private contract or gift.
Proprietor ... { Revenue paying	265	2,107	1,43,451	8,23,519
{ Revenue-free	13	82	7,932	25,081
Total ...	278	2,189	1,51,383	8,48,600

I. E- 5 FISCAL.

Land Revenue.

Description of Revenue.	Revenue last year.		Revenue this year.		Cost of collection.	Net collections during the year.	Outstanding balances.	Number of sales for arrears of revenue.	Revenue of estates sold.	Cause of increase or decrease of revenue with explanation of any item realized in addition to the annual assessed revenue.
	Assessed.	Realized.	Assessed.	Realized.						
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
From settled estates bearing revenue in past years ...	61,34,363	61,32,361	61,43,475	61,42,471						
Settled estates added to revenue roll during present year ...	...	...	...	...						
Settled estates taken off revenue roll during present year ..	...	...	...	...						
Collection from Government estates	...	...	...	...	6,99,277	54,62,236	1,058	...	...	Rs. 131 of this balance have been remitted: the actual balance is therefore Rs. 927.
Income from sale of Government estates	...	...	...	...						
Miscellaneous Land Revenue not included in above ...	1,10,603	1,10,546	1,11,945	1,11,891						
Total ...	62,44,966	62,42,907	62,55,420	62,54,362						

II.—STATISTICS OF PROTECTION.

A.—LEGISLATIVE.

1.—Statement of Acts passed by the Legislature of the Province of in the year and sanctioned as required by law.

Title of Act.	By whom proposed.	Object and character of Act.	Date on which sanctioned.

2.—Statement of Bills proposed or pending in the Legislature of the Province in the year

Title of Bill.	By whom proposed.	Object and character of Bill.	When introduced.	When rejected or withdrawn.	If pending why, and in what state.

3.—Statement of Draft Bills submitted by the chief Administrative authority of the for the consideration of the Legislature of India during the year

Title of Bill.	By whom proposed.	Object and character of Act.	Date, result, or present position of the proposed Bill.

Judicial Statement No. 1.—(Civil and Criminal.)

STATEMENT showing the number of Judicial Divisions and the number of Officers exercising Appellate or Original jurisdiction in the Central Provinces on the last day of the year 1884 with the cost of Tribunals.

Name of Provinces.	Area.	Population.	Number of Divisions for Courts under Chief Court, but superior to Chief Courts of Districts.	Number of Districts.	Number of Sub-Districts.	Total number of officers exercising original or appellate jurisdiction: Judges of Chief Court of Provinces.	Judges of other Courts, superior to Chief District Courts.	Judges of Chief Courts of Districts.	Judges of District Courts other than Chief Courts	Judges of other subordinate Courts.	Total number of cases decided: Original. Regular.	Original. Miscellaneous.	Appeals. Regular.	Appeals. Miscellaneous.	Total receipts of the Courts.	Total charges of the Courts.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Central Provinces. Territory subject to the High Court.. Civil and Revenue	84,445	98,38,791	4	18	50	1	4	18	37	101	99,432	6,950	5,357	290	8,25,963	11,73,279
Central Provinces. Territory subject to the High Court.. Criminal ...									41	160	23,073	1,145	1,968	68		
Central Provinces. Ditto not subject to the High Court. Civil and Revenue.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Central Provinces. Ditto not subject to the High Court. Criminal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	84,445	98,38,791	4	18	50	1	4	18	41	205	1,22,505	8,101	7,325	358	8,25,963	11,73,279

NOTE.—Number of European and Native Judicial Officers exercising Appellate or original jurisdiction.

The Civil grades are those described in Act XIV of 1865. On the Criminal side, District Officers are included with 1st Class Magistrates.

CIVIL.

Naib-Tahsildars. Euro.	Natives.	Judges of Small Cause Courts, Europeans.	Natives.	Registrars of Small Cause Courts. Europeans	Natives	Courts of	1st Grade. Euro.	Natives.	2nd Grade. Euro.	Natives.	3rd Grade. Euro.	Natives.	4th Grade. Euro.	Natives.	5th Grade. Euro.	Natives.	6th Grade. Euro.	Natives.	7th Grade. Euro.	Natives.	8th Grade. Euro.	Natives.
0	42	6	0	0	2		0	11	0	41	1	2	4	16	3	8	19	1	4	0	1	0

CRIMINAL.

High Court Judges. Euro.	Natives.	Sessions Judges. Euro.	Natives.		1st Class. Euro.	Natives.	2nd Class. Euro.	Natives.	3rd Class. Euro.	Natives.	Cantonment Magistrates. Euro.	Natives.
1	0	4	0	Magistrates.	29	32	2	92	1	59	4	0

* The total columns 7 to 11 show the *actual number of individuals*, as required. As the same Officer has in some (but not in all) cases both Civil and Criminal powers, the figure totals of columns 10 and 11 are higher than totals shown.

JUDICIAL STATEMENT 2.—(Criminal.)

Statement of Offences reported and persons tried, convicted and acquitted of each class of offence in the Central Provinces in the year 1884.

Description of offence.	Number of offences reported.	Number of cases returned as true.	Number of cases brought to trial during the year.	Number of persons					Remarks.
				Under trial during the year, including pending from previous year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped or transferred to another Province.	Remaining under trial	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Offences against the State, Chapter VI of the Indian Penal Code ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Do. relating to the army and navy Chapter VII. ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Do. against the public tranquillity do. VIII. ...	168	159	159	876	242	609	1	24	
Do. by or relating to Public servants do. IX. ..	68	62	61	72	32	33	.....	7	
Contempts of the lawful authority of public servants do. X. ...	279	267	250	423	157	242	2	22	
False evidence and offences against public justice do. XI. ...	303	278	275	381	145	223	2	11	
Offences relating to coin and Government Stamps do. XII. ...	73	67	55	62	17	43	.....	2	
Do. relating to weights and measures do. XIII. ...	150	150	149	189	39	144	5	1	
Do. affecting the public health, safety, convenience, decency and morals do. XIV. ..	219	201	202	314	95	209	.....	10	
Do. relating to religion do. XV. ..	11	7	6	15	12	3	.....	.....	
Offences affecting the human body, Chapter XVI. — Offences affecting life ..	296	254	235	316	138	153	2	23	
Causing of miscarriage, injuries to unborn children, exposure of infants and the concealment of births ...	32	25	17	27	6	19	.....	2	
Hurt	2,261	1,936	1,853	3,524	2,077	1,339	34	74	
Wrongful restraint and wrongful confinement ...	237	154	123	253	141	110	1	1	
Criminal force and assault ..	7,090	5,503	5,523	10,555	6,899	3,412	62	182	
Kidnapping, forcible abduction, slavery and forced labor ...	46	30	24	48	25	22	.....	1	
Rape	92	57	47	57	32	23	.....	2	
Unnatural offence	39	34	22	26	11	14	.....	1	
Offences against property, Chapter XVII. — Theft	11,850	11,144	5,082	7,019	1,591	5,389	8	37	
Extortion	94	70	71	132	59	48	1	24	
Robbery and dacoity	141	105	71	203	62	130	10	1	
Criminal misappropriation of property ...	144	128	127	171	39	128	1	3	
Criminal breach of trust... ...	328	267	207	256	74	165	6	11	
Receiving stolen property	254	241	228	311	90	208	.....	4	
Cheating	200	132	125	175	103	63	4	5	
Fraudulent deeds and disposition of property ...	5	4	4	7	2	3	2	.....	
Mischief	594	459	232	498	316	170	1	11	
Criminal trespass	5,981	5,476	2,217	3,209	1,089	2,068	9	43	
Offences relating to documents and to trade or property marks, Chapter XVIII. ...	35	27	24	42	16	16	.....	10	
Criminal breach of contracts of service do. XIX. ...	3	3	3	3	2	1	.....	.....	
Offences relating to marriage ... do. XX. ...	630	402	394	459	344	84	16	15	
Defamation ... ... do. XXI. ...	638	302	275	424	306	113	1	4	
Criminal intimidation, insult and annoyance do. XXII. ...	672	471	466	764	487	261	6	10	
Offences under special and local laws	5,522	5,139	5,065	7,382	1,650	5,603	43	86	
Total ...	38,451	33,561	23,651	38,193	16,307	21,048	217	*627	* Include 6 persons who are in the Lunatic Asylum.

JUDICIAL STATEMENT 3.—(Criminal).

Statement of miscellaneous proceedings under the Criminal Procedure Code in the Central Provinces during the year 1884.

Nature of proceedings.	Total number of cases before the Courts during the year.	Number of persons concerned.	Number of persons discharged.	Number of persons convicted.	Pending at close of the year. Persons.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1. Frivolous or vexatious complaints summarily dealt with under Chapter XX., Section 25	318	325	.....	325	.....	
2. Proceedings against witnesses under Chapter VI—C ...	3	4	1	3	.....	
3. Forfeiture of bail or recognizance under Chapter XLII ...	35	57	13	43	.....	1 absconded.
4. Non-attendance of jurors or assessors, Chapter XXIII, Section 332	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
5. Contempts of Court under Chapter XXXV	9	11	.....	11	.....	
6. Proceedings under Chapter VIII, Section 107, to prevent breach of the peace	35	86	26	58	1	Pending less than a month : 1 person absconded.
7. Proceedings under Chapter VIII, Sections 109, 110, security for good behaviour	221	263	84	174	5	Pending less than a month.
8. Proceedings against nuisances, Chapter X	119	204	16	186	2	1 pending since 18th November 1884.
9. Possession, Chapter XII	10	25	23	2	.....	
10. Maintenance, Chapter XXXVI	418	418	270	129	19	3 are pending over a month for examination of witnesses : date of institution of the oldest case is 7th October 1884.
Total ...	1,170	1,393	433	931	27	

JUDICIAL STATEMENT 4.—(Criminal.)

Statement showing the general results of Criminal trials in the Tribunals of various classes in the Central Provinces in the year 1884.

Class of Court.	Total number of persons under trial.	Persons whose cases were disposed of.					Persons remaining under trial at the end of the year.	Number of cases disposed of during the year.	Average number of days during which each case lasted.	Number of witnesses examined.	Remarks.
		Died, escaped or transferred to another Province.	Discharged or acquitted.	Convicted.		Committed or referred.†					
				On regular trial.	On Summary trial.						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Village Officers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Subordinate Magistrates ... Special Magistrates under Section 14 ...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	—	
Subordinate Magistrates ... Honorary Magistrates sitting singly ...	2,406	46	4,607	4,326	155	...	72	5,435	11·2	18,145	
Subordinate Magistrates ... Stipendiary Magistrates sitting singly ...	23,597	117	9,208	11,346	2,470	85	*461	14,651	8·8	60,001	* Includes 5 persons who are in the Lunatic Asylum
Subordinate Magistrates ... Benches of Magistrates	2,832	16	1,470	911	397	...	38	1,702	10·2	5,209	
District and Divisional Magistrate's cases referred under Section 349 Cr. P. Code *	99	...	17	82	...	...	...	60	9·5	227	
Chief Magistrates of Districts	2,175	38	753	893	451	123	‡41	1,285	10·3	6,747	‡ Do. 1 person who is in the Lunatic Asylum.
Courts of Sessions	193	...	69	99	...	...	15	94	55·1	1,107	
Superior Courts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total ...	38,193	217	16,307	17,575	3,473	208	627	23,167	9·8	91,209	

* These figures having been included in the totals for Subordinate Magistrates are not taken into the general total at foot of the Statement.

† The persons shown as "committed for trial" in column 7 are not included in the totals of persons under trial by *Magistrates* in column 2, but are included in the total of persons tried by *Sessions Courts* in the same column.

JUDICIAL STATEMENT 5—(Criminal).

Statement showing the punishments inflicted by the various Criminal Tribunals in the Central Provinces in the year 1884.

Class of Tribunals.	Persons sentenced to								Persons ordered to find or give security or recognizance to keep the peace; or sentence for good behaviour.	Persons imprisoned in default of security for good behaviour.	Detail of punishments.																			
				Imprisonment.							Fine.									Imprisonment.					Whipped.			Number of boys whose sentences were commuted to detention in a reformatory school.
	Death.	Transportation.	Penal servitude.	Rigorous.	Simple.	Forfeiture of property.	Fine.	Whipping.			Rs. 10 and under.	Rs. 50 and under.	Rs. 100 and under.	Rs. 500 and under.	Rs. 1,000 and under.	Above Rs. 1,000.	Total amount of fines imposed during the year.	Total amount of fines realized during the year.	Amount paid by way of compensation.	15 days and under.	6 months and under.	2 years and under.	7 years and under.	Above 7 years.	10 stripes and under.	20 stripes and under.	30 stripes and under.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
Village officers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Subordinate Magistrates. Special Magistrates under Section 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Subordinate Magistrates. Honorary Magistrates sitting singly	...	...	...	975	46	45	3,267	791	10	...	3,113	206	64	1	...	...	19,146	18,659	1,849	178	801	44	...	...	18	75	101	...
Subordinate Magistrates. Stipendiary Magistrates sitting singly	...	...	...	4,350	141	155	3,146	1,027	64	96	7,888	1,004	162	17	...	...	69,439	64,149	2,944	400	3,576	514	1	...	123	708	277	...
Subordinate Magistrates. Benches of Magistrates ...	...	...	...	167	11	...	1,130	...	...	...	1,102	36	4	...	...	...	4,157	4,074	349	73	104	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
District and Divisional Magistrates cases referred under Section 349, Criminal Procedure Code*	...	...	...	40	...	...	14	32	...	...	12	...	2	...	...	...	258	52	...	1	18	21	...	...	15	8	11	...
Chief Magistrates of Districts ...	...	14	...	769	24	13	356	117	34	51	310	93	55	19	1	...	12,879	8,542	994	25	234	233	237	...	28	65	54	...
Courts of Session	19	39	...	39	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	7,200	20	20	...	2	13	22	1	...	...	...	...
Superior Courts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	19	53	...	6,300	232	213	12,899	1,335	103	147	12,413	1,340	285	38	1	1	1,12,821	95,444	6,156	674	4,717	905	310	1	169	848	432	...

* NOTE.—These figures having been included in the totals for Subordinate Magistrates are not taken into the general total at foot of the statement.

JUDICIAL STATEMENT 5 A (Criminal).

(Prescribed by Government of India, Home Department, No. 13-1005 of 1882.)

SHOWING THE PARTICULARS OF WHIPPING INFLICTED BY THE CRIMINAL TRIBUNALS.

PART I.

Showing whippings inflicted under Sections 2 and 3, Act VI, 1864, in lieu of other punishments.

Offences for which awarded.	Number of stripes awarded.												
	5 and under.		6 to 10.		11 to 15.		16 to 20.		21 to 25.		26 to 30.		Total.
	1st conviction.	2nd or subsequent conviction.	1st conviction.	2nd or subsequent conviction.	1st conviction.	2nd or subsequent conviction.	1st conviction.	2nd or subsequent conviction.	1st conviction.	2nd or subsequent conviction.	1st conviction.	2nd or subsequent conviction.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
In lieu of other punishments. (Sections 2 and 3, Act VI, 1864).													
1. Theft, as defined in Section 378, I. P. C.	7	...	99	...	304	2	199	2	114	3	83	2	815
1. Theft, as defined in Section 380 „	3	...	23	...	66	...	56	...	55	...	23	1	227
1. Theft, as defined in Section 381 „	...	...	6	...	26	...	32	...	8	...	19	...	91
1. Theft, as defined in Section 382 „	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Extortion as defined in Section 388 „	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...
2. Extortion as defined in Section 389 „	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Dishonestly receiving stolen property as defined in Section 411 „	...	...	...	..	1	...	4	...	1	...	...	...	6
3. Dishonestly receiving stolen property as defined in Section 412 „	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4. Lurking house-trespass, as defined in Section 443 ... „	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4
5. Lurking house-trespass by night as defined in Section 444 ... „	1	...	3	...	7	...	4	...	4	...	4	...	23
6. House-breaking, as defined in Section 445 .. „	...	...	6	...	13	...	18	..	4	...	3	...	44
7. House-breaking by night, as defined in Section 446 ... „	...	...	6	...	15	...	46	...	15	...	18	...	100
8. Offences under Section 14, Act III, 1880 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...
9. Prison Act No. 26 of 1870, Section 47 ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	1	...	..	...	1
											Total..		1,311

NOTE—Include juveniles punished under any of these heads.

PART II.

Showing whippings inflicted in addition to other punishments, Sections 3 and 4, Act VI. of 1864.

Offences for which awarded.	Number of stripes.						Total.	Remarks.
	5 and under.	6 to 10.	11 to 15.	16 to 20.	21 to 25.	26 to 30.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
In addition to other punishments (Sections 3 and 4)								
A.—SECTION 3.								
1. Theft as defined in ... Section 378, I. P. C.	...	2	9	15	18	29	73	
1. Theft as defined in ... Section 380 ,, ...	...	...	4	8	3	5	20	
1. Theft as defined in ... Section 381 ,, ...	...	...	2	...	...	...	2	
1. Theft as defined in ... Section 382 ,, ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2. Extortion, as defined in Section 388 ,, ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2. Extortion, as defined in Section 389 ,, ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3. Dishonestly receiving stolen property, as defined in Section 411 ,, ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3. Dishonestly receiving stolen property, as defined in Section 412 ,, ...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4. Lurking house-trespass as defined in Section 443 ... ,, ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
5. Lurking house-trespass by night, as defined in Section 444 ... ,, ...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	
6. House-breaking, as defined in Section 445 ... ,, ...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	
7. House-breaking by night, as defined in Section 446 ... ,, ...	...	...	...	...	3	1	4	
8. Offences under Section 14, Act III, 1860 ... ,, ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
B.—SECTION 4.								
1. False evidence, as defined in ... Section 193, I. P. C.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1. False evidence, as defined in ... Section 194 ,, ...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	
1. False evidence, as defined in ... Section 195 ,, ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2. False charge of unnatural offence, as defined in Sections 211 and 377 ... , ...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3. Assault, as defined in Section 354 ... ,, ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4. Rape, as defined in Section 375 ... ,, ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
5. Unnatural offence, as defined in Section 377 ... ,, ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
6. Robbery, as defined in Section 390 ... ,, ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
7. Dacoity, as defined in Section 391 ... ,, ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
8. Attempt at robbery, as defined in Section 393, ... ,, ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
9. Hurt in committing robbery, as defined in Section 394 ... ,, ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
10. Receiving stolen property, as defined in Section 413 ... ,, ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
11. Forgery, as defined in Section 468 ,, ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
11. Forgery, as defined in Section 466 ,, ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
11. Forgery, as defined in Section 467 ,, ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
11. Forgery, as defined in Section 468 ,, ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
11. Forgery, as defined in Section 469 ,, ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
12. Lurking house-trespass, as defined in Section 443 ... ,, ...	...	...	1	...	...	4	5	
13. Lurking house-trespass by night, as defined in Section 444 ... ,, ...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	
14. House-breaking, as defined in Section 445 ... ,, ...	...	...	2	...	...	...	2	
15. House-breaking by night, as defined in Section 446 ... ,, ...	...	...	3	3	1	2	9	
						Total ...	120	

PART III.

Showing whippings inflicted under Section 5, Act VI, 1864, on Juveniles for offences other than those specified in Parts I and II.

Offence.	Stripes.												Total.	Remarks.
	5 and under.		6 to 10.		11 to 15		16 to 20		21 to 25		26 to 30			
	First conviction.	Subsequent conviction.	First conviction.	Subsequent conviction.	First conviction.	Subsequent conviction.	First conviction.	Subsequent conviction.	First conviction.	Subsequent conviction.	First conviction.	Subsequent conviction.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	
Section 241 I. P. O.	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	
Altering appearance of the Queen's coin with intent that it shall pass as a coin of a different description ... ,, 240, ,,	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Delivery of Queen's coin possessed with the knowledge that it is altered as defined in ,, 251, ,,	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
,, 235, ,,	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	
Voluntarily causing hurt Section 323, ,,	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Do grievous hurt Section 325, ,,	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	..	...	...	...	...	1	
Rape Section 376, ,,	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	
Unnatural offence Section 377, ,,	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	..	..	1	
Theft as defined in ... Section 378, ,,	..	...	..	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Section 379, ,,	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Section 380, ,,	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Section 381, ,,	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Section 387, ,,	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	..	..	...	...	...	...	
Robbery Section 392, ,,	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	
Dishonest misappropriation of property Section 403, ,,	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	
Criminal breach of trust by a clerk or servant Section 408 ,,	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	
Assisting in concealment of stolen property Section 414, ,,	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Section 426, ,,	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	
Mischief by killing cattle Section 429, ,,	...	...	...	...	..	..	1	...	...	...	1	...	2	
Lurking house trespass or house breaking by night as defined in Section 444, ,,	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	
Do. as defined in Section 451, ,,	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
House trespass having made preparation for causing hurt Section 452, ,,	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	
Offences under Section 44 Act 4 of 1879 ...	1	...	5	...	1	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	7	
										Total	1	...	18	

Part IV.

Showing relative number of times whipping was awarded as compared with other punishments.

Punishments.	Number.	Remarks.
1	2	3
1. Total number of whippings awarded*	1,440	
2. Total number of other punishments †	19,500	
Percentage of whippings ...	7·4	

* Total of column 14, Parts I and III, and of column 8, Part II.

† Not counting punishments of which whipping was a part, but including all cases in which whipping might have been inflicted.

JUDICIAL STATEMENT 6.—(Criminal)

Statement showing the result of Appeals and Revision in Criminal Cases in the Central Provinces in the year 1884.

Tribunal.	Number of Persons											Average number of days during which each appeal lasted.	Remarks.
	Total number of appellants and applicants for revision before the courts.	Died, escaped, or transferred to another Province.	Appeals or applications rejected.	Sentence or order confirmed.	Sentence enhanced.	Sentenced reduced or otherwise altered.	Sentence reversed.	Proceedings quashed.	New trial or further enquiry ordered.	Referred for revision to the High court.	Pending trial.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Appeals.													
To Chief Magistrates of Districts ...	1,216	...	166	609	...	149	272	...	9	...	29	11·5	
„ Courts of Session ...	981	1	257	355	...	133	184	4	13	...	50	22·2	
Superior Courts ... { by persons convicted ...	270	1	108	89	...	29	36	...	2	...	7	23·5	
Superior Courts ... { by Government from judgments of acquittal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total ...	2,472	2	531	1,053	...	311	492	4	24	...	79	17·5	
Revision.													
By Chief Magistrates of Districts ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
„ Courts of Session ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
„ Superior Courts	1,282	1	131	778	8	22	161	7	2	79	174	51·5	
Total ...	1,282	1	131	775	8	22	161	7	2	79	174	51·5	
Grand Total ...	3,754	3	662	1,831	8	333	653	11	26	79	253	26·6	

JUDICIAL STATEMENT No. 7.—(Civil.)

STATEMENT showing the number and description of Civil Suits instituted in the Civil Courts in the Central Provinces in the year 1884.

Class of Tribunals.	Suits for money or moveable property.										Suits between landlord and tenant.						Title and other Suits.															Grand Total.
	Contract in writing.	Contract not in writing.	On account stated.	Money had and received.	Goods sold.	Wages, work and materials.	Breach of contract not mentioned above.	Rent not falling under the Rent Law.	Moveable property or the value thereof.	Damages.	Suits for ejectment.	Suits for recovery of possession.	Suits for arrears of rent.	Suits for recovery of a penalty for the levy of anything in excess of rent by a landlord.	Suits for recovering penalty from a landlord for refusing a receipt or giving a defective receipt.	All other suits between landlord and tenant not included above.	Suits for immoveable property.	Suits for declaratory decrees.	Other suits under the Specific Relief Act.	Suits to declare and establish rights to real property including pre-emption, foreclosure, &c.	Suits to declare and establish personal rights.	Suits for an account.	Suits relating to religious endowments.	Suits to set aside judgments, contracts or obligations on the ground of fraud.	Suits for dissolution of marriage.	Suits for enforcement of matrimonial rights.	Suits for partitions.	Suits relating to shinering.	Suits relating to religion and caste.	Administration suits.	Interpleader suits.	Dissolution of partnership.	Suits under Section 301, Act X. of 1865 (also Hindu Wills' Act)	Other suits not falling under any of the previous heads.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
COURTS IN THE INTERIOR.																																			
I.—CIVIL COURTS.																																			
Unpaid Tribunals ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Village Courts ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Paid Sub-Divisional Tribunals ...	37,198	15,401	2,183	638	6,079	831	2,132	630	4,378	2,124	7	13	5,589	1	13	22	363	10	4	1	11	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	...	12	77,938
Small Cause Courts ...	5,160	1,767	550	110	2,781	218	82	181	120	229	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	11,349
District Courts other than Chief Courts of Districts ...	2,821	549	246	87	96	29	101	35	248	264	342	1,091	153	8	1	37	4,000	206	68	650	33	45	3	77	20	385	16	...	...	...	2	2	...	56	11,670
Chief Courts of Districts ...	37	9	9	2	2	...	...	...	3	5	3	1	7	...	...	5	45	10	...	40	12	3	...	5	...	20	...	...	...	...	1	...	5	216
Total ...	45,216	17,729	3,018	837	8,958	1,111	2,315	906	4,719	2,992	352	1,093	5,749	9	14	64	4,417	226	72	691	48	48	3	84	20	405	16	...	...	...	12	3	...	64	1,01,193
II.—REVENUE COURTS.																																			
Unpaid Local Tribunals ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Other Subordinate Courts ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
District Courts ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
COURTS AT THE PRESIDENCY OR SEAT OF GOVERNMENT.																																			
Presidency Small Cause Courts ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Superior Courts ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Grand Total ...	45,216	17,729	3,018	837	8,958	1,111	2,315	906	4,719	2,992	352	1,093	5,749	9	14	64	4,417	226	72	691	48	48	3	84	20	405	16	...	...	...	12	3	...	64	1,01,193

JUDICIAL STATEMENT No. 8.—(Civil.)

STATEMENT showing number and value of suits instituted in the Civil and Revenue Courts in the Central Provinces in the year 1884.

Value of suits.	Number of suits instituted in the different Courts.									Total value of suits.	Remarks.
	Not exceeding Rs. 10.	Rs. 50. Do.	Rs. 100. Do.	Rs. 500. Do.	Rs. 1,000. Do.	Rs. 5,000. Do.	Rs. 10,000. Do.	Exceeding Rs. 10,000.	Number of suits the value of which cannot be estimated in money.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
COURTS IN THE INTERIOR.											
I.—CIVIL COURTS.											
Unpaid Tribunals	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Village Courts...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Paid Sub-Divisional Tribunals	22,548	41,387	9,234	4,789	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	25,81,925	
Small Cause Courts	3,870	5,337	1,189	912	41	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,28,280	
District Courts other than Chief Courts of Districts ...	1,559	2,767	2,039	4,011	787	481	18	8	.....	29,56,686	
Chief Courts of Districts	6	12	26	10	5	114	29	14	.....	28,72,985	
Total ...	27,983	49,503	12,488	9,722	833	595	47	22	.....	88,42,876	
II.—REVENUE COURTS.											
Unpaid Tribunals	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Other subordinate Courts	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Collectors' Courts	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Total ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
COURTS AT THE PRESIDENCY OR SEAT OF GOVERNMENT.											
Presidency Small Cause Courts...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Superior Courts...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Total ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Grand Total ...	27,983	49,503	12,488	9,722	833	595	47	22	.....	88,42,876	

JUDICIAL STATEMENT No. 9—(Civil.)

STATEMENT showing the general result of the trial of Civil and Revenue cases in the Courts of original jurisdiction in the Central Provinces in the year 1884.

PART I.—CIVIL SUITS.

Class of Courts.	Total number of suits before the Courts.	Number of suits disposed of										Pending at the close of the year.	No. of cases pending more than 3 months at the close of the year.	Average duration of suits.		Remarks.
		Transferred to Courts in other Provinces.	Without trial.	Without contest.				On reference to arbitration.		With contest.				Contested.	Uncontested.	
				Compromised.	Decreed on confession.	Decreed ex parte.	Dismissed ex parte.	For plaintiff.	For defendant.	Judgment for plaintiff in whole or in part.	Judgment for defendant.					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
COURTS IN THE INTERIOR.																
I.—CIVIL COURTS.																
Unpaid Tribunals	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Village Courts	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Paid Sub-Divisional Tribunals	33,299	.....	16,514	9,333	17,541	12,659	799	82	10	14,977	5,119	6,377	41	41·5	28·8	
Small Cause Courts	11,920	.....	1,864	1,304	2,502	2,374	79	7	5	2,258	697	817	2	22·3	19·4	
District Courts, other than Chief Courts of Districts	12,807	.....	2,224	826	1,331	1,192	101	47	4	3,628	1,896	1,612	83	60·1	40·4	
Chief Courts of Districts	246	.....	8	13	25	12	.....	2	.....	100	34	34	4	75·2	45·0	
Total ...	108,272	.....	20,630	11,476	21,399	16,217	979	138	19	20,985	7,746	8,840	130	43·3	28·7	
II.—REVENUE COURTS.																
Unpaid Local Tribunals	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Other Subordinate Courts	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
District Courts	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Total ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
COURTS AT THE PRESIDENCY OR SEAT OF GOVERNMENT.																
Presidency Small Cause Courts ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Superior Courts	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Total ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Grand Total ...	108,272	.....	20,630	11,476	21,399	16,217	979	138	19	20,985	7,746	8,840	130	43·3	28·7	

JUDICIAL STATEMENT No. 9.—(Civil.)

STATEMENT showing the general result of the trial of Civil and Revenue cases in the Courts of original jurisdiction in the Central Provinces in the year 1884.

PART II.—MISCELLANEOUS CASES (JUDICIAL.)

Class of Courts.	Total number of cases before the Courts.	Number of cases disposed of.										Pending at the close of the year.	Number of cases pending more than 3 months at the close of the year.	Average duration of cases.		Remark.
		Transferred to Courts in other Provinces.	Without trial.	Without contest.				On reference to arbitration.		With contest.						
				Compromised.	Decreed on confession.	Decreed ex parte.	Dismissed ex parte.	For Plaintiff.	For Defendant.	Judgment for plaintiff in whole or in part.	Judgment for defendant.			Contested.	Uncontested.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
COURTS IN THE INTERIOR.																
I.—CIVIL COURTS.																
Unpaid Tribunals	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.. ..	
Village Courts	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	... ...	.. ...	
Paid Sub-divisional Tribunals...	4,940	.....	1,188	157	506	635	211	19	3	1,295	690	236	.....	27·8	19·1	
Small Cause Courts	468	.....	227	8	1	4	15	3	2	96	94	18	.....	23·3	6·9	
District Courts other than Chief Courts of Districts.	1,711	.....	478	21	163	186	87	.....	.....	440	235	101	.....	35·5	22·6	
Chief Courts of Districts	202	.....	67	1	3	16	19	1	2	37	46	10	4	50 1	20 8	
Total ...	7,321	.....	1,960	187	673	841	332	23	7	1,868	1,065	365	4	29·9	18·7	
II.—REVENUE COURTS.																
Unpaid Local Tribunals	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	... ..	.....	.....	.....	
Other Subordinate Courts	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	... ..	.....	
District Courts	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Total ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
COURTS AT THE PRESIDENCY OR SEAT OF GOVERNMENT.																
Presidency Small Cause Courts	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Superior Courts	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Total ...	.....	.....	... ..	.....	.....	.. ..	.....	.....	.....	. ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Grand Total ...	7,321	.....	1,960	187	673	841	332	23	7	1,868	1,065	365	4	29·9	18·7	

JUDICIAL STATEMENT No. 10.—(Civil.)

STATEMENT showing the business of the Civil and Revenue Appellate Courts of the Central Provinces in the year 1884.

PART I.—APPEALS.

Class of Courts.	Total number of appeals before the Courts.	Transferred to Courts in other Provinces.	Appeals summarily rejected.	Dismissed for default or otherwise not prosecuted.	Heard *ex parte*.				Contested.				Pending.	Of those pending more than 3 months.	Average duration of appeals.	Objections under Section 561, Act XIV of 1882.
					Confirmed.	Modified.	Reversed.	Remanded.	Confirmed.	Modified.	Reversed.	Remanded.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
COURTS IN THE INTERIOR.																
APPEALS FROM ORIGINAL DECREES.																
A.—CIVIL COURTS.																
Chief Appellate Courts other than Chief Court of District...																
Chief Appellate Courts of Districts	1,016	...	15	47	14	3	10	40	439	105	167	51	125	7	35·1	6
Superior Appellate Courts other than Chief Court of Province	3,710	...	463	201	88	23	65	50	1,406	344	534	155	381	3	36·8	3
	848	...	5	24	15	2	4	2	357	72	120	35	212	79	109·8	2
Total ...	5,574	...	483	272	117	28	79	92	2,202	521	821	241	718	89	48·0	22
B.—REVENUE COURTS.																
Collector's Appellate Courts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Commissioner's Appellate Courts.	278	...	3	12	4	4	2	..	149	25	55	13	11	1	109·8	2
Total ...	278	...	3	12	4	4	2	...	149	25	55	13	11	1	109·8	2
COURTS AT THE PRESIDENCY OR SEAT OF GOVERNMENT.																
Chief Court of Province — Appeals from original decrees ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Appeals from appellate do. — Civil ...	644	...	188	10	11	2	14	5	149	31	69	22	143	21	73·7	...
Revenue ...	63	...	22	1	1	...	...	...	13	3	11	3	9	1	70·5	...
Total ...	707	...	210	11	12	2	14	5	162	34	80	25	152	22	73·4	...
Grand Total ...	6,559	...	696	295	133	34	95	97	2,513	580	956	279	881	112	53·3	24

NOTE.—The revenue appeals in the Commissioner's Courts have been shown under "B—Revenue Courts."

JUDICIAL STATEMENT No. 10.—(Civil.)

STATEMENT showing the business of the Civil and Revenue Appellate Courts of the Central Provinces in the year 1884.

PART II.—MISCELLANEOUS APPEALS. (JUDICIAL.)

Class of Courts.	Total number of appeals before the Courts.	Transferred to Courts in other Provinces.	Appeals summarily rejected.	Dismissed for default or otherwise not prosecuted.	Heard *ex parte*.				Contested.				Pending.	Of these pending more than 3 months.	Average duration of appeals.	Objections under Section 561 Act XIV of 1882.
					Confirmed.	Modified.	Reversed.	Remanded.	Confirmed.	Modified.	Reversed.	Remanded.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
COURTS IN THE INTERIOR.																
APPEALS FROM ORIGINAL DECREES.																
A.—CIVIL COURTS.																
Chief Appellate Courts other than Chief Court of District ...	36	...	...	3	2	...	...	3	7	1	5	12	3	...	35·3	...
Chief Appellate Courts of Districts	176	...	4	8	29	1	15	5	33	3	35	23	15	...	29·4	...
Superior Appellate Courts other than Chief Court of Province ...	76	...	4	2	...	...	2	...	27	3	10	12	16	...	79·6	...
Total ...	288	...	8	13	31	1	17	8	72	7	50	47	34	...	43·6	...
B.—REVENUE COURTS.																
Collector's Appellate Courts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Commissioner's Appellate Courts	2	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	71·5	...
Total ...	2	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	..	...	...	71·5	...
COURTS AT THE PRESIDENCY OR SEAT OF GOVERNMENT.																
Chief Court of Province... { Appeals from original decrees ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
{ Appeals from appellate do. ...	45	...	2	...	10	...	1	2	4	...	5	12	9	2	77·5	...
Total ...	45	...	2	...	10	...	1	2	4	...	5	12	9	2	77·6	...
Grand Total ...	335	...	10	13	41	1	19	10	77	7	55	59	43	2	47·9	...

NOTE.—The revenue appeals in the Commissioner's Appellate Courts have been shown under "B—Revenue Courts'

JUDICIAL STATEMENT No. 11—(Civil.)

STATEMENT showing the result of proceedings on applications for the execution of the decrees of the Civil and Revenue Courts in the Central Provinces in the year 1884.

Class of Courts.	Total number of applications for the execution of decrees before the courts.	Applications disposed of				Pending at the end of the year.	Number of applications pending more than three months at the close of the year.	Amounts realized.		Number of applications.										
		By transfer.	Satisfaction obtained in full.	Satisfaction obtained in part.	Wholly infructuous.			With the issue of processes.	Without the issue of processes.	On which the judgment debtor was imprisoned.	On which he was arrested but released without imprisonment	On which moveable property.		On which immoveable property.			On which possession was given		On which specific performance was enforced.	On which partition was effected.	On which execution was effected otherwise than as in the preceding columns.
												Was sold.	Was attached but subsequently released.	Was sold.	Was dealt with under Sections 305, 322 or 336, Act XIV of 1882.	Was attached but subsequently released under Section 278.	Of moveables.	Of immoveables.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
COURTS IN THE INTERIOR.																					
I.—CIVIL COURTS.																					
Unpaid Tribunals	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Village Courts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Paid Sub-divisional Tribunals ...	50,637	1,026	12,342	9,651	21,883	5,820	127	4,67,822	26,209	301	1,737	3,556	5,063	2,579	270	2,257	26	175	...	...	2
Small Cause Courts	8,472	797	1,663	1,601	3,624	781	59	54,321	1,828	103	488	479	443	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
District Courts other than Chief Courts of Districts	11,063	351	2,928	2,398	3,917	1,438	107	4,03,964	23,295	94	229	733	831	501	221	800	59	1,433	10	...	9
Chief Courts of Districts	254	24	79	48	69	34	10	60,528	6,212	1	9	23	19	12	14	20	6	31	1	...	...
Superior Courts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	70,435	2,198	16,918	13,698	29,493	8,123	303	9,86,635	57,544	501	2,463	4,791	6,356	3,087	505	4,077	91	1,639	11	...	11
II.—REVENUE COURTS.																					
Unpaid Local Tribunals	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Other Subordinate Courts ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
District Courts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
COURTS AT THE PRESIDENCY OR SEAT OF GOVERNMENT.																					
Presidency Small Cause Courts. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Superior Courts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Grand Total ...	70,435	2,198	16,918	13,698	29,493	8,123	303	9,86,635	57,544	501	2,463	4,791	6,356	3,087	505	4,077	91	1,639	11	...	11

JUDICIAL STATEMENT No. 12.—(Civil.)

STATEMENT showing the number and result of applications and proceedings under Chapter XX., Act XIV of 1882, in the Central Provinces, in the year 1884.

CLASS OF COURTS.	Applications for a declaration of Insolvency.								Number of insolvents discharged during the year under Section 355.	Number of insolvents' estates in the hands of receivers in which proceedings were finally closed during the year.	Amount of creditors' claims dealt with during the year.		Gross amounts of insolvency assets realized and disbursed.		REMARKS.
	Total number for hearing.	Transferred to another Province, withdrawn, &c.	Granted.		Rejected.			Pending at the close of the year.			Admitted.	Satisfied.	Realized during the year.	Disbursed during the year.	
			A receiver being appointed.	A receiver not being appointed.	Penal proceedings under Section 359, not being taken.	Sentence of imprisonment being passed under Section 359.	Applicant being sent to the Magistrate to be dealt with.								
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Courts other than Chief Courts of District...	111	50	5	23	11	...	...	19	13	5	10,293	3,868	1,727	1,757	
Chief Courts of District	107	24	10	20	30	...	...	23	...	5	134,469	8,646	521	558	
Superior Courts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total ...	218	80	15	43	41	...	...	39	13	10	150,762	12,514	2,248	2,315	

Statement showing use of Juries and Assessors in the Civil and

Class of Courts in which Jurors or Assessors are employed; distinguishing Criminal from Civil Courts.		Established or average number of Jury or Assessors in each case and prescribed qualifications.	Number of cases tried by Jury.	Number of cases tried with Assessors.	Jury		
					Cases in which the Judge approved of the verdict.	Cases in which Judge did not approve of the verdict.	
						Wholly.	Partially.
1		2	3	4	5	6	7
I.—Civil Courts.							
Chief Courts of Districts (or officer specially empowered) acting under Act X of 1870.	Assessors ...		...	...	...	...	...
II.—Criminal Courts.							
Magistrates' Courts under Chapter XXXIX, C. P. C.	Jurors ...	Two assessors in each case. The prescribed qualifications are education and good character.	...	...	...	...	...
Courts of Session ...	Jurors ...		...	...	...	...	...
	Assessors ...		...	92	...	...	...
High Court, Original Criminal Jurisdiction.	Jurors ...		...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...		...	92	...	...	...

No. 13.—(Civil and Criminal.)

Criminal Courts in the Central Provinces in the year 1884.

trials.		Assessors' trials.			
Number of persons of the verdict in respect to whom the Judge disapproved.		Number of cases in which Judge agreed with assessors.	Number of cases in which Judge differed from.		Remarks.
Whose cases he referred under Section 307, C. P. C.	Whose cases he did not refer under Section 307, C. P. C.		One assessor.	Both assessors.	
8	9	10	11	12	13
...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	69	3	20	
...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	69	3	20	

Judicial Statement

STATEMENT showing the general result of the trial of European

Description of Offence.	Number of persons accused and brought before a Magistrate							Persons whose cases											
	Remaining at the close of the previous year.	Within the year.					Died, escaped or transferred to other Provinces.	Number actually brought to trial.	By District Magistrates and other 1st class Magistrates						By Courts of Session.				
		On complaint Section 191 (a) Criminal Procedure Code.	On police report, Section 191 (b) of the Code.	By Magistrate *See Note* Section 191 (c) of the Code.	On transfer from another Province.	Total.			Received by transfer under Section 451 B of the Code.	Convicted.	Acquitted or discharged.	Committed. To Court of Session.	Committed. To High Court.	Transferred by order under Section 451 B. of the Code.	Total omitting entries in columns 10 and 15.	Received by transfer under Section 451 B. of the Code	Convicted.	Acquitted or discharged.	Transferred to High Court under Section 449 of the Code.	Total exclusive of column 17.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
Offences against the State, Chapter VI. of the Indian Penal Code.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Offences relating to the Army and Navy Chapter VII.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ditto against the public tranquillity Chapter VIII.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ditto by or relating to public servants, Chapter IX.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Contempts of the lawful authority of public servants, Chapter X.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
False evidence and offences against public justice Chapter XI.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Offences relating to coin and Government Stamps, Chapter XII.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Offences relating to weights and measures, Chapter XIII,	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Offences affecting the public health, safety convenience, decency and morals, Chapter XIV,	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Offences relating to religion, Chapter XV.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Offences affecting the human body Chapter XVI. — Offences affecting life	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Causing of miscarriage, injuries to unborn children, exposure of infants, and the concealment of births	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hurt	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Wrongful restraint and wrongful confinement	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Criminal force and assault	...	4	1	...	...	5	...	5	...	1	4	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...
Kidnapping, forcible abduction, slavery and forced labour	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rape	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Unnatural offence	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Offences against property, Chapter XVII. — Theft	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Extortion	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Robbery and dacoity	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Criminal misappropriation of property	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Criminal breach of trust	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Receiving of stolen property	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cheating	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Fraudulent deeds and disposession of property	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mischief	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Criminal trespass	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Offences relating to documents and to trade or property marks Chapter XVIII.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Criminal breach of contracts of service, Chapter XIX.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Offences relating to marriage, Chapter XX.	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Defamation, Chapter XXI.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Criminal intimidation, insult and annoyance Chapter XXII.	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	1	1	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...
Offences under special and local laws	...	1	2	...	...	3	...	3	...	1	2	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...
Total	...	11	4	...	...	15	...	15	...	7	8	...	...	...	15	...	...	...	...	...

No. 14.—(Criminal.)

British Subjects in the Central Provinces in the year 1884.

were disposed of.								Number of cases.						Subsidiary Table.							
By High Court.			Total for all Courts.																		
Convicted.	Acquitted.	Total.	Convicted.	Acquitted or discharged.	Total.	Number of persons under trial at the close of the year.		Brought to trial.	Disposed of.	Pending.	Number of persons who applied to the High Court for an order under Section 456 of the Code.	Of those entered in column 5 number who applied under Section 2 Act III of 1884 for transfer or committal of their cases.	Number of persons who applied to the High Court under Section 526 of the Code for the transfer of their cases.	35				36			
														Of the total number of persons shown in.				Of cases shown in column 30.			
														Column 16.		Column 21.	Columns. 21 and 24	Disposed of by Magistrates.		Disposed of by Sessions Judges.	
														Number who claimed to be tried by a mixed jury, Section 451 A (1) of the Code.	Number who did not so claim.	Number of those in column 35 (1) whose cases were transferred under Section 451 B. of the Code.	Number who claimed a mixed number of assessors Section 451 (2) of the Code.	Number who did not so claim.	Number who claimed to be tried by a mixed jury, Section 451 (1) of the Code.	Number who did not so claim.	Being European British Subjects.	Other than European British Subjects.	Being European British Subjects.	Other than European British Subjects.
22	23	24	25	26	27	28		29	30	31	32	33	34	35				36			
														1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

Statement of Deeds registered in the Registration districts of the Central Provinces, for the year 1884-85.

Districts.	Registrations affecting immoveable property, Book I.																									
	Compulsory.																Optional.									
	Number of Registration offices.		Instruments of gift, Section 17 (clause a.)		Instruments of sale of the value of Rs. 100 and upwards.		Instruments of mortgage of the value of Rs. 100 and upwards.		Other instruments registered under Section 17, (clauses b and c.)		Perpetual leases Section 17, (clause d.)		All leases other than perpetual leases which have been compulsorily registered under Section 17, (clause f.)		Total of compulsory registrations.		Ordinary fees paid for the same.				Instruments of sale of the value of less than Rs. 100.		Instruments of mortgage of the value of less than Rs. 100.		Other instruments registered under Section 18, (clauses a and b.)		Leases for one year or less (Section 18, clause c) and leases exempted under the proviso in Section 17.	
1	2		3		4		5		6		7		8		9		10				11		12		13		14	
	1883-84.	1884-85.	1883-84.	1884-85.	1883-84.	1884-85.	1883-84.	1884-85.	1883-84.	1884-86	1883-84.	1884-85.	1883-84.	1884-85.	1883-84.	1884-85.	1883-84.			1884-85.	1883-84.	1884-85.	1883-84.	1884-85.	1883-84.	1884-85.	1883-84.	1884-85.
Inspector General's Office.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...					...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nagpur	7	7	75	37	657	640	1,225	1,312	56	36	26	32	139	230	2,223	2,347	4,149	4	0	4,407 12 0	962	781	728	767	19	20	3	4
Bhandara	4	4	8	15	76	97	234	319	9	8	11	11	43	71	381	521	847	0	0	1,061 12 0	45	58	104	85	2	1	..	1
Wardha	4	5	42	41	179	243	699	697	35	51	23	39	500	332	1,478	1,403	2,797	0	0	2,733 4 0	71	101	102	120	11	8	2	...
Chanda	7	7	18	21	30	42	189	213	2	2	1	1	14	53	254	332	519	4	0	506 12 0	22	28	71	77	...	...	...	1
Balaghat	3	3	4	6	14	20	58	76	6	1	4	2	13	26	99	131	360	0	0	379 8 0	15	14	8	7	...	3	...	...
Jubbulpore	4	4	72	69	259	305	669	559	96	138	15	18	710	750	1,821	1,839	3,691	4	0	3,220 4 0	119	135	92	103	8	5	99	183
Saugor	5	5	25	20	94	146	286	280	19	11	2	2	213	213	639	672	1,316	4	0	1,360 12 0	61	40	56	43	8	3	55	6
Narsinghpur	4	4	29	34	130	154	781	651	17	36	5	9	344	321	1,306	1,205	2,805	4	0	2,873 8 0	90	84	189	182	5	4	9	19
Hoshangabad	5	5	29	29	294	219	931	543	66	52	32	53	219	146	1,571	1,042	4,668	4	0	2,899 0 0	81	64	81	55	6	8	32	40
Seoni	3	3	4	18	62	45	181	147	23	21	...	2	150	209	420	442	1,025	8	0	900 0 0	18	9	18	17	12	7	...	...
Betul	3	3	8	13	61	75	234	278	4	7	10	10	19	29	336	403	613	0	0	680 4 0	32	35	80	49	4	2	...	...
Damoh	3	3	35	27	65	69	143	125	13	12	7	1	241	130	504	364	759	0	0	561 8 0	31	33	28	37	9	3	12	13
Nandla	3	3	...	9	31	22	106	74	2	...	...	...	11	34	150	139	318	12	0	259 4 0	8	13	12	20	...	...	...	...
Chhindwara	3	3	8	9	133	191	355	357	74	57	70	95	453	114	1,093	823	1,319	12	0	1,524 12 0	107	111	127	125	16	18	126	175
Nimar	4	4	16	22	338	492	631	639	12	20	6	2	212	355	1,268	1,529	2,020	8	0	2,334 4 0	123	157	53	61	1	4	6	10
Raipur	5	5	12	14	88	168	137	193	19	20	...	3	38	46	294	384	1,010	0	0	1,393 8 0	29	39	22	22	1	2	2	2
Bilaspur	4	4	6	12	28	52	64	58	6	2	2	4	157	205	263	333	376	0	0	582 4 0	13	18	12	13	...	1	...	...
Sambalpur	3	3	7	10	36	30	61	69	9	4	5	8	9	8	127	129	304	8	0	307 0 0	20	16	36	22	2	...	...	...
Total	74	75	398	466	2,625	2,950	6,987	6,589	468	478	219	292	3,585	3,263	14,232	14,038	28,960	8	0	27,895 4 0	1,847	1,736	1,819	1,806	104	89	346	454

7.—Registration Continued.

Districts.	Registrations affecting immoveable property, Book I—(Contd.)												Registrations affecting moveable property, Book IV.					
	Optional—(Contd.)																	
	Awards Section 18, (Clause f.)		Miscellaneous registrations other than certified copies of decrees and orders of Court.		Certified copies of decrees and orders of Court.		Total of optional registrations relating to immoveable property		Ordinary fees paid for the same.		Total value of immoveable property transferred.		Instruments of sale, &c., of moveable property, Section 18, (Clause e.)		Obligations for the payment of money Section 18, (Clause f.)		All other documents registered under Section 18, (Clauses d. and f.)		Total of registrations in Book IV.	
	15		16		17		18		19		20		21		22		23		24	
	1883-84.	1884-85.	1883-84.	1884-85.	1883-84.	1884-85.	1883-84.	1884-85.	1883-84.	1884-85.	1883-84.	1884-85.	1883-84.	1884-85.	1883-84.	1884-85.	1883-84.	1884-85.	1883-84.	1884-85.
									Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a.								
Inspector General's Office	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nagpur	...	...	...	3	...	13	1,718	1,599	1,105 4 0	628 0 0	10,98,009 3 6	13,01,637 9 8	253	203	28	20	495	479	776	702
Bhandara	...	...	...	...	...	1	151	145	56 4 0	50 12 0	1,82,166 9 6	2,71,807 7 3	32	29	8	2	143	188	173	219
Wardha	...	...	...	6	2	...	188	235	73 4 0	120 0 0	5,76,242 13 10	8,32,102 14 1	58	57	12	5	189	244	239	306
Chanda	...	...	...	1	...	...	93	107	43 12 0	46 12 0	87,671 0 0	1,03,012 9 1	14	26	43	33	83	103	140	162
Balaghat	...	...	...	...	...	...	23	24	9 4 0	9 0 0	1,00,417 11 8	91,789 1 3	1	2	6	9	43	45	50	56
Jubbulpore	...	...	5	14	...	...	333	440	121 12 0	178 12 0	10,37,867 1 4	8,91,408 4 3	10	21	21	25	220	258	261	304
Saugor	...	...	3	6	...	...	183	98	75 12 0	59 4 0	3,63,707 14 1	3,31,958 13 7	5	8	11	9	128	115	144	132
Narsinghpur	...	...	...	1	...	...	293	290	114 0 0	114 0 0	7,85,811 1 7	9,20,695 1 10	42	39	98	61	178	146	318	246
Hoshangabad	2	4	39	48	...	2	241	221	341 8 0	436 12 0	15,28,585 5 7	8,57,313 1 11	134	103	18	24	449	394	601	521
Seoni	...	...	...	...	...	...	48	32	13 0 0	13 4 0	2,33,270 7 10	2,03,388 7 8	2	7	11	15	129	159	142	180
Betul	...	...	...	...	...	...	116	86	44 4 0	33 4 0	1,45,359 14 4	1,43,720 9 3	12	20	2	3	73	74	92	97
Damoh	1	...	...	...	...	...	80	57	23 4 0	8 0 0	1,67,804 7 2	1,97,208 13 1	2	2	24	14	70	50	96	66
Mandla	...	...	...	1	...	...	20	31	6 4 0	16 12 0	78,257 14 6	54,134 11 6	...	1	3	6	17	15	20	23
Chhindwara	1	...	...	...	1	3	378	432	128 12 0	130 0 0	2,70,978 0 8	3,31,574 2 6	34	45	5	6	151	171	190	222
Nimar	...	...	1	2	...	...	184	234	77 12 0	102 8 0	4,01,760 4 11	4,74,368 15 8	55	38	22	50	158	177	235	265
Raipur	...	...	...	...	...	...	54	66	18 8 0	37 12 0	3,10,206 12 8	3,89,754 3 8	6	4	11	29	171	180	188	213
Bilaspur	...	...	...	...	...	...	25	32	9 4 0	14 4 0	69,315 7 2	1,44,001 13 3	2	5	4	5	108	118	118	128
Sambalpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	58	38	30 8 0	14 12 0	67,163 12 5	64,870 7 1	3	2	11	9	27	24	41	35
Total	3	5	51	93	6	19	4,176	4,202	2,302 4 0	2,085 12 0	75,05,663 14 9	76,19,793 15 2	641	616	352	322	2,832	2,948	3,825	3,836

Districts.	Registrations affecting moveable property, Book IV.—Contd.		Number of sealed covers deposited in Book V.		Number of wills registered in Book III, Section 18 (Clause *a*.)		Number of written authorities to adopt other than those conferred by wills, Books III.		Number of registrations under Section 24.		Number of registrations under Section 34.	
	Ordinary fees paid for the same.											
24	25		26		27		28		29		30	
	1883-84.	1884-85.	1883-84.	1884-85.	1883-84.	1884-85.	1883-84.	1884-85.	1883-84.	1884-85.	1883-84.	1884-85.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.										
Inspector General's Office..	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...
Nagpur ...	1,104 8 0	1,006 0 0	1	2	37	36	...	3	18	10	11	20
Bhandara ...	337 4 0	340 4 0	1	1	12	9	1	...	1	...	1	1
Wardha ...	366 0 0	485 4 0	...	2	14	13	...	2	3	4	1	4
Chanda ...	217 12 0	243 8 0	...	...	4	1	2	2	...	1	...	...
Balaghat ...	99 8 0	107 8 0	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Jubbulpore ...	678 12 0	664 0 0	2	1	12	16	...	...	4	3	7	5
Saugor ...	290 12 0	277 4 0	...	1	21	17	...	...	3	11	...	11
Narsinghpur ...	541 12 0	440 12 0	...	...	1	1	...	...	2	4	...	2
Hoshangabad ...	1,071 8 0	1,013 8 0	...	1	8	12	...	1	4	3	3	2
Seoni ...	272 12 0	400 8 0	...	...	5	7	...	...	1	...	2	...
Betul ...	148 8 0	150 8 0	...	...	1	7	...	...	...	...	...	...
Damoh ...	177 12 0	111 0 0	...	...	2	4	...	...	1	6	6	4
Mandla ...	49 8 0	57 12 0	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Chhindwara ...	314 0 0	332 4 0	...	...	2	7	...	...	4	1	4	8
Nimar ...	401 12 0	421 12 0	...	...	8	14	...	...	3	6	17	15
Raipur ...	370 4 0	440 4 0	...	...	9	8	...	...	2	...	...	1
Bilaspur ...	239 0 0	253 0 0	1	...	3	3	1	...	...	...	...	...
Sambalpur ...	78 4 0	66 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	6,759 8 0	6,811 0 0	6	8	141	155	6	8	46	49	52	73

7.—Registration Continued.

Number of refusals to register.		Number of powers of Attorney attested.		Number of searches or applications for copies.		Total ordinary fees including the entries in Columns 10, 19 and 25, and the total fees paid for registration under Columns 27 and 28.		Total other receipts.		Total expenditure.	
31		32		33		34		35		36	
1883-84.	1884-85.	1883-84.	1884-85.	1883-84.	1884-85.	1883-84.	1884-85.	1883-84.	1884-85.	1883-84.	1884-85.
...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,011 0 9	11,504 14 3
43	33	261	230	288	326	6,435 0 0	6,119 12 0	6,838 10 3	6,667 11 0	4,095 12 11	4,239 5 3
1	4	76	123	84	118	1,266 8 0	1,470 12 0	1,526 6 10	1,819 6 0	1,015 14 3	1,085 6 0
10	10	74	99	177	196	3,270 4 0	3,368 8 0	2,716 15 3	2,968 4 0	1,495 9 6	1,897 11 9
8	2	76	96	28	73	720 12 0	803 0 0	918 9 6	1,143 12 6	497 9 7	941 6 6
2	5	51	43	15	38	468 12 0	496 0 0	319 14 6	409 0 0	267 11 5	321 1 6
16	26	109	137	193	205	4,515 12 0	4,095 0 0	2,610 13 6	2,590 15 6	1,868 10 10	2,285 15 10
6	9	54	50	114	87	1,724 12 0	1,731 4 0	1,322 15 3	1,308 14 0	948 11 4	1,032 8 9
9	14	76	77	169	166	3,503 0 0	3,430 4 0	1,943 10 0	1,862 07	1,618 2 2	1,999 13 4
14	8	126	122	384	431	6,097 4 0	4,285 4 0	3,322 12 6	2,769 8 3	1,929 9 0	2,166 6 7
4	...	56	81	29	43	1,326 4 0	1,327 12 0	1,009 10 2	1,082 11 6	646 1 6	470 6 5
2	1	58	50	86	107	807 12 0	879 0 0	759 15 6	868 5 6	723 3 4	096 4 9
8	2	46	38	60	46	971 0 0	760 8 0	888 12 6	671 3 0	733 10 7	689 4 6
...	...	24	41	11	10	376 8 0	333 12 0	253 15 3	281 12 0	124 3 7	296 0 5
5	7	58	58	92	132	1,766 8 0	2,001 0 0	1,169 8 1	1,310 7 8	908 8 3	973 8 8
27	19	60	66	79	83	2,518 0 0	2,886 8 0	2,270 4 0	2,385 9 0	1,419 12 6	2,053 10 3
5	3	89	102	59	68	1,446 12 0	1,887 8 0	1,153 15 6	1,498 5 0	655 4 11	1,239 4 1
1	10	50	65	25	47	632 0 0	857 0 0	605 9 6	791 11 0	570 9 6	871 18 11
4	2	25	23	14	24	413 4 0	387 12 0	584 2 9	504 5 0	456 15 7	527 2 8
165	155	1,379	1,501	1,907	2,197	38,320 0 0	37,120 8 0	30,216 8 10	30,934 3 8	28,987 1 6	35,765 12 6

General

Showing the distribution of the prisoners of all classes confined in the

1	2	3	4			5			6		
Station.	Place of confinement	Classes of prisoners.	Remained at the commencement of the year.			Received during the year.			Total.		
			Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Nagpur	Central Jail	Convicts	613	48	661	776	75	851	1,389	123	1,512
		Under trial	12	..	12	270	25	295	282	25	307
		Civil	11	2	13	78	10	88	89	12	101
Jubbulpore	"	Convicts	994	50	1,044	703	46	749	1,697	96	1,793
		Under trial	3	...	3	304	11	315	307	11	318
		Civil	4	...	4	81	4	85	85	4	89
Raipur	"	Convicts	605	48	653	773	134	907	1,378	182	1,560
		Under trial	5	1	6	223	13	236	228	14	242
		Civil	...	1	1	39	1	40	39	2	41
Saugor	District Jail 1st, class	Convicts	95	7	102	373	65	438	468	72	540
		Under trial	4	...	4	208	18	226	212	18	230
		Civil	1	1	2	18	2	20	19	3	22
Bhandara	" 2nd class	Convicts	60	8	68	338	35	373	398	43	441
		Under trial	6	..	6	213	25	238	219	25	244
		Civil	...	...		23	...	23	23	...	23
Chanda	"	Convicts	45	7	52	251	42	293	296	49	345
		Under trial	3	...	3	75	6	81	78	6	84
		Civil	5	...	5	25	...	25	30	...	30
Wardha	"	Convicts	31	1	32	137	21	158	168	22	190
		Under trial	6	...	6	80	13	93	86	13	99
		Civil	5	...	5	37	...	37	42	...	42
Balaghat	"	Convicts	35	4	39	203	24	227	238	28	266
		Under trial	10	1	11	110	14	124	120	15	135
		Civil	...	...	...	13	...	13	13	...	13
Sironcha	"	Convicts	6	2	8	37	7	44	43	9	52
		Under trial	..	...	..	18	5	23	18	5	23
		Civil	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Damoh	"	Convicts	23	4	27	156	20	176	179	24	203
		Under trial	...	...	...	95	7	102	95	7	102
		Civil	...	...	...	8	...	8	8	...	8
Seoni	"	Convicts	63	9	72	181	23	204	244	32	276
		Under trial	12	...	12	143	13	156	155	13	168
		Civil	...	...	...	8	1	9	8	1	9
Mandla	"	Convicts	35	3	38	215	25	240	249	29	278
		Under trial	4	...	4	67	5	72	71	5	76
		Civil	...	...	...	4	...	4	4	...	4
Chhindwara	"	Convicts	38	3	41	176	16	192	214	19	233
		Under trial	...	...	...	89	6	95	89	6	95
		Civil	6	1	7	38	3	41	44	4	48
Betul	"	Convicts	60	2	62	173	18	191	233	20	253
		Under trial	3	...	3	96	4	100	99	4	103
		Civil	...	...	...	8	1	9	8	1	9
Hoshangabad	"	Convicts	118	11	129	391	26	417	509	37	546
		Under trial	10	...	10	128	10	138	138	10	148
		Civil	4	...	4	49	4	53	53	4	57
Narsinghpur	"	Convicts	76	5	81	298	31	329	374	36	410
		Under trial	1	..	1	151	14	165	152	14	166
		Civil	2	...	2	79	3	82	81	3	84
Nimar	"	Convicts	44	1	45	262	20	282	306	21	327
		Under trial	2	...	2	190	8	198	192	8	200
		Civil	1	1	2	52	2	54	53	3	56
Sambalpur	"	Convicts	114	5	119	458	63	521	572	68	640
		Under trial	4	...	4	219	24	243	223	24	247
		Civil	2	...	2	26	2	28	28	2	30
Bilaspur	"	Convicts	91	10	101	314	26	340	405	36	441
		Under trial	21	2	23	310	31	341	331	33	364
		Civil	1	...	1	18	2	20	19	2	21
	Total	Convicts	3,148	228	3,376	6,214	718	6,932	9,360	946	10,306
		Under trial	106	4	110	2,983	252	3,241	3,089	256	3,351
		Civil	42	6	48	604	35	639	646	41	687
		Grand total	3,296	238	3,532	9,807	1,005	10,812	13,101	1,243	14,344

Summary.

Jails and Lock-ups of the Central Provinces during the year 1884.

7			8			9			10		
Discharged from all causes.			Remaining at the end of the year.			Daily average number of each class.			Total daily average of whole Jail.		
Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
716	77	793	673	46	719	636·27	44·03	680·30			
276	25	301	6	...	6	8·07	0·45	8·52			
86	12	98	3	...	3	6·69	0·63	7·32	651·03	45·11	696·14
814	52	866	883	44	927	940·46	46·24	986·70			
297	11	308	10	...	10	7·41	0·28	7·69			
83	4	87	2	...	2	3·13	0·32	3·45	951·00	46·84	997·84
868	157	1,025	519	25	535	559·67	35 86	595·53			
221	13	234	7	1	8	7·50	0·43	7·93			
36	2	38	3	...	3	2·25	0·33	2·58	569·42	36·62	606·04
378	59	437	20	13	103	90·64	9 41	100·05			
204	17	221	8	1	9	5·40	0·28	5·68			
19	3	22	...	...	...	0 87	0·16	1 03	.96·91	9 85	106·76
283	37	320	115	6	121	61·59	4·84	66·43			
207	24	231	12	1	13	3·86	0·25	4·11			
22	...	22	1	...	1	2·08	...	2 08	67·53	5·09	72·62
258	46	304	38	3	41	34·91	5·37	40·28			
78	6	84	...	...	...	3·97	0 07	4·04			
29	...	29	1	...	1	2·51	...	2·51	41·39	5·44	46·83
126	19	155	32	3	35	26·10	2·75	29·35			
82	11	93	4	2	6	3·33	0·33	3·66			
41	...	41	1	...	1	2 49	...	2·49	32 42	3·08	35·50
206	22	228	32	6	38	37·70	2·23	39·93			
117	16	132	3	...	3	3·67	0 36	4·03			
12	...	12	1	...	1	0 52	...	0·52	41·89	2·59	44·48
40	9	49	3	...	3	7 01	1·17	8·18			
15	5	20	3	...	3	2 02	0 07	2·09			
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9·03	1·24	10 27
141	21	162	38	3	41	31 27	5·56	36·83			
90	7	97	5	...	5	2·35	0·04	2·39			
8	...	8	...	...	...	0 63	...	0·63	34·25	5·60	39·85
209	29	238	35	3	38	54·88	5·38	60·24			
142	13	155	13	...	13	8 03	0·18	8 21			
8	1	9	...	...	...	0·29	0·02	0·31	63·20	5·58	68·78
204	24	228	45	5	50	42·70	3·21	45·91			
61	5	66	10	...	10	1·37	0·05	1·42			
4	...	4	..	...	...	0 09	...	0·09	44·16	3·26	47·42
155	17	172	59	2	61	31·17	2·94	34·11			
87	6	93	2	...	2	2 14	0·15	2·59			
42	4	46	2	...	2	2·23	0·15	2 44	35·90	3·24	39·14
180	13	202	44	7	51	47·42	1·79	49 21			
95	4	99	4	...	4	2·86	0·37	3·23			
8	1	9	...	...	...	0·39	0·13	0·52	50 67	2·29	52·96
423	29	452	86	8	94	106·59	7 88	114·47			
136	10	146	2	...	2	7·41	0·44	7·85			
44	4	48	9	...	9	4 99	2·99	7·98	118·99	11·31	130·30
298	29	327	76	7	83	70·41	4 97	75·38			
147	13	160	5	1	6	3·99	0·10	4·09			
76	3	79	5	...	5	4·48	0 12	4·60	78 88	5·19	84·07
247	20	267	59	1	60	61·25	2·75	64 00			
191	8	199	1	...	1	8·36	0·15	8 51			
48	3	51	5	...	5	3·16	0·25	3·41	72·77	3·15	75·92
450	53	503	122	15	137	133·22	11·50	144·72			
219	24	243	4	...	4	6·57	1·23	7·80			
23	2	25	5	...	5	2·35	0·25	2·60	142·14	12 98	155·12
354	33	387	51	3	54	77·40	5 14	82 54			
326	32	358	5	1	6	11·05	1·20	12·25			
19	2	21	...	...	...	1 39	0·16	1·55	89·84	6·50	96·37
6,368	746	7,115	2,991	200	3,191	3051 16	203·02	3254·18			
2,991	249	3,240	104	7	111	99·66	6·43	106·09			
608	41	649	38	...	38	40·60	5·51	46 11	3,191·42	214·96	3,406·38
9,968	1,036	11,004	3,133	207	3,340	...	...	...			

C.—Prisons

Showing the number and disposal of the convicts in the Jails and

1	2	3		4		5		6				7			8			
								Received from other Jails.							Transferred to other Jails.			
								A		B.					A.		B.	
Serial Number.	Jails.	Remained at the close of the previous year.		Imprisoned during the present year.		Total.		To undergo sentence.		In transit for transportation or to other Jails.		Grand Total.			To undergo sentence.		For transportation beyond seas, &c.	
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	M.	F.
1	Nagpur ...	612	48	493	58	1,106	106	265	14	18	3	1,389	123	1,512	3	..	14	..
2	Jubbulpore ...	994	50	427	33	1,421	83	227	13	49	..	1,697	96	1,793	15	..	15	..
3	Raipur ...	605	48	638	133	1,243	181	132	1	3	..	1,378	182	1,560	6	..	11	2
	Total ...	2,212	146	1,558	224	3,770	370	624	28	70	3	4,464	401	4,865	24	..	40	2
4	Saugor ...	95	7	371	65	466	72	2	...	...	...	468	72	540	50	2	5	..
5	Bhandara ...	60	8	338	35	398	43	...	...	...	..	398	43	441	29	3	2	1
6	Chanda ...	45	7	251	42	296	49	...	...	...	...	296	49	345	48	6	1	...
7	Wardha ...	31	1	137	21	168	22	...	...	...	...	168	22	190	28	2	1	...
8	Balaghat ...	35	4	203	24	238	28	...	...	...	...	238	28	266	33	1	3	..
9	Sironcha ...	6	2	37	7	43	9	...	...	...	..	43	9	52	1	...	...	...
10	Damoh ...	23	4	156	20	179	24	1	...	...	...	179	24	203	31	1	4	...
11	Seoni ...	63	9	179	23	242	32	2	...	...	...	244	32	276	25	1	4	..
12	Mandla ...	35	3	214	26	249	29	...	...	...	...	249	29	278	19	...	1	...
13	Chhindwara ...	38	3	176	16	214	19	...	...	...	...	214	19	233	15	1	1	...
14	Betul ...	60	2	173	18	233	20	...	...	...	..	233	20	253	25	...	...	...
15	Hoshangabad ...	118	11	391	26	509	37	...	...	...	...	509	37	546	48	2	3	...
16	Narsinghpur ...	76	5	286	31	362	36	12	...	...	...	374	36	410	35	3	11	...
17	Nimar ...	44	1	259	20	303	21	3	...	...	...	306	21	327	40	4	13	...
18	Sambalpur ...	114	4	458	62	572	66	...	...	...	...	572	66	640	52	...	2	...
19	Bilaspur ...	91	10	312	26	403	36	2	...	...	...	405	36	441	79	1	1	...
	Total ...	934	82	3,940	463	4,874	545	22	...	..	..	4,896	545	5,441	563	27	53	1
	Grand Total ...	3,146	228	5,498	687	8,644	915	646	28	70	3	9,360	946	10,306	587	27	92	3

I—(Judicial.)

subsidiary Jails of the Central Provinces during the year 1884.

9										10		11		12		13		14		15		16			
Released during the year.																									
A.		B.		C.		D.																			
						By order of Government.																			
						A.		B.																	
On appeal.		On expiry of sentence.		Under remission rules.		On account of sickness.		On other grounds.		Transported beyond seas.		Transferred to Lunatic Asylum.		Escaped.		Executed.		Died.		Remaining at the end of present year.		Daily average number.			Serial Number.
M.	F.	M.	F.	F.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	
31	3	556	68	50	5	2	...	22	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	2	..	35	...	673	46	636·27	44·03	680·30	1
30	1	603	46	111	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	2	..	2	..	36	2	583	44	940·46	46·24	986·70	2
22	1	682	152	109	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	35	...	510	25	559·67	35·86	595·53	3
83	5	1,841	266	270	10	3	...	22	...	..	..	1	1	3	...	5	...	106	2	2,066	115	2136·40	126·13	2262·53	
25	5	295	52	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	..	...	...	1	...	1	...	90	13	90·64	9·41	100·05	4
11	...	235	33	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	1	...	3	...	115	6	61·59	4·84	66·43	5
2	2	207	38	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	...	...	38	3	34·91	5·37	40·28	6
8	1	99	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	32	3	26·60	2·75	29·35	7
13	1	152	20	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	32	6	37·70	2·23	39·93	8
...	...	39	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	7·01	1·17	8·18	9
7	...	97	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	38	3	31·27	5·56	36·83	10
31	4	146	24	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	2	..	35	3	54·88	5·38	60·26	11
3	...	179	24	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	..	45	5	42·70	3·21	45·91	12
19	...	120	16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	59	2	31·17	2·94	34·11	13
18	...	143	13	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	..	44	7	47·42	1·79	49·21	14
40	3	326	24	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	1	..	...	...	4	...	86	8	106·59	7·88	114·47	15
14	3	236	22	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	..	...	...	...	2	1	76	7	70·41	4·97	75·38	16
3	...	179	16	2	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	5	...	59	1	61·25	2·75	64·00	17
8	...	375	53	1	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	9	...	122	15	133·22	11·50	144·72	18
27	2	247	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	51	2	77·40	5·14	82·54	19
229	21	3,075	410	3	...	3	...	4	...	...	...	1	...	4	...	8	..	29	1	925	85	914·76	76·89	991·65	
312	26	4,916	676	273	10	6	...	26	...	..	...	2	1	7	...	13	...	135	3	2,991	200	3951·16	203·02	3254·18	

C.—Prisons

Showing the religion, age and previous occupation of the convicts.

1	2	3														4			
		Religion.														Age			
		A.						B.		C.		D.		E.		A.		B.	
		Christian.																	
		A.		B.		C.													
Serial Number.	Jails.	Europeans.		Eurasians.		Natives.		Muhammadans.		Hindus and Sikhs.		Buddhists and Jains.		All other classes.		Under 16.		16 to 40.	
		M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
1	Nagpur ...	2	...	...	...	6	1	58	9	226	26	50	...	151	22	24	8	326	44
2	Jubbulpore ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	52	3	298	21	...	...	76	9	14	1	351	29
3	Raipur ...	...	...	...	...	1	...	24	4	327	79	...	...	286	50	18	2	525	95
	Total ...	3	...	...	...	7	1	134	16	851	126	50	...	513	81	56	11	1,202	168
4	Saugor ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	43	7	298	43	3	1	27	14	9	3	320	53
5	Bhandara ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	24	...	277	31	...	...	37	4	2	1	293	31
6	Chanda ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15	2	180	36	...	...	56	4	8	2	207	35
7	Wardha ...	...	...	...	...	1	...	15	1	115	18	...	...	6	2	2	2	120	19
8	Balaghat ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	2	103	14	...	...	90	8	2	...	157	17
9	Sironcha ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	29	5	...	...	8	2	2	3	31	4
10	Damoh ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16	2	95	15	7	...	37	3	2	...	131	17
11	Seoni ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20	4	119	15	3	...	37	4	1	4	139	14
12	Mandla ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	60	5	...	...	150	21	1	5	186	18
13	Chhindwara ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	28	...	90	7	...	...	52	9	5	...	99	16
14	Betul ...	...	...	...	...	1	...	12	...	80	7	...	...	79	11	4	...	155	14
15	Hoshangabad ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	30	6	312	18	...	...	43	2	8	1	337	23
16	Narsinghpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	30	1	171	22	...	...	85	8	7	1	231	23
17	Nimar ...	...	...	...	...	1	...	45	3	123	7	...	...	90	10	7	...	230	16
18	Sambalpur ...	...	...	...	...	1	...	7	1	441	62	...	...	9	...	12	7	363	43
19	Silaspur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	1	251	18	...	...	51	7	...	1	249	20
	Total ...	...	...	...	...	4	...	315	30	2,751	323	13	1	857	109	72	30	3,248	363
	Grand total ...	3	...	...	...	11	1	449	46	3,602	449	63	1	1,370	190	128	41	4,450	531

NOTE.—Age means the age on the 31st

N. B.—A détail should be given at the foot of this Statement showing

Detail of Religions included in column 3. E.—Baiga, Basdeva, Belder, Berta, Bharia, Bhil, Bhownia, Bhumia, Bhunjara, Binjhwar, Mang, Mawari, Mehera, Mogia, Nat, Ojha, Padka,

2.—(Judicial.)

admitted into the Jails and subsidiary Jails of the Central Provinces during the year 1884.

5														6			
Previous occupation.																	
C.		D.		Males.						Females.							
				A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K			
40 to 60.		Above 60.		Persons employed under Government or Municipal or other Local authorities.	Professional persons.	Persons in service or performing personal offices.	Persons engaged in agriculture and with animals.	Persons engaged in commerce and trade.	Persons employed in mechanical arts, manufactures, and engineering operations, &c.	Miscellaneous persons not classed otherwise.	Married.	Unmarried.	Widows.	Prostitutes.	Total.			
M	F	M	F												M	F	Total.	Serial Number.
141	6	2	...	10	...	67	157	36	89	134	29	4	24	1	493	58	551	1
59	2	3	1	12	...	42	129	24	46	174	14	1	18	...	427	33	460	2
90	36	5	...	21	3	34	505	18	44	13	114	6	11	2	638	133	771	3
290	44	10	1	43	3	143	791	78	179	321	157	11	53	3	1,558	224	1,782	
36	9	6	...	16	...	31	187	46	24	67	50	4	5	6	371	65	436	4
42	3	1	...	3	...	102	85	1	93	54	24	...	11	...	338	35	373	5
35	4	1	1	7	...	37	87	20	53	47	25	4	13	...	251	42	293	6
15	...	...	...	4	3	80	27	3	4	7	17	3	1	...	137	21	158	7
42	6	2	1	6	36	22	98	8	...	33	15	3	6	...	203	24	227	8
3	...	1	...	...	...	...	28	—	...	9	6	1	..	...	37	7	44	9
20	2	2	1	4	...	5	62	9	21	54	15	...	5	...	155	20	175	10
39	5	...	...	2	...	11	89	11	11	55	15	3	5	...	179	23	202	11
25	3	2	...	6	...	3	148	16	...	41	18	6	2	...	214	26	240	12
42	...	30	...	10	...	20	88	16	12	30	9	...	6	1	176	16	192	13
12	4	2	...	9	4	28	99	13	3	17	11	1	6	...	173	18	191	14
46	2	...	...	8	33	2	290	18	22	18	20	1	5	...	391	26	417	15
44	7	4	...	6	...	68	131	12	31	38	19	...	12	...	286	31	317	16
19	4	3	...	6	12	10	57	23	7	144	6	...	10	4	259	20	279	17
80	12	3	1	2	133	11	182	...	6	124	25	7	22	9	458	63	521	18
61	5	2	...	4	5	11	256	1	4	31	17	1	8	...	312	26	338	19
561	66	59	4	93	236	450	1,914	197	291	769	292	34	117	20	3,940	463	4,403	
851	110	69	5	136	229	593	2,705	275	470	1,090	449	45	170	23	5,498	687	6,185	

December of the year for which the statement is prepared.
what Religions are included under the head "all other classes," column 3, E.
Binora, Chamar, Chaudar, Dom, Godaria, Gond, Hullea, Hurbola, Kamar, Keer, Khanjar, Khond, Kirar, Kole, Kolom, Kori, Korkoo, Panka, Pardhan, Pasi, Pathari, Rajhar, Sunker.

Showing the convicts admitted in the Jails and subsidiary Jails of the Central Provinces during the year 1884,

1	2	3	4									
			Numbers according to									
			A.		B.		C.		D		E	
Serial Number.	Jails.	Nature of imprisonment of those admitted as explained at foot.	Not exceeding one month		Above one and not exceeding three months.		Above three months and not exceeding six months.		Above six months and not exceeding one year.		Above one year and not exceeding two years.	
			M	F	M	F	M	M	F	M	F	F
1	Nagpur	A	6	7	3	3	...	1	...	...	...	...
		B	126	27	111	9	95	5	32	3	23	1
		C	...	...	1	...	12	...	9	...	11	...
		D	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	...	4	...
	Total admissions ...		132	34	115	12	110	6	44	3	38	1
	Total remaining on 31st December 1884 ...		16	1	16	2	26	7	138	5	115	16
2	Jubbulpore	A	13	2	12	1	1	...	1	...	...	...
		B	132	9	99	13	78	2	26	1	16	...
		C	1	2	...	1	5	...	5	...	14	...
		D	...	...	...	...	3	...	1	...	2	...
	Total admissions ...		146	13	111	15	87	2	33	1	32	...
	Total remaining on 31st December 1884 ...		7	2	16	2	41	...	63	6	158	8
3	Raipur	A	8	2	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	...
		B	186	77	188	33	110	14	11	2	17	...
		C	...	...	...	...	52	...	25	1	13	...
		D	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	3	...
	Total admissions ...		194	79	191	36	162	14	38	3	33	...
	Total remaining on 31st December 1884 ...		17	10	38	3	60	3	41	2	108	3
	Grand Total admissions Central Jails ...		472	126	417	63	359	22	115	7	103	1
	Total remaining on 31st December 1884 ...		40	13	70	7	127	10	242	13	381	27
4	Saugor	A	...	4	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		B	96	21	101	22	67	6	39	11	7	1
		C	...	...	...	...	14	...	9	...	5	...
		D	...	...	...	...	2	...	1	...	1	...
	Total admissions ...		96	25	104	22	83	6	49	11	13	1
	Total remaining on 31st December 1884 ...		4	1	28	2	32	2	23	7	1	1
5	Bhandara	A	9	3	2	...	1	1	1	...	...	...
		B	96	16	96	8	60	4	24	...	15	1
		C	...	...	...	...	8	1	8	...	2	...
		D	...	...	...	...	3	...	1	..	2	...
	Total admissions ...		105	19	98	8	72	6	34	...	19	1
	Total remaining on 31st December 1884 ...		9	1	34	3	33	2	24	...	13	...
6	Chanda	A	8	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		B	116	15	52	13	26	3	10	1	1	2
		C	...	...	...	...	3	...	6	...	5	...
		D	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total admissions ...		124	21	52	13	29	3	16	1	6	2
	Total remaining on 31st December 1884 ...		11	2	8	...	12	1	3	...	1	...

A. Prisoners sentenced
B. Prisoners sentenced
C. Prisoners sentenced
D. Prisoners sentenced
† Classes A. B. C. D.

and those remaining on the 31st December of that year according to the nature and length of sentences.

length of sentences.															
F. Above two years and not exceeding five years.		G. Above five years and not exceeding ten years.		H. Exceeding ten years.		I. Sentenced to transportation beyond seas. A. For life.		I. Sentenced to transportation beyond seas. B. For a term.		J. Sentenced to death.		Total.		
M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	Total.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	11	20
31	2	1	...	1	...	3	...	3	...	..	..	429	47	473
5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	40	...	40
7	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18	...	18
43	2	2	...	1	...	3	...	3	...	2	...	493	58	551
131	6	148	6	4	...	65	2	14	1	...	...	673	46	719
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27	3	30
7	1	1	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	361	27	388
3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	30	3	33
3	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	9	...	9
13	1	1	...	...	..	2	1	...	...	2	...	427	33	460
248	12	179	6	16	...	72	6	83	2	...	...	883	44	927
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	18	5	18
4	...	6	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	522	127	649
6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	96	1	97
2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	...	7
12	...	6	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	2	...	638	133	771
174	2	61	1	2	1	5	...	4	...	...	...	510	25	535
68	3	9	...	1	...	5	2	3	...	6	...	1,558	224	1,782
553	20	388	13	22	1	142	8	101	3	...	...	2,066	115	2,181
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	4	7
12	...	2	...	...	...	4	...	1	...	1	...	330	61	391
4	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	34	...	34
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	4
16	...	4	...	...	...	4	...	1	...	1	...	371	65	436
1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	90	13	103
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13	4	17
3	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	...	...	1	...	297	30	327
1	...	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	22	1	23
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	6
4	...	2	...	1	...	2	1	...	...	1	...	338	35	373
2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	115	6	121
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	6	14
3	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	210	35	245
17	1	2	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	33	1	34
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...
20	2	2	...	...	...	1	...	..	...	1	...	251	42	293
2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	38	3	41

to simple imprisonment.
to rigorous imprisonment.
to rigorous imprisonment with solitary confinement.
to rigorous imprisonment with whipping.
should be amalgamated for this total.

1	2	3	4									
			Numbers according to									
			A.		B.		C.		D.		E.	
Serial Number.	Jails.	Nature of imprisonment of those admitted as explained at top.	Not exceeding one month.		Above one and not exceeding three months.		Above three months and not exceeding six months.		Above six months and not exceeding one year		Above one year and not exceeding two years.	
			M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
7	Wardha	A	3	4	1	1	1	...	1	...	...	...
		B	40	6	33	5	18	2	7	1	10	1
		C	...	...	..	...	1	...	4	...	2	...
		D	...	...	...	...	4	...	2	...	2	...
	†Total admissions ...		43	10	34	6	24	2	14	1	14	1
	Total remaining on 31st December 1884 ...		5	...		1	11	1	8	...	4	...
8	Balaghat	A	..	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		B	63	18	72	3	30	...	3	...	7	1
		C	...	...	...	...	11	...	2	...	1	...
		D	...	...	3	...	...	...	1	...	2	...
	†Total admissions ...		63	20	75	3	41	...	6	...	10	1
	Total remaining on 31st December 1884 ...		2	4	20	1	10	...	...	...	...	1
9	Sironcha	A	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		B	10	2	21	4	5	...	...	...	...	...
		C	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		D	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	†Total admissions ...		11	3	21	4	5	..	...	...	...	...
	Total remaining on 31st December 1884 ...		...	...	...	...	3		...	...	...	...
10	Damoh	A	5	2	2	...	...	1	...	...	...	...
		B	29	3	43	8	36	5	8	...	5	1
		C	...	...	...	...	4	...	1	...	3	...
		D	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	3	...
	†Total admissions ...		34	5	45	8	41	6	9	...	11	1
	Total remaining on 31st December1884 ...		6	...	8	1	15	2	6	...	2	...
11	Seoni	A	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		B	53	15	44	2	32	4	9	2	10	...
		C	..	...	6	...	3	...	4	...	3	...
		D	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
	†Total admissions ...		54	15	50	2	36	4	13	2	13	...
	Total remaining on 31st December 1884 ...		5	2	6	...	11	1	8	...	3	...
12	Mandla	A	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		B	61	15	80	7	40	2	9	...	1	1
		C	...	...	...	...	2	...	1	...	4	...
		D	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	†Total admissions ..		62	16	80	7	42	2	10	...	5	1
	Total remaining on 31st December 1884 ...		5	...	11	3	16	1	4	...	3	1
13	Chhindwara	A	4	...	1	1	9	...	...	...	...	...
		B	62	5	41	4	20	6	21	...	9	...
		C	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...
		D	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...
	†Total remissions ...		66	5	42	5	30	6	22	...	10	...
	Total remaining on 31st December 1884 ..		5	...	5	1	36	1	9	...	2	...

A. Prisoners sentenced
B. Prisoners sentenced
C. Prisoners sentenced
D. Prisoners sentenced
† Classes A. B. C. D.

															5
length of sentence.															
F		G		H		I				J					
Above two years and not exceeding five years.		Above five years and not exceeding ten years.		Exceeding ten years.		Sentenced to transportation beyond seas.				Sentenced to death.		Total.			
						A		B							
						For life.		For a term.							
M	F	M	F	M	F	M	M	F	M	M	F	M	F	M	
...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	5	11	
1	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	110	16	126	
5	...	1	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	13	...	13	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	...	8	
6	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	137	21	158	
1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	32	3	35	
...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	
...	...	1	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	1	...	179	22	201	
4	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	18	...	18	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	6	
4	...	1	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	1	...	203	24	227	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	32	6	38	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	2	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	36	6	42	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	37	7	44	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	3	10	
8	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	133	17	150	
3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	..	11	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	4	
11	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	155	20	175	
1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	38	3	41	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	
5	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	2	161	23	184	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16	...	16	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	
5	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	..	2	179	23	202	
1	..	...	..	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	35	3	38	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	2	
6	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	199	25	224	
4	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	14	...	14	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
10	...	3	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	214	26	240	
3	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	45	5	50	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14	1	15	
4	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	159	15	174	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	1	...	1	
4	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	176	16	192	
1	...	1	...	...	...	...	..	...	..	...	...	59	2	61	

to simple imprisonment.
to rigorous imprisonment.
o rigorous imprisonment with solitary confinement.
) rigorous imprisonment with whipping.
ould be amalgamated for this total.

1	2	3	Number according to									
			A		B		C		D		E	
Serial Number	Jails.	Nature of imprisonment of those admitted as explained at foot.	Not exceeding one month		Above one and not exceeding three months.		Above three months and not exceeding six months.		Above six months and not exceeding one year.		Above one year and not exceeding two years.	
			M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
14	Petul	A	3	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
		B	43	7	46	7	35	3	12	...	13	...
		C	...	...	...	...	2	...	1	...	...	...
		D	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	†Total admissions ...		46	7	47	8	37	3	13	...	13	...
	Total remaining on 31st December 1884 ...		5	3	8	2	14	2	9	...	4	...
15	Hoshangabad	A	10	2	15	1	4	...	1	...	...	...
		B	48	4	113	5	87	10	23	2	13	1
		C	...	...	...	...	12	...	6	...	6	...
		D	...	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	2	...
	†Total admissions ...		58	6	128	6	108	10	30	2	21	1
	Total remaining on 31st December 1884 ...		2	...	28	3	26	3	15	2	8	...
16	Narsinghpur	A	6	1	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...
		B	75	11	58	6	59	3	50	3	10	...
		C	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	6	...
		D	...	...	...	...	1	...	2	...	1	...
	†Total admissions ...		81	12	58	9	51	3	53	3	17	...
	Total remaining on 31st December 1884 ...		1	1	12	2	20	1	28	1	8	...
17	Nimar	A	11	3	1	1	4	...	...	...	...	...
		B	68	4	37	6	60	2	10	...	9	1
		C	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	...
		D	1	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	1	...
	†Total admissions ...		80	7	38	7	64	2	13	...	17	1
	Total remaining on 31st December 1884 ...		2	...	14	...	25	1	7	...	4	...
18	Sambalpur	A	13	6	5	..	...	...	..	...	...	...
		B	104	25	147	22	83	5	35	3	9	1
		C	...	...	1	...	6	...	9	...	5	...
		D	...	...	3	...	9	...	6	...	3	...
	†Total admissions ...		117	31	156	22	98	5	50	3	17	1
	Total remaining on 31st December 1884 ...		25	2	31	4	32	3	26	3	3	1
19	Bilaspur	A	6	1	5	...	...	1	...	...	..	...
		B	64	12	78	9	89	2	28	...	8	...
		C	...	...	1	..	1	...	5	...	5	1
		D	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	2	...
	†Total admissions ...		70	13	84	9	91	3	33	...	15	1
	Total remaining on 31st December 1884 ...		2	1	6	1	26	1	9	...	5	...
Total District Jails	Total admissions ...		1,110	215	1,112	139	852	61	365	23	201	12
	Total remaining on 31st December 1884 ...		87	17	222	24	325	22	179	13	61	4
Grand Total.	Total admissions ...		1,582	341	1,529	202	1,211	88	480	30	304	13
	Total remaining on 31st December 1884 ...		129	30	292	31	452	32	421	26	442	31

A. Prisoners sentenced
B. Prisoners sentenced
C. Prisoners sentenced
D. Prisoners sentenced
†Classes A. B. C. D.

3.—Judicial)—(for convicts only.)—Continued.

													5		
length of sentence.															
F		G		H		I				J					
Above two years and not exceeding five years.		Above five years and not exceeding ten years.		Exceeding ten years.		Sentenced to transportation beyond seas.				Sentenced to death.		Total.			
						A		B							
						For life.		For a term.							
M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	Total.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	1	5	
13	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	166	17	183	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
13	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	173	18	191	
1	...	1	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	44	7	51	
...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	30	3	33	
31	...	5	...	3	...	4	1	...	...	...	...	327	23	350	
3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27	...	27	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	...	7	
34	...	5	...	3	...	4	1	...	...	...	...	391	26	417	
5	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	86	8	94	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	4	10	
15	3	5	...	...	...	1	...	5	...	...	...	269	26	295	
...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	1	8	
...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	4	
15	4	5	...	...	...	1	...	5	...	...	...	286	31	317	
7	2	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	76	7	83	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16	4	20	
20	3	11	...	...	...	...	...	12	...	1	...	228	16	244	
3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	...	10	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	5	
23	3	11	...	...	...	...	...	12	...	1	...	259	20	279	
...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	59	1	60	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18	6	24	
6	1	1	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	1	...	389	57	446	
3	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25	...	25	
5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	26	...	26	
14	1	2	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	458	63	521	
4	2	...	..	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	122	15	137	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	2	13	
12	...	3	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	283	23	306	
2	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15	1	16	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	
14	...	4	..	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	312	26	338	
1	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	51	3	54	
193	11	46	...	4	...	30	2	18	...	9	...	3,949	463	4,403	
30	5	14	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	1	...	925	85	1,010	
261	14	55	...	5	...	35	4	21	...	15	...	5,498	687	6,185	
583	25	402	13	22	1	146	8	101	3	1	...	2,991	200	3,191	

to simple imprisonment.
to rigorous imprisonment.
to rigorous imprisonment with solitary confinement.
to rigorous imprisonment with whipping.
should be amalgamated for this total.

C.—Prisons 4.—(Judicial.)

Showing the convicts admitted in the Jails and subsidiary Jails during the year 1884, who had been previously convicted.

1	2	3			4*									5			6						
Serial Number.	Jails.	Number admitted during the year.			Number previously convicted.									Ratio of column 4 D. to column 3.			Juvenile prisoners under 16 years of age (Section 399 of the Criminal Procedure Code.)						Serial Number.
					A		B		C		D						A			B			
					Once.		Twice.		More than twice.		Total.						Number admitted during the year.			Number previously convicted.			
		M	F	Total.	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	M	F	Total.	
1	Nagpur ...	493	58	551	53	...	2	...	20	1	94	1	95	19·08	1·73	17·24	24	8	32	3	...	3	1
2	Jubbulpore ...	427	33	460	23	2	1	...	7	...	43	2	45	10·07	6·06	9·78	14	1	15	1	...	1	2
3	Raipur ...	638	133	771	63	2	1	...	8	...	84	2	86	13·16	1·50	11·15	18	2	20	...	...	...	3
	Total ...	1,558	224	1,782	139	4	47	...	35	1	221	5	226	14·18	2·23	12·68	56	11	67	4	...	4	
4	Saugor ...	371	65	436	22	5	4	...	8	1	34	6	40	9·16	9·23	9·17	9	3	12	...	...	...	4
5	Bhaudara ...	338	35	373	19	1	3	...	6	...	22	1	23	6·51	2·86	6·16	...	...	...	...	...	...	5
6	Chanda ...	251	42	293	35	1	5	1	6	...	46	2	48	18·33	4·76	16·38	8	2	10	1	...	1	6
7	Wardha ...	137	21	158	11	1	5	...	3	...	19	1	20	13·86	4·76	12·65	2	2	4	...	...	...	7
8	Balaghat ...	203	24	227	13	...	6	1	3	...	22	1	23	10·84	4·17	10·13	2	...	2	...	...	...	8
9	Sironcha ...	37	7	44	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	14·28	2·27	...	1	1	...	...	...	9
10	Damoh ...	155	20	175	15	...	3	...	4	1	22	1	23	14·19	5·00	13·14	2	...	2	...	...	...	10
11	Seoni ...	179	23	202	17	2	3	...	3	...	23	2	25	12·85	8·69	12·37	1	4	5	...	...	...	11
12	Mandla ...	214	26	240	8	1	6	...	4	...	18	1	19	8·41	3·85	7·91	1	5	6	...	...	...	12
13	Chhindwara ...	176	16	192	14	1	2	...	1	...	17	1	18	9·65	6·25	9·37	5	...	5	...	...	...	13
14	Betul ...	173	18	191	17	1	...	...	3	...	20	1	21	11·56	5·55	10·99	4	...	4	...	...	...	14
15	Hoshangabad ...	391	26	417	10	...	3	1	1	...	14	1	15	3·58	3·85	3·59	8	1	9	2	...	2	15
16	Narsinghpur ...	286	31	317	30	4	12	1	4	...	46	5	51	16·08	16·13	16·08	7	1	8	1	...	1	16
17	Nimar ...	239	20	259	16	...	8	...	3	...	27	...	27	10·42	...	9·68	7	...	7	...	...	...	17
18	Sambalpur ...	458	63	521	29	3	5	...	...	...	34	3	37	7·42	4·76	7·10	11	7	18	1	...	1	18
19	Bilaspur ...	312	26	338	13	...	5	2	3	...	21	2	23	6·73	7·69	6·80	...	1	1	...	...	...	19
	Total ...	3,940	463	4,403	263	21	70	6	52	2	385	29	414	9·77	6·26	9·40	67	27	94	5	...	5	
	Grand Total ...	5,498	687	6,185	402	25	117	6	87	3	606	34	640	11·02	4·94	10·35	123	38	161	9	...	9	

* Column 4 should include figures under column 6.

C.—Prisons 6.—(Judicial.)

Showing the offences committed by the convicts and the punishments inflicted on them in the Jails and subsidiary Jails of the Central Provinces during the year 1881.

1	2	3		4		5						6												7	8	
						Breaches of Jail Rules.						Punishments inflicted.														
												A.		B—By Jail Officers.								C.			
														A.		B.		C.		D.	E.				
Serial Number.	Jails.	Average number of convicts.		Criminal offences.		Smoking or having possession of forbidden articles.		Offences relating to work.		Other offences against prison discipline.		By Criminal Courts.		Solitary confinement.		Reduced diet.		Solitary confinement with reduced diet.		Corporal punishment.	Other punishment.		Total punishments.	Ratio of column 3 to column 6 C.	Ratio of column 6 C. to the total number of other Jail punishments inflicted on male prisoners.	Serial Number.
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.			F.	M.			
1	Nagpur ...	636·27	44·03	1	...	47	...	390	...	130	...	1	...	2	...	237	...	157	..	125	46	...	568	83·35	28·09	1
2	Jubbulpore ...	940·46	46·24	4	...	75	...	347	3	196	2	1	...	24	...	65	2	45	1	68	41	2	624	63·24	12·38	2
3	Raipur ...	559·67	35·56	3	...	41	...	212	...	191	2	3	...	...	...	238	2	14	...	33	16	...	452	75·89	7·91	3
	Total ...	2136·40	126·13	8	...	163	...	949	3	520	4	5	...	26	...	540	4	216	1	226	64	2	1,644	72·65	16·08	
4	Sangor ...	90·64	9·41	1	...	11	...	14	...	13	...	1	...	6	...	8	...	9	...	15	...	...	39	38·98	62·5	4.
5	Bhandara ...	61·59	4·84	2	...	6	...	3	...	5	...	2	...	1	...	16	...	3	...	...	...	...	16	24·08	.....	5
6	Chanda ...	31·91	5·37	1	...	15	...	22	...	14	5	1	...	7	2	23	1	6	...	3	12	2	57	141·51	6·25	6
7	Wardha ...	26·60	2·75	1	..	2	...	20	3	2	...	1	...	...	...	4	3	3	..	17	...	...	28	95·40	47·05	7
8	Balaghat ...	37·70	2·23	...	...	4	...	3	...	18	4	...	...	...	...	12	4	5	...	7	...	...	29	72·63	38·89	8
9	Sironcha ...	7·01	1·17	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	21·44	.....	9
10	Damoh ...	31·27	5·56	..	...	...	...	14	1	28	4	...	...	...	...	26	4	3	1	13	...	...	47	127·61	44·82	10
11	Seoni ...	54·58	5·38	...	...	...	...	1	...	10	1	...	...	7	1	...	...	...	...	4	...	..	12	19·91	57·14	11
12	Mandla ...	42·70	3·21	...	...	1	...	2	...	9	...	..	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	1	5	...	12	26·14	9·09	12
13	Chhindwara ...	31·17	2·91	...	...	4	...	3	...	4	...	...	...	2	...	7	...	...	...	2	...	...	11	32·24	22·22	13
14	Betul ...	47·42	1·79	...	..	4	...	48	2	10	...	...	...	4	2	21	...	18	...	19	...	...	64	125·99	45·23	14
15	Hoshangabad ...	106·59	7·88	2	...	10	...	33	3	18	5	2	...	21	2	8	6	5	...	27	...	...	71	61·15	75·00	15
16	Narsinghpur ...	70·10	4·97	1	...	5	...	4	...	7	...	1	...	2	...	5	...	2	..	7	...	...	17	22·55	54·54	16
17	Nimar ...	61·25	2·75	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	3	4·68	.....	17
18	Sambalpur ...	133·22	11·50	1	...	6	...	59	6	10	...	1	...	...	...	69	6	1	..	5	...	...	82	56·66	7·01	18
19	Bilaspur ...	77·10	5·14	...	..	...	...	59	5	4	1	...	...	1	...	57	6	...	...	6	...	...	69	83·58	8·62	19
	Total ...	914·76	76·89	9	...	68	...	288	20	154	20	9	...	54	7	256	30	55	1	128	17	2	559	56·37	32·39	
	Grand Total ...	3051·16	203·02	14	...	231	...	1,237	23	674	24	14	...	80	7	796	34	271	2	354	641	4	2,203	67·69	19·57	

C.—Prisons 7.—(Judicial.)

Showing the state of education of convicts imprisoned in and released from the Jails and subsidiary Jails of the Central Provinces for the year 1884.

1	2	3		4						5		6		7		8						9						
Serial Number.	Jails.	Number imprisoned during the year.		Of those in column 3 there were						Daily average number of convicts.		Daily average number under instruction.		Number released during the year who had been under instruction in jail.		Of those in column 7 there were when they entered jail						Of those in column 7 there were when they left jail						Serial Number.
				Unable to read or write.		Able to read or write a little.		Able to read or write well.								Unable to read and write.		Able to read and write a little.		Able to read and write well.		Unable to read and write.		Able to read and write a little.		Able to read and write well.		
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	
1	Nagpur ...	493	58	428	58	33	...	32	...	636·27	44·03	13·15	...	24	6	20	6	2	..	2	...	20	6	3	...	1	...	1
2	Jubbulpore ...	427	33	377	33	22	...	28	...	940·46	46·24	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	2
3	Raipur ...	638	133	626	133	4	...	8	...	559·67	35·89	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3
	Total ...	1,558	224	1,431	224	59	...	68	...	2136·40	126·13	13·15	...	24	6	20	6	2	...	2	...	20	6	3	...	1	...	
4	Saugor ...	371	65	340	65	21	..	10	...	90·64	9·41	...	...	...	...	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4
5	Bhaudara ...	338	35	335	35	3	...	...	...	61·59	4·84	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5
6	Chanda ...	251	42	246	42	3	...	2	...	34·91	5·37	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6
7	Wardha ..	137	21	132	21	2	...	3	...	26·60	2·75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7
8	Balaghat ...	203	24	200	24	2	...	1	...	37·70	2·23	...	..	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8
9	Sironcha ...	37	7	37	7	..	...	...	...	7·01	1·17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9
10	Damoh ...	155	20	148	20	6	...	1	...	31·27	5·56	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10
11	Seoni ...	179	23	164	23	14	...	1	...	54·88	5·38	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	11
12	Mandla ...	214	26	205	26	4	...	5	...	42·70	3·21	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12
13	Chhindwara ...	176	16	170	16	3	...	3	..	31·17	2·94	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13
14	Betul ...	173	18	151	18	13	...	9	...	47·42	1·79	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14
15	Hoshangabad ...	391	26	384	26	4	...	3	...	106·59	7·88	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15
16	Narsinghpur ...	286	31	270	31	10	...	6	...	70·41	4·97	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16
17	Nimar ..	259	20	232	20	21	...	6	...	61·25	2·75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17
18	Sambalpur ...	458	63	457	63	...	...	1	...	133·22	11·50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18
19	Bilaspur ...	312	26	305	26	3	...	4	...	77·40	5·14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19
	Total ...	3,910	463	3,776	463	109	...	55	...	914·76	76·89	...	...	24	6	20	6	2	..	2	...	20	6	3	...	1	...	
	Grand Total ..	5,498	687	5,207	687	168	...	123	...	3051·16	203·02	13·15	...	24	6	20	6	2	...	2	...	20	6	3	...	1	...	

C.—Prisons 10.—(Financial.)

Showing the Expenditure in guarding and maintaining the Prisoners in the Jails and subsidiary Jails of the Central Provinces during the year 1884, excluding the cost of building new Jails, of additions, alterations or repairs.

1	2	3				4		5		6		7			8		9		10	11	12
		Average number of prisoners.				Rations.		Establishment.		Police Guard.		Hospital charges.			Clothing.		Contingencies.				
						A.	B.	A.	B.	A.	B.	A.	B.	C.	A.	B.	A.	B.			
Serial Number.	Jails.	Convicts.	Under trial.	Civil.	Total.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength excluding Civil prisoners.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.	Cost per head of average number sick.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.	Grand Total expended.	Total cost per head of average strength.	/ Serial Number.
						Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	
1	Nagpur ...	680·30	8·52	7·32	696·14	13,042	18 14 1	18,209	26 3 11	4,275	6 2 3	3,331	4 14 4	95 14 1	2,814	4 2 2	4,866	6 15 10	46,597	66 15 0	1
2	Jubbulpore ...	986·70	7·69	3·45	997·84	19,910	20 0 4	10,835	10 13 8	6,261	6 4 2	714	0 11 6	23 11 10	2,965	3 0 3	5,686	5 9 10	46,271	46 5 11	2
3	Raipur ...	595·53	7·93	2·53	606·04	9,929	16 7 3	9,043	14 14 9	1,536	2 8 7	1,038	1 12 10	48 6 4	1,411	2 5 11	3,544	5 13 8	26,351	43 12 11	3
	Total ...	2262·53	24·14	13·35	2300·02	42,881	18 12 0	38,147	16 9 4	12,072	5 3 11	5,133	2 3 8	58 10 10	7,190	3 2 10	13,996	6 1 4	1,19,419	51 14 8	
4	Saugor ...	103·05	5·68	1·03	106·76	1,569	14 13 5	3,354	31 6 8	1,128	10 9 1	112	1 0 9	68 11 4	339	3 6 2	405	4 0 9	6,907	64 12 7	4
5	Bhandara ...	66·43	4·11	2·08	72·62	1,127	15 15 2	1,292	17 12 8	507	6 15 8	3	0 0 8	3 5 11	63	0 15 0	546	7 8 4	3,538	48 11 6	5
6	Chanda ...	40·28	4·04	2·51	46·83	362	8 2 8	1,823	38 14 10	660	14 1 5	84	1 14 4	47 7 4	209	5 3 0	417	8 14 6	3,535	75 14 7	6
7	Wardha ...	29·35	3·66	2·49	35·50	678	20 8 7	1,928	54 4 11	576	16 3 7	14	0 7 7	56 0 0	159	5 1 9	1,025	28 8 6	4,371	123 2 0	7
8	Balaghat ...	39·93	4·03	0·52	44·48	590	13 6 9	1,335	30 0 2	558	12 8 8	52	1 2 11	91 3 8	116	2 14 6	167	3 12 1	2,818	63 5 8	8
9	Sironcha ...	8·18	2·09	...	10·27	221	21 8 3	408	39 11 7	...	.....	35	3 6 6	120 11 0	25	2 6 11	165	16 1 0	854	83 2 5	9
10	Damoh ...	36·83	2·39	0·63	39·85	524	13 6 0	2,009	50 6 7	576	14 7 3	64	1 10 1	52 0 6	163	4 2 6	170	4 4 3	3,506	87 15 8	10
11	Seoni ...	64·26	3·21	0·31	68·78	1,011	14 12 2	2,404	34 15 3	676	9 13 3	50	0 13 3	12 1 2	44	0 11 8	325	4 11 7	4,510	65 9 1	11
12	Mandla ...	45·91	1·42	0·09	47·42	816	17 3 10	1,851	39 0 7	584	12 5 1	79	1 10 8	136 3 4	117	2 8 9	322	6 12 7	3,769	79 4 4	12
13	Chhindwara ...	34·11	2·59	2·44	39·14	600	17 15 8	1,384	35 5 9	730	18 10 0	48	1 6 6	49 7 9	21	0 9 7	297	7 9 4	3,140	77 10 8	13
14	Betul ...	49·21	3·23	0·52	52·96	1,009	20 14 4	1,892	35 11 7	816	15 6 6	68	1 6 1	40 7 6	355	7 3 5	456	8 9 9	4,633	88 7 3	14
15	Hoshangabad ...	114·47	7·85	7·98	130·30	1,921	15 11 3	2,833	21 11 10	...	.....	90	0 12 6	61 3 7	535	4 5 11	563	4 5 1	5,942	45 9 7	15
16	Narsinghpur ...	75·38	4·09	4·60	84·07	1,050	13 3 4	1,880	22 5 9	660	7 13 7	37	0 7 5	142 4 11	197	2 9 9	464	5 8 3	4,288	51 0 1	16
17	Nimar ...	64·00	8·51	3·11	75·92	1,665	22 15 4	2,249	29 9 11	672	8 13 7	17	0 4 8	33 5 6	4	0 1 0	508	6 1 1	5,115	67 5 11	17
18	Sambalpur ...	144·72	7·80	2·60	155·12	3,054	20 0 3	2,390	14 13 2	908	5 12 9	363	2 6 1	85 9 9	1,492	10 4 11	1,841	11 13 11	9,949	64 2 2	18
19	Bilaspur ...	82·54	12·25	1·55	96·34	1,106	11 10 9	1,858	19 4 6	477	4 15 2	72	0 12 2	34 15 2	169	2 0 9	144	1 7 1	3,826	39 11 5	19
	Total ...	991·65	81·93	32·76	1106·36	17,449	16 4 1	30,800	27 13 5	9,520	8 9 8	1,188	1 1 8	52 11 8	3,999	4 0 6	7,815	7 1 0	70,771	63 15 5	
	Grand Total ...	3254 18	106·09	46·11	3406·38	60,330	17 15 3	68,947	20 3 10	21,592	6 5 5	6,321	1 13 8	57 8 3	11,189	3 7 0	21,811	6 6 5	1,90,190	55 13 4	

C.—Prisons 14 —(Vital.)

Showing the net cost of the prisoners in the Jails and subsidiary Jails of the Central Provinces during the year 1884.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Serial Number.	Jails.	Cost of maintenance (column 10, Statement No. X.)	Average cost of maintenance per head (column, 11, Statement X.)	Total cash earnings (column 11 of Statement XIII.)	Average cash earnings per head of average strength.	Net cost to Government (column 3 minus column 5.)	Average net cost per head of average strength (column 4 minus column 6.)	Serial Number.	Remarks.
		Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.	Rs. A.		
1	Nagpur	46,597 0	66 15	20,657 10	29 10	25,939 6	37 5	1	
2	Jubbulpore	46,271 0	46 5	22,355 2	22 6	23,915 14	23 15	2	
3	Raipur	26,551 0	43 13	8,428 2	13 15	18,122 14	29 14	3	
	Total ...	1,19,419 0	51 14	51,440 14	22 6	67,978 2	29 8		
4	Sangor	6,907 0	64 12	1,511 8	14 2	5,395 8	50 10	4	
5	Bhandara	3,538 0	48 11	.....	.....	3,538 0	48 11	5	
6	Chanda	3,555 0	75 14	901 7	19 4	2,653 9	56 10	6	
7	Wardha	4,371 0	123 2	471 3	13 4	3,899 13	109 14	7	
8	Balaghat	2,818 0	63 5	823 11	18 8	1,994 5	44 13	8	
9	Sironcha	854 0	83 2	.....	.....	854 0	83 2	9	
10	Damoh	3,506 0	87 15	369 12	9 4	3,136 4	78 11	10	
11	Seoni	4,510 0	65 9	1,375 8	20 0	3,134 8	45 9	11	
12	Mandla	3,769 0	79 4	506 0	10 10	3,263 0	68 10	12	
13	Chhindwara	3,140 0	77 10	.....	.....	3,140 0	77 10	13	
14	Betul	4,683 0	88 7	497 15	9 6	4,185 1	79 1	14	
15	Hoshangabad	5,942 0	45 9	1,073 0	8 3	4,869 0	37 6	15	
16	Narsinghpur	4,288 0	51 0	545 12	6 8	3,742 4	44 8	16	
17	Nimar	5,115 0	67 5	566 13	7 7	4,548 3	59 14	17	
18	Sambalpur	9,940 0	64 2	175 11	1 2	9,773 5	63 0	18	
19	Bilaspur	3,826 0	39 11	887 0	9 3	2,939 0	30 8	19	
	Total ...	70,771 0	63 15	9,705 4	7 12	61,065 12	56 3		
				—643 12	Loss at Bhandara.				
				—492 1	Do. Chhindwara.				
	Grand total ...	1,90,190 0	55 13	Balance 8,569 7		1,29,043 14	38 3		
				61,146 2					
				—643 12	Loss at Bhandara.				
				—492 1	Do. Chhindwara.				
				Balance 60,010 5	17 10				

C.—Prisons 15.—(Vital.)

Showing the sickness and mortality among prisoners of all classes in the Jails and subsidiary Jails of the Central Provinces during the year 1884.

1	2		3			4			5			6		
Serial Number.	Jails.		Number of prisoners that can be accommodated in the parts of the Jails devoted to convicts, under-trials and civil prisoners respectively, but exclusive of hospital and observation cells.			Average daily strength.			Maximum population on any one day.			Number admitted into Hospital.		
			M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
1	Nagpur	Convicts	1,028	102	1,130	636·27	44·03	680·30	648	46	694	926	9	935
		Under trial	20	...	20	8·67	0·45	8·52	13	1	14	...	...	...
		Civil	18	...	18	6·69	0·63	7·32	6	1	7	...	...	...
2	Jubbulpore	Convicts	1,058	88	1,146	940·46	46·24	986·70	993	50	1,043	1,016	48	1,064
		Under trial	16	...	16	7·41	0·28	7·69	28	2	30	...	...	...
		Civil	16	...	16	3·13	0·32	3·45	12	1	13	...	...	...
3	Raipur	Convicts	774	45	819	559·67	35·86	595·53	613	41	654	435	6	441
		Under trial	22	...	22	7·50	0·43	7·93	5	...	5	2	...	2
		Civil	26	...	26	2·25	0·33	2·58	2	...	2	...	...	...
	Total	Convicts	2,860	235	3,095	2136·40	126·13	2262·53	2,254	137	2,391	2,377	63	2,440
		Under trial	58	...	58	22·98	1·16	24·14	46	3	49	2	...	2
		Civil	60	...	60	12·07	1·28	13·35	20	2	22	...	...	...
4	Saugor	Convicts	216	32	247	90·64	9·41	100·05	113	17	130	35	8	43
		Under trial	21	...	21	5·40	0·28	5·68	8	1	9	1	...	1
		Civil	21	...	21	0·87	0·16	1·03	1	1	2	...	...	...
5	Bhandara	Convicts	57	12	69	61·59	4·84	66·43	115	10	125	24	1	25
		Under trial	11	...	11	3·86	0·25	4·11	16	2	18	...	...	...
		Civil	...	...	...	2·03	...	2·05	6	...	6	...	...	...
6	Chanda	Convicts	76	9	85	34·91	5·37	40·28	58	6	64	48	7	55
		Under trial	...	...	...	3·97	0·07	4·04	20	2	22	2	...	2
		Civil	12	...	12	2 51	...	2·51	7	...	7	...	...	...
7	Wardha	Convicts	60	8	68	26·60	2·75	29·35	43	6	49	12	...	12
		Under trial	...	...	...	3·33	0·33	3·66	10	3	13	...	...	...
		Civil	8	...	8	2 49	...	2·49	6	...	6	...	...	...
8	Balaghat	Convicts	54	9	63	37 70	2·23	39·93	61	6	67	24	...	24
		Under trial	9	...	9	3·67	0·36	4·03	12	4	16	...	...	...
		Civil	9	...	9	0·52	...	0·52	5	...	5	...	...	...
9	Sironcha	Convicts	36	6	42	7·01	1·17	8·18	12	3	15	7	1	8
		Under trial	11	...	11	2·02	0·07	2·09	6	2	8	5	1	6
		Civil	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	Damoh	Convicts	76	16	92	31·27	5·56	36·83	49	5	54	15	2	17
		Under trial	10	...	10	2·35	0·04	2·39	8	...	8	2	...	2
		Civil	...	...	...	0·63	...	0·63	3	...	3	...	...	...
11	Seoni	Convicts	114	16	130	54·98	5 38	60·26	78	8	86	117	...	117
		Under trial	18	...	18	8·03	0·18	8 21	15	1	16	...	...	...
		Civil	4	...	4	0·29	0·02	0·31	1	...	1	...	...	...
12	Mandla	Convicts	62	8	70	42·18	3 21	45·91	61	6	67	20	2	22
		Under trial	8	4	12	1·37	0 05	1·42	4	...	4	1	...	1
		Civil	4	4	8	0·09	...	0·09	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	Chhindwara	Convicts	105	10	115	31·17	2·94	34 11	62	2	64	18	1	19
		Under trial	14	...	14	2·44	0 15	2·59	3	...	3	...	...	...
		Civil	6	...	6	2·29	0·15	2·44	2	...	2	...	...	...
14	Betul	Convicts	113	17	130	47·42	1·79	49 21	78	1	79	56	...	56
		Under trial	17	...	17	2·86	0·37	3·23	1	1	2	...	...	...
		Civil	4	...	4	0·39	0·13	0·52	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	Hoshangabad	Convicts	144	19	163	106·59	7·88	114·47	153	9	162	47	3	50
		Under trial	8	...	8	7·41	0·44	7 85	10	...	10	...	...	...
		Civil	10	...	10	4·99	2·99	7 98	7	...	7	...	...	...
16	Narsinghpur	Convicts	130	16	146	70·41	4·97	75·38	101	8	109	6	1	6
		Under trial	8	...	8	3·99	0 10	4·09	5	...	5	..	2	2
		Civil	6	...	6	4·48	0·12	4·60	1	...	1	...	...	...
17	Nimar	Convicts	85	16	101	61·25	2·75	64·00	83	12	95	23	1	24
		Under trial	18	..	18	3·36	0·15	3·51	20	1	21	...	...	...
		Civil	4	..	4	3·16	0·25	3·41	7	1	8	...	...	...
18	Sambalpur	Convicts	123	12	135	133·22	11·50	144·72	166	15	181	103	10	113
		Under trial	6	...	6	6·57	1·23	7·80	11	8	19	4	...	4
		Civil	6	..	6	2·35	0·25	2·60	5	1	6	...	...	...
19	Bilaspur	Convicts	72	16	88	77·40	5·14	82·54	107	13	120	110	2	112
		Under trial	...	...	...	11·05	1·20	12·25	26	4	30	1	...	1
		Civil	4	...	4	1·39	0·16	1·55	4	1	5	...	...	...
	Total	Convicts	1,522	222	1,744	914·76	76 89	991·65	1,340	127	1,467	664	39	703
		Under trial	159	4	163	76·68	5·27	81·95	175	29	204	16	3	19
		Civil	98	4	102	28·53	4·23	32·76	55	4	59	...	..	...
	Grand Total	Convicts	4,382	457	4,839	2952·16	208·02	3254·18	3,594	264	3,858	3,041	102	3,143
		Under trial	217	4	221	99 68	6·43	106·09	221	32	253	18	3	21
		Civil	158	4	162	40 60	5·51	46·11	75	6	81	...	...	...

Serial Number.	Jails.		7			8			9			10		
			Daily average number of sick.			Number of deaths in and out of hospital.			Deaths from fevers.			Deaths from bowel complaints.		
			M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
1	Nagpur	Convicts	33·40	1·34	34·74	35	...	35	4	...	4	11	...	11
		Under trial	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil prisoners	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	Jubbulpore	Convicts	28·57	1·50	30·07	36	2	38	2	...	2	14	...	14
		Under trial	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil prisoners	0·04	0·04	0·08	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	Raipur	Convicts	21·51	0·39	21·90	35	...	35	1	...	1	16	...	16
		Under trial	0·58	...	0·58	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil prisoners	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	Convicts	83·48	3·23	86·71	106	2	108	7	...	7	41	...	41
		Under trial	0·58	...	0·58	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil prisoners	0·04	0·04	0·08	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	Saugor	Convicts	1·33	0·25	1·58	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Under trial	0·04	...	0·04	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil prisoners	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	Bhandara	Convicts	0·83	0·06	0·89	3	...	3	1	...	1	1	...	1
		Under trial	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil prisoners	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	Chanda	Convicts	1·57	0·15	1·72	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Under trial	0·05	...	0·05	1	...	1	..	..	...	...	...	...
		Civil prisoners	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7	Wardha	Convicts	0·25	...	0·25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Under trial	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil prisoners	...	..	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8	Balaghat	Convicts	0·57	..	0·57	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Under trial	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil prisoners	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9	Sironcha	Convicts	0·16	0·01	0·17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Under trial	0·11	0·01	0·12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil prisoners	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	Damoh	Convicts	0·84	0·09	0·93	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Under trial	0·30	...	0·30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil prisoners	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11	Seoni	Convicts	4·14	...	4·14	2	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	2
		Under trial	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil prisoners	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12	Mandla	Convicts	0·54	0·02	0·56	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Under trial	0·02	...	0·02	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil prisoners	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	Chhindwara	Convicts	0·84	0·13	0·97	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Under trial	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil prisoners	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14	Betul	Convicts	1·68	..	1·68	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1
		Under trial	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil prisoners	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	Hoshangabad	Convicts	1·39	0·08	1·47	4	...	4	...	...	...	2	...	2
		Under trial	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil prisoners	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
16	Narsinghpur	Convicts	0·15	0·10	0·25	2	1	3	2	...	2	...	...	...
		Under trial	...	0·01	0·01	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil prisoners	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17	Nimar	Convicts	0·49	0·02	0·51	5	.	5	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Under trial	...	..	..	..	..	...	...	..	...	...	...	...
		Civil prisoners	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18	Sambalpur	Convicts	3·85	0·22	4·07	9	...	9	3	...	3	5	...	5
		Under trial	0·17	...	0·17	2	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil prisoners	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19	Bilaspur	Convicts	2·03	0·03	2·06	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Under trial	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil prisoners	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	Convicts	20·66	1·16	21·82	29	1	30	6	...	6	11	...	11
		Under trial	0·69	0·02	0·71	5	2	7	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil prisoners	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Grand Total	Convicts	104·14	4·39	108·53	135	3	138	13	...	13	52	...	52
		Under trial	1·27	0·02	1·29	5	2	7	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil prisoners	0·04	0·04	0·08	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

15 (Vital).—(Continued.)

11			12															13
			Ratio per mille of average strength															
			A			B			C			D			E			
Deaths from cholera.			Of admissions into hospital.			Of daily average number sick.			Of deaths from cholera.			Of deaths from other causes.			Of deaths from all causes both in and out of hospital.			Serial Number.
M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	
...	...	...	1455·36	204·40	1374·39	52·49	30·43	51·07	...	...	...	55·00	...	51·44	55·00	...	51·44	1
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	1080·32	1038·06	107·83	30 38	32·44	30·47	...	...	...	38·28	43·25	38·51	38·28	43·25	38·51	2
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	777·24	167·32	740·52	38·43	10·88	36·77	...	...	...	62·54	...	58·77	62·54	...	58·77	3
...	...	...	266·66	...	252·21	77·38	...	73·14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	..	1112·15	499·48	1078·43	39·07	25·52	38·32	...	...	...	49·61	15·85	47·73	49·61	15·85	47·73	
...	...	...	87·08	...	82·80	25 23	...	24·02	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	3·31	31·25	5·99	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	..	...	386·13	850·16	429·78	13·57	26 67	15·79	...	...	...	11·03	..	9·99	11·03	...	9·99	4
...	...	...	18·51	...	17·60	7·40	...	7·04	...	...	...	7·40	...	7 04	7·40	...	7·04	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	389·67	206·61	376·33	13·47	12·40	13·40	...	...	...	48·71	...	45·16	48·71	..	45·16	5
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	1374·96	1303·54	1365 44	44·97	27·93	42·70	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6
...	...	...	503 77	...	495 05	12·59	...	12·37	...	...	...	...	...	...	251·88	...	247·52	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	451·12	...	406·85	9·39	...	8·57	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	636·60	...	601·05	15·12	...	14·27	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	996·57	854·70	977·99	22 82	8·54	20·78	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9
...	...	...	2475·24	14285·71	2870·81	54 45	142·85	57·41	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	479·69	359·71	461·58	26·86	16·13	25·25	...	...	...	31·98	...	27·15	31·98	...	27·15	10
...	...	...	851·06	...	836·82	127·66	...	125·52	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	2131·92	...	1941·58	75·43	...	68·70	...	...	...	36 44	...	33·18	36·44	...	33·18	11
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	124·53	...	121·80	124·53	...	121·80	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	468·38	623·05	479·19	12·64	6·23	12·19	...	...	...	23·41	...	21·78	23·41	...	21·78	12
...	...	...	729·92	...	704·22	14·59	...	14·08	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	577·47	340·13	557·02	26·90	44·20	28·43	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	1180·93	...	1137·98	35·42	...	34·13	...	...	...	21·08	...	20·32	21 08	...	20·32	14
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	440·94	380·71	436·79	13·04	10·15	12·84	...	...	...	37·52	...	34·94	37·52	...	34·94	15
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	71·01	201·20	79·59	2·13	20·12	3·31	...	...	...	26·98	201·20	39·79	26·98	201·20	39·79	16
...	1	1	...	20000·00	488·99	...	100·00	2·44	...	10000·00	244·49	...	...	...	...	10000·00	244·49	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	375·51	363·63	375·00	8·00	7·27	7·96	...	...	...	81·63	...	78·12	81·63	...	78·12	17
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	757·97	969·56	711·65	29·57	19·30	28·12	...	...	...	67·56	...	62·18	67·56	...	62·18	18
...	...	...	608·82	...	512·82	25·87	...	21·79	...	...	...	304·41	...	128·20	304·41	...	128·20	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	1421·19	389·10	1356·92	26·23	5·84	24·96	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19
...	...	...	90·49	...	81·63	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	714·94	705·22	709·92	22·58	15·08	22·00	...	...	...	31·70	12·09	30·26	31·70	13·00	30 28	
...	1	1	208·66	569·26	231·85	8·99	3·79	8·66	...	189·75	12·20	52·16	189·75	61·01	52·16	379·50	73·21	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	996·66	502·41	965·83	34·13	21·62	33·04	...	...	...	44·24	14·77	42·40	44·24	14·77	42·40	
...	1	1	180·61	466·56	197·94	12·74	3·11	12·15	...	155·52	9·43	50·17	155·52	56·55	50·17	311·04	65·99	
...	...	...	...	...	...	0·90	7·25	1·73	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of crime.	Reported to have been committed during the year, whether taken up by Magistrates direct or by the Police and including all false accusations of cognizable crimes.	Number of reported cases in column 4 not enquired into under Section 157, clauses (a) and (b) Criminal Procedure Code.	Reported to have been committed in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year.	Cases pending before the Courts from previous year.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 decided.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
1	115 ...	Abetment of offences not committed, &c.	1	...	...	...	1
	117 ...	Abetting commission of offences by public, &c. ...	...	...	...	...	...
	118, 119 ...	Concealing design to commit offence, &c.	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	1	...	...	...	1
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety and Justice.*					
2	131 136, 138 ...	Offences relating to Army and Navy	...	...	...	...	...
3	231 to 263, 467 and 471 ...	Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government notes ...	63	1	3	2	50
4	212 to 216 ...	Harbouring an offender	14	...	...	...	12
5	224 to 226 ...	Other offences against public justice	84	...	12	2	79
6	143 to 153, 157, 158 ...	Rioting or unlawful assembly	52	...	6	1	49
7	140, 170, 171 ...	Personating public servant or soldier	29	..	2	...	23
		Total ...	242	1	23	5	213
		CLASS II.—*Serious offences against the person.*					
8	302, 303, 396 ...	Murder ... by thugs	...	...	...	...	...
9		Murder ... „ dacoits	1	...	...	1	2
10		Murder ... „ robbers	11	...	...	1	8
11		Murder ... „ poison	5	...	...	...	3
12		Other murders	77	...	7	17	60
13	307 ...	Attempts at murder	16	...	3	3	12
14	304, 308 ...	Culpable homicide	15	...	1	...	15
15	376 ...	Rape	82	...	1	1	50
16	377 ...	Unnatural offences	38	...	8	...	21
17	317, 318 ...	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	24	...	...	...	13
18	305, 306, 309 ...	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	125	...	1	1	108
19	329, 331, 333 ...	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant	1	...	...	...	1
20	325, 326, 335 ...	Grievous hurt	232	3	8	1	181
21	328 ...	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt ...	13	...	...	1	10
22	327, 330, 332 ...	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant	9	...	...	...	9
23	324 ...	Hurt by dangerous weapon	112	5	...	3	74
24	363 to 369 ...	Kidnapping or abduction	20	1	...	...	12
25	346 to 348 ...	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret for purpose of extortion	10	...	...	...	7
26	372, 373 ...	Selling, letting or unlawfully obtaining a minor for prostitution	...	...	...	...	...
27	371 ...	Habitually dealing in slaves	...	...	...	...	...
28	353, 354, 356, 357 ...	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or in attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine	246	8	7	5	184
29	304 A, 338 ...	Rash or negligent act causing death or grievous hurt ...	9	...	...	...	7
		Total ...	1,046	17	28	34	277
		CLASS III—*Serious offences against Person and Property or against Property only.*					
30	395, 397, 398 ...	Dacoity	24	...	8	1	25
31	399, 402 ...	Preparation and assembly for dacoity	...	...	...	...	...
32	394, 397, 398 ...	Robbery with hurt ... by poisonous or stupefying drugs ...	2	...	...	...	2
		Robbery with hurt ... by other means	6	...	...	...	2
		Robbery with hurt ... in a dwelling house ...	20	...	...	1	5
33	392, 393 ...	Robbery ... on the high way between sunset and sunrise ...	26	...	1	1	10
		Robbery ... other robberies ...	42	...	2	...	13
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433 435 to 440	Serious mischief and cognate offences ...	206	5	5	2	51
35	428, 429 ...	Mischief by killing, poisoning, or maiming any animal ...	112	2	9	1	62
36	454, 455, 457 to 460 ...	Lurking house trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt ...	3,735	179	218	24	1,214
37	449 to 452 ...	House trespass with a view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt ...	59	1	1	2	52
38	412, 413 ...	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually ...	3	...	...	...	3
39	311, 400, 401 ...	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers and thieves ...	7	...	...	...	7
		Total ...	4,242	187	244	31	1,446

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for the year 1884.

ses.													Persons.								
Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 ending in conviction.	Percentage of cases investigated by Police to cases reported.	Percentage of cases ending in conviction to cases decided.	Investigated by Police.				Number of cases in columns 12 to 14.			Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to cases investigated.	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to cases decided.	Number of cases declared by Magistrate to be false and never to have occurred.	Pending at the end of last year	Received by transfer.	Number arrested or appeared on other process during the year.		Total of columns 19 to 22.	Died, escaped, or transferred without being brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Released without being brought before a Magistrate.	Percentage of persons released in Police cases without being brought before Magistrate to those arrested by police.	Number actually brought before a Magistrate for trial.
			S. to mota.	By order of Magistrate on complaint, or of his own motion, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	By order of Magistrate after Police refused to enquire.		a Ending in conviction.	b Ending in acquittal or discharge.	c Pending at close of year before Magistrate or Sessions Court.						Arrested by Police.	Appearing under order of Magistrate.					
9	10	11	12	13	14		15			16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
...	100	...	1	...	...		...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	2
...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	100	...	1	...	...		...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	2
...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
89	101	78	66	...	1	...	37	11	2	55	77	4	2	...	63	2	67	...	4	6	57
10	86	83	12	...	...	...	9	2	...	75	82	1	...	...	17	2	19	...	3	18	16
75	96	95	91	...	1	...	72	2	...	78	97	1	2	1	103	3	109	3	6	5	100
40	78	82	42	...	3	...	32	7	...	71	82	1	10	...	338	59	407	...	31	9	376
19	103	83	31	...	1	...	19	3	4	59	86	2	1	...	33	1	35	...	5	15	30
183	94	86	242	...	6	...	169	25	6	18	87	9	15	1	554	67	637	5	48	9	579
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
1	100	50	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	6	...	17	...	23	12	1	6	10
4	100	50	11	...	...	...	3	3	...	27	50	...	2	...	14	...	16	...	2	14	14
...	80	...	4	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	6	1	...	...	5
29	95	48	79	...	1	...	19	19	14	24	50	9	29	...	117	4	150	2	26	22	116
10	100	83	16	...	...	...	8	1	3	50	89	3	3	...	13	...	16	...	...	...	16
10	112	67	18	...	...	...	10	5	...	56	67	...	...	...	23	...	23	...	7	30	15
19	94	38	75	...	3	...	19	28	2	24	40	29	1	...	55	7	63	1	4	7	57
13	93	62	38	...	1	...	13	8	1	34	62	6	...	...	25	1	26	...	2	8	24
10	92	77	21	...	1	...	10	3	1	45	77	5	...	...	24	1	25	...	5	21	20
73	100	68	126	...	...	...	71	33	1	56	68	14	1	...	115	2	118	1	6	5	110
1	100	100	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	100	100	...	...	...	4	...	4	...	...	...	4
143	97	79	231	...	1	...	142	33	6	61	81	20	1	...	288	27	316	...	17	6	293
3	100	30	13	...	...	...	3	4	...	23	43	8	1	...	16	...	17	...	2	12	15
6	78	67	6	...	1	...	6	1	...	86	86	...	...	...	13	9	22	...	...	...	22
45	87	61	97	...	...	...	43	24	2	44	64	9	4	...	128	10	142	1	21	16	120
7	80	58	15	...	1	...	5	2	1	31	71	4	...	...	16	18	34	3	4	25	26
4	100	57	10	...	...	...	4	2	...	40	67	3	...	...	10	2	12	...	...	...	12
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
122	89	66	224	...	2	...	116	54	5	51	68	31	5	...	249	26	280	1	7	3	272
5	111	71	9	...	...	1	5	3	...	50	37	4	1	...	10	...	11	...	3	30	8
505	94	65	995	...	10	1	478	227	36	48	68	147	54	...	1,143	107	1,304	22	107	9	1,159
19	116	76	37	...	...	...	19	6	...	51	76	1	7	...	123	...	130	3	3	2	117
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	100	100	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	100	100	...	...	...	6	...	6	...	...	...	6
1	100	50	6	...	...	...	1	1	...	17	50	...	...	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	3
2	100	40	20	...	...	...	2	3	...	10	40	3	...	...	11	...	11	...	2	18	9
6	122	60	33	...	...	...	6	4	...	18	60	7	1	...	25	...	26	...	8	32	18
12	84	92	37	...	...	...	12	1	...	32	92	16	2	...	22	...	22	...	4	18	18
22	94	43	197	...	1	1	22	25	2	11	47	14	2	...	78	8	88	1	4	5	82
38	88	61	106	...	1	...	37	21	...	35	36	14	1	...	79	8	88	...	2	3	85
995	87	82	3,430	...	2	4	985	202	28	29	83	96	36	8	1,608	36	1,683	14	103	6	1,557
41	98	79	58	...	1	...	41	9	...	69	82	9	6	...	85	6	97	...	1	1	96
2	100	67	3	...	...	...	2	...	...	67	100	...	...	...	9	...	9	...	...	...	9
4	100	57	7	...	...	...	4	3	...	57	57	...	...	...	33	...	33	...	...	...	33
1,144	80	79	3,936	...	5	...	1,133	275	30	29	80	160	58	8	2,077	58	2,196	18	127	6	2,034

PART I.—Return of Cognizable crime

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of crime.	Cases reported to have been committed during the year, whether taken up by Magistrates direct or by the Police, and including all false accusations of cognizable crimes.	Number of reported cases in column 4 not enquired into under Section 157, clauses (a) and (b) Criminal Procedure Code.	Cases reported to have been committed in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year.	Cases pending before the Courts from previous year.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 decided.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
		CLASS IV.—*Minor offences against the Person.*					
40	341, to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement	129	1	2	1	72
41	336, 337	Rash act causing hurt or endangering life	33	...	1	...	26
42	374	Compulsory labour	4	...	...	...	2
		Total	166	1	3	1	100
		CLASS V.—*Minor offences against Property.*					
43	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking	301	38	...	1	166
44	379, to 382	Theft of cattle	727	3	45	21	582
		Theft ordinary	9,260	533	319	56	4,087
45	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	247	5	4	6	151
46	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	222	...	7	8	224
47	447, 448	Criminal or houses trespass	864	30	9	8	497
48	461, 462	Breaking closed receptacle	13	1	...	...	2
		Total	11,634	610	384	100	5,709
		CLASS VI.—*Other offences not specified above.*					
49	295 to 297	Offences against religion	6	...	...	...	4
50	Chapter VIII (B), C. P. C., and Act IX of 1874	Vagrancy and bad character	220	...	...	14	218
51	Cognizable offences under the Act specified	Offences against Gambling Act	86	...	...	...	81
52		Excise Laws	678	7	10	7	628
53		Opium Act	349	...	...	1	326
54		Railway Laws	43	...	...	...	35
55		Salt and Custom Laws	...	...	...	...	...
56		Arms Act	121	12	...	...	120
57	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285, 286, 289, 291, to 294, Section 34 of Act V of 1861, and any other Municipal or local laws	Public and local nuisances	1,360	1	...	5	1,337
		Total	2,868	20	10	27	2,749
58	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police	Forest Act	196	...	1	12	171
		Breach of Post Office Act	1	...	...	...	...
		Cantonment Act	79	...	...	...	79
		Stamp Act	8	...	...	...	...
		Criminal Tribes Act XXVII of 1871	...	...	...	...	...
		Army Regulation Act of 1881 Section 156	4	...	...	...	4
		Total	288	...	1	12	254
		Grand Total	20,487	636	693	210	11,249

1.—(Continued:)

for the year 1884.—(Continued.)

Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 ending in conviction.	Percentage of cases investigated by police to cases reported.	Percentage of cases ending in conviction to cases decided.	Investigated by Police.			Number of cases in columns 12 to 14.			Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to cases investigated.	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to cases decided.	Number of cases decided by Magistrate to be false and never to have occurred.	Persons.							Number actually brought before a Magistrate for trial.
			Sub nota.	By order of Magistrate on complaint, or of his own motion, in which no previous information was given to the police.	By order of Magistrate after Police refused to enquire.	a Ending in conviction.	b Ending in acquittal or discharge.	c Pending at close of year before Magistrate or Sessions Court.				Pending at the end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Number arrested or appeared on other process during the year: Arrested by Police.	Appearing under order of Magistrate.	Total of columns 19 to 22.	Died, escaped, or transferred without being brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Released without being brought before a Magistrate.	Percentage of persons released in Police cases without being brought before Magistrate to persons arrested by police.	
9	10	11	12	13	14	15			16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
37	68	51	63	26	...	29	27	...	33	52	22	1	...	85	54	140	...	15	18	124
19	100	73	34	...	...	19	7	...	56	73	4	...	...	33	...	33	...	1	3	31
1	75	50	3	...	...	1	1	...	33	50	1	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	2
57	75	57	100	26	...	49	35	...	39	58	27	1	...	120	54	175	...	16	13	157
128	87	77	260	...	2	128	36	4	49	78	18	1	...	200	1	202	...	15	7	185
495	102	85	785	2	...	476	73	15	60	87	30	32	13	931	24	1,000	63	53	6	880
3,342	89	82	8,545	19	4	3,298	726	62	38	82	564	89	14	5,773	76	5,952	32	345	6	5,645
109	84	72	192	20	...	94	88	1	44	71	25	7	...	154	42	203	6	7	5	190
160	98	71	222	3	...	156	62	6	69	71	7	9	2	271	16	298	10	11	4	277
305	60	61	462	57	1	265	144	...	51	54	117	11	...	575	275	861	...	30	5	828
1	69	50	9	...	...	1	1	...	11	50	1	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	2
4,540	88	79	10,475	101	7	4,418	1,080	88	42	80	102	148	29	7,906	434	8,518	111	461	6	7,907
2	67	50	4	...	...	2	1	...	50	67	1	...	...	6	...	6	...	...	...	6
169	104	77	221	7	...	167	41	10	73	80	13	14	...	259	23	296	1	2	8	263
68	100	84	86	...	...	68	13	3	79	84	1	...	...	695	...	695	...	4	1	664
549	85	87	565	20	...	479	64	4	82	88	23	17	...	652	119	788	3	28	4	753
263	95	81	333	...	...	260	61	6	78	81	7	1	...	442	9	452	...	9	2	443
31	62	88	30	...	...	23	4	..	77	85	..	..	...	32	15	47	...	2	5	45
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
106	90	88	105	4	...	97	10	...	89	91	2	...	...	119	24	143	...	2	2	141
1,225	94	92	1,278	1	...	1,165	98	13	91	92	26	5	...	1,490	100	1,595	...	7	1	1,587
2,413	92	88	2,622	32	...	2,261	292	36	85	89	73	37	...	3,695	290	4,022	4	74	2	3,992
144	28	84	50	5	...	46	5	1	84	90	2	12	...	65	317	394	...	4	6	389
...	100	..	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...
78	100	99	57	22	...	78	1	...	99	99	...	...	...	57	22	79	...	...	...	79
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	...	...	...	3
4	100	100	4	...	...	4	...	...	100	100	...	...	...	4	...	4	...	...	...	4
226	48	89	112	27	...	128	6	1	92	95	2	12	...	129	339	480	...	4	3	475
9,068	88	81	18,483	207	13	8,636	1,941	197	46	81	1,120	321	28	15,620	1,349	17,334	160	837	5	16,215

Per.

Serial number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of crime.	Acquitted or discharged after appearance before a Magistrate.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct)	
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.
			28	29	30	31
1	115	Abetment of offence not committed, &c. ...	...	2	...	...
	117	Abetting commission of offences by public, &c.	...	...	...	...
	118, 119	Concealing design to commit offence, &c. ...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	...	2	...	...
		CLASS I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquillity, Safety and Justice.*				
2	131, 136, 138	Offences relating to Army and Navy ...	...	...	...	...
3	231 to 263, 467 and 471	Offences relating to coin, stamps, and Government notes	15	...	40	...
4	212 to 216	Harbouring an offender	2	...	14	...
5	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice ...	8	...	91	...
6	143 to 153, 157, 158	Rioting or unlawful assembly ...	125	15	227	9
7	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier ...	4	...	22	...
		Total ..	154	15	394	9
		CLASS II.—*Serious offences against the person.*				
8	302, 303, 396	Murder ... by thugs ...	...	...	...	...
9		Murder ... „ dacoits ...	4	4	...	2
10		Murder ... „ robbers ...	3	5	...	6
11		Murder ... „ poison ...	4	1	...	...
12		Other murders	32	29	...	35
13	307	Attempts at murder	1	1	6	4
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	3	1	4	7
15	376	Rape	34	2	30	...
16	377	Unnatural offences	9	...	14	...
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth ...	4	...	15	...
18	305, 306, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide ...	35	...	74	...
19	329, 331, 383	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant ...	...	...	4	...
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt	67	1	192	10
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt...	12	...	3	...
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant	11	...	11	...
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	49	...	67	...
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	9	...	17	...
25	346 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purpose of extortion	4	...	8	...
26	372, 373	Selling, letting or unlawfully obtaining a minor for prostitution	...	...	...	...
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves	...	...	...	...
28	353, 354, 356, 357	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or in attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine ...	107	...	159	1
29	304 A, 338	Rash or negligent act causing death or grievous hurt ...	2	...	6	...
		Total ...	390	44	600	64
		CLASS III.—*Serious offences against Person and Property or against Property only.*				
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	26	8	32	...
31	399, 402	Preparation and assembly for dacoity ...	...	...	...	...
32	394, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt ... by poisonous or stupefying drugs ...	...	...	6	...
		Robbery with hurt ... by other means ...	2	...	1	...
33	392, 393	Robbery ... in a dwelling house ...	5	...	4	...
		Robbery ... on the highway between sunset and sunrise ...	10	...	7	1
		Robbery ... other robberies ...	2	...	15	...
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 432, 435 to 440	Serious mischief and cognate offences ...	47	...	32	...
35	428, 429	Mischief by killing, poisoning, or maiming any animal ...	39	...	45	1
36	454, 455, 457 to 460	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt ...	305	1	1,187	4
37	449 to 452	House trespass with a view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt	37	..	59	...
38	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually ...	...	1	8	...
39	311, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers and thieves ...	14	...	8	...
		Total ...	487	10	1,454	6

I.—(Continued.)

for the year 1884.—(Continued)

sons.								Property.						
Number of persons shown in columns 30 and 31 who were sent up by the Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons arrested by Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons sent up for trial.	Otherwise disposed of, *i. e.*, discharged, transferred, admitted as approvers, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Percentage of cases in which property was lost to cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.	Percentage of value of property recovered to value of property lost.	Remarks.
				Before appearance before a Magistrate.		Under trial before a Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.							
				In custody of Police.	On bail.									
32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	4	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	
40	63	73	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
12	71	86	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
89	86	92	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
210	62	66	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
22	67	76	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
373	67	73	1	5	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	12	20	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	200	265	24	5	
5	36	36	...	...	...	...	...	10	3	30	837	238	28	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
35	30	31	4	6	...	4	12	4	3	75	251	83	33	One person convicted under Section 201, Indian Penal Code.
10	77	77	1	...	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	
11	48	73	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
20	36	40	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
13	52	56	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
14	58	74	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
72	63	67	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	100	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
198	69	74	1	3	3	22	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	19	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
11	85	85	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
63	49	57	1	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
5	31	62	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
7	70	70	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
146	59	59	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
6	60	75	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
625	55	92	8	12	4	39	13	15	8	53	1,353	345	25	
82	67	70	1	7	...	...	...	21	9	43	14,916	1,510	10	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
6	100	100	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	100	226	85	38	
1	33	33	...	...	...	...	...	5	1	20	266	12	5	
4	36	44	...	...	...	...	...	17	7	41	1,105	120	11	
8	32	44	...	...	...	...	...	22	6	27	1,816	367	20	
15	68	83	...	...	...	1	...	20	10	50	1,946	1,671	86	
32	41	43	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
46	58	60	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1,171	73	77	17	9	...	43	...	2,868	1,359	47	2,13,936	45,845	21	
67	67	63	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
8	89	89	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
8	24	24	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1,438	69	78	29	17	...	48	...	2,955	1,394	47	2,34,211	49,610	21	

PART I.—Return of Cognizable crime

Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of crime.	Per	Acquitted or discharged after appearance before a Magistrate.		Finally convicted (including persons ordered to give security for good conduct).	
				By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	By Magistrates.	By Sessions or High Court.
				28	29	30	31
		CLASS IV—*Minor offences against the Person.*					
40	341, to 344	... Wrongful restraint and confinement	..	53	...	71	...
41	336,337	... Rash act causing hurt or endangering life	...	7	...	24	..
42	374	... Compulsory labour	...	1	...	1	...
		Total	...	61	...	96	...
		CLASS V.—*Minor offences against Property.*					
43	453, 456	... Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking	...	45	...	136	...
44	379, to 382	... Theft { of cattle	...	144	...	710	...
		ordinary	..	1,169	1	4,291	4
45	406, to 408	... Criminal breach of trust	...	57	...	131	...
46	411, 414	... Receiving stolen property	..	86	...	185	...
47	447, 448	... Criminal or house trespass	..	391	...	437	...
48	461, 462	... Breaking closed receptacle	...	1	...	1	...
		Total	...	1,892	1	5,891	4
		CLASS VI—*Other offences not specified above.*					
49	295 to 297	... Offences against religion	...	4	...	2	...
50	Chapter VIII (B), C. P. C., and Act. IX of 1874	... Vagrancy and bad character	...	82	19	153	...
51	Cognizable offences under the Act specified	Offences against Gambling Act	...				
52		Excise Laws	...	198	...	456	...
53		Opium Act	...	105	...	611	...
54		Railway Laws	...	103	...	333	...
55		Salt and Custom Laws	...	8	...	37	...
56		Arms Act	...	...	...	...	...
				15	...	126	...
57	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285, 286, 289, 291, to 294, Section 34 of Act V of 1861, and any other Municipal or local laws	Public and local nuisances	..	174	...	1,393	...
		Total	...	689	19	3,144	...
58	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police	Forest Act	...				
		Breach of Post Office Act	...	50	...	339	...
		Cantonment Act	...	...	...	...	...
		Stamp Act	...	1	...	78	...
		Criminal Tribes Act XXVII of 1871	...	...	...	...	...
		Army Regulation Act of 1881, Section 156	...	...	...	...	...
				...	...	4	...
		Total	...	51	...	421	...
		Grand Total	...	3,724	91	12,000	83

1.—(Continued.)

for the year 1884.—(Continued)

sons.								Property.						
Number of persons shown in columns 30 and 31 who were sent up by the Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons arrested by Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons sent up for trial.	Otherwise disposed of, *e. g.* died, transferred, admitted as approvers, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Percentage of cases in which property was lost to cases in which property was recovered.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.	Percentage of value of property recovered to value of property lost.	Remarks.
				Before appearence before a Magistrate.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.							
				In custody of police	On bail.									
32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
45	53	64	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	
24	73	77	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	50	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
70	68	68	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
136	68	74	...	1	1	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
696	75	81	11	4	...	15	...	685	676	99	23,947	20,243	85	
4,258	74	78	18	29	1	61	1	8,598	4,653	54	146,713	50,947	35	
117	76	79	...	...	...	2	..	168	95	57	7,787	3,111	40	
176	65	67	...	...	..	7	...	6	24	400	589	2,234	379	
363	63	66	...	—	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	50	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
5,747	73	77	29	34	5	89	1	9,457	5,448	58	179,036	76,535	43	
2	33	33	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
161	62	67	1	10	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
456	66	69	...	...	27	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
564	86	89	...	2	2	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
329	74	76	...	...	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
26	81	87	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
107	90	91	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1,325	89	89	...	...	1	20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2,970	80	82	1	12	30	49	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
62	95	86	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
57	100	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	100	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
123	95	90	3	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
11,346	73	76	71	80	42	231	14	12,427	6,850	55	4,14,600	1,26,490	31	

D.—Police 2.

Part II.—Return of Non-cognizable crime.

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	Cases.						Persons.							
			Average institutions of five preceding years.	Instituted by complaint during the year.	Taken up by Magistrate of his own motion.	Total of columns 5 and 6.	Number of cases in column 7 in which the police were employed to make enquiry.	Number of cases in which process issued.	Number of persons against whom process issued	Actually appeared before the Courts, including pending from last year.	Discharged after appearance.	Acquitted.		Convicted.		Waiting trial at close of year.
												By Magistrate.	By High or Sessions Court.	By Magistrate.	By High or Sessions Court.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
1	115	Abetment of offence not committed &c.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	117	Abetting commission of offence by public, &c.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	118, 119	Concealing design to commit offence	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	—	...	..	...
		Total	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...
		Class I.—*Offences against the State. Public Transquillity &c. &c.*														
2	121 to 130, 505	Offences against the State	...	..	4	...	4	...	4	6	6	...	...	...	6	...	...
3	137	Harbouring deserters by Master of ship	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 228	Offences against public justice	...	7·83	135	14	149	38	104	147	222	39	53	1	130	1	...
5	161 to 169, 217 to 223	Offences by public servants	...	1·88	20	1	21	5	18	25	26	7	7	...	12	...	2
6	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 421 to 424	False evidence, false complaints and claims and fraudulent deeds, and dispossession of property.	...	4·77	31	3	34	5	29	52	53	10	18	...	25	...	1
7	465 to 477	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents.	...	1·33	10	2	12	1	8	11	12	4	3	...	4	..	1
8	264 to 267	Offences relating to weights and measures	...	4·47	55	...	55	36	42	54	58	12	10	...	37	...	...
9	482 to 489	Making or using false trade-marks	...	0 8	3	...	3	3	...	...	3	...	...	...	3	...	...
10	149, 154 to 156, 160	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray	...	3·51	41	4	45	8	44	189	198	18	41	...	140	...	7
		Total	...	18·74	299	24	323	96	249	475	578	90	132	1	357	1	11
		Class II.—*Serious offences against the person.*															
11	312 to 316	Causing miscarriage	...	0·46	3	...	3	...	3	3	3	...	1	...	2	...	...
12	370	Buying or disposing of slaves	...	0·20	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	...	0·33	3	...	3	...	3	3	3	...	1	...	2	...	...
		Class III.—*Serious offences against property.*															
13	384 to 389	Extortion	...	3·20	48	1	49	12	44	72	90	27	10	...	34	...	20
		Class IV.—*Minor offences against the person.*															
14	345	Wrongful confinement	...	0·20	1	...	1	...	1	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...
15	352, 355, 358	Criminal force	...	103·02	3,121	1	3,122	98	2,875	5,347	5,610	707	3,028	...	1,792	...	73
16	334	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation	...	3·04	97	...	97	2	95	183	187	...	106	...	80	...	2
17	323	Voluntarily causing hurt	...	52·59	1,024	2	1,026	70	946	1,735	1,558	480	721	1	610	...	36
		Total	...	136·93	4,243	3	4,246	170	3,917	7,266	7,656	1,187	3,856	1	2,482	...	116

		CLASS V.—*Minor offences against property.*															
18	417 to 420	... Cheating	...	4·26	88	1	89	12	70	101	105	36	23	...	45	...	3
19	403, 404	... Criminal misappropriation of property	...	4·84	90	22	112	36	73	86	102	16	16	...	103	...	1
20	409	... Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	...	2·35	26	...	26	3	25	27	26	1	9	...	15	...	1
21	426, 427, 434	... Mischief (simple)	...	4·16	98	1	99	13	86	169	181	12	110	...	58	...	1
		Total	...	11·55	302	24	326	64	254	383	414	65	158	...	221	...	6
		CLASS VI.—*Other offences not specified above.*															
22	298	... Offences against religion	...	1·	8	...	8	...	6	12	12	8	3	...	1	...	...
23	490 to 492	... Criminal breach of contract of service	...	...	44	...	44	...	1	1	49	...	45	...	4	...	...
24	493 to 498	... Offences relating to marriage	...	9·36	168	...	168	8	132	147	151	81	44	...	22	...	3
25	500 to 502	... Defamation	...	11·52	210	...	210	6	153	190	249	40	137	...	72	...	...
26	504, 506 to 510	... Intimidation and insult	...	33·63	338	...	338	13	293	451	470	4	155	...	156	...	5
27	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290	... Public and local nuisances	...	2·62	13	...	13	3	13	12	19	3	1	...	15	...	...
28	291A.	... Keeping a lottery office	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
29	Offences under Chapter VIII A., C. P. C.	Security for keeping the peace on conviction.		4 37	5	...	5	...	6	16	16	...	...	...	16	...	...
30	Offences under Chapter X. C. P. C.	Public nuisances	...	25·54	6	...	6	...	6	6	6	...	1	...	5	...	...
31	Cases under Chapter XII, C. P. C.	... Disputes as to immoveable property	...	1·0	1	...	1	...	1	1	1	1	...	...	...	...	...
32	Cases under Chapter XXVI, C. P. C.	... Maintenance of wives and children	...	22·4	85	...	85	1	85	85	87	19	35	...	27	...	6
		Total	...	57·59	878	...	878	31	696	921	1,060	306	421	...	319	...	14
		Special Laws, offences under which we are not cognizable by the Police.															
		(Detail.)															
		Police Act V of 1866	...	4·0	9	...	9	8	9	11	11	...	...	1	10	...	...
		Post office Act XIV of 1866	...	...	3	...	3	1	3	3	3	...	...	...	3	...	...
		Cattle trespass Act I of 1871	...	10·0	125	...	125	33	123	305	305	23	140	...	135	...	6
		Treasure Trove Act VI of 1878	...	1·	3	...	2	1	8	7	7	...	...	...	7	...	...
		Stamp Act I of 1879	...	8·51	24	...	24	4	24	42	42	...	16	...	26	...	...
		Railway Act IV of 1879	...	6·	4	...	4	1	4	4	4	...	1	...	3	...	...
		Security for keeping the peace, Section 107 C. P. Code	...	...	3	...	3	2	3	8	8	...	...	...	7	...	1
		Resisting apprehension or escaping from custody, Section 651 C. P. C.	...	0·5	3	...	3	...	3	7	7	...	4	...	3	...	...
		Municipal Act of 1873	...	32·72	412	1	413	260	412	458	460	2	47	...	408	...	2
		Arms Act XI of 1878	...	...	3	...	3	3	3	3	3	...	...	...	3	...	...
		Forest Act VII of 1878	...	...	277	...	277	7	277	285	287	2	121	...	162	...	...
		Prisons Act XXVI of 1870	...	0·7	2	...	2	...	2	3	3	...	1	...	2	...	...
		Telegraph Act I of 1876	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	...
		Inoculations	...	...	2	...	2	...	2	2	2	2	...	...	...	...	...
		Pound Act	...	9·	11	...	11	2	11	18	18	4	11	...	3	...	...
		Cantonments Act III of 1880	...	...	29	...	29	29	29	35	33	...	2	...	33	...	...
		Total	...	39·51	911	1	912	351	909	1,192	1,194	33	343	1	806	...	9
		Grand Total	...	235 47	6,684	53	6,737	724	6,072	10,312	10,995	1,708	4,921	3	4,221	1	176

Thuggee and Dacoity administration of poisonous or stupefying drugs

Description of Crime.	Cases.				Persons.						
	Committed during previous two years, and in which no conviction was obtained up to beginning of the year.	Occurred within the year.	Cases under columns II and III brought to trial within the year.	Cases under columns II and III in which no one was brought to trial up to close of the year.	Number supposed to be concerned in cases in columns II and III.	Arrested.	Brought to trial.	Convicted.	Acquitted.	Remaining under trial.	Number supposed to be at large at the close of the year
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Thuggee. By strangulation	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Thuggee. By poison	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacoity on land ...	7	4	1	8	84	38	35	34	1	...	46
Dacoity on water ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Robbery by administration of poisonous or deleterious drugs ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(a) with murder ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(b) without murder ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Other professional crimes, viz :—											
Kidnapping ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cattle theft ...	1	19	1	18	...	5	5	5	...	...	...

liec 3.

for Criminal purposes and other professional Crimes for the year 1884.

Comparative Return.

Number of persons arrested.			Brought to trial.			Convicted.			Property stolen.			Property recovered.			Remarks.
1882.	1883.	1884.	1882.	1883.	1884.	1882.	1883.	1884.	1882.	1883.	1884.	1882.	1883.	1884.	
13			14			15			16			17			18
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
5	...	38	5	...	35	4	...	34	893	2,078	3,915	436	234	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	24	* 10	...	24	10	...	24	10	...	495	3,503	...	495	1,583	* Five Kanjars were arrested in 1881 who were convicted in 5 separate cases of Jubbulpore District.

Statement of Additional Police collected for the protection of persons and

PART

Additional Police collected for the protection of

Districts.	Name of fairs or places of large assembly where additional Police have been collected during the year.	Duration of fair or assembly.	Estimated number of persons assembled.	Strength of Police usually located at the place.		Detached from the Regular force.		Specially employed in addition to columns V to VIII.		Total cost under columns IX & X.	
				Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	To Government.	To local or private funds
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Saugor ...	Garhakota	42 days.	60,000	2	20	2	20	...	...	...	...
	Garphera	3 „	18,000	1	5	1	5	...	...	...	...
Damoh ...	Bandakpur	4 days.	35,000	3	26	3	26	...	...	...	...
	Do.	3 „	12,000	1	4	1	4	...	...	...	...
	Pandwa	15 „	4,000	1	4	1	4	...	...	...	...
	Gysabad	7 „	5,000	1	4	1	4	...	...	...	...
	Chopra	8 „	4,000	1	6	1	6	...	...	...	...
Jubbulpore ...	Tilwaraghat	3 „	8,000	...	...	4	20	...	...	...	...
	Bheraghat	8 „	10,318	...	...	6	40	...	...	...	...
Mandla ...	Hirdeynagar	21 „	8,350	...	...	3	14	...	...	...	...
	Perwa	15 „	1,123	...	...	2	16	...	...	...	...
	Mudhpuri	23 „	4,507	...	...	2	10	...	...	...	...
Seoni ...	Chapara	1 month.	7,000	2	10	1	10	...	...	...	...
	Mundara	1 week.	6,000	...	...	1	8	...	...	—	...
	Hirri	1 month.	not known	...	...	1	8	...	...	...	...
Nimar ...	Nakh Bhowani	1 „	21,000	...	...	2	12	...	...	...	...
	Singaji	15 „	30,000	...	...	4	28	...	...	...	...
	Mandhata	15 days	40,000	1	4	9	28	...	...	...	...
Narsinghpur ...	Barman	20 „	35,478	12	42	4	12	...	...	...	...
	Sunkul	7 „	40,000	1	4	1	4	...	...	...	...
Hoshangabad...	Baadrabhan	1 week.	7,000	...	...	1	4	...	...	...	...
Betul ...	Malajpur	1 month.	50,000	...	...	4	16	...	...	...	...
	Saibarah	12 days.	10,000	..	...	4	10	...	...	...	...
	Multai	1 month.	15,000	4	21	1	4	...	...	...	...
Chhindwara ...	....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nagpur ...	Ramtek	15 days.	3,34,013	5	28	5	28	...	...	...	...
Wardha ...	Poti	1 month.	20,000	...	...	1	4	...	...	...	...
	Deorwara	Do.	22,000	...	...	1	6	...	...	...	...
	Seshti	Do.	16,000	...	...	1	4	...	...	...	...
	Sonaigam	7 days.	10,000	...	...	1	4	...	...	...	...
	Kapsi	10 „	9,000	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	...
Chanda ...	Chanda Mahankali ...	1 month.	2,11,639	1	6	6	30	...	..	...	...
	Chimur	19 days.	19,700	3	20	2	8	...	...	...	...
	Markanda	23 „	25,938	...	...	2	8	...	...	...	...
	Vadha	18 „	917	...	...	1	4	...	...	..	...
	Vithal Rukmai ...	15„	2,200	...	...	1	6	...	...	...	...
Bhandara ...	Partabgarh	8 „	5,000	...	...	2	4	...	...	...	...
	Sukri	10 „	5,000	...	...	1	4	...	...	...	...
	Rampaili	1 month.	9,000	...	...	1	4	...	...	...	...
	Gaemukh	12 days.	15,000	...	...	3	10	...	...	..	...
	Ragejhira	5 „	300	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	...
	Labbee	8 „	3,000	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	...
	Ashti	5 „	2,000	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	...
	Saondar	5 „	150	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...
	Bandgaon	5 „	1,000	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	...
Balaghat ...	....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Raipur ...	Rajim	1 month.	1,50,000	3	10	1	12	...	...	...	...
	Mahadeo Ghat	1 day.	10,790	...	...	3	12	...	...	...	...
	Bugoli	15 „	2,000	...	...	1	2	...	...	...	...
Bilaspur ...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sambalpur ...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

lice 4.

property, or quartered as a punitive measure for the year 1884.

I				PART II.						
persons and property.				Additional Police quartered as a punitive measure.						
Number of offences against person or property during such assembly.		Property.			Strength of additional Police.					
Investigated by the police.	In which conviction followed.	Stolen.	Recovered.	Number of cases.	Officers.	Men.	Total cost of additional police including all contingencies.	Period for which quartered.	Number of offences committed in or traced to a village or places in which the additional Police was established	Remarks.
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.							
16	7	400 0 0	231 0 0	...	...	...	..	...	...	
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	..	
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	1	2 1 7	2 1 7	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
				1	1	4	411	...	3	At Gharaghat.
...	...	.....	.....	1	1	6	594	...	3	At Kutra Belkhera.
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	1	66 8 0	25 8 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	
5	4	5 4 0	4 4 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	On borders of the Balaghat and Seoni districts.
7	7	9 0 0	9 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	...	5 6 0	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	1	51 4 3	1 2 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	2	1 10 0	1 10 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
..	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
5	3	168 14 0	10 6 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
9	5	232 0 0	6 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	122 0 0	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	2	9 8 0	9 8 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	2	2 0 0	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
13	6	777 0 0	366 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	1	1 4 0	1 4 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	98 0 0	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	

Showing strength, cost, distribution and employment

District.	Sanctioned strength of Police Force,									
		Strength of District, Cantonment, Town or Municipal and Water Police, paid for wholly or in part from Imperial or Provincial revenues.							Strength of Cantonment, Town or Municipal and Water Police, paid wholly from other than Imperial or Provincial revenues.	
	Inspector General, Deputy and Assistant Inspector General.	Number of District and Assistant District Superintendents.	Number of Subordinate officers on Rs. 100 and upwards. (1)	Number of Subordinate officers on less than Rs. 100. (1)	Number of Mounted Police Constables.	Number of Foot Police Constables.	Number of Water Police Constables	Total.	Officers.	Men.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Office of Inspector General of Police ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	..	1	...	...
Saugor	...	2	3	93	14	607	...	719	...	...
Damoh	...	1	2	63	7	311	...	384	...	...
Jubbulpore	...	4	2	109	14	589	...	718	...	...
Mandla	...	1	2	51	5	249	...	308	...	...
Seoni	...	2	2	44	8	259	...	315	...	...
Nimar	...	2	2	68	9	340	...	421	...	...
Narsinghpur	...	2	2	54	5	294	...	357	...	...
Hoshangabad	...	2	2	83	10	452	...	550	...	...
Betul	...	1	2	53	5	278	...	339	...	...
Chhindwara	...	1	2	60	5	327	...	395	...	...
Nagpur	...	3	2	139	40	808	...	992	2	2
Wardha	...	1	2	68	12	356	...	439	...	...
Chanda	...	1	2	87	14	510	...	614	...	...
Bhandara	...	1	2	61	7	362	...	433	...	...
Balaghat	...	1	2	37	5	187	...	232	...	...
Raipur	...	1	3	74	13	427	...	518	...	...
Bilaspur	...	1	2	46	8	262	...	319	...	...
Sambalpur	...	1	2	54	10	296	...	363	...	...
Travelling allowance ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Clothing for the Police ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Purchase of arms and accoutrements ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Do. of tents	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Petty construction and repairs ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Extra Police	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	1	29	38	1,234	191	6,914	...	8,407	2	2
Great Indian Peninsula Railway Police ...	...	3	14	...	131	...	148	...	...	
Nagpur and Chhattisgarh State Railway Police	...	1	11	..	104	...	116	...	...	
Bhopal State Railway Police ...	...	...	3	...	14	...	6	...	...	
Warora Coal State Railway Police ..	...	...	1	...	6	...	7	...	...	
Grand Total ...	1	99	42	1,262	191	7,159	...	8,684	2	2

lice 5.

of Police of the Central Provinces for the year 1884,

Cost of Police.

Pay and travelling allowances of Controlling officers (col. 2), and pay and travelling allowances of their establishments.	Total pay of District and Assistant District Superintendents (column 3), (2).	Other expenses of col. 3.		Total pay of Subordinate Officers (Columns IV. and V.) (4.).	Total pay of Constables of all classes (VI, VII and VIII).	Horse and travelling allowances, permanent or otherwise, not included in columns XII XIV and XV.	Average pay of		Contingencies and all expenses other than included in Columns XII to XVIII.	Total cost.	Payable from Imperial or Provincial revenues.	Payable from other sources.
		Travelling allowances of District and Assistant District Superintendents.	Pay and travelling allowances of their establishments, (3)				Mounted Constables.	Foot and Water Constables.				
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
										Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
34,292	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,212	37,504	37,504	...
...	10,200	...	1,500	24,243	45,477	4,488	...	...	3,429	89,337	89,337	...
...	6,000	...	1,380	14,331	23,304	2,568	...	...	2,680	50,266	50,266	...
...	22,884	...	1,380	23,646	43,764	4,416	...	...	5,832	1,01,922	1,01,922	...
...	6,000	...	1,200	11,145	18,612	1,848	...	...	2,466	41,271	41,271	...
...	11,400	...	1,200	12,081	19,605	2,448	...	...	2,834	49,568	49,568	...
...	10,200	...	1,380	17,142	29,898	3,000	...	...	6,568	68,188	68,188	...
...	12,000	...	1,380	13,425	21,825	2,040	...	...	3,350	54,020	54,020	...
...	16,200	...	1,380	20,604	33,744	3,456	...	...	5,112	84,196	80,496	...
...	6,000	...	1,200	14,367	20,721	1,944	...	...	2,273	46,505	46,505	...
...	12,000	...	1,200	13,122	24,258	2,136	...	...	2,546	55,262	55,262	...
...	18,000	...	1,380	30,295	62,847	8,880	21-12-0	6-1-4	7,790	1,29,182	1,28,768	414
...	14,400	...	1,260	14,859	26,991	3,408	...	...	3,584	64,502	64,502	...
...	6,000	...	1,380	20,337	38,715	4,224	...	...	3,510	74,166	74,166	...
...	6,000	...	1,380	13,824	27,075	2,376	...	...	3,260	53,915	53,915	...
...	7,200	...	1,200	9,321	14,115	1,752	...	...	2,150	35,738	35,738	...
...	7,200	...	1,380	20,965	32,298	4,224	...	...	3,614	69,701	69,701	...
...	7,200	...	1,200	12,558	19,393	2,640	...	...	2,334	45,825	45,825	...
...	6,000	...	1,380	12,630	22,545	2,880	...	...	2,342	47,777	47,777	...
...	...	22,400	1,900	...	...	...	...	...	...	23,400	23,400	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	49,014	49,014	49,014	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8,000	8,000	8,000	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	380	380	380	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	40,000	40,000	40,000	...
										13,15,939		
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7,000	..	7,000
34,292	1,84,884	22,400	24,760	2,98,908	5,25,687	58,728	21-12-0	6-1-4	1,66,230	13,22,939	13,15,525	7,414
...	3,600	...	...	11,175	12,183	...	...	7-12-0	5,012	31,970	10,657	21,313
...	...	...	...	3,183	9,672	..	...	7-12-0	1,050	13,905	13,905	...
...	600	...	...	996	1,302	...	...	7-12-0	456	3,354	3,354	...
...	...	...	...	105	450	...	...	6- 4-0	42	597	597	...
34,292	1,89,084	22,400	24,760	3,14,367	5,49,294	58,728	...	...	1,72,840	13,72,765	13,44,038	28,727

Districts.	Distribution of force.									
	In district.								On Town, Municipal or Harbour duty.	In Cantonment.
	Guards at District, Central or Subsidiary jails.		On station duties.		Guards over lock-ups and treasuries or escort to prisoners and treasure or in reserve.		Total,			
	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.		
	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34
Office of Inspector General of Police ...	...	...	61	319	21	150	84	479	118	41
Saugor	2	10	43	178	20	126	63	304	19	...
Damoh	...	...	68	312	25	172	93	484	134	26
Jubbulpore ...	...	...	49	235	3	13	52	248	9	...
Mandla	...	...	34	156	11	93	46	255	16	...
Seoni	1	6	60	283	15	76	76	365	66	3
Nimar	1	6	38	189	17	92	55	281	32	...
Narsinghpur ...	...	...	69	346	12	94	81	440	76	4
Hoshangabad	...	...	40	196	10	62	51	267	13	...
Betul	1	9	34	179	2	8	37	193	32	...
Chhindwara	1	6	60	261	31	316	95	622	258	118
Nagpur	4	45	56	276	18	98	75	380	...	...
Wardha	1	6	70	424	17	77	88	510	27	...
Chanda	1	9	43	223	15	75	59	306	44	...
Bhandara	1	8	29	132	2	8	32	146	11	...
Balaghat	1	6	58	298	14	83	72	381	49	...
Raipur	...	...	42	187	8	78	51	271	...	...
Bilaspur	1	6	44	215	12	90	56	305	...	...
Sambalpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Travelling allowance	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Clothing for the Police ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Purchase of Arms and Accoutrements ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Do. of Tents	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Petty construction and repairs ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Extra Police	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	15	117	898	4,409	253	1,711	1,166	6,237	904	192
Great Indian Peninsula Railway Police ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nagpur and Chhattisgarh State Railway Police ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bhopal State Railway Police ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Warora Coal State Railway Police ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Grand Total ...	15	117	898	4,409	253	1,711	1,166	6,237	904	192

lice 5.

Area of whole District in square miles.	Population of whole district.	Proportion of the whole force (officers and men)						Proportion of the Police on station duties, (officers and men.)						Total amount of cognizable crime reported (Cols. 4 and 6 of Statement A, Part I.)	Proportion of cognizable crime to the Police Force on station duties (Cols. XXVII and XXVIII.)
		To area (6)			To population (7,)			To area.			To population.				
		Of the whole District.	Of District exclusive of towns (5.)	Of Towns (5.)	Of the whole District.	Of District exclusive of towns (5).	Of Towns (5).	Of the whole District.	Of District exclusive of towns (5).	Of Towns (5)	Of the whole District.	Of the District exclusive of towns (5.).	Of Towns.		
35	36	37	38	49	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	69	50
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4,005	5,64,950	5·54	...	...	781	683	98	10·54	...	...	1,486	1,300	186	1,887	4·97
2,799	3,12,957	7·25	7·67	1·90	810	821	789	12·66	12·06	1·90	1,416	1,348	789	535	2·42
3,918	6,87,233	5·3	6·8	0·19	932	810	122	7·3	...	...	1,273	1,106	167	1,794	4·72
4,719	3,01,760	15·27	15·67	...	976	1,002	524	16·61	16·61	...	1,062	1,045	524	634	2·23
3,247	3,34,733	10·24	10·76	2·6	1,056	1,077	647	15·85	17·05	2·6	1,625	1,707	647	602	2·92
3,346	2,31,341	6·55	...	...	454	312	...	9·74	9·72	8·25	674	434	677	879	2·56
1,916	3,65,173	5·21	6·	4	992	1,032	573	8	8·	0·25	1,608	1,527	573	973	4·28
4,437	4,88,787	7·38	6·5	0·5	818	717	658	10·69	9·7	0·8	1,178	1,078	98	1,342	3·23
3,905	3,04,905	11·52	...	...	899	...	...	16·54	...	...	1,292	...	...	706	2·99
3,915	3,72,899	10·	...	...	973	895	851	18	...	...	1,750	1,631	119	527	2·47
3,786	6,97,356	3·46	5·10	10·	638	669	512	11·79	...	...	1,000	...	...	1,592	5·89
2,401	3,87,221	5·27	...	...	851	777	522	7·23	...	...	1,166	1,031	134	850	2·56
10,785	6,49,146	17·56	18·3	2·2	1,057	1,064	804	21·83	21·8	2·2	1,314	1,265	804	903	1·83
3,922	6,83,779	9·09	9·1	3·	1,586	1,530	778	14·74	...	...	2,570	2,482	533	1,211	4·55
3,146	3,40,554	13·50	..	...	1,461	...	...	19·54	..	...	2,115	...	...	8·0	5·02
11,885	14,05,171	23·07	26·4	.	2,728	2,662	68	33·38	...	...	3,947	3,851	95	2,950	8·28
7,798	10,17,327	24·21	23·00	16·	3,159	3,127	41	34·05	33·	11	4,442	4,383	58	1,347	5·88
4,521	6,93,499	12·49	12	...	1,915	1,877	39	17·45	18·	...	2,677	2,624	54	1,339	5·17
...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
84,445	98,38,791	10·04	12·12	4·36	1,170	1,193	434	15·91	16·07	365	1,854	1,787	370	21,180	4·00
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...
...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
84,445	98,38,791	9·72	12·12	4·36	1,170	1,193	434	15·91	16·07	365	1,854	1,787	370	21,180	4·00

D.—Police 5.

Return showing equipment, discipline, and general internal management of the Force in each district of the Central Provinces for the year 1884.

District.	Total sanctioned strength.		Armament of the Force.			Punishments.										
						Punishment by their own Departmental Officers.										
						Dismissed.		Fined.		Degraded.		Suspended.		Total.		Amount of Fines.
	Officers.	Men.	Number provided with fire arms.	Number provided with swords only, or swords and batons.	Number provided with batons only.	Officers.	Men	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
																Rs. a. p.
Saugor	98	624	320	243	159	...	1	2	1	11	9	1	8	14	19	1 12 0
Damoh	65	318	166	33	182	...	2	3	...	6	1	...	11	9	14	17 0 0
Jubbulpore	113	622	123	38	574	1	1	6	1	4	3	1	18	12	23	35 3 6
Mandla	53	254	132	13	160	3	8	4	8	4	2	1	12	12	30	12 7 7
Seoni	46	267	135	20	158	...	1	2	...	1	...	2	7	5	8	4 0 0
Nimar	83	423	137	29	340	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	3	2	3	0 2 0
Narsinghpur	57	316	147	17	204	...	1	...	...	6	...	...	7	6	8	.....
Hoshangabad	94	530	353	29	239	1	3	...	...	2	...	...	1	3	4	.....
Betul	55	283	174	16	143	...	3	22	7	2	2	2	5	26	17	75 12 0
Chhindwara	52	332	132	17	233	...	4	2	6	4	...	...	15	6	25	5 11 0
Nagpur	156	934	316	70	704	...	4	21	21	12	9	...	10	33	44	81 0 0
Wardha	74	383	149	26	278	...	6	22	4	11	7	2	6	35	23	95 8 0
Chanda	90	523	299	33	281	1	5	...	...	3	...	...	3	4	8	.....
Bhandara	70	434	184	18	309	...	4	6	3	3	3	...	6	9	16	49 2 3
Balaghat	39	192	97	5	129	...	3	6	6	6	1	1	9	13	19	28 14 4
Raipur	78	450	205	33	286	...	6	1	48	4	2	...	6	5	62	38 13 7
Bilaspur	50	273*	110	21	161	...	1	12	37	5	3	2	16	19	57	80 9 11
Sambalpur	58	308	167	21	178	...	1	2	2	1	3	2	12	5	18	14 9 7
Total ...	1,331	7,466	3,375	682	4,714	6	54	112	144	86	45	14	155	218	398	540 9 9

Districts.	Punishments.—(Contd.)								Rewards.		Education.				Number enlisted during the year.	Of one year's service and under ten years.	Of ten year's service and upwards.	Number who have left the Force during the year.							Percentage in hospital during the year to total strength of Force.	Percentage of deaths during the year to total strength of Force.	Percentage of men punished departmentally to the strength in each district.
	Punished judicially by a Magistrate.								Number of Police rewarded during the year.		Number of Police who can read and write.		Number of Police under instruction during the year.					On pension.	On gratuity.	By resignation without pension or gratuity.	By dismissal (Columns 7 and 8.)	By discharge otherwise than under preceding Columns.	By desertion.	By death.			
	Under Police Act.		Under Sections 330, 348, Penal Code.		Under Chapter IX, Penal Code.		Other offences.		By promotion.	By money reward.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.													
	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.																			
	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44
Saugor	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	26	104	98	49	...	8	35	354	336	7	4	10	1	2	2	7	26·0	1·0	4·57
Damoh	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	16	19	51	6	...	16	3	190	150	5	...	9	2	4	6	9	39·37	2·33	6·01
Jubbulpore	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	3	23	58	103	11	7	60	5	384	292	4	3	18	2	4	1	18	44·6	2·45	4·76
Mandla	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	24	5	49	7	1	107	2	175	86	6	1	11	11	2	4	8	33·0	2·60	13·68
Seoni	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	21	...	44	9	...	12	3	112	137	6	5	4	1	4	1	7	26·0	2·24	4·5
Nimar	...	...	...	2	...	...	1	1	38	31	66	15	...	...	84	209	213	9	...	5	...	52	2	11	72·87	2·17	0·99
Narsinghpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	14	24	58	14	6	62	34	134	204	7	1	10	1	2	...	5	35·0	1·34	3·75
Hoshangabad	...	...	1	...	...	3	...	3	31	...	88	121	...	19	53	202	362	2	...	11	4	13	1	24	23·06	3·85	1·12
Betul	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	7	38	24	53	78	...	65	33	147	151	7	1	13	3	...	...	9	32·01	2·66	12·72
Chhindwara	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	8	18	7	46	68	5	114	34	176	171	9	...	7	4	2	2	6	37·04	1·56	8·07
Nagpur	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	1	56	2	170	525	...	22	55	405	630	4	2	17	4	...	5	8	23·0	0·73	7·06
Wardha	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	3	39	11	68	84	...	93	66	211	172	6	2	27	6	16	1	3	22·94	0·66	12·69
Chanda	...	...	2	...	...	...	2	1	4	48	15	84	214	4	12	62	402	14	7	13	6	3	1	7	43·01	1·74	1·96
Bhandara	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	2	37	7	62	246	12	174	65	220	217	5	1	13	4	3	6	5	51·19	0·99	4·96
Balaghat	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	4	28	48	...	70	18	168	48	2	2	4	3	...	...	5	3·79	2·16	13·35
Raipur	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	2	31	35	74	122	...	20	38	326	157	4	5	9	6	1	10	5	28·2	0·95	12·99
Bilaspur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	4	19	7	47	80	4	135	21	172	128	5	...	2	1	11	3	6	42·07	1·86	21·15
Sambalpur	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	34	5	54	117	8	88	25	235	106	3	6	15	1	2	2	2	71·0	0·55	6·28
Total	...	...	11	1	3	...	7	11	54	513	358	1,231	2,879	47	1,189	786	4,249	3,715	105	40	198	60	120	47	145	40·14	1·65	7·00

		Officers.	Men
District Executive Foot Police		1,271	6,821
Do. Mounted Police		11	180
Excise Police		1	93
Railway Police		33	255
Ferry Police		2	2
Extra Police		13	115
	Total ...	1,331	7,466

D.—Police 6.

Showing the race and religion or caste of officers and men employed in the Police of the Central Provinces, for the year 1884.

District.	RACE.										RELIGION OR CASTE.									
											OFFICERS.									
	Europeans.				Eurasians.			Natives.					Hindus.							
	District or Assistant District Superintendents.																			
	Military or Covenanted Civil.	Uncovenanted.	Subordinate Officers.	Constables.	District or Assistant District Superintendents.	Subordinate Officers.	Constables.	District or Assistant District Superintendent.	Subordinate Officers.	Constables.	Christians.	Mahomedans.	Brahmins.	Rajputs.	Gurkhas.	Sekhs.	Kaiths.	Mahrattas.	Ahirs.	Gonds.	Hindus of all other castes.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
Saugor	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	97	636	4	35	33	5	...	1	12	3	...	...	8
Damoh	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	64	316	2	22	21	8	...	..	8	...	1	...	4
Jubbulpore	1	1	2	...	2	...	...	...	109	619	6	41	27	10	...	...	9	1	4	1	16
Mandla	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	49	243	3	17	19	6	...	...	4	...	...	...	3
Seoni	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	45	269	3	12	12	4	...	1	3	...	1	3	6
Nimar	...	2	1	...	...	3	...	...	79	425	6	26	28	16	...	1	2	1	1	...	4
Narsinghpur	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	56	310	2	20	17	7	...	1	9	...	1	...	4
Hoshangabad	...	1	2	...	1	2	...	...	90	521	6	45	14	14	...	...	7	2	3	...	4
Betul	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	52	277	2	12	21	5	...	...	5	3	...	...	6
Chhindwara	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	51	325	1	21	16	1	...	...	6	3	...	...	4
Nagpur	1	1	2	...	1	4	...	1	147	936	15	51	40	10	...	...	...	17	1	...	25
Wardha	1	1	...	...	...	2	...	...	72	375	4	23	29	4	...	1	...	9	...	...	6
Chanda	...	...	...	...	1	3	...	...	87	523	6	30	24	11	...	...	2	6	1	...	11
Bhandara	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	70	418	1	32	14	13	...	2	3	...	2	...	5
Balaghat	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	38	192	2	12	8	8	...	1	2	...	2	...	5
Raipur	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	72	436	2	29	13	10	...	...	2	10	1	...	7
Silaspur	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	49	271	2	9	21	5	..	...	10	...	...	...	4
Bambalpur	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	56	303	3	4	4	4	...	...	24	..	...	...	19
Total ...	3	20	12	...	5	21	..	1	1, 283	7,385	67	441	361	141	...	11	165	55	17	4	141

Districts.	RELIGION OR CASTE—Contd.																	
	OFFICERS.		MEN.															
	Other Religions (Contd.)				Hindus											Other Religions.		
	Parsees.		Christians.	Mahomedans.	Brahmins.	Rajputs.	Gurkhas.	Sikhs.	Kaiths.	Ahirs.	Gonds.	Kanjars.	Mahrattas.	Purthans.	Hindus of all other castes.			Grand Total of officers.
	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40
Saugor	..	...	...	228	162	75	..	4	29	20	...	12	4	...	92	...	...	727
Pamoh	...	...	...	136	86	24	...	...	12	16	...	...	6	...	36	...	...	382
Jubbulpore	..	...	...	215	179	68	...	...	24	18	3	...	2	...	103	...	...	734
Mandla	...	...	...	60	75	31	...	...	5	13	19	...	...	...	40	...	...	294
Seoni	...	...	...	69	84	23	...	4	...	14	5	...	6	9	55	...	...	317
Nimar	..	...	...	105	131	83	...	1	...	30	...	...	3	...	72	...	...	510
Narsinghpur	...	...	...	82	74	32	...	...	...	15	10	...	4	...	93	...	...	368
Hoshangabad	...	1	...	181	138	74	1	1	...	24	4	...	2	...	96	...	...	617
Betul	...	...	...	71	79	29	...	1	...	2	29	...	21	...	45	...	...	331
Chhindwara	...	...	...	116	83	34	...	...	...	10	10	...	21	...	51	...	...	378
Nagpur	...	1	4	330	281	62	...	1	...	35	13	...	107	...	108	...	...	1,093
Wardha	...	...	...	125	81	42	...	1	...	18	3	...	35	...	70	...	...	451
Chanda	...	...	3	213	66	41	..	3	...	17	31	...	29	...	120	...	...	614
Bhandara	...	...	...	172	86	52	...	...	...	14	4	...	32	...	58	...	...	489
Baiaghat	...	...	1	59	32	33	...	1	...	9	4	...	4	...	49	...	...	232
Raipur	...	...	...	148	61	59	...	1	...	21	11	...	61	...	74	...	...	510
Bilaspur	...	...	...	71	105	19	...	...	...	5	5	...	16	...	50	...	...	322
Sambalpur	...	...	...	17	17	16	...	...	...	25	17	...	...	...	211	...	...	361
Total ...	2	...	8	2,398	1,820	797	1	18	70	306	168	12	360	9	1,418	...	...	8,730

E.—Military I.

STATEMENT showing the strength, cost and other particulars of the Army attached to the Central Provinces in the year 1884.

	Arm of Service.	Total number of fighting officers and men.							Detail of Force at the end of year.							Average annual pay and allowance of each.					Total cost including Contingencies.
		Remaining at the end of last year.	Recruited this year.	Died.			Invalided.	Discharged, deserted, &c.	Remaining at the end of year.	Number of Regiments, Battalions or Batteries.	Number of guns.	Number of men.					European Commissioned Officer.	Native Commissioned Officer.	Non-Commissioned Officer.	Fighting man.	Camp follower.	
				In action.	Otherwise.	Total.						European Commissioned Officers.	Native Commissioned Officers.	Non-Commissioned Officers.	Fighting men.	Paid Camp followers and non-combatants.						
European.	Cavalry	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Sappers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Artillery	325	60	...	11	11	5	38	331	2 Batteries	12	9	...	54	268	179	5,550	...	513	251	77	1,93,949
	Infantry	1,840	548	...	14	14	39	36	1,970	2 Battalions and 1 Company	...	58	...	191	1,777	160	4,675	...	580	200	85	8,53,898
	Total ...	2,165	608	...	25	25	44	408	2,301	2 Batteries, 2 Battalions and 1 Company	12	67	...	245	2,045	339	4,793	...	565	207	80	10,47,847
Native.	Cavalry	882	61	..	8	8	14	22	899	2 Regiments	...	18	23	106	752	517	9,284	1447	361	259	63	4,66,676
	Sappers	123	3	...	4	4	1	3	118	1 Company	...	1	3	15	99	6	5,700	836	328	132	112	26,868
	Artillery	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Infantry	4,600	444	...	36	36	158	48	4,802	7 Regiments	..	62	97	480	4,163	444	6,689	840	214	133	90	12,05,294
	Total ...	5,605	508	...	48	48	173	73	5,819	9 Regiments and 1 Company	...	81	123	601	5,014	967	7,253	954	243	152	76	16,98,838
	Grand Total ...	7,770	1,116	...	73	73	217	476	8,120	2 Batteries, 2 Battalions, 1 Company and 9 Regiments and 1 Company.	12	148	123	846	7,059	1,306	6,340	954	336	168	77	27,46,685

Statement showing distribution and employment of the Army attached to the Central Provinces in the year 1884.

	Arm of Service.	Employment on last day of the year.							Employment during the year.						
		Number of Regiments, Batteries, &c., on active service.	Number of permanent Cantonments occupied.	Number of out-posts occupancy.	Average number of men at head quarters of each Regiment, Battery not on active service.		Average number of men of each Regiment, &c. detailed for out post duty.		Average number of days spent by each man on active service.	Average number of days spent by each man not on active service.			Number of Divisional or Station parades during the year.	Number of Regimental parades during the year.	Average number of days devoted to musketry instruction, &c.
					On duty.	Off duty.	On duty.	Off duty.		On duty.	With corps or company not on duty.	On furlough.			
European.	Cavalry	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...
	Sappers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Artillery	...	2	...	15	150	...	...	...	30	335	...	7	818	40
	Infantry	...	3	2	68	801	12	75	...	24	341	...	14	854	135
Native.	Cavalry	...	3	...	74	354	...	...	...	54	294	17	12	282	68
	Sappers	...	1	...	11	101	...	...	...	36	325	4	3	36	10
	Artillery	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Infantry	...	8	...	88	569	...	...	...	66	282	17	14	335	144

E. Military.—3.

STATEMENT showing religion, races and classes of the Native Officers and men of the Army attached to the Central Provinces on the last day of the year 1884.

	Classification according to religion, races, &c.	Average.						General physiognomy and characteristics of each race and caste.
		Age.		Height.		Weight.		
		Yrs.	ms.	Ft.	ins.	lbs.		
According to Religion.	Muhammadans	28	0	5	6	132		
	Hindus	29	6	5	6	134		
	Seikhs	28	8	5	7	129		
	Christians	28	6	5	5	125		
	Parsis	.....		.....		...		
	Others	31	0	5	5	130		
According to Countries and Races.	Hindustanis	27	0	5	6	133		
	Punjabees	29	3	5	7½	126		
	Afghans	27	9	5	6½	127		
	Beloochees	.....		.....		...		
	From Western Himalayas	.....		.....		...		
	„ Eastern „	.....		.....		...		
	Bengalees	.....		.....		...		
	From Maratha countries	45	0	5	7	137		
	Telingas	30	1	5	5½	132		
	Canarese	21	6	5	5	125		
	Tamils	31	0	5	6	128		
	Malabars	.....		.....		..		
	Others	36	6	5	6	118		
Hindus according to Caste.	Brahmins	26	6	5	7	132		
	Rajputs	27	4	5	6¾	131		
	Other castes	29	0	5	5½	127		

F.—Marine 1.

STATEMENT showing the strength and other particulars of the Marine Force attached to the Provinces

Arm of Service.	Total number of fighting Officers and men.							Detail of Force at the end of the year.							Average annual pay and allowance of each.					
	Remaining at end of last year.	Recruited this year.	Died.			Invalid.	Discharged, deserted, &c.	Remaining at end of last year.	Number of ships.	Number of guns.	Number of men.					European Commissioned Officers.	Native Commissioned Officers.	Non-Commissioned Officers.	Fighting men.	Paid non-combatants.	Total cost, including contingencies.
			In action.	Otherwise.	Total.						European Commissioned Officers.	Native Commissioned Officers.	Non-Commissioned Officers.	Fighting men.	Paid non-combatants.						

F.—Marine 2.

STATEMENT showing Religion and Races and Classes of the Native Officers and men of the Marine Force attached to the on the last day of the year.

Classification according to religion, race, &c.	Average age.	Average height.	Average weight.	General physiognomy and characteristics of each caste and race.

III.—STATISTICS OF PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

A.—Finance I.

Account of the Gross and Net revenues of the Central Provinces for the year 1884-85.

	Gross Receipts.	Charges against Income.				Total Charges.	Net Receipts.	Deficit.
		Refund and Drawbacks.	Charges for collecting, including cost of opium and maintaining Productive works.	Allowances and Assignments, including Territorial and Political pensions payable under treaties and engagements.	Allowances to District and Village officers and charitable grants.			
IMPERIAL.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Land Revenue (Imperial share)	31,03,618	2,921	.....	4,48,446	.....	4,51,367	26,52,251	
Tributes and contributions from Native States	1,35,909	.....	.....	.... .	.....	.....	1,35,909	
Forest (Imperial share)	5,13,601	787	2,47,123	.....	.....	2,47,910	2,65,691	
Total Territorial ...	37,53,128	3,708	2,47,123	4,48,446	.....	6,99,277	30,53,851	
Opium	2,15,039	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,15,039	
Stamps	6,84,941	6,805	18,610	.....	.....	25,415	6,59,526	
Excise	12,46,466	198	32,924	.....	... ..	33,122	12,13,344	
Assessed Taxes	1,19,534	3,975	170	.....	.....	4,145	1,15,389	
Registration	34,046	44	.....	.....	.. ...	44	34,002	
Interest	10,411	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	10,411	
Miscellaneous	297	.....	.... .	.....	.....	.....	297	
Gain by Exchange	175	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	175	
Total Imperial ..	60,64,037	14,730	2,98,827	4,48,446	.....	7,62,003	53,02,034	
PROVINCIAL.								
Land Revenue	29,59,468	2,829	6,60,511	.....	.....	6,63,340	22,96,128	
Stamps	6,84,941	6,805	18,610	.....	.....	25,415	6,59,526	
Excise	12,46,466	198	32,924	.....	.....	33,122	12,13,344	

Provincial Rates	2,75,336	20	...	...	...	20	2,75,316
Assessed Taxes	1,19,534	3,975	170	...	...	4,145	1,15,389
Forest	5,13,601	787	2,47,124	...	...	2,47,911	2,65,690
Registration	34,046	44	...	...	...	44	34,002
Law and Justice	4,26,361	...	...	...	...	...	4,26,361
Police	88,849	...	...	...	...	...	88,849
Education	1,04,596	...	...	...	...	...	1,04,596
Medical	8,698	...	...	...	...	...	8,698
Scientific and other Minor Departments	4,038	...	...	...	...	...	4,038
Receipts in aid of Superannuations, &c.	6,870	...	...	...	...	...	6,870
Stationery and Printing...	21,366	...	...	...	...	...	21,366
Miscellaneous	9,143	...	...	...	...	...	9,143
Civil Buildings, Roads and Services	40,502	...	...	...	...	...	40,502
Total Provincial ...	65,43,815	14,658	9,59,339	...	...	9,73,997	55,69,818
LOCAL.							
Provincial Rates	3,72,881	1	...	...	...	1	3,72,880
Police	1,63,143	..	...	...	..	...	1,63,143
Education	1,525	...	...	...	...	...	1,525
Medical	13,900	...	...	...	...	...	13,900
Scientific and other Minor Departments	12,880	...	...	...	...	...	12,880
Miscellaneous	80,997	...	...	...	...	...	80,997
Civil Buildings, Roads and Services	73,440	...	...	...	...	...	73,440
Total Local ...	7,18,766	1	...	...	...	1	7,18,765
EXCLUDED LOCAL FUNDS.							
Cantonment Funds	72,929	...	...	...	...	...	72,929
Police Remount Fund	4,628	...	...	...	...	...	4,628
Police Butchat Fund	331	...	...	...	...	...	331
Dispensary Fund	64,541	...	...	...	...	...	64,541
Museum Fund	2,549	...	...	...	...	...	2,549
Total Excluded Local Funds ...	1,44,978	...	...	...	...	...	1,44,978
Gross Receipts ...	1,34,71,596	29,389	12,58,166	4,48,446	...	17,36,001	1,17,35,595

Account of Expenditure from the net income of the Central Provinces, for the year 1884-85.

Head of expenditure.	Amount. Last year.	Amount. Present year.	Cause of Increase or Decrease.
	Rs.	Rs.	
IMPERIAL.			
Civil and Political Establishment ...	1,12,698	1,10,053	
Civil Contingencies ...	13,508	16,432	
Interest on ordinary debt ...	3,098	10,466	
Interest on other obligations ...	23,107	22,527	
Registration ...	14,910	17,878	
Police ...	2,018	2,472	
Miscellaneous ...	3,670	4,837	
Total Imperial ...	1,73,009	1,84,665	
PROVINCIAL.			
Civil and Political Establishment ...	3,39,086	3,58,601	
Civil Contingencies ...	74,150	65,310	
Judicial charges, Courts, &c. ...	7,11,599	7,09,047	
Registration ...	14,909	17,878	
Post Office ...	45,075	50,660	
Law and Justice—Jails ...	4,75,734	4,52,832	
Police ...	13,20,682	13,67,707	
Education ...	5,77,829	5,71,747	
Medical ...	2,72,991	2,81,153	
Superannuation ...	1,50,189	1,47,765	
Stationery and Printing ...	1,23,012	1,37,100	
Miscellaneous ...	29,709	28,529	
Charges in respect of Capital interest on debt, Railways ...	3,49,032	3,71,718	
Civil Buildings, Roads and Services ...	9,853	12,369	
Total Provincial ...	44,93,800	45,72,416	
LOCAL.			
Land Revenue ...	...	...	
Administration ...	1,26,210	1,40,230	
Police ...	48,180	53,415	
Education ...	2,408	25,755	
Medical ...	30,305	25,905	
Scientific and other Minor Departments ...	51,291	54,977	
Superannuation ...	632	612	
Stationery and Printing ...	...	57	
Miscellaneous ...	24,437	18,667	
Civil Buildings, Roads and Services ...	2,65,049	2,14,383	
Total Local ...	5,48,512	5,34,001	
EXCLUDED LOCAL FUNDS.			
Cantonment Funds ...	66,574	69,172	
Police Remount Fund ..	5,716	4,874	
Police Butchat Fund ...	291	336	
Dispensary Fund ...	51,783	1,30,003	
Museum Fund ...	1,399	3,032	
Total Excluded Local Funds ...	1,25,763	2,07,417	
Grand Total ...	53,41,084	54,98,499	
Surplus ...	...	62,37,096	
Deficit ...	..	...	

Amount of Receipts and and Disbursements of the treasuries of the Central Provinces in the year 1884-85.

Receipts.	Amount.	Disbursements.	Amount.
	Rs.		Rs.
Cash balance of last year ..	69,71,812		
IMPERIAL.		IMPERIAL.	
Net Revenue as per Statement No. 1	53,02,034	Expenditure as per Statement No. II	1,84,665
PROVINCIAL.		PROVINCIAL.	
Net Revenue as per Stotement No. 1	55,69,818	Expenditure as per Statement No II	45,72,416
LOCAL.		LOCAL.	
Net Revenue as per Statement No. 1	7,18,765	Expenditure as per Statement No. II	5,34,001
EXCLUDED LOCAL FUNDS.		EXCLUDED LOCAL FUNDS.	
Revenue as per Statement No. 1	1,44,978	Expenditure as per Statement No. II	2,07,417
Government of India Stock Notes	463	Government of India Stock Notes	...
Savings Bank Deposits	2,77,180	Savings Bank Deposits	274,375
Civil Deposits	25,83,488	Civil Deposits	23,85,400
Municipal Funds	9,54,673	Municipal Funds	9,45,454
Miscellaneous Debt Accounts	29,36,850	Miscellaneous Debt Accounts	29,18,500
Account Current with Native States	42,403	Account Current with Native States	61,270
Coinage Accounts	1,000	Coinage Accounts	...
Departmental Accounts	5,404	Departmental Accounts	2,950
Loans to Municipalities, Native States &c.	101,219	Loans to Municipalities, Native States &c.	70,000
Cash Remittances and Adjustments	79,62,210	Cash Remittances and Adjustments	79,61,417
Remittances by Bills ... Local	9,17,657	Remittances by Bills ... Local	9,27,693
Remittances by Bills ... Foreign	12,33,390	Remittances by Bills ... Foreign	13,20,227
Remittances by Bills ... Other Governments ..	8,33,915	Remittances by Bills ... Other Governments ...	12,38,509
Civil ... Service Funds	70,412	Civil-Miscellaneous	5,20,286
Civil ... Miscellaneous	5,23,707	Foreign Remittances	39,27,698
Foreign Remittances	4,00,000	Post Office Department	2,51,139
Post Office Department	25,97,692	Telegraph Department	1,15,475
Telegraph Department	29,398	Account Current with Marine	30
Military Depatment	1,15,924	Military Department	86,02,964
Public Works Department... Ordinary Branches ...	1,20,038	Public Works Department... Ordinary Branches ...	18,87,137
Public Works Department... Railway Branches ...	14,04,963	Public Works Department... Railway Branches ...	17,33,243
Accounts between England and India	348	Accounts between England and India	...
Grand Total ...	4,18,19,741		
Disbursements ...	3,57,01,264	Grand Total ...	3,57,01,264
Cash at end of year ...	61,18,477		

B.—Public Works I.

Statement showing the expenditure incurred on Imperial and Provincial Services in the Public Works Department, Central Provinces, during the year 1884-85.

Details.	Total of each Station			Total of each Class.		
	Original works.	Repairs.	Total.	Original works.	Repairs.	Total.
IMPERIAL ORDINARY.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
MILITARY WORKS.						
Buildings for the accommodation of European Troops at Kamptee ...	29,929	8,404	38,333			
Do. do. Asirgarh ...	324	1,556	1,880			
Do. do. Khandwa ...	1,565	3,083	4,648			
Do. do. Nagpur ...	129	827	956			
				31,947	13,870	45,817
Buildings for the accommodation of Native Troops at Kamptee ...	179	1,565	1,744			
Do. do. Nagpur ...	410	996	1,406			
Do. do. Asirgarh ..	254	167	421			
Do. do. Hoshangabad ...	...	626	626			
Do. do. Raipur ...	4,414	1,015	5,429			
Do. do. Sambalpur ...	403	232	635			
Do. do. Chanda ...	...	160	160			
Do. do. Sironcha ...	...	46	46			
				5,660	4,807	10,467
Rents of Buildings or compensation for Quarters ...	...	...	...	...	742	742
Ordnance Works	...	...	...	73	828	901
Commissariat	...	...	...	625	1,594	2,219
Staff and Miscellaneous	...	...	...	5,143	3,776	8,919
Roads to hill stations or lines of Military communication.	...	...	...	5,431	1,625	7,056
General Cantonment works	...	...	...	144	5,780	5,924
Fortifications ...	...	...	...	38,160	1,099	39,259
Total Works and Repairs ...	...	...	...	87,183	34,121	1,21,304
Establishment	...	...	...	...	...	27,900
Tools and Plant	...	...	...	...	...	1,872
Profit and loss	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	1,51,076
Decrease in Suspense balances	...	...	...	..	...	— 17,788
Total Military ...	...	...	..	..	...	1,33,288
BARRACK DEPARTMENT.						
New supplies	...	...	..	...	...	566
Repairs and Carriage	...	...	...	...	...	760
Establishment	...	...	...	...	...	4,040
Total Barrack Department ...	...	...	...	...	...	5,366
Total Military Works ..	...	...	...	...	...	1,38,654
CIVIL BUILDINGS, ROADS AND SERVICES.						
CIVIL BUILDINGS.						
Buildings for Postal Department ..	...	...	...	5,329	1,528	6,857
Do. Telegraph Department ...	...	...	...	32,733	258	32,991
Total Civil Buildings ...	...	...	...	38,062	1,786	39,848

B.—Public Works I.—(Continued).

Details.	Total of each Station.			Total of each Class.		
	Original works.	Repairs.	Total.	Original works.	Repairs.	Total.
MISCELLANEOUS PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Boring operations in the Coal Fields near the Hengir Road Station in Raipur District	...	...	...	9,313	...	9,313
Experiments in the manufacture of Pig Iron with Umaria Coal and Murwara Ore in the Jubbulpore Division	...	...	...	524	...	524
Total Miscellaneous Public Improvements ...	...	...	...	9,837	...	9,837
Total Works and Repairs ...	...	...	...	47,899	1,786	49,685
Establishment	...	...	...	...	...	9,286
Tools and Plant	...	...	...	...	...	625
Total Civil Buildings, Roads and Services ...	...	...	...	...	..	59,596
Grand Total Imperial Ordinary ...	...	...	..	...	...	1,98,250
PROVINCIAL SERVICES.						
CIVIL BUILDINGS.						
Imperial Services. Administration	...	...	...	16,341	10,295	26,636
Imperial Services. Minor Department	...	...	...	...	1,727	1,727
Imperial Services. Law and Justice	...	...	...	23,809	10,128	33,937
Imperial Services. Ecclesiastical	...	...	...	3,678	5,705	9,383
Provincial Services. Jails	...	...	...	65,582	12,556	78,138
Provincial Services. Police	...	...	...	14,131	6,806	20,937
Provincial Services. Educational	...	...	...	575	1,431	2,006
Provincial Services. Medical	...	...	...	29,258	1,523	30,781
Provincial Services. Miscellaneous or General	...	...	...	7,873	3,933	11,806
Total Civil Buildings ...	...	...	...	1,61,247	54,104	2,15,351
COMMUNICATIONS.						
Jubbulpore and Mandla Road	...	...	...	12,158	17,849	30,007
Saugor and Jubbulpore Road *via* Damoh ...	...	...	...	50,892	22,252	73,144
Great Northern Road from Nagpur to Jubbulpore ...	...	...	...	2,604	91,232	93,836
Road from Seoni to Chhindwara	...	...	...	8,444	...	8,444
Balaghat and Gondia Road	...	...	...	25,379	...	25,379
Road from Gondia to Pulchoor	...	...	...	4,182	...	4,182
Tumsar and Katangi Road	...	...	...	43,629	...	43,629
Eastern Road from Nagpur to Bhandara and thence to Raipur eastward...	...	...	...	25,676	1,25,283	1,50,959
Southern Road from Nagpur to Chanda ...	...	...	...	13	21,987	22,000
Road from Betul to Itarsi	...	...	...	8,882	26,845	35,727
Piparia and Pachmarhi Road	...	...	...	11,129	16,086	27,215
Road from Budnoor to Chichenda	...	...	...	9,691	2,712	12,403
Saugor and Kareli Road	...	...	...	5,766	57,831	63,597
Saugor and Jhansi Road	...	...	...	5,601	9,705	15,306
Saugor Northern Road to Banda and Cawnpur ..	...	...	...	11,545	...	11,545
Road from Raipur to Bilaspur	...	...	..	3,426	3,614	7,040
Road from Nagpur to Betul	...	...	...	11,364	4,364	15,728
North-west Road from Nagpur, Kamptee to Chhindwara	...	...	...	38,601	22,836	61,437
Road from Raipur to Sambalpur	...	...	...	86,095	12,865	98,960
Road from Drug to Damteri	...	...	...	3,434	..	3,434
Khundwa to Mhow Road	...	...	...	2,467	8,356	10,823

Details.	Total of each station.			Total of each class.		
	Original works.	Repairs.	Total.	Original works.	Repairs.	Total.
Hoshangabad and Etarsee road	...	...	...	591	1,079	1,670
Chegaon and Echapur road	...	...	...	...	6,880	6,880
Jubbulpore and Mirzapur road ...	...	...	..	...	15,872	15,872
Railway feeder road (Kanhan Division) ...	...	...	...	...	16211	16,211
Road from Dongargarh to Khyragarh ...	...	...	...	1,342	...	1,342
Pulgaon and Arvi road	...	...	...	2,953	...	2,953
Other roads	...	...	...	9,349	11,502	20,851
Total Communications ...	...	...	...	3,85,213	4,95,361	8,80,574
MISCELLANEOUS PUBLIC IMPROVEMENTS.						
Hinganghat water works	2,663	...	2,663	...	...	...
Extension of water supply to old town of Hinganghat ...	13	...	13	...	...	...
Babooria Reservoir at Seoni	...	...	1,260	...	...	...
Lake at Pachmari	302	1,433	1,735	..	...	...
Telinkheri water works	1,377	2,092	3,469	...	...	...
Petty works	187	..	187	...	...	...
Total Miscellaneous Public Improvements ...	...	...	...	5,802	3,525	9,327
Establishment	...	...	...	...	...	2,77,564
Tools and Plant	...	...	...	...	...	20,948
Profit and Loss	...	...	...	...	...	52
Total ...	...	...	...	...	....	14,03,816
Increase in the Suspense Balances	...	...	...	...	...	1,173
Total Outlay Provincial Services ...	...	...	...	...	...	14,04,989
CONTRIBUTION WORKS.						
Civil Buildings	...	...	...	3,277	...	3,277
Communication	...	...	...	...	...	...
Miscellaneous Public Improvements	...	...	...	18,667	415	19,082
Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	22,359
Establishment	...	...	...	...	...	2,539
Tools and Plant	...	...	...	...	...	287
Grand Total Contribution Works ...	...	...	...	...	...	25,185
INCORPORATED LOCAL FUNDS.						
Expenditure incurred by Public Works Officers.—						
Civil Buildings	...	...	...	...	...	...
Communication	...	...	...	25,755	2,334	28,089
Miscellaneous Public Improvements	...	...	...	2,396	2,019	4,415
Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	32,504
Establishment	...	...	...	...	...	1,894
Tools and Plant	...	...	...	...	...	284
Grand Total Incorporated Local Funds ...	...	...	...	...	...	34,682

B.—Public Works 2.—(State Railways.)

Statement showing the (Capital) Income and Expenditure on Re-productive works in the Central Provinces, for the year 1884-85.

Name of Railway.	Total outlay on construction to end of 1884-85.	Total income realized during 1884-85.	Deduct charges 1884-85.			Net surplus or deficit.	Remarks.
			Working Expenses including Establishment.	Interest on capital at 4 per cent.	Total charges.		
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Wardha Coal State Railway	66,19,103	6,78,220	4,76,027	2,61,356	7,37,383	—59,163	This is for the combined undertaking Railway and Colliery.
Nagpur and Chhattisgarh State Railway ...	104,34,969	13,62,392	8,04,797	4,04,798	12,09,595	1,52,797	Line first opened for traffic on 6th April 1880.

Statement showing the (Capital) Income and Expenditure on Re-productive Works in the Central Provinces, for the year 1884-85.

Name of work.	Miles opened during the year.	Total miles open.	Passengers during the year.					Receipts from passengers.	Receipts from merchandise.	Miscellaneous receipts.	Total receipts.	Working expenses.	Net profits.	Number of European staff.	Number of Native staff.	Total Capital expenditure.
			1st Class.	2nd Class.	3rd Class.	Cooly or 4th Class.	Total.									
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			Rs.
Wardha Coal State Railway ..	...	47	346	344½	1,718	1,30,373	1,32,781½	39,177	1,70,463	4,73,987	6,83,627	4,78,445	2,05,182	30	439	66,19,103
Nagpur and Chhattisgarh State Railway.	...	149	2,992	10,872	13,132	7,04,139	7,31,135	2,13,555	11,49,915	9,052	13,72,522	8,38,752	5,33,770	115	1,713	104,34,969

D.—Marine 1.

STATEMENT showing the various Government Ships and Vessels employed under the Government of—in the year 188 .

Detail of Vessels.	Tonnage of each vessel and horse power of engines, if a steamer.	No. of officers.	No. of men.	Total annual cost.	Total annual earnings of the vessels.	Remarks. (In this column should be stated the nature of the duties on which each vessel was employed.)
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Sea-going Vessels						
River-going Vessels						
All other craft, boats &c.						

After the name of the vessel, it should be stated whether she is a steamer or a sailing vessel.

STATEMENT showing the number of officers and men employed otherwise than in Government Vessels under the Government of—in the year 188 .

*Description of Establishment.	No. of officers.	No. of men.	Total annual cost.	Total annual earnings.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6
Superintending Establishment ...					
Dock-yard Establishment ...					
Pilot Establishment ...					
Government salaried ...					
Government free ...					
Licensed ...					
Any other Establishment ...					

* When necessary the description of Establishments here shown should be altered to suit local circumstances.

STATEMENT III E.1—Agriculture—Crops cultivated in acres.

Districts.	Cereals and pulses.				Oilseeds.	Sugar-cane.	Fibres.				Indigo.	Coffee.	Tea.	Tobacco.	Cinchona.	Miscellaneous.		Total area of crops.	Deduct area cropped more than once.	Actual area on which crops were grown.
		Wheat.					Cotton.													
	Rice.	Grown alone.	Grown mixed with other crops.	Other food grains including pulses.			Grown alone.	Grown mixed with other crops.	Jute.	Other sorts.						Food crops.	Non-food crops.			
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
Saugor ...	11,483	4,93,210	36,128	1,81,668	70,163	2,957	16,074	9,505	1,312	245	52	...	...	1,629	.	52,474	1,594	8,78,494	4.894	8,73,600
Damoh ...	50,286	2,19,224	...	1,49,004	69,958	743	8,579	...	260	276	61	...	...	954	...	34	2,545	5,01,924	9,157	4.92,767
Jubbulpore ...	1,19,695	3,02,409	1,43,366	3,59,936	1,13,070	1,727	1,786	17,811	798	...	...	...	..	515	...	3,328	352	10,64,787	55,167	10,09,620
Mandla ...	76,742	68,246	1,424	58,355	24,896	839	525	...	...	1,544	...	...	...	802	...	1,38,321	5,498	3,77,192	4,072	3,73,120
Seoni ...	1,07,151	2,49,210	20,351	1,79,135	54,457	757	5,989	...	1,300	95	...	...	...	17	...	502	33	6,18,997	11,243	6,07,754
Narsinghpur.	17,876	1,70,545	90,755	2,47,105	23,050	1,677	4,635	23,554	1,046	...	6	...	...	794	..	302	488	5,81,833	4,939	5,76,894
Hoshangabad.	11,661	5,55,136	55,606	1,19,211	42,376	412	8,391	1,469	...	1,066	...	...	...	1,484	...	1,57,990	265	9,55,067	709	9,54,358
Nimar ...	13,393	32,430	299	2,76,168	51,606	125	36,066	...	...	1,294	7	...	...	294	...	5,144	3,324	4,20,150	19,972	4,00,178
Betul ...	13,856	1,65,829	24,516	2,70,101	89,173	6,109	2,161	...	2	2,391	...	...	...	91	..	47,139	2,455	6,23,823	2,052	6,21,771
Chhindwara.	7,035	1,51,318	35,123	2,83,970	62,298	5,700	9,668	39,000	...	2,496	...	...	...	544	...	20,695	227	6,18.074	1,526	6,16,548
Wardha ...	1,307	2,12,549	...	2,18,607	2,06,674	293	2,06,177	24,192	542	...	...	...	...	1,255	..	5,786	428	8,77,810	849	8,76,961
Nagpur ...	34,857	3,53,346	...	4,51,305	2,20,347	838	15,588	88,846	...	743	...	...	...	724	...	11,243	7,481	11,85,318	1,332	11,83,986
Chanda ...	1,85,552	87,766	...	2,37,955	1,46,945	4,123	9,274	...	...	708	...	...	...	515	...	6,318	9,703	6,88,859	50,650	6,38,209
Bhandara ...	2,89,091	1,03,371	...	1,84,897	75,026	3,837	...	...	468	...	...	...	...	248	..	6,214	2,491	6,65,643	98,342	5,67,301
Balaghat ...	2,07,469	10,498	...	85,615	22,924	1,260	...	...	70	...	...	...	...	774	...	501	19	3,29,130	71,210	2,57,920
Raipur ...	10,51,538	1,03,991	...	4,76,530	2,43,837	1,807	6,910	...	1,055	...	.	...	...	2,584	...	4,714	...	18,92,966	2,26,617	16,66,349
Bilaspur ...	7,16,620	58,480	...	2,83,160	1,07,371	5,798	7,917	12,108	391	1,517	...	...	...	2,790	...	8,398	609	12,05,159	1,25,946	10,79,213
Sambalpur ...	1,76,013	125	...	32,976	8,651	5,282	11,372	...	...	...	...	...	...	194	...	2,082	2,105	2,38,750	...	2,38,750
Total ...	30,91,625	33,37,683	4,07,568	40,95,698	16,32,822	44,284	3,51,106	2,16,485	7,244	12,375	126	...	...	16,208	...	4,71,135	39,617	1,37,28,976	6,88,677	1,30,35,299

Statement III. E 2.—Extent of Irrigation.

Districts.	Total area of crops in column 18, Statement III. E.1.	Area irrigated.						Detail.			
		By canal.		Tanks.	Wells.	Other sources.	Total area of crops irrigated.	Wheat grown alone or in a mixture.	Other cereals and pulses.	Miscellaneous food crops.	Miscellaneous non-food crops.
		Government.	Private.								
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
Saugor ...	8,78,494		...	452	4,336	331	5,119	1,050	238	3,831	...
Damoh ...	5,01,92	...	...	41	1,605	120	1,766	114	15	1,477	160
Jubbulpore ...	10,64,78	...	...	25	3,677	65	3,799	...	...	3,799	...
Mandla ...	3,77,192	32	...	...	1,616	...	1,616	...	...	...	1,616
Seoni ...	6,18,997	...	...	...	1,255	24	1,279	...	..	1,279	...
Narsinghpur ...	5,81,833	...	...	...	4,077	...	4,077	...	...	4,077	...
Hoshangabad ...	9,55,067	...	...	1	1,448	286	1,735	...	...	1,735	...
Nimar ...	4,20,150	...	...	203	12,697	1,334	14,234	8,225	1,713	3,728	568
Betul ...	6,23,823	...	...	...	6,785	...	6,785	...	...	...	6,785
Chhindwara ...	6,18,074	...	...	...	7,693	229	7,922	...	...	7,695	227
Wardha ...	8,77,810	...	...	...	3,354	...	3,354	...	...	2,507	847
Nagpur ...	11,85,318	...	...	...	10,976	218	11,194	...	...	11,194	...
Chanda ...	6,88,859	...	697	1,43,810	1,853	1,075	1,47,435	...	...	1,40,227	7,208
Bhandara ...	6,65,643	...	...	1,85,714	1,329	3,214	1,90,257	...	...	...	...
Balaghat ...	3,29,130	...	...	..	3,036	4	3,040	...	1,933	1,107	...
Raipur ...	18,92,966	...	...	1,415	5,299	...	6,714	...	...	6,714	...
Bilaspur ...	12,05,159	...	...	4,835	2,168	...	7,003	...	...	7,003	...
Sambalpur ...	2,38,750	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...
Total ...	1,37,23,976	32	697	3,36,496	73,204	6,900	4,17,329	9,389	3,899	1,96,373	17,411

Statement III F.—Prices of produce.

| Districts. | Price of produce per maund of 80 lbs. | | |

III. G.—Mines and Quarries.

District.	Where situated.	Mineral produced.	Number of Mines.	Remarks.
Saugor ...	Amarmau, Tigora, Hirapur, Ujneti, Odeypur and others	Iron ore and stone...	18	
Damoh ...	....	.....		
Jubbulpore ...	Jubbulpore, Sihora and Murwara.. ...	Do. do.	199	
Mandla ...	Tahsils Mandla and Ramgarh	Iron ore and limestone ...	47	
Seoni ...	Dhutra, Khumeria, Jatama and 9 others ...	Iron ore, millstone and white ochre...	15	
Narsinghpur...	Mohpani, Sihora and Setarewa	Coal ...	*3	*Leased to Nerbudda Coal and Iron Company.
	Tendukhera, Umarkheri, Umerpani, Kishanpur, Latgaon, Nandia and Jhirri ..	Iron ore ...	38	
	Khariri, Bambori and Bichua	Limestone ...	3	
	Nagwara, Bagaspur, Pitehra, Barehta, Bhainsa, Imjhiri, Khairi, Kishanpur, Chargaon, Bachai and Kachuaghat	Sandstone ...	47	
Hoshangabad ...	Tahsils Hoshangabad, Sohagpur, Seoni and Harda...	Building stone ...	18	
Nimar ...	Chandgarh, Uchaca, Changukheri, Monesai, Sinod	Stone and limestone.	23	
Betul ...	Sonada, Kotmi, Mardanpur, Pandra and Dhori	Coal ...	5	
	Chickla, Kanjitalao	White ochre ...	2	
Chhindwara ...	Barkoi, Senda and 38 other places ...	Coal, iron and slate..	40	
Wardha ...	Saonji, Injarpur and Nandgaon	Building stone ..	4	
Nagpur ...	Tahsils Nagpur, Ramtek, Katol and Umrer ...	Building stone ..	30	
Chanda ...	Tahsils Chanda, Bastar and Sironcha taluq ...	Iron ore, coal, building stone, red and yellow ochre ...	330	
Bhandara ..	Tahsils Sakoli and Tirora	Iron ore and various kinds of stone ...	199	
Balaghat ...	Dhansua, Lanji, Hatta, Badra, Kenbi, Paraswara, Bhanpur and Saletekri	Iron ore ...	27	
Raipur ..	Kondkasar, Bhindo, Lahora, Dalli, Sambarsingha and Magarkand	Iron ...	5	
	Mahadeo Ghat	Blue limestone ...	1	Worked by D P. W.
	Gandia and Murum	Red ochre ...	2	
	On the hills 3 miles from Chicholi. ...	Galena or sulphate of lead ...	1	
Bilaspur ...	Lapha, Pendra, Keda, Korba, Uprora and Kawarda Zamindari	Iron ...	9	Not regularly worked.
	Bilaspur and Seorinarain	Building stone ...	3	
	Korba	Coal ...	1	
Sambalpur ..	Lohera, Behra, Magurgura and 6 other places..	Iron ...	8	About 240 mds. iron produced annually.

III.II.—1.

Total External Railway borne Trade of the Central Provinces during the year ending 31st March 1885.

IMPORTS.

Articles.	From Sindh Punjab and N. W. P.	From Bengal excluding Calcutta.	From Calcutta Port.	From Rajputana.	From Bombay Presidency excluding Bombay Port.	From Bombay Port.	From Berars.	From Madras and Hyderabad.	Total. Weight.	Total. Value.
Coal	...	34,527	...	27	3,653	1,35,729	1,749	...	1,75,685	52,706
Cotton raw	697	3	2	146	308	206	1,190	...	2,552	37,502
Cotton Twist and Yarn — 1 European	20	...	5,008	...	183	18,044	4	...	23,259	16,28,130
Cotton Twist and Yarn — 2 Indian	1,952	15	64	55	8,182	3,642	11,726	...	25,636	7,69,080
Total Cotton Twist and Yarn	1,972	15	5,072	55	8,365	21,686	11,730	...	48,895	23,97,210
Cotton Piece goods — 1 European	1,835	...	7,133	162	11	74,055	99	151	83,446	71,81,470
Cotton Piece goods — 2 Indian	5,750	38	19	528	2,615	8,837	535	566	18,888	9,53,475
Total Cotton Piece goods	7,585	38	7,152	690	2,626	82,892	634	717	1,02,334	81,34,945
Grains — 1 Wheat	67	31	...	43,985	1,223	...	13,893	...	59,199	88,798
Grains — 2 Rice	1,016	19	23	738	238	84	78	3	2,499	4,810
Grains — 3 Juar and Bajra	261	...	...	5,735	55	3	22,113	...	28,167	52,813
Grains — 4 Gram	4,547	...	...	951	26	...	11	...	5,535	8,302
Grains — 5 Others	1,705	...	...	3,007	261	55	2,027	3	7,058	8,823
Total Grains	7,596	50	23	54,416	1,803	142	38,122	6	1,02,158	1,63,546
Hides and Skins — 1 Hides of Cattle	44	...	...	41	44	41	317	5	492	6,642
Hides and Skins — 2 Skins of Sheep &c.	98	...	9	303	144	7	273	...	834	26,532
Jute, Gunny bags and cloth	3,500	15,092	21,455	1,110	7,317	1,68,480	4,501	62	2,16,517	11,36,714
Liquors— 1 Beer	21	...	6,169	42	29	5,528	3	1	11,793	5,30,685
Liquors— 2 Wines	19	...	253	45	32	1,890	1	39	2,279	1,13,950
Liquors— 3 Spirits	217	...	43	1	30	3,490	2	13	3,796	94,900
Total Liquors	257	...	6,465	88	91	10,908	6	53	17,868	7,39,535
Metals— 1 Copper	793	...	355	150	580	3,247	160	4	5,289	2,38,005
Metals— 2 Iron	7,163	2,538	2,979	850	5,862	1,07,499	1,869	155	1,28,915	6,92,916
Metals— 3 Tins	129	3	522	51	74	1,802	25	1	2,607	59,961
Metals— Others	7,370	69	366	148	1,221	20,982	567	50	30,773	3,07,730
Total Metals	15,455	2,610	4,222	1,199	7,737	1,33,530	2,621	210	1,67,584	12,98,614
Oils — 1 Kerosine	20	...	734	67	11	48,954	16	...	49,802	1,55,631
Oils — 2 Others	432	23	16	904	1,180	3,074	470	...	6,099	83,861
Total Oils	452	23	750	971	1,191	52,028	486	...	55,901	2,39,492
Oilseeds— 1 Linseed	495	...	...	318	5	...	...	...	818	2,403
Oilseeds— 2 Rape and Mustard	331	4	2	62	40	2	20	...	461	2,017
Oilseeds— 3 Til	1,180	...	...	1,133	306	...	3,901	...	6,570	25,048
Oilseeds— 4 Niger	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Oilseeds— 5 Castor	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	...	9	26
Oilseeds— 6 Others	1,201	...	...	2,052	3,516	51	276	1	7,097	14,194
Total Oilseeds	3,207	4	2	3,615	3,867	53	4,206	1	14,955	43,688

Opium	...	...	...	834	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	834	2,41,860
Salt	...	...	...	9,079	16	...	34,421	11,31,282	15,973	...	353	11,91,484	42,44,662
Sugar	...	Drained	...	23,494	10,715	542	200	105	83,961	652	360	1,19,609	14,21,063
		Undrained	...	1,27,216	99,477	2,576	528	22,943	1,554	3,248	...	2,57,545	12,55,532
			Total Sugar	1,50,710	1,10,192	3,118	728	23,048	85,515	3,900	3	3,77,214	26,76,601
Tobacco	...	...	...	14,599	20,893	70	121	15,367	437	5,630	1,408	58,525	5,77,935
			Total Principal Commodities	2,16,085	1,33,468	48,340	97,931	12,06,843	7,02,627	75,718	2,826	25,33,832	22,018,484
Drugs and Chemicals—													
	1	Intoxicating other than Opium	...	29	...	195	2	89	28	...	...	343	61,450
	2	Non-intoxicating	...	2,518	41	281	260	1,100	9,501	4,629	3	18,333	1,63,330
			Total Drugs and Chemicals	2,547	41	476	262	1,189	9,529	4,629	3	18,676	2,34,780
Dyes and Tans—													
	1	Indigo	...	2,198	23	13	13	51	13	36	2	2,349	3,75,840
	2	Myrabolans	...	128	3	28	...	...	26	19	...	204	522
	3	Aniline Dyes	...	335	1,430	569	42	1,187	2,522	2,281	...	8,366	83,660
	4	Others	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	100
			Total Dyes and Tans	2,661	1,456	582	87	1,238	2,561	2,336	2	10,923	4,60,982
Horns	...	...	...	58	...	...	223	4	8	19	...	312	5,616
Lac—													
	1	Stick	...	717	4	...	122	10	8	26	...	877	15,966
	2	Shell lack	...	19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19	700
Leather Manufactured			...	714	6	21	40	82	2,168	23	162	3,216	2,67,280
Paper and Pasto Board			...	772	179	58	66	16	2,603	32	...	3,731	44,772
Provisions—													
	1	Ghi	...	1,824	345	4	731	54	3	885	...	3,846	1,12,976
	2	Dried fruits and nuts	...	3,444	89	11,104	896	1,050	1,30,453	891	7	1,48,834	1,125,557
	3	Others	...	4,342	27	336	3,346	17,683	6,662	770	21	33,187	3,31,870
Railway Plant and Rolling Stock			...	1,08,773	72,785	19,024	18,231	65,303	3,24,655	26,086	180	6,30,034	2,520,136
Saltpetre	...	...	...	1,919	...	4	419	43	1,239	71	...	3,695	35,103
Silk Raw—													
	1	Foreign	...	...	...	...	...	...	48	...	...	48	24,000
	2	Indian	...	30	95	356	...	...	12	2	1	496	99,200
			Total Silk Raw...	30	95	356	...	...	60	2	1	544	1,23,200
Silk Piece goods—													
	1	Indian	...	14	70	5	...	...	7	...	...	96	67,200
Spices	...	...	...	5,098	431	1,547	1,661	584	30,600	1,755	147	41,793	6,68,688
Stone and Lime	...	...	...	2,232	20	19	3,965	27,815	196	3	1	34,251	2,740
Tea	...	Foreign	...	...	...	...	...	...	52	...	...	52	3,900
		Indian	...	89	5	461	15	1	147	...	196	914	54,840
			Total Tea	89	5	461	15	1	199	...	196	966	58,740
Timber	...	...	...	806	7	287	735	250	5,332	140	...	7,557	26,450
Umbrellas	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	8	1,907	...	...	1,919	38,380
Wool Raw	...	...	...	115	43	...	11	185	10	179	...	543	10,860
Woollen piece goods—													
	(a)	European	...	3	...	9	...	...	105	...	2	119	7,140
	(b)	Indian	...	960	10	2	282	31	128	93	147	1,653	66,120
			Total Woollen piece goods	963	10	11	282	31	233	93	149	1,772	73,260
Woollen Shawls	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	3,600
All other articles—													
	1	Manufactured	...	6,044	177	1,486	2,681	2,905	37,210	1,286	1,759	53,548	2,67,740
	2	Unmanufactured	...	92,264	3,978	6,900	3,398	7,960	27,896	4,354	832	1,47,582	36,747
			Total Minor Commodities	1,80,319	77,779	39,228	30,472	1,23,331	5,69,596	41,403	3,014	10,74,142	66,34,238
			Grand Total All Commodities	4,05,404	2,61,242	87,568	1,28,403	13,30,174	1,27,2223	1,17,121	5,839	36,07,974	28,652,722

III. II.—2.

Total External Railway borne trade of the Central Provinces during the year ending 31st March 1885.

EXPORTS.

Articles.	To Sindh, Panjab and N. W. P.	To Bengal excluding Calcutta.	Calcutta Port.	To Rajputana	To Bombay Presidency excluding Bombay Port	To Bombay Port.	To Berars.	To Madras and Hyderabad.	Total. Weight.	Total. Value.
Coal	...	...	...	72,011	6,64,860	6,237	5,56,728	...	12,99,836	3,89,951
Cotton, raw	14,303	1,730	4,030	1,892	25,058	21,609	4,096	...	72,723	10,77,209
Cotton twist and yarn—										
(1) European	...	...	...	36	...	...	1	...	37	2,590
(2) Indian	293	...	1	4	253	4,512	1,627	3	6,693	2,00,940
Total Cotton twist and yarn	293	...	1	40	253	4,512	1,628	3	6,735	2,03,530
Cotton piece-goods—										
(1) European	60	...	...	498	32	3	1	...	594	50,640
(2) Indian	4,388	68	15	739	2,301	517	9,834	39	17,901	8,96,300
Total Cotton piece-goods	4,448	68	15	1,237	2,333	520	9,835	39	18,495	9,46,940
Grains—										
1 Wheat	15,118	26,027	31,187	581	5,53	97,10,524	1,699	458	97,91,130	1,46,86,695
2 Rice	37,188	13,156	...	1,06,642	3,63,02	5,10,672	2,51,431	906	12,83,019	28,06,694
3 Juar and bajra	200	...	...	605	93,600	1,09,595	169	...	2,04,178	3,82,534
4 Gram	3,352	34,514	30,10	1,423	41,963	5,65,894	16,083	3	6,93,336	10,40,004
5 Others	990	1,131	1,07	8,892	16,618	2,07,363	54,452	749	2,91,260	3,64,075
Total Grains	56,849	74,828	62,36	1,18,143	5,20,749	1,11,04,048	3,23,334	2,107	1,22,62,923	1,92,80,212
Hides and skins—										
(1) Hides of cattle	11,113	912	231	697	39,459	6,237	191	8,299	67,139	9,06,376
(2) Skins of sheep, &c.	30	11	2	197	1,950	718	778	6,666	10,352	3,29,323
Jute—Gunny bags and cloth	1,835	553	6	2,682	2,263	2,831	887	15	11,072	58,128
Liquors—										
1 Beer	10	...	...	15	...	...	26	...	51	2,295
2 Wines	11	1	1	...	1	2	16	...	32	1,590
3 Spirits	4	...	2	...	..	2	8	...	16	400
Total Liquors	25	1	3	15	1	4	50	...	99	4,295
Metals—										
1 Copper	3	1	1	162	26	17	6	31	247	11,115
2 Iron	8,615	2,924	293	6,394	930	662	357	49	20,229	1,08,731
3 Tins	48	1	...	90	9	22	78	1	249	5,727
4 Others	158	9	12	312	187	55	415	46	1,194	11,940
Total Metals	8,824	2,935	311	6,958	1,152	756	856	127	21,919	1,37,513
Oils—										
1 Kerosine	7	...	...	230	...	...	1	...	238	744
2 Others	5	...	...	85	47	104	1,233	...	1,474	20,268
Total Oils	12	...	...	315	47	104	1,234	...	1,712	21,012
Oilseeds—										
1 Linseed	71	...	66,498	...	14	24,44,062	536	...	25,11,181	73,76,494
2 Rape and mustard	37	267	9,805	105	92	44,641	82	...	55,030	2,40,756
3 Til	14	...	253	43	242	2,60,194	35	...	2,60,781	2,94,227
4 Niger	...	...	...	...	...	434	...	...	434	1,243
5 Castor	...	...	...	...	...	7	100	...	107	808
6 Others	56	1	634	30	2,556	27,621	3,047	...	33,945	67,890
Total Oilseeds	178	268	77,190	179	2,904	27,76,959	3,800	...	2,881,478	86,81,023
Opium	...	...	...	9	...	1,831	...	6	1,846	5,35,340
Salt	80	...	...	3,678	282	5	...	...	4,045	14,410
Sugar—										
1 Drained	60	10	...	1,572	30	...	93	...	1,765	20,959
2 Undrained	90	5	...	3,110	353	...	919	...	4,477	21,826
Total Sugar	150	15	...	4,682	383	...	1,012	...	6,242	42,785
Tobacco	161	3	...	2,055	289	19	199	2	2,728	26,939
Total principal Commodities	38,311	81,324	1,44,154	2,14,790	12,61,983	1,39,26,390	9,05,128	17,264	1,66,49,344	3,26,54,986

Drugs and Chemicals—											
(1) Intoxicating other than opium	2,099	70	...	1,622	179	13	219	...		4,202	6,20,300
(2) Non-intoxicating ...	991	4	5	416	566	1,173	829	...	1	3,985	39,850
Total Drugs and Chemicals	3,090	74	5	2,038	745	1,186	1,048		1	8,187	6,70,150
Dyes and Tans—											
(1) Indigo ...	10	2	131	9	14	134	33	...		333	54,090
(2) Myrabolams	5,265	...	...	1,943	1,398	2,13,086	2,501	...		2,24,193	5,74,495
(3) Aniline Dyes	...	...	...	135	...	...	...	...		135	32,400
(4) Others	1,805	5	...	7,370	4,228	10,618	1,725		83	25,834	2,58,340
Total Dyes and Tans	7,080	7	131	9,457	5,640	2,23,838	4,264		83	2,50,500	9,19,315
Horns	486	19	89	1	376	7,958	59		4	8,992	1,61,856
Lac—											
(1) Stick	65,363	242	82	100	461	352	629		53	67,282	12,11,076
(2) Shell lac	56	...	229	...	...	...	...	...		285	11,400
Leather Manufactured	223	2	21	54	12	20	105		14	453	36,240
Paper and Pasteboard	2	...	9	144	5	3	16	...		178	2,136
Provisions—											
(1) Ghi	201	36	1,556	290	3,757	20,680	59		21	26,600	7,81,376
(2) Dried fruits and nuts	697	43	...	1,495	477	832	794		3	4,251	32,148
(3) Others	213	9	9	2,985	1,938	7,194	4,311		52	15,658	1,66,580
Railway Plant and Rolling stock	18,593	22,899	1,114	58,563	1,37,348	39,813	57,521		21	3,35,872	13,43,488
Saltpetre	...	...	2	114	40	8	31	...		215	2,043
Silk Raw—											
(1) Foreign	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...
(2) Indian	...	3	...	...	...	10	20	...		33	6,600
Total Silk Raw	...	3	...	...	...	10	20	...		33	6,600
Silk piece goods—Indian	5	...	...	...	2	...	9	...		16	11,200
Spices	324	1	...	2,247	1,360	3,468	2,076		179	9,655	1,54,480
Stone and Lime	48,971	26,494	68,571	70,349	84,770	2,755	3,944	...		3,15,857	25,268
Tea—											
(1) Foreign	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...
(2) Indian	...	...	...	3	...	1	...	...		4	240
Total Tea	...	...	...	3	...	1	...	...		4	240
Timber	292	4	5	34,248	36,430	10	54,928		2	1,25,919	4,40,717
Umbrellas	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...		1	20
Wool, Raw	3	...	1	2	...	...	12	...		18	360
Woollen piece goods—											
(a) European	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...
(b) Indian	29	4	27	22	34	20	360		3	499	19,960
Total Woollen Piece-goods	29	4	27	22	34	20	360		3	499	19,960
Woollen Shawls	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...		3	5,400
All other articles											
(1) Manufactured	2,033	35	107	7,700	6,329	5,912	10,177	1,260		33,553	1,67,765
(2) Unmanufactured	14,606	9,814	6,155	1,18,282	1,68,017	56,791	46,303	377		4,20,345	8,40,690
Total Minor Commodities	1,62,267	69,688	78,113	3,07,954	4,47,760	3,70,855	1,86,666	2,073		16,25,376	70,10,507
Grand Total All Commodities	2,60,578	1,51,012	2,22,267	5,22,744	17,09,743	142,97,245	10,91,794	19,337		182,74,720	396,65,493

K.—Coinage and Currency.

1.—*Coinage.*

Bullion and Silver Coins imported during the year.						Coined during the year.									Sovereigns imported during the year.	Estimated value of coin in circulation.					
Gold.		Silver.		Copper.												Gold.		Silver.		Copper.	
By State.	Private.	By State.	Private.	By State.	Private.	Gold Mohurs.	Rupees.	Half-rupees.	Quarter rupees.	One-eighth rupees.	Double pice.	Single pice.	Small coin.	Total value.		Government.	Native.	Government.	Native.	Government.	Native.
										NIL											

K 2.—Paper Currency.

Number of Notes in circulation at the beginning of the year.			Total value of Notes cashed during the year.	Total value of Notes issued during the year.	Number of Notes in circulation at the end of the year.			Reserve at the end of the year stated in rupees.							
								Coin.			Bullion.			Securities.	
Small Notes under 50 rupees.	Notes of 50 rupees and under 500 rupees.	Large Notes of 500 rupees and upwards.			Small Notes under 50 rupees.	Notes of 50 rupees and under 500 rupees.	Large Notes of 500 rupees and upwards.	Gold.	Silver.	Copper.	Gold.	Silver.	Copper.	Class of Securities being stated.	
								Nil.							

Return of Colleges, Schools and Scholars

Class of Institutions.	Public Institutions. Under Public Management. Maintained by the Department: Number of Institutions.	Number of Scholars on the rolls on 31st March.	Average number on the rolls monthly during the year.	Average daily attendance.	Maintained by the District Council and Local Boards: Number of Institutions.	Number of Scholars on the rolls on 31st March.	Average number on the rolls monthly during the year.	Average daily attendance.	Maintained by Feudatory States: Number of Institutions.	Number of Scholars on the rolls on 31st March.	Average number on the rolls monthly during the year.	Average daily attendance.	Aided by the the District nicipal: Number of Institutions.	Number of Scholars on the rolls on 31st March.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
University Education. Arts Colleges. English	1	31	31	27	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	1	24
University Education. Colleges or Departments of Colleges for Professional Training.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
University Education. Total	1	31	31	27	...	..	...	...	..	...	...	...	1	24
School Education General. Secondary Schools. For Boys. English	37	2,410	2,173	1,798	2	67	76	61	...	...	...	...	21	1,071
School Education General. Secondary Schools. For Boys. Vernacular.	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	..	...
School Education General. Secondary Schools. For Girls. English	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	46
School Education General. Secondary Schools. Total	37	2,410	2,173	1,798	2	67	76	61	...	...	...	...	24	1,117
School Education General. Primary Schools. For Boys	285	21,178	20,918	16,050	639	41,422	39,896	26,862	35	2,212	2,250	1,520	574	23,193
School Education General. Primary Schools. For Girls	38	1,905	1,832	1,249	25	1,023	984	662	1	64	71	49	29	1,288
School Education General. Primary Schools. Total	323	23,083	22,750	17,299	664	42,445	40,880	27,524	36	2,276	2,321	1,569	603	24,481
School Education Special. Schools for Special Instruction. Training Schools for Masters	3	189	188	169	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
School Education Special. Training Schools for Mistresses	1	29	29	25	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...
School Education Special. Schools of Arts	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...
School Education Special. Law Schools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...
School Education Special. Medical Schools	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...
School Education Special. Engineering and Surveying Schools	..	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...
School Education Special. Industrial Schools	15	267	261	180	4	49	53	34	...	...	...	...	..	...
School Education Special. Other Schools	2	89	92	34	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
School Education Special. Total	21	574	570	408	4	49	53	34	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total of Colleges and Schools of Public Instruction	382	26,098	25,524	19,532	670	42,561	41,009	27,619	36	2,276	2,321	1,569	628	25,622

PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS ...

1.—Advanced, Teaching—
(a) Arabic or Persian ... ...
(b) Sanskrit ... ...
(c) Any other Oriental Classic ... ...

2. Elementary, teaching a Vernacular only or mainly ... ...

3. European and Eurasian Schools not conforming to Departmental Standards ...

4. Other Schools not conforming to Departmental Standards ... ...

tion 2.

in the Central Provinces for the official year 1884-85.

Under Private Management.																		
Department or by Council or Boards.	Unaided.						Grand Total of Public Institutions.	Grand Total of Scholars on the 31st of March.	Number of Scholars on the 31st of March Learning.			Classification of Scholars on the 31st March according to Race or Creed.						Remarks.
Average number on the rolls monthly during the year.	Average daily attendance.	Number of Institutions.	Number of Scholars on the rolls on 31st March.	Average number on the rolls monthly during the year.	Average daily attendance.				English.	A classical language.	A vernacular language.	Europeans and Eurasians.	Native Christians.	Hindus.	Muhammadans.	Parsis.	Gonds and other aboriginal tribes.	Others.	
16	17	18	19	20	21		22	23	24	25	26	27a	27b	27c	27d	27e	27f	27g	
24	21	1	1	1	1		3	56	56	56	...	1	...	50	4	1	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
24	21	1	1	1	1		3	56	56	56	..	1	...	50	4	1	...	...	
1,065	846	...	...	...	...		60	3,548	3,548	760	3,209	80	48	3,033	358	6	9	14	
...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
51	45	..	...	...	...		3	46	46	...	38	46	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1,116	891	...	...	...	...		63	3,594	3,594	760	3,247	126	48	3,033	358	6	9	14	
21,161	15,071	87	2,254	1,808	1,240		1,620	90,259	2,894	98	90,062	287	296	79,024	7,209	16	1,302	2,125	
1,336	902	5	198	170	125		98	4,478	455	...	4,143	372	208	3,648	205	12	8	25	
22,497	15,973	92	2,452	1,978	1,365		1,718	94,737	3,349	98	94,205	659	504	82,672	7,414	28	1,310	2,150	
...	...	...	...	...	...		3	189	...	...	189	..	...	175	11	...	...	3	
...	...	...	...	...	...		1	29	...	...	29	...	...	27	2	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	..	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...		..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...		19	316	...	..	227	..	2	289	23	...	1	1	
...	...	..	...	23	15		2	89	...	...	89	...	...	89	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	23	15		25	623	...	..	534	...	2	580	36	...	1	4	
23,637	16,883	92	2,453	2,002	1,381		1,809	99,010	6,999	914	97,986	786	554	86,335	7,812	35	1,320	2,108	215 Girls in Boys' schools. 15 Boys in Girls' schools.
...			...		...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...			...		...		1	15	...	15	...	...	...	15	...	...	...	...	
...			...		...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...			...	For Boys	...		2	36	...	...	36	...	2	10	...	...	1	23	
			...	„ Girls	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...			...	For Boys	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
			...	„ Girls	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...			...	For Boys	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
			...	„ Girls	...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
				Total	...		3	51	...	15	36	...	2	25	....	...	1	23	
				Grand Total	...		1,812	99,061	6,999	929	98,022	786	556	88,360	7,812	25	1,321	2,191	

Showing the current Income and Expenditure of Dispen

3									
Income.									
b				c	$c\frac{1}{2}$	d	$d\frac{1}{2}$	e	
From Government.									Subscrip
For diet of Police cases.	Sale of medicines.	Special allowance given by Government.	Total.	From Local or other funds.	From Municipal funds.	Interest on investments.	Sale of securities or withdrawal of deposits.	From Europeans.	
Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p
.....	.....	6 8 0	1,189 15 9	6 2 3	1,730 0 0	30 0 0	.....	128 2 0	
.....	.....	9 12 0	384 12 0	.....	1,265 0 0	24 0 0	.....	.....	
.....	.....	.....	420 0 0	.....	660 0 0	18 0 0	.....	.....	
.....	.....	.....	300 0 0	995 0 2	.....	.....	.....	.....	
.....	.....	13 14 0	422 13 1	.....	440 0 0	24 0 0	.....	.....	
.....	.....	.....	732 11 6	.....	845 0 0	24 0 0	.....	.....	
.....	.....	.....	686 8 0	820 0 6	.....	30 0 0	.....	.....	
.....	.....	18 6 0	378 8 5	295 0 0	.....	30 0 0	.....	.....	
.....	.....	53 8 0	4,516 3 6	2,116 2 5	4,940 0 0	180 0 0	.....	128 2 0	
.....	...	.....	857 12 10	.....	335 0 0	20 0 0	.....	46 4 0	
.....	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
.....	...	.....	615 0 0	.....	270 0 0	.....	.....	.....	
.....	...	6 12 0	701 12 0	250 0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	
.....	...	.....	430 10 8	250 0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	
.....	.....	6 12 0	2,605 3 6	500 0 0	605 0 0	20 0 0	.....	46 4 0	
.....	.....	.....	1,200 0 0	.....	2,000 0 0	160 0 0	2,000 0 0	204 8 0	
.....	.....	.....	666 0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
.....	.....	.....	297 0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
.....	.....	.....	300 0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
.....	.....	.....	420 0 0	208 0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
.....	.....	.....	2,873 0 0	300 0 0	2,000 0 0	160 0 0	2,000 0 0	204 8 0	
.....	.....	.....	721 7 1	.....	.....	.....	.....	346 8 0	
.....	.....	.....	435 0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
.....	.....	.....	736 0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
.....	.....	.....	1,892 7 1	.....	.....	.....	.....	346 8 0	
.....	10 5 3	.....	670 5 2	.....	1,000 0 0	40 0 0	.....	211 0 0	
.....	.....	.....	285 0 0	.....	600 0 0	90 0 0	.....	.....	
.....	5 14 7	.....	305 14 7	.....	300 0 0	.....	.....	.....	
.....	5 2 0	.....	1,265 2 0	.....	132 0 0	40 0 0	.....	30 0 0	
.....	.....	.....	660 0 0	.....	100 0 0	.....	.....	148 12 0	
.....	5 1 6	.....	245 1 6	.....	200 4 0	65 0 0	.....	.....	
.....	26 7 4	.....	3,431 7 4	.....	2,332 4 0	235 0 0	.....	389 12 0	
.....	.....	.....	660 0 0	30 3 0	1,012 0 0	.....	500 0 0	423 0 0	
.....	.....	.....	660 0 0	11 4 1	1,012 0 0	80 0 0	.....	.....	
.....	.....	.....	300 0 0	3 0 0	60 0 0	.....	.....	.....	
.....	.....	.....	240 0 0	345 6 0	24 0 0	.....	.....	.....	
5 11	.....	200 0 0	884 4 9	200 10 0	.....	53 11 7	28 0 0	.....	
5 11	.....	200 0 0	2,744 4 9	590 12 1	2,108 0 0	133 11 7	528 0 0	423 0 0	
...	.....	.....	420 0 0	.....	.....	110 6 0	.....	166 0 0	
...	.....	.....	360 0 0	.....	.....	30 2 0	.....	.....	
...	.....	.....	780 0 0	.....	.....	140 8 0	.....	166 0 0	
...	4 11 9	.....	366 9 9	7 0 0	.....	.....	.....	107 0 0	
...	.....	.....	660 0 0	13 5 9	.....	.....	.....	.....	
...	4 11 9	.....	1,026 9 9	20 5 9	.....	.....	.....	107 0 0	
...	.....	11 0 9	671 0 9	.....	.....	47 3 0	.....	2 0 0	
....	.....	.....	340 0 0	.....	7 1 9	.....	.....	.....	
....	.....	11 0 9	1,011 0 9	.....	7 1 9	47 3 0	.....	2 0 0	

saries in the Central Provinces during the year 1884.

tions.	4											5	6	7
		Expenditure.												
	f	*a*	*b*	*c*	*d*	*e*	*f*	*g*	*h*					
From Natives.	Total income.	On establishment.	On botanic medicines.	On European medicines, whether from Government stores or purchased.	On diet.	On Miscellaneous charges.	On buildings or repairs.	Invested during the year.	Total expenditure during the year.	Cash balance on 31st December 1884.	Average cost of each dist.	Percentage of total cost paid by Government.	Number.
Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		
373 3 2	4,276 9 10	1,465 8 0	109 12 7	1,140 6 2	298 11 0	191 14 1	.....	1,000 0 0	4,206 3 10	70 6 0	0 1 0	37·10	1
355 6 8	2,274 0 3	631 6 8	17 15 8	433 9 0	83 8 0	104 6 11	32 14 6	800 0 0	2,103 12 9	170 3 6	0 0 10	29·52	2
990 7 7	4,353 2 3	612 0 0	13 0 1	380 6 5	68 8 9	101 12 3	332 13 11	600 0 0	2,108 9 5	2,244 8 10	0 0 11	27·83	3
....	1,284 1 3	480 0 0	22 4 7	309 1 1	14 12 0	57 15 7	400 0 0	.....	1,284 1 3	.....	0 0 6	22·37	4
406 11 4	2,824 3 11	507 1 1	16 8 7	188 0 6	.....	34 14 0	.....	800 0 0	1,545 8 2	679 11 9	.....	56·70	5
331 12 11	2,308 4 2	846 0 0	19 6 3	215 12 6	6 13 8	38 4 0	53 6 11	800 0 0	1,970 11 4	337 8 10	0 1 0	69·68	6
72 5 7	2,151 3 9	803 8 0	17 9 9	89 3 6	.....	49 2 10	.....	1,000 0 0	1,959 7 7	191 12 2	.....	71·75	7
200 3 4	1,748 13 1	522 8 3	8 2 5	159 0 0	.....	41 9 7	27 10 2	1,000 0 0	1,758 14 7	−10 1 8	.....	49·80	8
2,730 2 7	20,622 6 6	5,868 0 2	215 11 11	2,915 6 8	472 5 5	619 15 3	846 13 6	6,000 0 0	16,938 4 11	3,684 1 7	0 0 11	41·30	
714 2 7	1,790 7 7	1,205 12 10	44 1 5	168 7 2	131 7 10	85 9 0	17 14 3	.....	1,653 4 6	−112 2 1	0 1 9	45·09	9
....	.....	122 2 0	20 7 4	87 3 4	... ...	19 8 6	.....	.....	249 5 2		.....		10
381 13 0	1,803 7 10	771 0 0	21 12 1	118 4 10	26 13 5	72 15 6	226 0 5	.....	1,236 14 3	566 9 7	0 0 11	49·72	11
93 0 9	1,043 11 3	795 13 1	12 0 0	88 0 3	13 2 6	14 10 6	9 10 6	.....	933 4 10	110 6 5	0 1 0	75·24	12
126 8 9	878 12 2	586 10 8	16 7 3	88 2 5	22 12 1	16 13 11	... ...	.....	730 14 4	147 13 10	0 1 2	68·96	13
1,320 8 4	5,516 6 10	3,481 6 7	114 12 1	550 2 0	194 3 10	209 9 5	253 9 2	.....	4,803 11 1	712 11 9	0 1 0	54·23	
32 13 6		1,700 0 0	65 2 11	823 14 3	838 10 1	461 15 0	89 5 11	.....	3,979 0 2		0 1 4	30·16	14
... ...	4,349 15 11	886 0 0	51 13 4	99 15 10	.....	168 0 9	350 0 0	.....	1,495 13 11	−344 12 5	.....	43·85	15
... ...	.....	75 12 9	8 10 1	59 1 11	.....	49 10 6	26 11 6	.....	219 14 3		.....		16
123 15 2	706 8 10	381 0 0	33 5 3	48 5 2	39 3 1	76 1 4	252 14 4	.....	830 13 0	−124 4 2	0 1 6	38·74	17
510 7 0	1,375 5 1	396 0 0	27 8 3	69 6 1	42 0 6	66 13 3	447 3 8	.....	1,045 15 9	330 5 4	0 1 2	28·68	18
... .	1,390 4 1	462 0 0	21 10 7	20 15 9	6 11 6	51 12 6	10 13 0	.....	573 13 3	816 6 10	0 0 8	78·39	19
... ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	...	.....	...	20
667 3 8	8,323 1 11	3,850 12 9	203 2 5	1,121 11 0	926 9 1	861 3 4	1,176 15 9	.....	8,145 6 4	177 11 7	0 1 4	35·27	
97 13 8	1,653 3 9	1,104 15 1	22 5 7	230 3 0	64 3 2	86 8 9	8 9 6	.....	1,516 13 1	146 6 8	0 1 10	47·52	21
... ...	236 0 6	615 0 0	2 5 2	108 0 0	1 1 1	3 10 11	.....	.....	730 1 2	−494 0 8	0 0 5	59·50	22
898 15 4	1,904 15 6	964 0 0	22 3 10	131 1 0	6 3 8	20 15 6	... ...	.....	1,144 8 0	760 7 6	0 2 4	64·33	23
996 13 0	3,804 3 9	2,683 15 1	46 14 7	469 4 0	71 7 11	111 3 2	8 9 6	.....	3,391 6 3	412 13 6	0 1 9	55·79	
296 4 0	2,985 2 4	1,234 8 0	36 12 0	80 9 1	162 10 8	84 1 4	192 13 4	.....	1,791 6 5	1,193 11 11	0 1 1	37·41	24
528 5 6	3,611 11 10	773 0 0	25 0 9	55 0 7	148 7 5	72 8 8	246 0 0	.....	1,320 1 5	2,291 10 5	0 1 3	21·55	25
448 15 3	1,321 15 4	600 0 0	34 15 5	55 13 5	113 13 6	91 4 1	75 0 0	.....	970 14 5	951 0 11	0 1 2	31·51	26
1,680 0 0	2,764 5 4	1,940 10 3	10 9 5	50 4 0	88 5 6	37 6 3	.....	.....	2,127 3 6	636 1 10	0 1 2	59·47	27
68 12 0	966 12 9	900 0 0	10 7 9	137 9 6	.....	27 13 3	.....	.....	1,075 14 0	−109 1 3	.....	61·33	28
177 0 0	1,742 11 2	312 0 0	12 6 9	58 1 11	.....	52 15 0	8 0 0	.....	443 7 8	1,299 3 6	.....	65·30	29
2,509 4 9	13,991 10 9	5,760 2 3	130 4 2	437 6 0	513 5 1	366 0 7	521 13 4	.....	7,728 15 5	6,262 11 4	0 1 2	44·39	
92 14 0	6,095 11 9	1,105 8 0	66 8 2	1,123 9 8	261 0 4	139 14 8	239 11 0	3,000 0 0	5,936 3 10	159 7 2	0 0 11	22·48	30
930 14 0	10,368 2 6	1,048 0 0	36 10 6	883 6 3	114 4 3	154 4 8	67 7 3	8,000 0 0	10,320 14 11	47 3 7	0 1 1	28·34	31
914 0 0	1,579 2 6	576 0 0	33 2 2	187 6 1	115 10 7	102 14 5	236 4 9	.....	1,323 6 0	256 12 6	0 1 1	24·53	32
40 8 0	1,316 5 7	324 0 0	41 1 11	175 5 10	.....	62 15 3	305 5 1	.....	1,108 12 1	207 9 6	.....	21·64	33
... ...	1,263 1 11	516 10 1	12 5 7	230 8 11	3 3 5	102 3 0	22 10 6	176 3 0	1,063 10 6	199 7 5	.....	99·55	34
1,978 4 0	20,592 7 6	3,568 2 1	189 10 6	2,599 4 9	494 2 7	562 2 0	1,063 6 7	11,176 3 0	19,652 15 4	939 8 2	0 1 0	32·35	
358 14 9	2,276 7 2	600 0 0	17 0 2	436 13 3	36 0 7	45 2 0	39 8 0	1,014 6 0	2,248 14 0	27 9 2	0 0 7	34·01	35
237 5 0	705 7 4	492 0 0	5 3 0	150 0 0	.....	8 0 0	9 8 0	6 2 0	670 13 0	34 10 4	.....	54·13	36
596 3 9	2,981 14 6	1,152 0 0	22 3 2	586 13 3	36 0 7	53 2 0	49 0 0	1,020 8 0	2,919 11 0	62 3 6	0 0 7	41·05	
484 12 0	2,033 9 10	624 6 0	16 3 6	262 0 4	47 7 10	51 3 8	190 9 10	.....	1,191 15 2	841 10 8	0 1 0	30·79	37
285 8 0	971 14 6	813 6 8	18 10 6	126 0 1	3 6 4	47 3 6	58 14 3	.....	1,067 9 4	−95 10 10	0 0 10	61·79	38
770 4 0	3,005 8 4	1,437 12 8	34 14 0	388 0 5	50 14 2	98 7 2	249 8 1	.....	2,259 8 0	745 15 10	0 1 0	45·46	
1,404 7 6	2,691 8 0	967 12 0	49 10 5	293 8 8	106 8 7	179 15 6	14 4 0	47 3 0	1,658 14 2	1,032 9 10	0 1 0	41·62	39
254 7 7	2,000 2 1	508 0 0	9 10 6	72 0 4	6 4 11	20 9 5	7 1 9	.....	623 10 11	1,376 7 2	0 1 1	54·49	40
1,658 15 1	4,691 10 1	1,475 12 0	59 4 11	365 9 0	112 13 6	200 8 11	21 5 9	47 3 0	2,282 9 1	2,409 1 0	0 1 0	45·21	

Number.	Names of Dispensaries.	a	b							c	c1	d	d1	e	
		Cash balance on 1st January.	From Government.												Subscriptions.
			As salaries.	As registers and forms	As European medicines.	For diet of Police cases.	Sale of medicines.	Special allowance given by Government.	Total.	From Local or other funds.	From Municipal funds.	Interest on investments.	Sale of Securities or withdrawal of deposits.	From Europeans.	
		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
41	Seoni Main	—465 10 5	605 0 0	.....			32 10 0	.....	637 10 0	.....	836 13 3	.....	.....	124 0 0	
42	Lakhnadon	683 11 0	420 0 0	... ..			1 2 0	.....	421 2 0	481 4 6	.....	.....	.....	.....	
	Total	218 0 7	1,025 0 0	... ..			33 12 0	.....	1,058 12 0	481 4 6	836 13 3	.....	... ..	124 0 0	
43	Balaghat Main	237 11 2	420 0 0	.....	325 12 8		.....	.....	745 12 8	37 7 5	1,000 0 0	1,527 12 1	2,600 11 5	62 8 0	
44	Waraseoni	140 8 10	350 7 8	.....	.....		.....	.....	350 7 8	1 9 0	360 0 0	6 3 0	.....	.....	
45	Behr	145 6 4	310 13 4	... ..	151 9 5		.....	.....	462 6 9	0 7 0	.....	101 12 6	.....	.....	
	Hatta	12 15 10	.....		.....		.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2 15 0	.....	.....	
	Total	536 10 2	1,081 5 0	... ..	477 6 1		.....	.....	1,558 11 1	39 7 5	1,360 0 0	1,638 10 7	2,600 11 5	62 8 0	
46	Bhandara Main	40 10 9	689 6 8	... ..	337 15 2		.....	.....	1,027 5 10	.....	240 0 0	20 0 0	.....	77 0 0	
47	Tirora	241 8 10	291 3 0	... ..	175 0 0		.....	.....	466 3 0	.....	.....	18 4 0	.....	... ..	
48	Sakoli	453 13 4	240 0 0	... ..	175 0 0		.....	.....	415 0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
49	Pauni	178 2 9	269 0 0	... ..	250 0 0		.....	.....	519 0 0	.....	362 0 0	.....	.....	.....	
50	Tumsar	163 1 0	348 0 0	... ..	195 0 0		.....	.....	543 0 0	.....	440 0 0	.....	.....	.....	
	Total	1,077 4 8	1,837 9 8	... ..	1,132 15 2		.....	.....	2,970 8 10	.....	1,042 0 0	38 4 0	.....	77 0 0	
51	Mayo Hospital	7,817 15 6	2,150 0 0	.....	.....		.....	145 5 0	2,295 5 0	1,839 3 0	1,604 0 0	.....	... ..	1,302 0 0	
52	Kamptee	328 5 1	660 0 0	.....	.....		.....	.....	660 0 0	.....	1,560 0 0	133 5 8	797 4 7	43 0 0	
53	Rai Bahadur	648 9 8	420 0 0	.....	.....		.....	.....	420 0 0	.....	1,118 0 0	280 0 0	... ..	... ..	
54	Itwari	91 7 11	324 5 4	... ..	.....		.....	.....	324 5 4	.....	676 0 0	.....	.....	.....	
55	Hende	176 10 6	420 0 0	... ..	361 12 6		.....	.....	781 12 6	.....	100 0 0	.....	.....	.....	
56	Khapa	182 2 4	660 0 0	... ..	.....		.....	.....	660 0 0	.....	614 0 0	.....	.....	.....	
57	Umrer	655 2 1	660 0 0	... ..	.....		.....	.....	660 0 0	.....	685 0 0	.....	.....	.....	
58	Mowar	335 13 10	420 0 0	... ..	250 0 0		.....	.....	670 0 0	.....	234 0 0	.....	.....	.....	
59	Katol	427 8 4	247 11 10	... ..	235 1 4		.....	.....	482 13 2	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
60	Ramtek	268 13 8	420 0 0	... ..	.....		.....	.....	420 0 0	2 10 0	514 0 0	.....	.....	.....	
	Total	10,932 9 1	6,382 1 2	... ..	846 13 10		.....	145 5 0	7,374 4 0	1,841 13 0	7,135 0 0	413 5 8	797 4 7	1,345 0 0	
61	Wardha Main	392 7 2	573 2 9	.....	.....		.....	.....	573 2 9	478 7 9	470 0 0	.....	.....	435 0 0	
62	Arvi	504 10 9	300 0 0	.....	.....		.....	.....	300 0 0	0 10 0	400 0 0	.....	.....	... ..	
63	Sindhi	161 13 9	260 0 0	.....	.....		.....	.....	260 0 0	650 0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	
64	Deoli	—200 14 7	547 6 1	.....	.....		.....	.....	547 6 1	29 1 6	630 0 0	.....	.....	.....	
65	Hinganghat	593 2 8	453 8 9	.....	.....		.....	.....	453 8 9	0 6 0	440 0 0	.....	.....	.....	
	Total	1,451 3 9	2,134 1 7	... ..	... ..		.....	.....	2,134 1 7	1,158 9 3	1,940 0 0	... ..	.....	435 0 0	
66	Chanda Main	679 2 8	765 0 0	.....	.....		8 12 3	.....	773 12 3	.....	1,300 0 0	.....	.....	29 0 0	
67	Warora	1,852 10 9	300 0 0	.....	.....		... ..	.....	300 0 0	.....	450 0 0	.....	.....	... ..	
68	Brahmapuri	255 9 1	370 0 0	.....	118 4 6		.....	.....	488 4 6	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
69	Sironcha	157 0 0	660 0 0	.....	118 4 8		.....	214 0 0	992 4 8	... ..	.....	.....	.....	... ..	
70	Armori	318 9 1	720 0 0	.....	118 4 6		.....	.....	838 4 6	... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	
71	Allapilly	.....	.....	.....	118 4 6		.....	.....	118 4 6	... ..	.....	.....	.....	... ..	
72	Mul	309 7 2	265 0 0	... ..	118 4 6		.....	.....	313 4 6	... ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	
	Total	3,572 6 9	3,070 0 0	.....	591 6 8		8 12 3	214 0 0	3,884 2 11	... ..	1,750 0 0	.....	.....	29 0 0	
73	Raipur Main	1,569 5 6	2,090 0 0	.....	.....		.....	.....	2,090 0 0	1,290 0 0	1,040 0 0	.....	... ..	189 0 0	
74	Drug	513 6 7	363 1 0	.....	.....		.....	.....	363 1 0	300 0 0	.....	.....	.....	12 3 0	
75	Sadar Bazar	885 8 6	465 0 0	.....	.....		.....	.....	465 0 0	400 0 0	400 0 0	.....	.....	25 0 0	
76	Dhamtari	3,017 8 5	660 0 0	.....	.....		.....	.....	660 0 0	300 0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	
77	Arung	1,342 0 5	350 0 0	.....	.....		.....	.....	350 0 0	300 0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	
	Total	7,327 13 5	3,928 1 3	.....	.....		.....	.....	3,928 1 0	2,590 0 0	2,040 0 0	... ..	.....	226 9 0	
78	Bilaspur Main	1,242 7 6	420 0 0	.....	.....		.....	.....	420 0 0	414 1 0	400 0 0	.....	.....	135 0 0	
79	Mungeli	736 12 8	320 0 0	.....	.....		.....	.....	320 0 0	400 0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	
80	Seorinarain	2,284 12 0	300 0 0	.....	.....		3 0 0	.....	303 0 0	400 0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	
	Total	4,163 15 9	1,040 0 0	.....	.....		3 0 0	.....	1,043 0 0	1,214 1 0	400 0 0	.....	.....	135 0 0	
81	Sambalpur Main	1,318 10 4	420 0 0	.....	.....		.....	.....	420 0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	246 0 0	
82	Bargarh	874 7 0	370 0 0	.....	.....		.....	.....	370 0 0	10 0 0	.....	.....	.....	.....	
	Total	2,193 1 4	790 0 0	.....	.....		.....	.....	790 0 0	10 0 0	.....	.....	.....	246 0 0	
	Grand Total	60,117 5 3	41,037 3 4	... ..	3,877 5 8		11 2	83 0 4	619 8 0	45,621 14 1	10,772 7 5	28,466 3 0	3,006 10 10	5,926 0 0	4,493 3 0

Institutions.—(Continued)

tions.	1	4												5	6	7
		Expenditure.														
	f	*a*	*b*	*c*	*d*	*e*	*f*	*g*	*h*							
	From Natives.	Total income.	On establishment.	On home medicines.	On European medicines, whether from Government stores or purchased.	On diet.	On Miscellaneous charges.	On buildings or repairs.	Invested during the year.	Total expenditure during the year.				Cash balance on 31st December 1884.	Average cost of each diet.	Percentage of total cost paid by Government.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.				Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Number.
	65 0 0	1,197 12 10	880 0 0	69 9 7	559 8 0	264 9 3	211 7 5	36 13 3	... ...	2,021 15 6				—824 2 8	0 1 1	31·55 41
	481 14 0	2,067 15 6	552 0 0	24 11 6	126 0 0	102 7 5	39 13 2	49 4 6	... ...	904 4 7				1,163 10 11	0 1 2	46·57 42
	546 14 0	3,265 12 4	1,432 0 0	104 5 1	685 8 0	367 0 8	251 4 7	86 1 9	... ...	2,926 4 1				339 8 3	0 1 1	36·19
	262 10 0	6,474 8 9	628 9 5	8 15 5	374 14 8	11 10 10	84 4 6	3,807 2 10	1,527 12 1	6,443 5 9				31 3 0	0 0 6	15·17 43
	8 14 9	867 11 3	434 7 8	13 12 10	96 6 0	.....	44 7 3	68 10 9	6 3 0	663 15 6				203 11 9	.....	53·19 44
	494 1 9	1,204 2 4	401 13 4	10 3 1	242 3 5	.....	26 13 11	105 7 3	401 3 0	1,187 12 0				16 8 4	.....	58·70 45
	.....	15 14 16	... ...	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2 15 0	2 15 0				12 15 10	.....	
	765 10 6	5,562 5 2	1,464 14 5	32 15 4	713 8 1	11 10 10	155 9 8	3,981 4 10	1,938 1 1	8,298 0 3				264 4 11	0 0 6	24·51
	259 12 5	1,664 13 0	1,013 6 8	67 9 6	350 8 6	138 0 5	99 13 4	79 1 1	.....	1,738 7 6				—73 10 0	0 1 3	59·09 46
	459 7 0	1,185 6 10	447 3 0	32 15 7	355 1 11	22 12 10	45 7 1	9 15 6	18 4 0	931 11 11				253 10 11	0 0 11	50·98 47
	268 0 0	1,136 13 4	536 0 0	8 8 9	207 9 2	... ...	40 13 0	.....	.....	592 14 11				543 14 5	.....	69·98 48
	464 0 0	1,523 2 9	441 0 0	36 4 3	282 9 2	... ...	104 14 1	.....	.....	864 8 6				661 10 3	.....	80·28 49
	120 0 0	1,236 1 0	480 0 0	10 5 8	227 5 2	... ...	45 9 8	.....	.....	763 8 4				472 8 8	... ..	71·17 50
	1,571 3 5	6,746 4 11	2,717 9 8	145 11 9	1,423 5 11	160 13 3	333 6 0	89 6 7	18 4 0	4,888 3 2				1,858 1 9	0 1 2	60·98
	192 14 0	15,051 5 8	3,529 3 8	32 7 3	1,361 7 8	986 8 3	734 8 2	400 0 0	.....	7,044 2 10				8,007 2 10	0 1 2	32·58 51
	407 6 0	3,929 5 4	1,603 0 0	108 11 7	1,067 13 1	379 1 11	281 2 0	.....	.....	3,439 12 7				489 8 9	0 1 8	19·18 52
	... ...	2,196 9 8	564 0 0	18 8 8	837 0 0	.....	16 10 0	.....	.....	1,436 2 8				1,060 7 0	.....	29·24 53
	57 4 9	1,149 2 0	480 5 4	24 9 6	637 0 0	.....	28 14 9	.....	.....	1,170 13 7				—21 11 7	.....	27·67 54
	... ...	1,058 7 0	588 0 0	16 7 0	361 12 6	.....	28 13 10	.....	.....	995 1 4				63 5 8	.....	78·59 55
	... ...	1,456 2 4	804 0 0	12 12 10	365 0 0	.....	16 0 1	.....	.....	1,197 12 11				258 5 5	.....	55·09 56
	66 0 0	2,066 2 1	816 0 0	5 1 3	411 13 0	.....	32 14 9	.....	.....	1,265 13 0				800 5 1	.....	52·13 57
	... ...	1,239 13 10	564 0 0	18 7 6	250 0 0	.....	27 6 8	.....	.....	859 14 2				379 15 8	.....	77·91 58
	9 0 0	919 5 6	391 11 10	6 10 6	235 1 4	.....	22 8 9	13 6 0	.....	669 6 5				249 15 1	.....	72·19 59
	... ...	1,205 7 8	564 0 0	11 14 5	263 12 3	.....	7 13 8	17 0 0	.....	864 8 4				340 15 4	.....	48·81 60
	732 8 9	30,571 13 1	9,004 4 8	255 10 6	5,790 11 10	1,365 10 2	1,196 12 8	430 6 0	.....	18,043 7 10				11,628 5 3	0 1 4	38·92
	488 1 6	2,837 3 2	1,014 6 9	35 8 3	472 1 4	166 1 4	194 4 9	133 7 6	.....	1,955 13 11				881 5 3	0 1 4	29·29 61
	45 8 0	1,350 12 9	516 0 0	10 13 0	242 11 0	11 7 5	28 1 9	.....	.....	809 1 2				441 11 7	0 1 4	37·08 62
	342 0 0	1,413 13 9	440 10 8	5 1 5	243 15 0	3 0 10	33 1 8	58 2 5	.....	784 0 4				629 13 5	0 2 3	33·16 63
	216 4 6	1,220 13 0	754 8 9	1 14 6	243 10 0	... ...	7 2 0	.....	.....	1,007 3 3				213 9 9	.....	54·32 64
	225 4 0	1,712 5 5	677 3 6	18 11 0	243 2 0	36 1 10	39 2 10	.....	.....	1,014 5 2				698 0 3	0 1 4	44·67 65
	1,316 1 6	8,435 0 1	3,402 13 3	72 0 2	1,445 7 4	156 11 5	301 13 0	191 10 3	.....	5,570 7 10				2,864 8 3	0 1 5	38·31
	160 10 3	2,942 9 2	1,156 0 0	24 3 3	426 9 0	116 0 8	62 0 2	.....	.....	1,764 13 1				1,177 12 1	0 1 3	43·85 66
	227 6 9	2,830 1 6	468 0 0	23 10 7	253 4 0	.....	17 7 6	8 0 0	.....	770 6 1				2,119 11 5	.....	42·25 7
	188 0 0	931 13 7	473 0 0	17 12 11	118 4 6	.....	54 9 6	41 6 6	.....	704 8 5				222 5 2	.....	68·84 68
	157 2 0	1,396 6 8	545 4 0	12 11 11	118 4 6	30 8 10	99 2 6	.....	.....	1,206 0 8				190 6 0	0 2 1	82·25 69
	295 0 0	1,451 13 7	801 0 0	12 12 0	118 4 6	.....	36 13 9	56 12 0	.....	1,015 11 0				436 2 7	.....	82·18 70
	... ...	118 4 6	... ...	... ...	118 4 6	.....	... ...	.....	.....	118 4 6				.....	.....	100·0 71
	222 0 0	904 11 8	363 8 0	11 6 4	118 2 5	.....	47 2 10	41 10 0	.....	580 13 7				323 14 1	.....	64·20 72
	1,250 3 0	10,485 12 8	4,130 12 9	102 9 9	1,271 1 7	146 9 6	306 11 3	147 12 6	.....	6,105 9 4				4,380 3 4	0 1 5	63·61
	126 3 4	6,813 8 10	2,953 8 0	110 5 10	664 2 1	347 7 9	359 9 6	481 1 7	.....	4,916 2 0				1,897 6 1	0 1 0	42·51 73
	88 15 6	1,278 0 1	531 1 0	42 5 6	196 10 6	101 9 9	93 0 4	100 0 0	.....	1,064 11 1				213 5 0	0 1 6	34·87 74
	70 2 0	2,245 10 6	573 0 0	72 5 9	221 10 7	.....	76 4 8	98 0 8	.....	1,041 5 3				1,204 5 3	.....	44·67 75
	.....	3,377 8 5	774 0 0	42 0 8	212 9 11	.....	73 5 5	139 4 9	.....	1,241 4 9				2,726 3 8	.....	62·76 76
	.....	1,992 0 5	464 0 0	56 10 9	266 11 11	.....	71 0 9	76 15 0	.....	875 7 2				1,116 9 3	.....	49·90 77
	284 4 10	16,306 12 3	5,295 9 0	323 12 6	1,501 13 0	449 1 6	673 4 8	905 6 4	.....	9,148 15 0				7,157 13 3	0 1 1	42·93
	319 2 8	2,930 11 2	683 0 0	47 12 2	162 8 4	74 2 5	137 0 9	64 0 0	.....	1,168 7 8				1,762 3 6	0 0 7	35·96 78
	82 13 3	1,542 9 6	410 0 0	17 11 8	81 4 3	.....	14 12 0	22 8 0	.....	546 3 11				996 5 7	.....	59·15 79
	.....	2,384 12 0	378 0 0	8 7 0	81 4 3	.....	13 2 0	.....	.....	480 13 3				2,403 14 9	.....	62·37 80
	401 15 11	7,858 0 8	1,471 0 0	73 14 10	325 0 10	74 2 5	164 14 9	86 8 0	.....	2,195 8 10				5,162 7 10	0 0 7	47·49
	488 6 8	2,473 1 0	886 12 0	118 10 2	534 10 0	51 13 11	191 5 8	100 0 0	.....	1,883 3 9				589 13 3	0 1 3	29·30 81
	81 9 9	1,336 0 9	532 0 0	30 9 9	267 1 0	22 8 10	29 4 4	7 8 0	.....	888 15 11				447 0 10	0 1 0	41·62 82
	570 0 5	3,809 1 9	1,418 12 0	149 3 11	801 11 0	74 6 9	220 10 0	107 8 0	.....	2,772 3 8				1,036 14 1	0 1 2	28·50
	20,666 9 6	179,070 5 1	60,515 11 9	2,282 1 5	23,381 12 8	5,678 0 8	6,686 10 5	10,216 11 11	20,200 3 1	128,971 3 11				50,099 1 2	0 1 2	41·94

IV.—STATISTICS OF INSTRUCTION.

A.—Ecclesiastical.

Return of persons according to religious denomination in the Central Provinces for the year 1884-85.

1	2		3	4	5	6
Denominations.	Number of persons.		Number of Ministers or Priests.	Number of Churches or Buildings designed for worship.	Total annual income from Government.	Remarks.
	Natives.	Others.				
					Rs.	
Church of England	389	1,637	7	13	16,044	
„ of Scotland	284	74	4	5	72	
Protestant Dissenters	196	229	7	6	72	
Roman Catholic	3,972	2,212	19	19	10,872	
Methodists	90	160	4	2	.....	
Lutheran Church	.....	4	.....	.....	.....	
Greek Church	.....	7	.....	.....	.....	
Armenians	.....	13	.....	.....	.....	
Syrians	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Jews	104	154	.....	.....	.....	
Parsis	197	434	1	.....	.....	
Hindus	5,961,883	14,855	* 375	497	3,873	* Manifestly incorrect in the Census of 1881, 9,701 persons are returned as Clergymen Priests, Church and Temple officers.
Arya Samajees	25	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Mahomedans	195,298	13,150	.....	.....	.....	
Budhists	1,265	45	.....	.....	.....	
Jains	31,148	95	.....	.....	.....	
Sikhs	85	19	.....	.....	.....	
Other Sects	1,312,936	9,289	.....	.....	.....	
Total ..	7,507,872	42,377	417	542	30,933	

B.—EDUCATION.

1.—The University.

Return showing the results of Prescribed Examinations in the Central Provinces during the official year 1884-85.

Nature of Examination.	Number of institutions sending Examinees.				Number of Examinees.					Number Passed.					Race or creed of passed scholars.								Remarks.
	Institutions under Public management.	Aided Institutions.	Other Institutions.	Total.	Institutions under Public management.	Aided Institutions.	Other Institutions.	Private students.	Total.	Institutions under Public management.	Aided Institutions.	Other Institutions.	Private students.	Total.	Europeans and Eurasians.	Native Christians.	Hindus.	Muhammadans.	Others.	Gonds.	Jains.	Parsis.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16a	16b	16c	16d	16e	16 f	16 g	16 h	
Arts Colleges.—																							
1. Master of Arts... ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2. Bachelor of Arts ...	4	...	...	4	10	...	...	...	10	10	...	...	...	10	...	...	8	1	...	...	...	1	
3. B. Sc.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4. First B. A.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4. First B. Sc. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4. First Arts	1	1	...	2	19	9	...	...	28	7	3	...	...	*a10	...	...	9	...	...	...	...	1	*a. 7 passed in April 1885.
4. Previous Examination ...	†c 1	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	†c. Already included in 4.
Colleges for Professional Training—																							
Law—																							
1. Doctor of Law ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2. Bachelor of Law ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Medicine—																							
4. First M. B.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4. First L. M. S....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Engineering—																							
3. L. C. E.	*1	...	...	1	*1	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	
4. First L. C. E. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Schools of General Education—																							
Matriculation ... Boys	1	5	...	6	70	97	...	34	201	23	27	..	...	*b 50	1	...	47	2	...	...	...	...	*b. passed in April 1885.
Matriculation ... Girls ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Middle School Examination ... Boys ...	*34	15	...	49	428	243	...	57	730	251	†162	...	7	*b 420	..	1	392	24	..	...	...	3	
Middle School Examination ... Girls ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Upper Primary Examination ... Boys ...	792	104	17	913	8,408	1,019	192	...	9,619	5,210	553	127	..	5,890	18	19	5,313	373	137	27	3	..	
Upper Primary Examination ... Girls ...	18	7	...	25	111	79	..	...	190	83	21	2	...	106	18	2	78	5	3	...	...	...	
Lower Primary Examination ... Boys ...	883	196	39	1,118	11,384	1,911	322	...	13,617	7,687	1,250	242	...	9,179	37	16	8,209	629	204	73	8	3	
Lower Primary Examination ... Girls ...	57	10	4	71	478	164	23	...	665	303	34	11	...	348	24	1	299	8	9	3	4	...	
Public Service Certificate Examination. English A&C.	6	3	3	12	18	4	4	27	53	3	1	2	26	32	...	1	29	2	...	...	...	...	
Public Service Certificate Examination. Vernacular B.	36	8	13	57	122	13	15	64	214	80	9	9	55	153	...	...	109	44	...	...	...	...	
Schools of Special Instruction—																							
1. Training School Examination for Masters ... Upper...	3	...	...	3	103	...	...	1	104	83	...	...	...	83	...	...	78	5	...	...	...	...	
1. Training School Examination for Masters ... Lower...	2	..	16	18	84	...	57	6	147	55	...	6	..	61	...	...	55	4	2	..	...	...	
3. Training School Examination for Mistresses... Upper...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3. Training School Examination for Mistresses... Lower...	1	...	...	1	7	...	...	...	7	5	...	...	...	5	...	...	4	1	...	...	...	...	
3. Examination in Engineering ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4. Examination in Surveying ...	7	...	...	7	118	...	...	2	120	70	...	...	...	70	...	...	70	...	...	...	...	...	
5. Industrial School Examination..	2	...	...	2	9	...	...	...	9	4	...	...	...	4	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	

*Foreign Colleges receive our Senior College Students. †Includes 9 Students from Sihore.

Return of Expenditure on Public Instruction in the

PUBLIC

Objects of Expenditure.	Under public management. Maintained by the Department. Provincial Revenues.	Local Rates or Cesses.	Municipal Funds.	Fees.	Subscriptions.	Endowments and other sources.	Total.	Under Public Maintained by the District Boa Provincial Revenues.	Local Rates or Cesses.	Municipal Funds.	Fees.
1	2a	2b	2c	2d	2e	2f	2	3a	3b	3c	3d
University Education.	Rs.	R.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Arts Colleges.											
English	9,753	...	...	761	...	...	10,514	...	...	...	...
Oriental	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Colleges or Departments of Colleges for Professional Training.											
Law	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Medicine	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Engineering	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	9,753	..	...	761	...	...	10,514	...	...	...	...
School Education, General.											
Secondary Schools.											
For Boys ... ... English ...	49,864	...	9,408	10,202	961	706	71,141	911	...	...	168
Vernacular.	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
For Girls ... ... English ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Vernacular.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	49,864	...	9,408	10,202	961	706	71,141	911	...	...	168
Primary Schools.											
For Boys	61,713	..	20,250	14,355	1,783	1,034	99,135	3,924	1,22,249	576	7,942
For Girls	7,890	..	1,946	...	37	24	9,897	...	4,561	50	...
Total ...	69,603	...	22,196	14,355	1,820	1,058	1,09,032	3,924	1,26,810	626	7,942
School Education, Special.											
Schools for Special Instruction.											
Training schools for Masters ...	20,254	...	...	...	...	...	20,254	...	...	...	...
Training schools for Mistresses ...	6,058	...	...	...	...	...	6,058	...	...	...	...
Schools of Arts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Law schools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Medical schools	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Engineering and Surveying schools ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Industrial schools	3,326	...	24	...	...	...	3,350	...	372	...	...
Other schools	...	...	...	...	...	930	930	...	...	...	...
Total ...	29,638	...	24	...	...	930	30,592	...	372	...	...
University	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Direction	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Inspection	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Scholarships held in... Arts Colleges ...	8,507	...	...	...	...	126	8,633	...	...	...	...
Professional Colleges ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Secondary schools ...	10,077	...	...	...	...	358	10,435	124	...	...	...
Primary schools ...	3,858	...	66	...	...	49	3,973	1,451	461	...	...
Special schools other than training schools.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Buildings	12,659	...	2,088	...	360	250	15,357	14,493	1,963	50	...
Furniture and Apparatus (special grants only).	1,554	...	175	...	...	...	1,729	...	119	...	...
Miscellaneous	315	...	...	...	...	30,101	*30,416	...	...	...	...
Total ...	36,970	...	2,329	...	360	30,884	70,543	16,068	2,543	50	...
Total Expenditure on Public Instruction ...	1,95,828	...	33,957	25,318	3,141	33,578	2,91,822	20,903	1,29,725	676	8,110

* Book Depot charges ... ... Rs. 27,797
Value of books Lithographed in the Press ... ... „ 2,304
Grant for Vernacular literature ... ... „ 315

Total ... Rs. 30,416

Central Provinces for the official year 1884-85.

INSTITUTIONS.

Management.										Under Private management.											
Council and Local rds.			Maintained by Feudatory States.							Aided by the Department or by the District Council or Municipal Boards.							Un-aided.				
Subscriptions.	Endowments and other sources.	Total.	Native State Revenues.	Local Rates or Cesses levied in Native States.	Municipal Funds raised in Native States.	Fees.	Subscriptions.	Endowments and other sources.	Total.	Provincial Revenues.	Local Rates or Cesses.	Municipal Funds.	Fees.	Subscriptions.	Endowments and other sources.	Total.	Fees.	Subscriptions.	Endowments and other sources.	Total.	
3e	3f	3	4a	4b	4c	4d	4e	4f	4	5a	5b	5c	5d	5e	5f	5	6a	6b	6c	6	
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	R.	R.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	R.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,335	...	...	546	...	3,432	6,313	36	...	600	636	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
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...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,335	...	...	546	...	3,432	6,313	36	...	600	636	
840	...	1,919	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13,249	...	3,132	5,070	1,774	8,112	31,337	...	...	...	...	
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...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,101	...	135	957	320	478	2,991	...	...	...	...	
840	...	1,919	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14,350	...	3,267	6,027	2,094	8,590	34,328	...	...	...	...	
2,465	409	1,37,565	3,575	...	...	...	...	...	3,575	28,231	...	4,230	7,112	6,067	8,687	54,327	330	37	2,604	2,971	
...	...	4,611	305	...	...	...	...	...	305	6,815	...	1,284	4,714	7,220	1,461	21,494	...	1,236	968	2,204	
2,465	409	1,42,176	3,880	...	...	...	...	...	3,880	35,046	..	5,514	11,826	13,287	10,148	75,821	330	1,273	3,572	5,175	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
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...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	372	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	326	326	
...	...	372	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	326	326	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	1,021	...	...	...	...	...	1,021	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,625	...	...	...	...	...	1,625	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	124	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,780	...	...	...	...	75	2,855	...	...	...	...	
10	...	1,922	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	45	...	...	...	...	...	45	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
936	96	17,538	245	...	...	...	...	...	245	3,126	...	2,050	...	...	6,420	11,596	...	...	...	...	
43	...	162	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
989	96	19,746	1,266	...	...	...	...	...	1,266	7,576	..	2,050	...	...	6,495	16,121	...	...	...	...	
4,294	505	1,64,213	5,146	...	...	...	...	...	5,146	59,307	..	10,331	18,399	15,381	28,665	1,32,583	366	1,237	4,498	6,137	

Return of Expenditure on Public Instruction in the

PUBLIC

Objects of Expenditure.	Under public management.							Under Public
	Maintained by the Department.							Maintained by the District Boa
	Provincial Revenues.	Local Rates or Cesses.	Municipal Funds.	Fees.	Subscriptions.	Endowments and other sources.	Total.	Provincial Revenues.	Local Rates or Cesses.	Municipal Funds.	Fees.
1	2a	2b	2c	2d	2e	2f	2	3a	3b	3c	3d
	Rs.	R.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
University Education. — *Arts Colleges.*											
English	9,753	...	...	761	...	...	10,514	...	...	...	...
Oriental	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Colleges or Departments of Colleges for Professional Training.											
Law	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Medicine	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Engineering	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	9,753	..	...	761	...	...	10,514	...	...	...	...
School Education, General. — *Secondary Schools.*											
For Boys — English	49,864	...	9,408	10,202	961	706	71,141	911	...	...	168
For Boys — Vernacular	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
For Girls — English	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
For Girls — Vernacular	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	49,864	...	9,408	10,202	961	706	71,141	911	...	...	168
Primary Schools.											
For Boys	61,713	..	20,250	14,355	1,783	1,034	99,135	3,924	1,22,249	576	7,942
For Girls	7,890	..	1,946	...	37	24	9,897	...	4,561	50	...
Total	69,603	...	22,196	14,355	1,820	1,058	1,09,032	3,924	1,26,810	626	7,942
School Education, Special. — *Schools for Special Instruction.*											
Training schools for Masters	20,254	...	...	...	...	...	20,254	...	...	...	...
Training schools for Mistresses	6,058	...	...	...	...	...	6,058	...	...	...	...
Schools of Arts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Law schools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Medical schools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Engineering and Surveying schools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Industrial schools	3,326	...	24	...	...	...	3,350	...	372	...	...
Other schools	...	...	...	...	...	930	930	...	...	...	...
Total	29,638	...	24	...	...	930	30,592	...	372	...	...
University	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Direction	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Inspection	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Scholarships held in — Arts Colleges	8,507	...	...	...	...	126	8,633	...	...	...	...
Scholarships held in — Professional Colleges	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Scholarships held in — Secondary schools	10,077	...	...	...	...	358	10,435	124	...	...	...
Scholarships held in — Primary schools	3,858	...	66	...	...	49	3,973	1,451	461	...	...
Scholarships held in — Special schools other than training schools.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Buildings	12,659	...	2,088	...	360	250	15,357	14,493	1,963	50	...
Furniture and Apparatus (special grants only).	1,554	...	175	...	...	...	1,729	...	119	...	...
Miscellaneous	315	...	...	...	...	30,101	*30,416	...	...	...	...
Total	36,970	...	2,329	...	360	30,884	70,543	16,068	2,543	50	...
Total Expenditure on Public Instruction	1,95,828	...	33,957	25,318	3,141	33,578	2,91,822	20,903	1,29,725	676	8,110

* Book Depot charges ... ... Rs. 27,797
Value of books Lithographed in the Press ... ... „ 2,304
Grant for Vernacular literature ... ... „ 315

Total ... Rs. 30,416

Central Provinces for the official year 1884-85.

INSTITUTIONS.

Management.										Under Private management.									
Council and Local rds.			Maintained by Feudatory States.							Aided by the Department or by the District Council or Municipal Boards.							Un-aided.			
Subscriptions.	Endowments and other sources.	Total.	Native State Revenues.	Local Rates or Cesses levied in Native States.	Municipal Funds raised in Native States.	Fees.	Subscriptions.	Endowments and other sources.	Total.	Provincial Revenues.	Local Rates or Cesses.	Municipal Funds.	Fees.	Subscriptions.	Endowments and other sources.	Total.	Fees.	Subscriptions.	Endowments and other sources.	Total.
3e	3f	3	4a	4b	4c	4d	4e	4f	4	5a	5b	5c	5d	5e	5f	5	6a	6b	6c	6
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	R.	R.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	R.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,335	...	...	546	...	3,432	6,313	36	...	600	636
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,335	...	...	546	...	3,432	6,313	36	...	600	636
840	...	1,919	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13,249	...	3,132	5,070	1,774	8,112	31,337	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,101	...	135	957	320	478	2,991	...	...	...	...
840	...	1,919	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14,350	...	3,267	6,027	2,094	8,590	34,328	...	...	...	...
2,465	409	1,37,565	3,575	...	...	...	...	...	3,575	28,231	...	4,230	7,112	6,067	8,687	54,327	330	37	2,604	2,971
...	...	4,611	305	...	...	...	...	...	305	6,815	...	1,284	4,714	7,220	1,461	21,494	...	1,236	968	2,204
2,465	409	1.42,176	3,880	...	...	...	...	...	3,880	35,046	..	5,514	11,826	13,287	10,148	75,821	330	1,273	3,572	5,175
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	372	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	326	326
...	...	372	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	326	326
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	1,021	...	...	...	...	...	1,021	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,625	..	...	...	...	...	1,625	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	124	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,780	..	...	...	...	75	2,855	...	...	...	...
10	...	1,922	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	45	...	...	...	...	...	45	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
936	96	17,538	245	...	...	...	...	...	245	3,126	...	2,050	...	...	6,420	11,596	...	...	...	...
43	...	162	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
989	96	19,746	1,266	...	...	...	...	...	1,266	7,576	...	2,050	...	...	6,495	16,121	...	...	...	...
4,294	505	1,64,213	5,146	...	...	...	...	...	5,146	59,307	..	10,831	18,399	15,381	28,665	1,32,583	366	1,237	4,498	6,187

B.—Education 3.—Concld.

Return of Expenditure on Public Instruction in the Central Provinces for the official year 1884-85.

	Objects of Expenditure.	Total Expenditure from. Provincial revenues.	Local rates or cesses.	Municipal funds.	Fees.	All other sources.	Grand Total.
		7a	7b	7c	7d	7e	7
University Education.	*Arts Colleges.*	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
	English ...	12,088	...	...	1,343	4,032	17,463
	Oriental	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Colleges or Departments of Colleges for Professional Training.						
	Law	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Medicine	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Engineering	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	12,088	...	...	1,343	4,032	17,463
School Education, General.	*Secondary Schools.*						
	For Boys ... English ...	64,024	...	12,540	15,440	12,393	1,04,397
	For Boys ... Vernacular.	...	...	...	...	...	...
	For Girls ... English ...	1,101	...	135	957	798	2,991
	For Girls ... Vernacular.	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total ...	65,125	...	12,675	16,397	13,191	1,07,388
	Primary Schools.						
	For Boys	93,868	1,22,249	25,056	29,739	26,661	2,97,573
	For Girls	14,705	4,561	3,280	4,714	11,251	38,511
	Total ...	1,08,573	1,26,810	28,336	34,453	37,912	3,36,084
School Education, Special.	*Schools for Special Instruction.*						
	Training schools for Masters ...	20,254	...	...	...	...	20,254
	Training schools for Mistresses ...	6,058	...	...	...	...	6,058
	Schools of Arts ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Law schools ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Medical schools ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Engineering and Surveying schools ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Industrial schools ...	3,326	372	24	...	...	3,722
	Other schools ...	...	...	...	...	1,256	1,256
	Total ...	29,638	372	24	...	1,256	31,290
University		...	...	...	...	...	...
Direction		25,743	...	...	...	...	25,743
Inspection		83,501	...	...	...	1,021	84,522
Scholarships held in...	Arts College ...	10,132	...	...	...	126	10,258
	Professional Colleges...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Secondary schools ...	12,981	...	...	...	433	13,413
	Primary schools ...	5,354	461	66	...	59	5,940
	Special schools other than Training schools.	...	...	...	...	...	...
Buildings		30,278	1,963	4,188	...	8,307	44,736
Furniture and Apparatus (Special grants only).		1,554	119	175	...	43	1,891
Miscellaneous		315	...	...	...	30,101	30,416
	Total ...	1,69,858	2,543	4,429	...	40,090	2,16,920
Total Expenditure on Public Instruction ...		3,85,282	1,29,725	45,464	52,193	96,481	7,09,145

List of Government Colleges and Scholars of all schools and colleges aided and inspected by Government in the several districts under the administration of the Central Provinces.

Name of Districts and Native States.	Vernacular spoken.	Area in square miles.	Estimate of population.	Number of Schools.	Number of Scholars on the roll on the 31st March 1885.	Average number of square miles to each school.	Percentage of scholars to population.	Remarks
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Balaghat ...	Hindi	3,146	340,554	49	2,285	64·2	·67	
Betul ...	Hindi and Marathi	3,905	304,905	65	3,167	60·0	1·03	
Bilaspur ..	Hindi	7,798	1,017,327	89	5,422	87·6	·53	
Bhandara ...	Marathi	3,922	683,779	155	6,303	25·3	·92	
Chanda ...	Marathi and Telugu ...	10,785	649,146	90	4,649	119·8	·71	
Chhindwara ...	Marathi and Hindi	3,915	372,899	45	2,161	87·0	·59	
Damoh ...	Hindi and Urdu	2,799	312,957	67	3,028	41·7	·96	
Hoshangabad ...	Marathi, Hindi and Urdu ...	4,437	488,787	96	4,835	46·2	·98	
Jubbulpore ...	Hindi and Urdu	3,918	687,233	167	9,567	23·4	1·39	
Nagpur ..	Marathi	3,786	697,356	198	11,748	19·1	1·06	
Mandla ...	Hindi and Urdu	4,719	301,760	40	1,663	117·9	·55	
Nimar ...	Hindi and Marathi	3,340	231,341	89	4,676	37·5	2·02	
Narsinghpur ...	Hindi and Urdu ...	1,916	365,173	95	5,644	20·1	1·54	
Seoni ...	Hindi	3,247	334,733	43	2,326	75·5	·69	
Saugor ...	Hindi and Urdu	4,005	564,950	96	6,463	41·7	1·14	
Raipur ...	Hindi	11,885	1,405,171	178	12,047	66·7	·85	
Sambalpur ...	Hindi and Uria	4,521	693,499	144	8,220	31·3	1·18	
Wardha ...	Marathi	2,401	387,221	106	4,857	22·6	1·25	
		84,445	9,838,791	1,812	99,061	54·8	1· 0	

C.—Scientific and Literary.

1.—Scientific and Literary Societies for 1884-85.

Names.	Object.	Income.		Number.	When established.	Remarks.
		Fund endowments.	Fund subscriptions.			
SAUGOR.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.			
Hit Sabha Saugor, with its branches at the following places ...	Political and Educational objects having separate sections ...	.....	90 8 0	17	15th December 1874.	
Rehli ...	Do. do. ...	.....	.....	20	May 1879.	
Khurai ...	Do. do. ...	.....	.....	12	25th August 1879.	
Banda ...	Do. do. ...	.....	.....	27	September 1879.	
Ht S abha, Newspaper and Reading Club ...	The purchase and circulation of newspapers ...	.....	62 7 10	5	1st November 1873.	
BURHANPUR.						
Native General Library, Burhanpur...	Reading newspapers and books					
Morris Memorial Library, Khandwa...	Do. do, ...	.....	488 8 6	45	1870.	
Prayatnik Sabha, Burhanpur ...	To encourage vernacular literature ...	75 0 0	206 14 6	51	1875.	
Students Meeting, Burhanpur ...	To lecture upon education ...	.....	.....	25	1882.	
	...	.....	.....	25	1882.	
DAMOH.						
General Library and Club ...	To enable persons of limited means to increase their knowledge by the perusal of respectable newspapers and periodicals ...	.....	49 8 0	365	17th July 1877.	
BETUL.						
Badnur Reading Club ...	Self-improvement					
Betul Reading Club ...	Do. do. ...	66 0 0	70 0 0	48	1st August 1884.	
	...	.....	87 0 0	50	1st February 1885.	
NAGPUR.						
Native General Library, Nagpur ...	Propagation of general knowledge					
Sitabaldi Reading Room ...	Reading newspapers ...	150 0 0	300 0 0	41	1863.	
Umrer ...	To promote learning ...	.....	225 0 0	55	1866.	
	...	.....	48 0 0	10	1st January 1867.	

WARDHA.							
Native General Library, Wardha	Public Improvement	.....	250 0 0	30	September 1870.		
Arvi Elocution Encouraging Society	Encouragement to Elocution	50 0 0	75 0 0	200	1877.		
Native General Library, Arvi	Diffusion of knowledge	*75 11 6	60 0 0	20	1874.	*60 Municipal grant. 9 From Government. 36 From Government.	
Public Library, Hinganghat	To promote the cause of Education	.....	500 0 0	73	July 1883.		
Balsabha do.	To create emulation amongst pupils of Primary schools	.....	59 0 0	200	1884.		
BHANDARA.							
Bhandara Public Library	Public Improvement	.....	†485 2 6	42	February 1864.	†Out of this sum the Municipal contribution is Rs. 100.	
CHHINDWARA.							
Station Library and Reading Club	Self-Improvement	.....	141 3 0	23	January 1881.		
SAMBALPUR.							
Sambalpur Book Club	Purchase and circulation of useful books, newspapers and periodicals.	.....	420 0 0	8	1862.		
JABALPUR.							
Vidhya Prasarak Sabha	Scientific and Literary	.....	.....	...	.....	Has long ceased to exist.	
Swedesh Hitai Shirri Sabha	Literary and Political	.....	35 4 0	125	11th March 1883.		
Majani Sabha, Murwara	For Sanscrit Education	32 0 0	79 0 0	27	1st September 1884.		
Balbodhini Sabha, Sihora	Scientific and Literary	.....	.....	60	16th August 1884.		
Anjuman Islamia, Jabalpur	The object of this Association as its name implies is as follows:— (1) To educate Mahomedan boys both in religious and secular subjects. (2) To maintain orphans and unclaimed children and to look after their Education. (3) To assist the poor and to look after Mahomedan vagrants. (4) To look after Mosques and Maqbaras and other Mahomedan buildings. (5) To accept the proprietorship of property which any Mahomedan holds for charity or for social benefit. (6) The improvement of Mahomedans and the care of their rights and privileges with especial appeals to the Government if necessary. (7) To consider the legislative enactment of Government and the action of the Local Administration.	240 0 0	420 0 0	35	1877.		

2—.The Press.

1	2	3	4	5	6
District.	Name of Press.	Name of Proprietor.	Newspaper.	Periodicals.	Remarks.
Hoshangabad ...	The Niyaya Sudha ...	Sadasheo Ramchandra Patwardhan, Harda ...	Nyaya Sudha	...	Anglo-Marathi paper.
Do. ..	The Satya Prakash ...	Balwant Rao Gopal Kekre, Harda. .	Do. ...	...	Only Miscellaneous forms are lithographed.
Do. ...	The Mouj-i-Narbada ...	Moulvi Abdul Karim ...	The Mouj-i-Narbada ..	...	One Urdu and one Hindi paper.
Nimar { Khandwa ..	Subodh Sindu ...	Laxmon Anant ...	Weekly paper	...	
Nimar { Burhanpur ...	Arya Vaibhao ...	Raghunath Balkrishna Bhide ...	Do. ...	...	
Seoni ...	Hatty Daroo Press ...	Cawasji Meharwanji Hatty Daroo ...	Do. ...	...	Job work only.
Jubbulpore ...	Star Press ...	Mrs. J. Blanchett ...	Do. ...	...	Job work and Miscellaneous forms, &c., are executed at the Press..
	Albert Press	Anjuman Islamia ...	Do. ...	...	Only job work.
	Anjuman Press ...	Do. ...	Do. ...	...	Do.
	Imperial Press, Sadar Bazaar ...	N. Narainsawmy Naidu ...	Do. ...	Saraswati Vilas.	A Monthly Magazine in Hindi, published from 1st March 1885—Price Rs. 2 per annum inclusive of postage: circulates 200 copies only. Job work is executed.
Nagpur ...	Nagpur News ...	Sitaram Pant ...	Nil. ...	Nil.	Job work is done at these Presses.
	Empress Times ...	Narain Waijnath ...	Weekly Newspaper	,,	
	Muthba-usmania ...	Moulvi Abdul Rahim ...	Nil. ...	,,	
	Chandrodya ...	Sakharam Vittal ...	,, ...	,,	
	Famindrapur ...	Krishnaji Pant ...	,, ...	,,	
	Albert Press ...	J. Bailey ...	,, ...	,,	
	Tarjuman ...	Mahomed Oosman ...	English and Urdu ...	,,	

VI.—STATISTICS OF LIFE.

V. I.—Deaths registered from different causes in the Districts and Towns of the Central Provinces during the year 1884.

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8					9	10	11							
							Injuries.							Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population.							
							Suicide.												From all causes.		
Number.	Districts and Towns.	Population according to Census of 1881.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Fevers.	Bowel complaints.	Males.	Females	Wounding or accident.	Snake bite or killed by wild beasts.	Total.	All other causes.	Total deaths from all causes.	Cholera.	Small-pox.	Fevers.	Bowel complaints.	Injuries.	All other causes.	For the year.	Mean of previous 5 years.
	A.—DISTRICTS.																				
	Vindhyan Division.																				
1	Saugor ...	491,106	...	386	8,813	2,109	22	27	161	108	318	4,581	16,207	0·00	0·79	17·94	4·29	0·65	9·33	33·00	36·58
2	Damoh ...	297,967	...	396	4,730	1,043	14	9	118	87	223	3,316	9,708	0·00	1·33	15·87	3·50	0·75	11·13	32·58	37·43
3	Murwara ...	149,104	...	79	2,487	512	4	8	57	23	92	1,661	4,831	0·00	0·53	16·68	3·43	0·62	11·14	32·40	31·78
	Nerbudda Division.																				
4	Jubbulpore ..	442,533	15	38	6,741	1,913	20	12	141	47	220	5,699	14,626	0·03	0·09	15·23	4·32	0·50	12·88	33·05	39·59
5	Narsinghpur ...	346,851	5	93	8,978	858	14	10	111	42	177	1,497	11,608	0·01	0·27	25·88	2·47	0·51	4·32	38·46	36·90
6	Hoshangabad ...	443,657	...	51	9,907	2,489	17	7	107	47	178	1,028	13,653	0·00	0·11	22·33	5·61	0·40	2·32	30·77	28·20
7	Nimar ...	138,858	79	24	2,422	513	3	2	52	22	79	1,202	4,319	0·57	0·17	17·44	3·69	0·57	8·66	31·10	36·02
	Satpura Division.																				
8	Burhanpur ..	47,106	3	1	750	142	1	...	11	3	15	265	1,176	0·06	0·02	15·92	3·01	0·32	5·63	24·96	30·25
9	Mandla ...	295,498	...	43	5,489	479	6	5	69	83	163	1,083	7,257	0·00	0·15	18·58	1·62	0·55	3·66	24·56	32·49
10	Betul ...	292,609	...	91	2,554	919	6	12	95	37	150	3,655	7,369	0·00	0·31	8·73	3·14	0·51	12·49	25·18	30·61
11	Chhindwara ...	282,917	...	318	4,583	672	6	15	61	27	109	2,783	8,415	0·00	1·12	16·02	2·38	0·38	9·84	29·74	30·43
12	Seoni ...	323,024	..	76	6,764	231	5	17	81	51	154	725	7,950	0·00	0·24	20·94	0·71	0·48	2·24	24·61	31·06
13	Balaghat ...	336,418	...	20	7,061	135	7	8	125	56	196	942	8,354	0·00	0·06	20·99	0·40	0·58	2·80	24·83	33·60
	Wainganga Division.																				
14	Bhandara ...	650,326	...	486	13,935	83	30	28	196	57	311	2,578	17,393	0·00	0·74	21·43	0·13	0·48	3·96	26·74	33·49
15	Nagpur ...	480,737	...	743	3,852	513	17	28	90	28	163	7,909	13,180	0·00	1·55	8·01	1·07	0·34	16·45	27·42	31·78
16	Wardha ...	342,462	...	758	3,057	545	5	7	99	33	144	3,565	8,049	0·00	2·15	8·93	1·59	0·42	10·41	23·50	29·52
17	Chanda ...	501,026	29	355	6,713	815	14	20	159	44	237	5,092	13,241	0·00	0·71	13·40	1·63	0·47	10·16	26·43	29·62
	Mahanadi Division.																				
18	Raipur ...	1,098,630	...	40	18,822	2,295	32	12	623	92	759	5,196	27,112	0·00	0·04	17·13	2·09	0·69	4·73	24·68	32·12
19	Bilaspur ...	743,321	...	285	17,178	379	18	17	160	47	242	1,079	19,163	0·00	0·38	23·11	0·51	0·33	1·45	25·78	33·85
20	Sambalpur ..	355,943	...	15	2,676	3,689	7	7	96	40	150	1,364	7,894	0·00	0·04	7·52	10·36	0·42	3·83	22·17	25·70
	Total of Districts ...	8,060,093	131	4,278	1,37,462	20,334	248	251	2,607	974	4,080	55,220	221,505	0·02	0·53	17·05	2·52	0·51	6·85	27·48	31·90

V. 2.—STATEMENT showing the diseases of the in-door and out-door patients treated in the Dispensaries of the Central Provinces during the year 1884.

1	2	3																														4	5	
		DISEASES.																															Total number of in-door and out-door patients treated in each district.	Operations.	
		General diseases.																																
		Order A. Febrile or Zymotic diseases.				Order B. Constitutional diseases.																														
Number of Dispensaries.	Name of District.	Small-pox.	Malarious fever, ague and remittent.	Cholera.	Other diseases of this order	Rheumatic affections.	Syphilitic affections.	Scrofula.	Anæmia.	Leprosy.	Phthisis.	Dropsy.	Other diseases of this order.	Opthalmia.	Inflamation of the external ear.	Goitre.	Respiratory affections.	Heart diseases.	Dysentery.	Diarrhœa.	Worms.	Liver diseases.	Spleen diseases.	Gonorrhœa and its complications.	Abscess, boils, and whitlow.	Skin diseases.	Ulcer.	Labour prematurre, natural and difficult.	Other local diseases.	Debility and old age.	Poison and poisoned wounds.	Injuries.		Major.	Minor.
8	Saugor ...	4	8,807	...	639	2,880	600	115	208	68	9	35	151	10,565	2,467	1	3,008	8	1,132	1,040	133	28	276	598	2,665	7,183	6,455	1	7,088	488	187	1,213	58,137	48	2,227
5	Damoh ...	4	1,989	...	178	613	103	5	66	20	2	22	16	2,910	861	...	695	2	315	267	24	25	65	78	758	2,718	1,652	...	1,986	68	9	474	15,919	13	415
7	Jubbulpore...	2	9,456	...	993	2,844	796	34	352	59	38	64	179	4,985	2,053	...	5,920	32	1,651	2,243	457	263	729	1,088	2,777	5,149	4,786	6	10,093	880	191	1,325	59,445	116	2,683
3	Narsinghpur...	...	2,869	11	41	719	207	11	85	21	6	21	15	2,807	629	1	910	2	318	421	21	40	124	243	827	2,560	1,563	1	2,871	154	28	531	18,057	60	482
6	Hoshangabad	2	8,796	7	465	1,560	313	7	41	15	12	20	22	3,113	903	1	2,335	15	759	1,095	104	70	209	578	1,485	3,900	3,264	42	4,737	187	183	692	35,133	50	1,363
5	Nimar ...	...	6,837	11	165	1,121	630	27	272	21	20	29	99	2,638	1,173	...	2,676	17	1,015	1,516	300	204	345	588	1,065	3,420	2,815	6	4,356	266	175	567	32,267	34	785
2	Mandla ...	...	1,764	...	16	298	51	...	28	7	4	3	1	441	153	...	460	3	149	152	11	11	61	52	179	964	390	...	1,292	60	35	116	6,711	2	197
2	Betul ...	...	2,673	1	97	479	77	11	68	9	8	11	83	474	236	1	789	59	252	222	236	11	80	138	212	1,397	1,589	5	2,202	68	33	109	11,631	7	192
2	Chhindwara..	1	1,589	...	31	433	47	17	5	20	2	3	219	1,324	558	6	733	1	185	114	32	19	83	85	314	890	1,745	...	1,141	2-	43	335	9,999	22	467
2	Seoni ...	11	5,020	...	120	556	105	15	82	22	...	29	287	1,508	374	...	1,231	8	566	422	291	52	131	190	926	1,641	906	...	2,036	128	52	291	16,999	21	926
3	Balaghat ...	...	2,721	...	10	536	140	2	47	13	3	13	18	976	205	2	1,131	2	203	236	153	17	147	136	526	1,938	1,218	1	1,916	94	24	130	12,552	8	114
5	Bhandara ...	1	9,685	...	46	1,185	197	7	37	18	1	12	310	2,435	1,115	...	2,564	3	546	2,305	2,582	40	381	309	932	3,591	4,983	3	3,985	113	135	516	37,997	24	787
10	Nagpur ...	20	36,913	...	621	5,557	1,795	235	908	210	198	100	620	15,936	9,011	18	13,706	91	2,619	4,216	4,814	391	746	2,580	6,450	12,469	22,273	12	27,172	2,131	1,203	5,631	178,696	230	4,483
5	Wardha ...	3	5,633	...	117	936	213	20	138	34	29	9	111	1,599	823	...	1 489	7	397	316	552	52	123	335	993	2,459	3,151	10	4,139	170	109	600	24,647	14	617
7	Chanda ...	2	8,963	...	3	2,256	182	6	93	16	12	28	6	4,233	1,493	1	2,478	2	527	702	2,791	72	200	343	1,378	3,907	4,744	1	10,280	195	94	433	45,442	8	432
5	Raipur ...	...	10,824	...	25	2,031	400	8	148	29	5	66	60	3,289	1,743	7	3 630	8	914	1,195	2,364	43	277	747	1,395	3,644	5,425	2	9,243	345	92	648	48,607	53	957
3	Bilaspur ...	7	4,212	...	342	783	327	26	156	28	16	25	38	2,319	427	6	1,538	9	811	480	516	25	145	419	412	926	1,445	11	3,193	144	106	386	19,308	37	608
2	Sambalpur ...	...	2,645	...	42	1,160	189	8	108	5	11	16	7	820	467	..	954	...	342	793	3,317	3	149	222	340	1,497	1,947	3	5,302	7	15	421	20,783	32	695
82	Total ...	57	131,386	30	3,951	25,947	6,352	554	2,829	615	376	506	2,236	62,402	24,691	44	46,737	269	12,711	17,835	18,748	1,366	4,271	8,729	23,634	60,163	70,351	104	103,071	5,523	2,714	14,418	652,620	779	18,341

V. 3.—STATEMENT showing particulars of Vaccination in the Central Provinces during the year 1884-85.

Number.	District.	Population of districts according to Census of 1881.	Average population per square mile.	Average number of vaccinators employed throughout the season.	Total number of persons vaccinated.			Average number of persons vaccinated by each vaccinator.	Primary vaccination.				Re-vaccination.		Percentage of successful cases.		Persons successfully vaccinated per 1,000 of population.	Average annual number of persons successfully vaccinated during previous five years.		Average annual number of deaths from Small-pox during previous five years.	
									Total.	Successful.			Total.	Successful.	Primary.	Re-vaccination.		Number.	Ratio per 1,000.	Number.	Ratio per 1,000.
										Under one year.	Over one and under six years.	Total of all ages.									
1	2	3	4	5	6			7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
					Male.	Female.	Total.														
1	Saugor ...	564,950	141·06	12	9,507	9,201	18,708	1,556	18,216	12,708	4,408	17,349	492	373	95·24	75·08	31·37	19,651	34·78	528	0·93
2	Damoh ...	312,957	111·81	6	5,486	5,113	10,599	1,745	10,599	9,338	685	10,087	...	...	95·17	...	32·23	10,603	33·84	353	1·13
3	Jubbulpore ...	686,606	175·40	13	14,763	12,556	27,319	2,101	27,305	12,804	10,847	25,938	14	6	95·18	42·86	37·36	21,453	31·24	1,064	1·55
4	Narsinghpur ...	365,173	190·59	8	6,565	6,303	12,868	1,608	12,868	10,239	2,254	12,676	...	...	98·51	...	34·71	12,671	34·70	185	0·51
5	Hoshangabad ...	488,594	110·12	9	7,268	7,335	14,603	1,623	14,379	10,075	3,441	13,968	224	217	97·14	96 87	29 03	15,906	32·55	198	0·41
6	Nimar ...	231,123	69·26	6	6,456	5,882	12,338	1,971	12,313	8,529	2,824	11,959	25	5	97·12	20·00	51·76	9,907	42·86	206	0·89
7	Mandla ...	301,760	63·94	7	8,305	7,599	15,904	2,261	15,904	4,036	5,560	15,735	...	...	98 94	...	52·14	12,979	42·98	273	0·90
8	Betul ...	304,905	78·08	8	5,342	6,401	11,743	1,468	9,913	9,036	493	9,567	1,830	1,324	96·51	72 35	35·72	11,021	36·15	161	0·53
9	Chhindwara ...	366,940	95·65	8	8,728	12,099	20,827	2,609	12,895	10,753	1,507	12,767	7,932	5,608	98·93	70·70	50·05	13,443	36·64	46	0 13
10	Seoni ...	334,733	103·09	8	9,052	8,437	17,489	2,165	17,427	9,005	7,344	16,911	62	62	97·04	100·00	50·71	14,683	43·86	349	1·04
11	Balaghat ...	340,554	108·25	6	7,278	7,019	14,297	2,370	12,285	6,345	5,087	11,890	2,012	1,230	96 78	61·13	38·53	10,674	31·34	473	1·39
12	Bhandara ...	683,779	174·34	10	9,799	9,555	19,354	1,903	19,335	7,472	11,038	18,753	19	17	96·99	89·47	27·45	18,059	26·41	487	0·71
13	Nagpur ...	697,356	184·19	15	12,700	11,513	24,213	1,614	24,045	14,581	8,532	23,407	168	150	97 34	89·29	33·78	23,063	33·07	103	0·15
14	Wardha ...	387,221	161·27	7	8,744	7,341	16,075	2,154	15,896	8,049	6,800	15,382	179	175	96 77	97·77	40·18	13,828	35·71	93	0·24
15	Chanda ...	534,215	49·53	11	9,060	8,235	17,295	1,544	16,665	6,811	6,454	14,878	630	499	89·28	79·21	28·78	16,533	30·94	243	0·45
16	Raipur ...	1,240,345	142·17	21	23,335	21,125	44,460	2,079	44,372	8,577	30,947	42,712	88	76	96·26	86·36	34·50	32,340	26·07	2,373	1·91
17	Bilaspur ...	1,021,972	150·33	19	18,450	17,584	36,034	1,883	36,034	10,451	21,229	34,650	...	...	96·16	...	33·91	29,007	28·38	879	0·86
18	Sambalpur ...	551,358	146·71	12	13,286	13,036	26,322	2,193	26,302	2,775	21,551	26,106	20	20	99 25	100·00	47·38	24,476	44·39	275	0·50
	Total for the Province ... (Exclusive of Feudatory States.)	9,414,571	118·51	186	184,144	176,304	360,448	1,918	346,753	161,581	150,981	334,775	13,695	9,762	96·53	71·28	36·59	310,288	32·96	8,288	0·88

V. 4.—STATEMENT showing the cost of the Vaccination Department in the Central Provinces, during the year 1884-85.

Number.	District.	Establishment.								Expenditure.				Paid from.					Total.	Number of all successful vaccinations and re-vaccinations.	Average cost of each successful case.
		Superintendent General.	Superintendent of District.	Deputy Superintendent.	Native Superintendent.	Vaccinators. 1st class.	Vaccinators. 2nd class.	Vaccinators. 3rd class.	Peons and other servants.	Pay of establishment.	Travelling allowance.	Contingencies.	Total cost.	Imperial funds.	Provincial funds.	Local funds.	Municipalities.	Native States.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
										Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.
1	Saugor	...	1	...	1	5	4	3	3	1,821 0 0	141 4 0	28 13 0	1,991 1 0	...	1,571 1 0	.....	420 0 0	.....	1,991 1 0	17,722	0 1 8½
2	Damoh	...	1	...	1	4	1	1	2	1,136 0 0	210. 0 0	11 12 6	1,357 12 6	...	1,357 12 6	.....	.....	.....	1,357 12 6	10,487	0 2 1½
3	Jubbulpore	...	2	...	1	3	4	6	2	1,937 14 5	170 10 0	10 4 6	2,118 12 11	...	2,022 12 11	.....	96 0 0	.....	2,118 12 11	25,994	0 1 3½
4	Narsinghpur	...	1	...	1	3	4	1	2	1,241 6 10	243 13 0	... ..	1,485 3 10	...	1,485 3 10	.....	.....	.....	1,485 3 10	12,676	0 1 10½
5	Hoshangabad	...	1	...	1	3	3	2	2	1,416 2 0	146 0 0	16 4 0	1,578 6 0	...	1,578 6 0	.....	.....	.....	1,578 6 0	14,185	0 1 9½
6	Nimar	...	1	...	1	2	1	3	3	1,029 6 10	553 5 6	18 12 0	1,601 8 4	...	1,601 8 4	.....	.....	.....	1,601 8 4	11,964	0 2 1½
7	Mandla	...	1	...	1	4	2	1	1	1,262 0 0	63 0 0	8 6 0	1,333 6 0	...	1,333 6 0	.....	.....	.....	1,333 6 0	15,735	0 1 4½
8	Betul	...	1	...	1	4	2	2	2	1,325 14 9	3 14 2	5 0 0	1,334 12 11	...	1,334 12 11	.....	.....	.....	1,334 12 11	10,891	0 1 11½
9	Chhindwara	...	1	...	1	6	2	3	2	1,244 9 5	291 8 0	11 8 9	1,547 10 2	...	1,547 10 2	.....	.....	.....	1,547 10 2	18,365	0 1 4
10	Seoni	...	1	...	1	6	2	...	2	1,491 0 0	163 8 0	21 10 2	1,679 2 2	...	1,679 2 2	.....	.....	.....	1,679 2 2	16,073	0 1 7
11	Balaghat	...	1	...	1	...	2	4	1	1,003 4 11	79 8 0	1 3 6	1,084 0 5	...	1,084 0 5	.....	.....	.....	1,084 0 5	13,120	0 1 3½
12	Bhandara	...	1	...	1	6	1	3	2	1,678 13 4	238 8 0	6 13 6	1,924 2 10	...	1,924 2 10	.....	.....	.....	1,924 2 10	18 770	0 1 7½
13	Nagpur	...	1	...	1	5	6	4	2	2,242 5 2	14 0 0	73 10 6	2,329 15 8	...	1,924 9 6	.....	405 6 2	.....	2,329 15 8	23,557	0 1 7
14	Wardha	...	1	...	1	4	3	...	2	1,372 11 4	53 4 0	14 4 0	1,440 3 4	...	1,440 3 4	.....	.....	.....	1,440 3 4	15,557	0 1 5½
15	Chanda	...	1	...	1	4	2	5	2	1,639 13 7	118 4 0	1 12 0	1,759 13 7	...	1,759 13 7	.....	.....	.....	1,759 13 7	15,377	0 1 10
16	Raipur	...	2	...	3	7	3	11	2	2,881 2 8	287 0 0	34 5 0	3,202 7 8	...	3,202 7 8	.....	... ..	.....	3,202 7 8	42,788	0 1 2½
17	Bilaspur	...	1	...	1	6	3	10	2	2,459 8 0	259 8 0	14 10 6	2,733 10 6	...	2,733 10 6	.....	.....	.....	2,733 10 6	34,650	0 1 3
18	Sambalpur	...	1	...	1	3	3	6	1	1,491 7 8	380 0 0	15 0 0	1,886 7 8	...	1,886 7 8	.....	.....	.....	1,886 7 8	26,126	0 1 1½
	One-third of salary of Sanitary Commissioner.	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	7,200 0 0	.. ...	.....	7,200 0 0	..	7,200 0 0	.....	.....	.....	7,200 0 0	...	.....
	Total of Province... (Exclusive of Feudatory States.)	...	18	...	19	72	52	62	36	35,877 8 11	3,416 14 8	294 1 11	39,588 9 6	...	38,667 3 4	.....	921 6 2	.....	39,588 9 6	344,537	0 1 10½

NOTE.—The figures for Raipur, Bilaspur and Sambalpur include those of the Zamindaris in which vaccination is carried on at the expense of the Zamindaris.

V. 5—STATEMENT showing Dispensary Vaccination in the Central Provinces during year 1884-85.

District.	Number of dispensaries in each district to which a vaccinator is attached.	Average number of vaccinators attached to dispensaries during the season.	Total number of persons vaccinated.	Average number of persons vaccinated by each vaccinator.	Primary Vaccination.				Re-vaccination.		Percentage of successful cases.	
					Total.	Successful.			Total.	Successful.	Primary.	Re-vaccination.
						Under one year.	One and under six.	Total of all ages.				
1	2	3	4	4	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Saugor	.....	.....	1,474	.....	1,386	1,171	167	1,344	88	82	96·97	93·18
Damoh	.....	.....	974	.....	974	607	171	874	.....	.....	89·61	.....
Jubbulpore	.....	.....	5,571	.....	4,891	3,071	1,230	4,508	680	452	92·17	66·47
Narsinghpur	.....	.....	733	.....	733	596	90	688	.....	...	93·86	.....
Hoshangabad	.....	.....	2,493	.....	2,493	1,963	232	2,210	.....	...	88·65	.....
Nimar	.....	.....	413	.....	409	317	48	365	4	...	89·24	.....
Mandla	.....	.....	368	.....	368	267	90	367	.....	...	99·73	.....
Betul	.....	.....	442	.....	428	338	60	404	14	8	94·39	57·14
Chiudwara	.....	.....	2,229	.....	1,500	1,421	36	1,480	729	593	98·67	81·34
Seoni	.....	.....	661	.....	661	253	329	633	.....	.....	95·76	.....
Balaghat	.....	.....	410	.....	371	180	137	354	39	20	95·42	51·28
Bhandara	.....	.....	1,140	.....	1,136	540	564	1,104	4	3	97·18	75·00
Nagpur	.....	.....	1,272	.....	1,205	869	182	1,056	67	59	87·63	88·06
Wardha	.....	.....	1,117	.....	1,109	545	377	973	8	6	87·74	75·00
Chanda	.....	.....	1,350	.....	1,350	727	452	1,238	.....	.....	91·70	...
Raipur	.....	.....	2,558	.....	2,551	1,285	917	2,303	7	6	90·28	85·71
Bilaspur	.....	.....	669	.....	669	233	362	607	.....	.....	90·73	.....
Sambalpur	.....	.....	586	.....	578	66	424	504	8	7	87·20	87·50
Total of Province (exclusive of Feudatory States)...	.....	.....	24,460	.....	22,812	14,749	5,858	21,012	1,648	1,236	9,211	75·00

REPORT

ON THE

ADMINISTRATION

OF THE

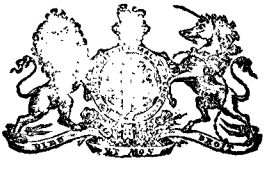
CENTRAL PROVINCES

FOR THE YEAR 1886-87.

BY

A. MACKENZIE, ESQ., C. S. I., C. S.,

CHIEF COMMISSIONER.



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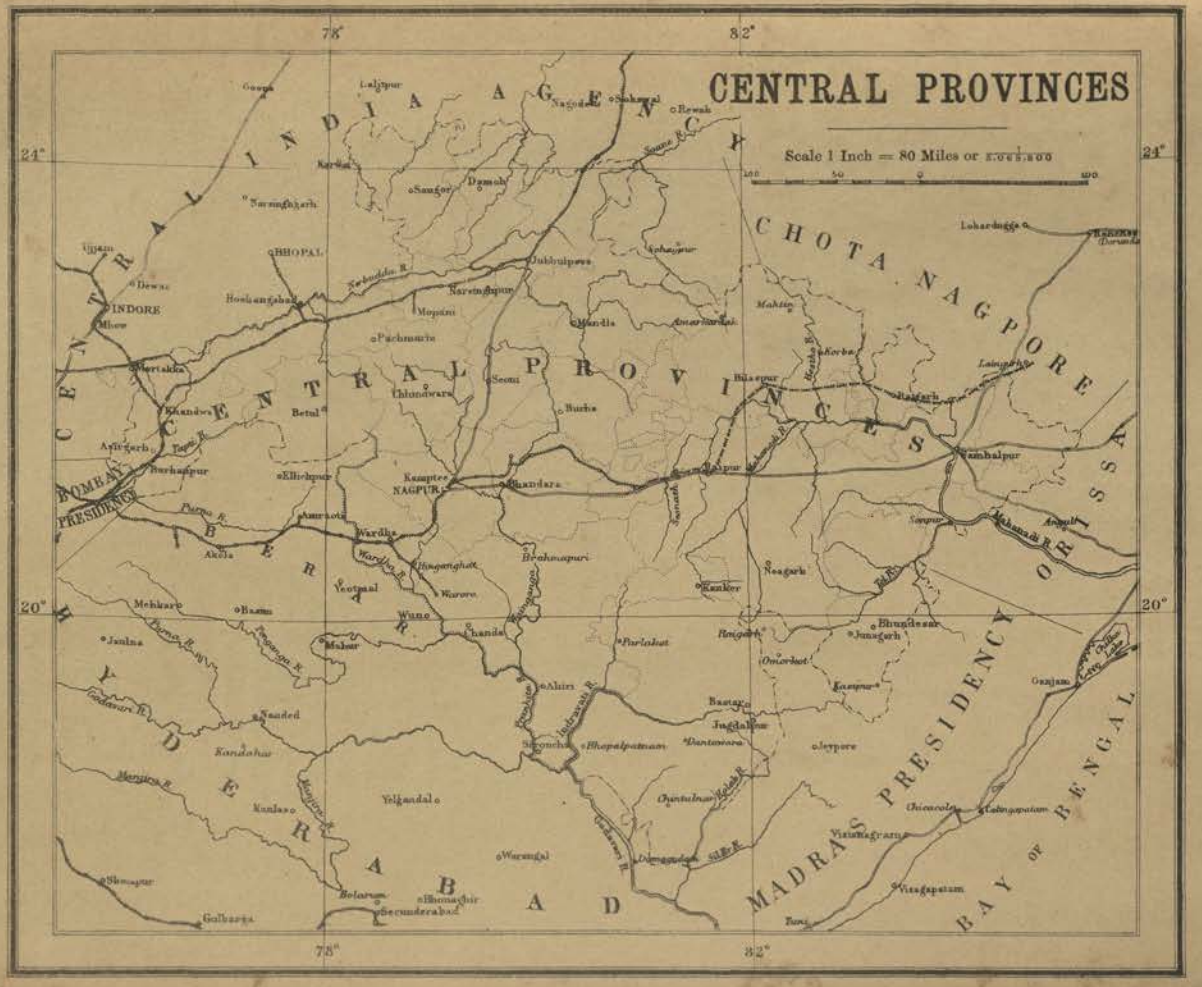
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ADMINISTRATION REPORT

OF THE

CENTRAL PROVINCES

FOR 1886-87.

PART I.

GENERAL SUMMARY.

In the second part of this report detailed facts and figures are given for the calendar year 1886 respecting the Judicial, Jail and Police Departments, and for the official year 1885-86 respecting all other departments. The following General Summary deals with the same periods.

The total area of the Central Provinces is 1,15,935 square miles, of which 29,435 miles are included in Feudatory Chiefships and 21,368 in Zamindaris. Of the Khalsa area 20,359 square miles are Government forest. Of the remaining 44,773 square miles of Khalsa area, the returns for the year under report show 21,302 square miles under crop and 1,857 square miles fallow of three years or less. There are thus 23,159 square miles (or over 51 per cent of the total Khalsa area, excluding Government forests) in cultivation. The principal crops are, among food grains, wheat (6,209 square miles) and rice (4,994); and, among other crops, oil-seeds (2,382) and cotton (1,048).

Weather and crops.

2. In the Northern districts the rain-fall was not particularly unfavourable, and prospects continued good until January when rain and cloudy weather proved injurious to wheat and fatal to the linseed crop. The out-turn of the former was below the average, and linseed yielded scarcely anything. Prices continued rather high although the export trade was not as large as during the preceding year for this part of the province. In the Southern districts the distribution was favourable to cotton and juari, the staple crops of Nagpur and Wardha, but very unfavourable to rice which occupies large areas in Chanda, Bhandara and Balaghat. Prices maintained their level; and the year was a good one for the cultivators of Wardha and Nagpur. In Chhattisgarh the season was disastrous for the principal crop, rice. Prices were very high; there was a good deal of distress among the poorer classes; and relief works had to be started in one or two places. A better than average rabi crop did something to compensate the Raipur and Bilaspur districts for the failure of rice. In Bilaspur there was an excellent wheat harvest; and there was a considerable export of wheat from this district and from Raipur. Generally speaking, prices ruled higher throughout the Province than during the previous year; and these prices pressed hardly on the poorer classes, in some places producing real distress.

Vital statistics.

3. The year 1886 was not a healthy one. The death-rate was indeed lower than in 1885, being 33·24 *per mille* as against 34·21. But it was much

higher than the rate for 1884 (27·30). The chief cause of mortality was fevers, which showed a rate of 20·01 as against 19·35 in 1885 and 18·48 as the average for the preceding 5 years (1881—85). These figures are untrustworthy in the light of the fact that many fatal cases are included in which fever is only a symptom. Bowel-complaints were credited with 2·91 *per mille* of deaths as against 3·11 in 1885 and 2·88, the average for five years; cholera, with 1·89 as against 2·48 and 1·35 respectively; and small-pox with 0·31 as against 0·38 and 0·43 respectively. The birth-rate was 37·79 *per mille* as against 45·36 in 1885. The highest rate of decrease was shown in the Satpura districts, which suffered severely from fever in 1885, *viz.* Chhindwara, Seoni and Betul.

Land Revenue administration.

4. The Land Revenue collected in 1886-87 amounted to Rs. 62,56,735 as compared with Rs. 60,59,944 in 1885-86, showing an increase of Rs 1,96,791. The Land Revenue was, as usual, realised without difficulty. The increase included Rs. 1,33,481 in the Raipur district and Rs. 59,781 in Bilaspur, and was due chiefly to arrear collections. The work of Survey and Settlement has been pushed forward energetically. The Traverse Survey of the Sambalpur Khalsa area and of the Padampur-Chandarpur Zamindari with the Malkharoda Jaghir has been completed by the Survey Department. The Cadastral Survey by Patwaris has also made considerable progress. Field maps for about 840 square miles were completed during the season, and there remain for completion next season less than 100 miles of the Khalsa area. Rent rate reports have been submitted for 398 miles surveyed last season. In Raipur also the Traverse Survey has been nearly completed. Cadastral work was carried on in this district by half of the Bilaspur Cadastral party of the Survey Department (which had to be transferred to Raipur owing to apprehension of scarcity in Bilaspur) as well as by the Patwaris of the district working under the Settlement officer. The out turn of each of these two parties was over 1,000 square miles. Rent rate reports have been submitted for 536 square miles of the area surveyed in previous seasons; and final assessment proposals for the greater part of this area are now under consideration. In Bilaspur, despite the difficulties above referred to, 936 square miles of Traverse Survey and 457 of Cadastral Survey were completed; and rent rate reports have been submitted for 206 square miles of the previous season's area. The Summary Settlement of certain parganas in Raipur has been almost completed. Assessments have been already sanctioned for the parganas of Nawagarh, Sanjari and Dhamda. Rent rate reports have been submitted for the whole of the parganas of the Chanda district, which are to be summarily settled; and the final assessment proposals are under consideration. The Traverse Survey has been completed in Damoh, continued in Jubbulpore, and commenced in Saugor, Narsinghpur, Seoni and Chhindwara. The Survey by trained Patwaris of villages in their circles has been in progress in Saugor, Damoh, Jubbulpore and Narsinghpur; and upwards of 730 square miles have been surveyed in these four districts. In eight districts Instruction Classes for Patwaris were open during the year: out of a total staff of 2,155 Patwaris, 1,467 were passed after a preliminary training; and of these 1,220 also passed through the prescribed course of practical work in villages.

Collieries.

5. The net profits on the Warora Colliery amounted to Rs. 1,15,196, which is equal to 10·65 per cent on the capital expended on the Colliery to the

end of 1886. The quantity of coal raised during the year ending 31st March 1887 was 1,12,305 tons as against 96,257 for the preceding year. The Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company took 9,736 tons more; and the sales to the public also increased. The fire in the mines which appeared in 1881 is still giving trouble and is a source of anxiety and expense. The Umaria Colliery has not yet taken hold of the market.

Trade.

6. The Statements III. H.-1 and III. H.-2 appended to this report deal with the Rail-borne traffic of the province. The principal commodities which are imported into the Province are coal, cotton goods, metals, salt, sugar, tobacco, provisions, railway plant and spices. The chief exports are coal, raw cotton, wheat, rice and other grains, oilseeds, hides, ghi, myrabolams and stick lac. As compared with the preceding year, the imports rose in weight from over 45¼ to nearly 47¾ lakhs of maunds, but fell in value from Rs. 3,64,66,040 to Rs. 3,53,00,882. The exports fell in weight from over 153¾ lakhs to nearly 143¼ lakhs of maunds; but rose in value from Rs. 4,08,32,611 to Rs. 4,15,27,101. The total traffic was 3 per cent in weight and 1 per cent in value less than that of the preceding year. The decrease in weight was mainly due to a falling off in the exports of rice and linseed owing to a very unfavourable season. Increase in the exports of cotton, wheat and til seed more than counterbalanced this as regards value but failed to compensate wholly for the loss in weight. The imports on the other hand increased in weight owing to an expansion of the salt trade, but declined in value, mainly owing to a falling off in the import of cotton goods, which is partly attributable to the increased output of cotton goods from the Empress Mills, Nagpur.

Revenue and Finance.

7. A full statement of the accounts of the Administration of the Central Provinces will be found in Chapter V. of Part II. of this report. The total revenue and expenditure of the year may be thus compared with the figures of 1885-86:—

Head.	Revenue.		Expenditure.	
	1885-86.	1886-87.	1885-86.	1886-87.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Imperial	64,27,152	82,26,429	10,09,238	9,35,287
Provincial	79,93,058	68,34,224	77,62,698	79,16,614
Incorporated Local	9,20,143	8,46,245	8,19,094	8,94,627
Total ...	1,53,40,353	1,59,06,898	95,91,030	97,46,528

The "Imperial Revenue" showed an increase of nearly 18 lakhs as compared with 1885-86. This increase is thus accounted for: a sum of 12 lakhs of Land Revenue was transferred in 1886-87 from the Provincial to the Imperial share under orders of the Government of India, as a special contribution from the Provincial Balances to the Imperial Revenue: further nearly 2 lakhs more of Land Revenue were realised in 1886-87 than in the preceding year, and the Imperial share of this excess was about one lakh: further the proceeds of sale

of Government Salt Revenue, which is, as explained in Part II., wholly Imperial, brought in over 3 lakhs more revenue than in 1885-86; and finally the Income Tax brought in revenue amounting to about 1½ lakhs more than had been estimated for the Pandhri, and this excess was credited to Imperial Revenues. The decrease of over 11 lakhs in Provincial Revenues is explained by the above facts. It was practically caused by the transfer to Imperial Revenues of 12 lakhs, *minus* the Provincial share in the 2 lakhs excess receipts of Land Revenue. It is plain from the above figures and from the details given in Chapter V. that the finances of the Province are in a satisfactory state. It is matter for regret that Imperial exigencies do not admit of a larger expenditure upon the development of its resources.

Public Works.

8. The effect of the financial pressure is seen in the want of progress in public works. The work done under the head of "Civil Buildings" was trifling compared with the requirements of the Province. The accommodation provided for public offices is in several places inadequate or unsuitable; but the want of funds prevents this defect from being remedied. This is, however, a much less serious matter than the inadequate provision for communications. There are several new roads for which projects are complete and others which have been surveyed. No work has been done on them for want of funds. The expenditure on communications for the year has been practically confined to repairs. This is a serious thing in a Province which requires still so much opening out, and especially at a time when the new Railway lines seem to call for the construction of feeder roads. The Chief Commissioner has under consideration a scheme for fully utilising in a systematic way the limited funds placed at his disposal under the new Provincial Contract. He is having a full inquiry made into the requirements of all districts; and he will, after receipt of the necessary information, arrange for systematic improvement of communications, leaving repairs mainly to District Councils and undertaking most of the new roads in the Public Works Department. He hopes in this way, provided that there is no such increase of financial pressure as to necessitate interference with the terms of the contract, to secure some steady if not very rapid progress.

Local Self-Government.

9. The work done by the District Councils and Local Boards has, on the whole, been praise-worthy. There are gentlemen in almost all districts who take great interest in the work of the local bodies of which they are members, and there has been a good deal of life and energy displayed. In most districts too the relations between these local bodies and the District officers are frank and friendly. The Chief Commissioner believes that Local Self-Government has been placed on a sound footing in this Province, and that the expectations entertained regarding the good which would result from it are being realized. The one point where the local bodies seem, as a rule, to fail is in respect to road construction; but this is not a matter of surprise. What is required is some definite plan of operations; and this the Chief Commissioner hopes soon to supply. Then it is also necessary to take over all important works of construction and leave only repairs (as a rule) to the Councils: otherwise they would have to entertain expensive establishments, for which there is no necessity, in addition to the establishments maintained by the Public Works Department. The Chief Commissioner has arranged to place the advice and assistance of the Public Works officers more at the disposal of Deputy Commissioners and

Local Bodies in regard to local works. The expenditure on Education is also being systematised. In this department most of the Councils have done excellent work. They are if anything disposed to spend money too freely upon schools, nothing being more popular with the influential classes than a gratuitous education at the public expense. The important subject of village sanitation has not been neglected. There is no doubt that much has been done in many districts in this matter. What was wanted, however, was a system of simple rules which could be practically enforced. Such Rules were drawn up by Mr. Crosthwaite when Chief Commissioner and applied experimentally in limited areas. They have now been extended to all large villages. The Chief Commissioner believes that proper village sanitation will never be secured merely by official action; and he attaches the utmost importance to the co-operation of the District Councils and Local Boards, which he has full confidence that they will accord.

Municipal Committees.

10. Similar life and energy are displayed by many of the Municipal Committees. In concluding his review of Municipal administration in February last, Mr. Fitzpatrick, then Officiating Chief Commissioner, expressed his opinion that "the Municipal administration of the year has been in many "ways satisfactory. There has been an improved representation of the people; "there has been a larger expenditure on matters connected with the public "health and convenience; more liberal grants have been made to schools and "to education generally; improved and revised octroi schedules are almost "everywhere in force; there has been a considerable improvement in the "administration of octroi, evinced at once by the increased amount paid away "in refunds and by the closer approach to standards of consumption. For these "results," it was added, "the Officiating Chief Commissioner's thanks are "due to the Committees." The question of octroi administration has received considerable attention since the close of the year. Although a great deal has been done to reform abuses and to place the octroi system on a satisfactory basis, the Chief Commissioner finds that there are still in many places objectionable features and anomalies which it is desirable to remove. He has therefore laid down, once for all, a set of "General Rules" based upon the orders of the Government of India and of this Administration issued from time to time since 1863. An endeavour is being made to draw up Model Schedules and subsidiary rules for adoption with such local modifications as may be found necessary.

Police.

11. Turning now to the Judicial administration, it was, as might be expected, affected by the circumstances of the year. The number of offences reported during 1886 was 23,701 as against 21,555 during 1885. There was an increase under all classes of offences; but it was most marked in regard to Class III., "Serious offences against the person and property or against property only," and Class V., "Minor offences against property." These two classes include burglaries and thefts; and it is only in crime of this character that there was any material increase. This result was attributable mainly if not exclusively to the rise in prices which followed a partial failure of the grain crops; and the offences were generally of a petty character. The Province is singularly free as a whole from organized or professional crime.

12. Police action was not satisfactory. The reports and returns afford some grounds for believing that the Police showed more discretion in investigations and arrests; but the results of trials were more unfavourable, the percentage of cases convicted to tried having fallen below the figures of the last two years. The main causes which seem to the Chief Commissioner to contribute to the failure of the Police are that the subordinate Police are not systematically instructed in their duties, and that the District officers have not sufficiently realised their own responsibility for the work of the Police. These are the defects to the remedying of which the Chief Commissioner has specially addressed himself. Besides other measures which he has adopted, he has directed the preparation of a Manual for the subordinate Police, and has issued orders which bring the district Police more thoroughly under the control of the Deputy Commissioner.

Criminal Justice.

13. The increase of crime brought with it of course an increase in the work done by the Criminal Courts. The figures for the two years may be thus compared:—

	1885.	1886.
Reported cases	40,509	41,104
True cases	34,989	36,397
Cases brought to trial	24,709	25,187
Persons under trial	40,984	40,785
Persons convicted	22,795	23,679

Of this increased work, a slightly less share has been taken by Deputy Commissioners and stipendiary Magistrates at head-quarters, and a somewhat larger share has been thrown on Tahsildars. The Chief Commissioner considers it important that the Deputy Commissioners should pay special attention to the "duty of "supervising the work of the subordinate Magistracy and controlling and "directing the executive agencies in their districts," which has been insisted on by the Government of India; and he would therefore regret to see them too much occupied in the trial of cases. He hopes to be able to relieve Tahsildars of a little of their Criminal work by increasing the number of Honorary Magistrates in some districts. He has been gratified by receiving a favourable report from the Judicial Commissioner on the work of Honorary Magistrates.

14. The average percentage of persons convicted or committed by Magistrates was 58·2 as against 55·8 for 1885. On the whole the sentences passed by the Criminal Courts are favourably reviewed by the Judicial Commissioner They show improvement especially in the appropriateness of the sentences of whipping. Sentences of imprisonment for periods not exceeding 3 months were proportionately more numerous than in 1885; but this was due mainly to the petty character of the crime. More attention is now paid to the proper punishment of habitual offenders. But the identification of persons who have been previously convicted requires more systematic treatment; and proposals are under consideration for establishing a system of regular communi-

cation between the Jail and Police departments in respect to this matter. The work of the Magistrates also shows improvement in respect to promptitude. Although the number of witnesses increased by over 4,000, the percentage discharged on the 1st day was 87·1 as against 86·6 in 1885. The average duration of cases is practically the same as in 1885. There was an increase in the number of appeals; but the percentage of appeals rejected and sentences confirmed was 75 in Sessions Courts as against 73 in 1885, and 65 in Magistrates' Courts as against 60. These figures are also favourable.

Jails.

15. The total number of prisoners confined in the Jails was 18,410 as against 15,007 in 1885. There was an increase under all heads: convicts being 12,585 as against 10,382, under-trial prisoners 5,099 against 4,031, and Civil prisoners 726 against 594. The daily average number of prisoners was 3,651·02 as against 3,374·94 in 1885. The capacity of the Jails is 5,068. There was therefore no overcrowding, except in one or two Jails for a short period when transfers were inexpedient. The health of the prisoners was fairly good. It is true that 4,212 are shown as admitted into hospital as against 3,285 in 1885; but this was at least partly due to change of practice whereby all prisoners found to be suffering from ailments incapacitating them from work were admitted into hospital. The daily average number of sick was 133·74 as against 126·49; and the ratio of deaths *per mille* of average strength was 66·8 as against 77·2. Sickness was therefore not so severe as in the preceding year. The mortality is however, the Chief Commissioner thinks, unduly high, and will form the subject of special enquiry.

16. With the exception of the Nagpur Jail, the general maladministration of which by the late Superintendent formed the subject of special orders during the year, the figures show that discipline has been on the whole good. Expenditure increased considerably, the main item of increase being an average cost for rations per prisoner of Rs. 25-6-0 as against Rs. 20-4-7. No doubt this increase in the cost of rations is partly due to the rise in prices which has been already noticed; but the Chief Commissioner after examination of the figures for several years has found it necessary to draw attention to the growth of expenditure and to insist on more systematic and effective supervision and control. Intimately connected with this is the subject of the earnings of the convicts. The average in the Central Jails was Rs. 21-8-0 per head, and in the District Jails Rs. 8-11-0. The Chief Commissioner has drawn attention to the figures for several years, and to the necessity for vigorous effort being made to secure better results.

17. The want of a Reformatory for juveniles has been long felt. The Chief Commissioner has now matured a scheme for a Reformatory at Jubbulpore to which the sanction of the Government of India has been asked; and it is hoped that the necessary accommodation will be ready within a few months.

Civil Justice.

18. The Central Provinces Civil Courts' Act, 1885, came into force on 1st January 1886; and as the necessary Notifications had issued in December the changes contemplated in the Act were introduced from that date. The two main improvements introduced by the Act were (1) the power to appoint Judicial Assistants, Civil Judges and Munsiffs, with all or any of the powers of Commissioners, Deputy Commissioners and Tahsildars respectively, and (2) the

change regarding the venue of appeals, which is now determined by the nature or value of the suit. These provisions enable the Local Government to meet the different requirements of districts much more easily; and to take from time to time the necessary steps for relieving executive officers of Judicial work so far as financial considerations may permit and the development of the Province dictate.

19. There has been an increase of litigation. The business of the Courts—most of it of a petty character—grows from year to year. The figures are 1,12,965 suits for 1886 against 1,04,904 for 1885—an increase of 7·7 per cent. This increase appears to the Judicial Commissioner to be generally due to the advance of trade in the Province. This view is in accordance with the fact that the increase is mainly under the heads of suits on written contract, and suits for goods sold, a class of litigation mainly affected by the state of trade. Despite this increase, the work was more easily overtaken in 1886 owing to the operation of the provisions of the Civil Courts' Act. The figures show a marked decrease in the number of cases disposed of by Deputy Commissioners, Tahsildars and Naib Tahsildars, accompanied by a more than corresponding increase in the number of cases disposed of by Assistant Commissioners and Munsiffs. So also the Civil Judges gave some relief to Commissioners and Deputy Commissioners in appellate work. The Chief Commissioner is glad to find that the Judicial Commissioner reports that "the Civil Judges have, so "far as he has observed, done their work satisfactorily."

Registration.

20. The operations and receipts of the Registration Department increased while the expenditure decreased. The total number of documents registered, rose from 24,605 to 25,695; the receipts from Rs 72,525 to Rs 78,166; and the expenditure fell from Rs. 41,530 to Rs. 40,791. A comparison of the figures for six years shows that, while the totals of sales, mortgages and leases annually registered are subject to occasional depressions, all other classes of documents exhibit a slow but steady annual increase. Sales and mortgages both show considerable increase this year. Leases have shown steady increase until this year, when the number fell from 4,337 in 1885 to 3,540. It is possible that the greater efficiency of the Patwari staff consequent on its re-organisation, and the approach of Settlement operations in a number of districts, have contributed to this result. It is impossible yet to pronounce a definite opinion on the results of the policy (introduced in 1884-85) of substituting special salaried officers for Tahsildars as Sub-Registrars. It has certainly tended to make business more prompt; but it would be unwise to extend it to places where registration does not show a tendency to expand. The opening of new offices must also be proceeded with cautiously. The facilities for registration seem to be fairly adequate to present requirements.

Excise.

21. The gross revenue realised under Excise was Rs. 27,84,562 as against Rs. 27,41,776 in 1885-86; and the charges were Rs. 2,83,170 as against Rs. 2,81,998. The net revenue was thus Rs. 25,01,392 as against Rs. 24,59,778, an increase of Rs. 41,614. The net Khalsa demand (*i. e.*, excluding figures for Feudatories and Zamindaris) was Rs 26,74,433 as against Rs. 26,62,945, an increase of Rs. 11,488. There was a decrease of Rs. 30,087 in opium, more than compensated by an increase of Rs. 27,923 in country spirits, and Rs. 20,013 in ganja. The departmental report called attention to the facts (1) that the

Khalsa demand exceeded the average for the preceding five years by 2½ lakhs; (2) that the income from country spirits and ganja has steadily advanced since 1882-83, while the demand under opium has wavered and declined; and (3) that in 1886-87, while the prices paid for monopoly of vend showed increase, the duty on spirits and ganja, as well as on opium, sold by the monopolists, showed decrease: *i.e.* the consumption of all three classes of stimulants had simultaneously declined. In the case of country spirits the decrease in consumption has been continuous for three years past. There seems no reason to doubt that the main cause of the decrease in consumption has been failure of harvests. The falling off in the opium revenue is mainly due to the growing evil of opium smuggling from the Native States which border on the Central Provinces.

22. The policy of Government is not to stimulate consumption, but to make every bottle of liquor drunk, and every ounce of ganja or opium consumed, as dear as may be and as largely contributory as possible towards the making of roads and opening of schools. The Chief Commissioner thinks that the system in force in the Central Provinces has this principle fully in view, and succeeds very fairly in giving it effect. But the Commissioner of Excise has been asked to consider carefully the whole system in communication with Commissioners and local officers; and, if any improvements are suggested in the course of this inquiry, they will be adopted.

Forests.

23. Since the close of the year 1886-87, it has been determined to abolish the distinction between "First" and "Second Class Reserves" and to introduce more systematic management. For this purpose the Forest Controlling staff will have to be increased. Proposals to this end are now before the Government of India. The lamentable weakness of the Forest establishments has been a cause of ineffective forest work and of great injury to the revenue. Another matter which has affected the forest revenue very unfavourably is the impulse which has been given to the reckless felling of timber in Zamindari and Malguzari Forests. This has been due to two causes: (1) the construction of the Bengal-Nagpur Railway has brought into the tracts through which it will pass a number of contractors who have induced the Zamindars to lease their forests on terms which, though much higher than they could have formerly got, are ruinously low compared with the value of the produce removed; and (2) the approach of Settlement operations has had a similar effect, the Malguzars having a vague idea that they must seize their present opportunity to make all they can out of their forests. The Chief Commissioner has taken measures to explain to the Malguzars their true position and to enforce the forest clauses in the Wajib-ul-arz. But the facts seem to call for a more effectual remedy than the law at present allows. The injury done to the village communities and to the future well-being of the country is incalculable.

24. The receipts for 1886-87 were Rs. 9,57,410 as against Rs. 10,36,893 in 1885-86: the charges were Rs. 4,99,292 as against Rs. 4,45,433; and the surplus revenue was Rs. 4,58,118 as against Rs. 5,91,460. These figures are disappointing. Fire protection was fairly successful. The area under protection was 1,553 square miles (*i.e.* 12 of increase), and only 115 square miles out of this are entered as failure, *i. e.* only 7 per cent of the total area. The

demarcation of the "Second Class" Reserves also made satisfactory progress; and the work which the Chief Commissioner has had occasion to see is good. This work will be completed by the end of 1888.

25. Arrangements have been made for the systematic exclusion from the existing forest areas, of tracts which it is unnecessary to maintain as forests, or to which cultivation may be proved to have a superior claim. The Conservator of Forests and the Commissioner of Settlements have been appointed to be a standing Committee to carry on this work until its completion.

Education.

26. The results of the work of the Education Department for the year were very satisfactory. The number of schools rose from 1,854 to 1,895, and of pupils from 104,000 to 107,001: average attendance from 72,296 to 74,180; and fee receipts from Rs. 56,276 to Rs. 58,007. The cost to Government of each pupil was Rs. 1-14-3 as against Rs. 2-4-5 in 1884-85; and the slight increase over the figure (Rs. 1-13-7) for 1885-86 is due to the operation of the new Codes and indicates increased efficiency. If the results of the examinations be looked at, they are found to be equally gratifying. In every class of examination from the "Lower Primary" to the "B. A." there has been greater success than in the preceding year. The expenditure on Primary schools was Rs. 3,65,877: on Secondary schools, Rs. 1,23,678; and on University education, Rs. 38,232. The educational system of the Central Provinces, under which, while not neglecting the duty of encouraging the higher education, the Administration devotes the larger portion of its available funds and the proceeds of the local cess to primary schools, has received the approval of the Education Commission and of the Supreme Government. The main defect in the system is the want of adequate provision for technical education. This is a matter which has the Chief Commissioner's immediate attention. The interest which District Councils and other local bodies take in Education, and the good work which many of them have done in this department, have been already noticed; but there has hitherto been a want of continuity and method in respect to private effort, on which the extension of education must now mainly depend.

Dispensaries.

27. There are 101 Dispensaries, of which 17 are maintained by Feudatory Chiefs or Zamindars. The expenditure on the remaining 84 Dispensaries was Rs. 1,15,776, of which Rs. 43,778 (or 37·8 per cent) were paid by Government, principally in the shape of salaries to the Medical officers. Over Rs. 10,000 were contributed from Local Funds, over Rs. 40,000 from Municipal Funds, and over Rs. 20,000 from subscriptions. These figures are satisfactory except in respect to subscriptions, the private support of the dispensaries, to which the Chief Commissioner has called special attention. The dispensaries continue to become more and more popular. The out-door patients were 819,779 as against 772,102 in 1885; and the in-door patients were 7,419 as against 7,330. The number of operations performed rose from 682 to 878. This increase is however confined to a few districts where the Medical officers took special interest in this part of their work.

Vaccination.

28. The number of operations performed by the Vaccination Department was 391,742 as against 366,338 in 1885, an increase of 25,404: that by the Dispensary establishment was 17,657 as against 18,134, a decrease of 477.

The average ratio of success was 95·48 for primary cases and 73·27 for re-vaccination, pretty much the same as for 1885. Several of the Feudatory States show more interest in vaccination; and proposals are now under consideration for systematising the work in these States generally. The people in the Khalsa tracts very rarely show any opposition; and they are now fairly well protected.

Feudatory States.

29. Six of the fifteen Feudatory States attached to the Central Provinces are still under Government management in consequence of the gross misrule of their Chiefs; and the mismanagement of the Bastar State has led to the appointment of an Extra-Assistant Commissioner from this province to be Diwan and to manage the State under the Rajah, who had proved himself incapable of ruling unassisted, but is quite willing to be advised. It has been found necessary since the close of the year to call on the Rajah of Sonpur to make similar arrangements. He has expressed his willingness to do so; and the services of a trustworthy and competent Tahsildar have been placed at his disposal. It will be necessary also to make similar arrangements in respect to the Rehrakole State, the Chief of which is quite unable to carry on the administration himself, though he is, on the whole, well-meaning. For the rest, there have been no serious complaints of mal-administration; but almost the only Chief who shows a real and intelligent regard for the interests of his subjects is the Rajah of Bamra. The question of revising the takolis (tributes) of the Chiefs which had been fixed for twenty years in 1867-68 is under consideration; and instructions have been solicited from the Government of India. The appointment of a Political Agent for the Chhattisgarh Feudatories will secure a closer and more effective supervision over them than has been possible heretofore, as it was impracticable for the three Deputy Commissioners to exercise any real control over all the States attached to their districts. Six important States have been placed under the Political Agent.

General Summary.

30. This review of the history of this year's administration shows that there was partial failure of the crops, and consequent high prices, which were generally a heavy burden on the poor and in one or two places resulted in considerable distress. This had a temporary effect on the revenue of the year in some Departments, and also more markedly on the statistics of crime. But the Land Revenue was collected with ease; and there are many signs of general prosperity. The common people are on the whole well-off and do not deny themselves what in some other Provinces would be regarded as luxuries. The judicial work of the Province is promptly and efficiently disposed of. Though the Police administration requires much attention and improvement, there is little serious crime; and the people show themselves law-abiding and peaceable. Education has made decided progress and the schools of the Province are singularly successful. The people have loyally and efficiently taken a considerable share in public business. Inquiries made in connection with the Settlement operations prove that there has been a substantial advance in material wealth, and afford hope of a considerable increase of revenue. There are some departments of District administration which appear to have been more or less neglected, but the relief from judicial work now afforded to executive officers will leave time and scope for improvement.

Retrospect of a quarter of a century.

31. Just twenty-five years ago Sir Richard Temple submitted the first Annual Report for the Central Provinces, and it may be interesting to glance at some of the evidences which the statistics afford of the progress made during this period. The population of the whole Province (including the Feudatories) was estimated at less than nine millions in 1862. According to the census taken in 1866 it was 9,104,511. The Census of 1872 gave 9,251,229; and in 1881 the figure was 11,548,511 (still only 101·9 per square mile). The country in the hill districts, and in large tracts of Chhattisgarh and the South-eastern parts of the Nagpur Province was wild and unopened to trade or civilisation. Now there is probably no part of the Province, even in the "Great wilderness" of the Indrawatty, where the influence of civilisation has not been felt. In 1862, Sir Richard Temple wrote of "three Trunk Lines of road on which attention should be concentrated," the Great Northern, the Southern and the Great Eastern, uniting Nagpur with Mirzapur, Chanda and Chhattisgarh respectively. These roads have now been superseded by the Great Indian Peninsula, Warora State, and Nagpur-Bengal Railways; and the Head-quarters Station of every district is now either on one of these Railway lines, or connected with it by a good road. Much indeed remains to be done in the matter of communications; but Sir Richard Temple would now hardly recognize the Province which he once knew so well.

32. This opening out of the Province has developed its trade. In the Report of 1862, Sir Richard Temple insisted on the importance of trustworthy trade statistics, and he proceeded to organize a system of trade-registration. In the Report for 1864, he was able to submit statistics for the whole trade of the Province. These figures may be compared with the present statistics for Rail-borne traffic, thus:—

	Whole trade of the Province in 1864.		Rail-borne traffic in 1887.	
	Weight.	Value.	Weight.	Value.
	Mds.	Rs.	Mds.	Rs.
Imports ...	19,25,028	3,18,55,535	47,72,707	3,53,00,882
Exports ...	21,77,588	2,37,99,264	1,43,24,722	4,15,27,101
Total ...	41,02,616	5,56,54,799	1,92,97,429	7,68,27,983

Another striking contrast is in the statistics of litigation. The total number of cases before the Civil Courts in the year 1866-67 was 18,601; in the following year it had risen to 26,305; and now in 1886 it is 1,12,965 This increase is due in large measure to the growth of the people in wealth and knowledge and to the increase of commercial activity.

33. Turning to Revenue there is similar evidence of progress. In 1862 Sir Richard Temple thought the revenue might be fairly estimated at from

80 to 85 lakhs : in 1863 it was found to be just Rs. 84,42,274. In 1886 it was Rs. 1,45,40,839 (or, including the receipts from State Railways, Rs. 1,59,06,893.) The following comparison of a few of the principal heads of income may be interesting :—

Year.	Land Revenue.	Excise.	Opium.	Stamps.	Law and Justice.	Forests.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs	Rs.	Rs.
1862-63 ...	53,03,028	7,45,330	7,654	3,64,137	96,142	53,169
1886-87 ...	62,56,735	25,75,214	2,14,700	14,69,070	4,94,195	9,57,410

The land revenue assessment made in the different districts from 20 to 30 years ago is only now beginning to fall in for revision; so that the ultimate increase of revenue to be derived under this head is still a matter of the future. Enough however is known to warrant the anticipation of a very substantial increment under this head owing to the reclamation of waste, and the rise of prices. Excise, Stamps, and Law and Justice may be expected to advance with the general advance of the country. Forests will in time yield a magnificent revenue if not starved in establishments and communications.

34. In regard to Education, the returns show in 1886 (excluding private schools not under inspection) 1,891 schools with 1,05,016 pupils as against 1,169 with 21,353 pupils in 1863: or just about five times as many children under instruction. Perhaps the most satisfactory features in this record of progress are that primary schools for boys have increased from 1,068 with 15,142 pupils to 1,615 with 92,136 pupils (excluding the Feudatory States), *i. e.*, more than six-fold in the number of pupils, while schools for girls have increased from 5 schools with 133 pupils to 119 schools with 4,963 pupils. Higher education has progressed *pari passu* with primary education. Sir Richard Temple remarks in his report for 1862:—"Nothing can be a stronger "proof of the backwardness of knowledge than the fact that in a city like "Nagpur, there could not be found even one Native fit to undertake "scholastic duty." He had to go to Poonah for school-masters. The city of Nagpur has now two Colleges and two High schools of its own. Besides this there is an admirable College at Jubbulpore and several High schools elsewhere. Every Department except the Public Works and Forest Departments can now be manned by trained Natives of the Province, so that the employment of foreigners has been for years forbidden. Technical Education has yet to be supplied.

35. The development and popularity of the dispensaries is also noteworthy. In 1862 though there were 18 Civil Surgeons, there were only 11 dispensaries with 28,715 out-door and 2,519 in-door patients, total 31,234. In 1886, there were (excluding 17 institutions maintained by Feudatory Chiefs and Zamindars) 84 dispensaries with 819,779 out-door and 7,419 in-door patients, total 827,198, or over twenty-six times as many patients as in 1862. The number of persons vaccinated in 1861 was 6,225; in 1886 it was 391,742.

36. The importance of associating the people in the work of public administration was insisted on by Sir R. Temple in his report of 1862. He had a scheme under consideration for the appointment of Chiefs and respectable gentlemen as Honorary Magistrates; he had nominated and gazetted Local Committees for all districts; and he was able to report already that some good work had been done by three or four Municipal Committees. There are now 98 Honorary Magistrates in the Province (excluding the Feudatories and semi-independent Zamindars); there is a District Council managing its own affairs with little direct official interference in almost every district; and there are 55 Municipal Committees. Sir R. Temple's remarks show that his object in these schemes was not only to secure assistance for Government, but to educate the people themselves and to stimulate self-reliance and public spirit. This policy has been fostered by his successors; and the Central Provinces (backward though they may be in many respects) stand now in the very fore front of the provinces of India in this matter of Local Self-Government.

37. That the Central Provinces will continue to advance in material prosperity and in enlightenment the Chief Commissioner entertains no sort of doubt. The rate of progress can hardly be as rapid in the future as in the past, but it cannot fail to be real and steady if the Local Administration is not unduly hampered by want of funds. The Chief Commissioner believes that there is no part of India where a judicious expenditure of Capital upon Roads, Light Tramways, and Forest Establishments, would bring in a more sure and speedy return than in the Central Provinces; and he trusts that some fair share of the increased revenue resulting from resettlement of the land may be made over to the Administration hereafter for utilization in this way.

PACHMARHI, C. P.
8th October 1887.

PART II.

CHAPTER I.—PHYSICAL AND POLITICAL GEOGRAPHY, &c.

1. At pages 1 to 24 of the Administration Report for 1882-83 will be found an account of the following subjects drawn up for standard reference :—

1.—Physical features of the country, area, climate, &c.
2.—Historical Summary.
3.—Form of Administration.
4.—Character of Land Tenure.
5.—System of Survey and Settlement.
6.—Civil divisions of British Territory.

7.—Changes in the Administration.

Chief Commissioner.

2. Mr. D. Fitzpatrick, C. S., officiated as Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces during the absence of Mr. C. H. T. Crosthwaite, C. S., first on furlough and subsequently on deputation with the Public Service Commission. On Mr. Crosthwaite's appointment to the Chief Commissionership of Burmah in February 1886, he was succeeded in the Central Provinces by Mr. A. Mackenzie, C. S., Mr. Fitzpatrick taking Mr. Crosthwaite's place on the Public Service Commission. Mr. Mackenzie took charge on the 24th March from Mr. J. W. Neill, C. S., who had been appointed to officiate temporarily as Chief Commissioner on Mr. Fitzpatrick's departure.

8.—Relations with Tributary States.

Appointment of Political Agent.

3. As was the case last year, six* of the fifteen Feudatory States attached to the Central Provinces continued under Government management throughout the year under report. Some change in the system of dealing with these States was effected by the creation of the appointment of Political Agent for the Chhattisgarh Feudatories. The enquiry into the administration of Bastar, mentioned in paragraph 22 of last year's report, had brought to the notice of the Chief Commissioner the necessity for a closer supervision over the Feudatories generally than the district officers were able to give. It was accordingly proposed to appoint an officer of the Commission as Political Assistant to the Commissioner of Chhattisgarh, the Division in which all the Feudatory States, except one, are included. This officer's duties were stated as follows in paragraph 14 of this office letter No. 4176-257, dated 11th September 1886 :—

* Patna, Kalahandi, Sirangarh, Raigarh, Sakti, Kawardha.

".....The larger portion of the time of the Political Assistant will be taken up by work connected with the administration of the States under Government management.....In the case of States falling under this class, the Political Assistant will be directly responsible for the efficiency of the administration in all branches of work, and will from time to time have to carry out

re-settlements of the land revenue which will necessarily absorb much of his attention. In the case of States not under management, his duties will ordinarily be confined to supervision of a general character....." The general approval of the Government of India was communicated in Foreign Department No. 203—I. of 20th January 1887, subject to certain modifications of detail. The supervision of all the Feudatories being more than one officer could undertake, the Special officer's charge has for the present been restricted to the Frontier States from the Mahanadi to the Godavari, namely: Patna, Kalahandi, Sarangarh, Bastar, Sonpur, and Kanker. The first three are under direct management and the others it was for different reasons deemed advisable to place under the Special officer. The supervision of the remaining States remains under the Deputy Commissioners of their respective districts. The new appointment was entitled the Political Agency of the Chhattisgarh Feudatories, and Mr. Berry, C.S., C. I. E., took charge of it from the 29th April 1887.

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8 a.—Self-Governed Feudatories.

Makrai.

4. *Makrai* (Hoshangabad).—The State has been fairly well administered during the year. Nothing of any note occurred, beyond some reforms in Police administration, a matter to which the Chief pays attention. Fourteen new out-posts were established and arrangements made for inspection of the Police. No complaints were preferred during the year.

Area in square miles	...	...	215
Population	..	...	22,000
Income ...	...	...	Rs. 37,198
Government tribute	...	...	*Nil.*

Khairagarh.

5. *Khairagarh* (Raipur).—The rainfall was scanty and a considerable portion of the rice crop was destroyed. The demand for the year was Rs. 2,00,747, which with an unrealized balance of Rs. 56,541 from the previous year made a total demand of Rs. 2,57,288. Of this latter amount only Rs. 5,079-9-3 remained uncollected. Settlement operations are still in progress; but the new assessments appear to have been already collected in some cases. It is anticipated that the new settlement will bring in some Rs. 20,000 in excess of the former demand, thus raising the land revenue from Rs. 1,12,500 to Rs. 1,32,500 approximately. The Chief and his family appropriate nearly 50 per cent. of the income. A special expenditure of Rs. 51,863 was also incurred for the marriage of 14 boys and girls of the Raja's family, the heir to the State and his brother being among them. The State was visited by the Commissioner and Deputy Commissioner during the year. There were a few complaints, which were, as a rule, found on enquiry to be unreasonable. On the whole, the Chief's administration was satisfactory. The amount spent on roads and improvements is, however, inadequate; the outlay on Education is also small.

Area in square miles	...	...	940
Population	...	...	166,138
Income ...	...	...	Rs. 2,12,818
Government tribute	...	,,	49,000

Nandgaon.

6. *Nandgaon* (Raipur).—The crops suffered from scanty rainfall, as in Khairagarh, and consequently only Rs. 1,41,956 were collected, leaving an unrealized balance of Rs. 1,03,946. The expenditure amounted to Rs. 1,77,242, of which the Chief's personal expenses amounted to Rs. 46,032. Forest conservancy is attended to and unauthorised and

Area in square miles	...	...	905
Population	...	...	154,339
Income ...	...	...	Rs. 2,45,902
Government tribute	...	,,	46,000

excessive cutting disallowed. Education receives every encouragement. There are five schools and they are well attended. The Chief gave a sum of Rs. 1,000 per annum to create certain new scholarships to be known as the Empress of India and the Balramdas Scholarships, in honour of Her Majesty's Jubilee, for which he received a suitable letter from Government. The dispensary is popular and well attended. Vaccination has made great progress. The Deputy Commissioner visited the State during the year. Complaints were made freely, but in no instance was grave irregularity proved against any of the officials of the State. The administration has been conducted by the Diwan, an old and trusted official of the late Chief, under the orders of the widow who is a lady of much shrewdness and intelligence. Raja Balramdas, the young Chief, was for some time during the past year working in the District office at Raipur as an Honorary Assistant Commissioner. He gained a fair knowledge of law and procedure and did his judicial work very creditably. He is now to begin to bear a part in the work of administration.

Kanker.

7. *Kanker* (Raipur).—The income of this State during the year amounted to Rs. 46,196, of which nearly Rs. 13,700 was on account of Land Revenue, including Nazarana. Excise and drugs brought in about Rs. 5,500, Pandhri and other Cesses Rs. 2,200, Forests Rs. 1,374, and Magisterial fines nearly Rs. 1,700. The expenditure for the year was Rs. 45,388 which represents nearly the whole of the income. The Chief's personal and family expenses amounted to nearly 28 per cent of the total income. The other items of expenditure show that Rs. 24,200 were paid in adjustment of loans and Rs. 4,766 were expended on public purposes. The State contains 485 villages, which are mostly scattered among hills and forests. The population is being increased by immigration and 18 new villages are reported to have been established since 1883. The crop outturns were fair: considerable quantities of *til* were grown for exportation. The current Settlement of the State will expire in 1890. The villages are held by "Thekadars," who can enhance rents by consent, but are not allowed to oust tenants of over 3 years' standing. They are remunerated for their duties and their responsibility for the Land Revenue demand by a revenue-free grant of two "ploughs" of land, and are also permitted to appropriate rent collected on account of extension of cultivation during the term of their lease. The Dispensary remained closed throughout the year as the services of a competent Native Doctor were not available. There is one school in the State, at which there was a slight falling off in attendance during the year. No complaints of importance against the rule of the Chief have been received and the people are said to be happy and contented.

Area in square miles	...	639
Population	...	63,610
Income	...	Rs. 46,196
Government tribute	...	*Nil.*

Chhuikhadan.

8. *Chhuikhadan* (Raipur).—The income in Chhuikhadan amounts to about Rs. 32,000 in a year, of which Rs. 22,000 is from regular and Rs. 2,700 from Miscellaneous Land Revenue. The expenditure consists chiefly of the Chief's personal and family expenses, which amount to about Rs. 26,000. Of the amount expended on public purposes, Rs. 11,000 is on account of tribute; Rs. 7,000 goes towards Establishments,

Area in square miles	...	174
Population	...	32,979
Income	...	Rs. 32,000
Government tribute	...	„ 11,000

Police, and Revenue, and Rs. 1,300 is spent on the Jail. The expenditure on Education is nominal and that on Public Works *nil*. No complaints of importance against the Chief have been received.

Bamra.

9. *Bamra* (Sambalpur).—The State continued to be well managed and the Raja's successful and satisfactory administration deserves every credit. The State is well provided with roads, dispensaries and schools. The administration of justice is firm and impartial. No complaints have been made against the Raja's rule. Vaccination and sanitation are well attended to, improvements of all kinds have been introduced and a printing press has been established and now yields a considerable profit. The Raja takes a great personal interest in every branch of the administration. His present desire is to introduce steam saw mills in order to more fully develope the forest resources of his State.

Area in square miles	...	1,988
Population	...	81,286
Income	...	Rs. 35,808
Government tribute	...	„ 350

Rehrakole.

10. *Rehrakole* (Sambalpur).—The Chief is old, blind and much in debt. His administration is defective in many ways, but he does not knowingly oppress his people. He is very accessible and, though violent tempered, of a kind nature. No complaints against him were made, but the administration is hampered by faction and intrigue. The State is largely covered with forest and has very little revenue. No public improvement can be carried out owing to the heavy indebtdeness of the Chief.

Area in square miles	...	833
Population	...	17,750
Income	...	Rs. 16,186
Government tribute	...	„ 580

Sonpur.

11. *Sonpur* (Sambalpur).—In last year's report it was stated that the condition of this State was so unsatisfactory that the Deputy Commissioner, Sambalpur, was directed to visit it and submit a special report. On that report a letter of serious warning was addressed to the Chief, informing him that the present state of things could not be allowed to continue. He was required to appoint a trained judicial officer to preside over the administration of justice, to desist from the practice of raising revenue by heavy Nazaranas and by putting up villages to auction to the highest bidder, and to effect other improvements in general administration. The revenue of the State, of which the greater portion was spent upon the Chief's personal charges, afforded ample means for carrying out these improvements. The Raja has promised compliance with these instructions.

Area in square miles	...	908
Population	...	178,180
Income	...	Rs. 1,18,554
Government tribute	...	„ 5,000

Bastar.

12. *Bastar* (Sambalpur).—The appointment of Mr. Krishna Rao of the Central Provinces Commission to be Diwan of Bastar was mentioned in last year's report. This officer applied himself to his work with energy, and though some of his reforms were considered injudicious and he showed some impatience of control, yet on the whole his administration earned the commendation of the Chief Commissioner. The Diwan, it is satisfactory to add, received steady support from the Raja. Considerable progress was made in the reduction of debt, over Rs. 60,000 having been paid off. Steps are being taken to reduce and adjust the miscellaneous dues and cesses now levied on certain trades and classes. The re-settlement

Area in square miles	...	1,362
Population	...	196,248
Income	...	Rs. 2,23,988
Government tribute	...	„ 3,056

of the land revenue and the introduction of a proper system of forest administration are also needed reforms which are receiving attention.

8 b.—Feudatory States under Government management.

13. *Patna* (Political Agency).—The rainfall was below the average and a long break in July and August affected the crops prejudicially, especially in the northern part of the State, with the result that the poorer classes underwent some hardship from the rise in the price of food. There was a visitation of cholera in the north of the State, 300 cases and 174 deaths having occurred in 11 villages. With this exception the health of the people was generally good. The Land Revenue was collected in full, which shows that, although the demand was very considerably enhanced by the Political Agent's revision of assessments in 1885, the enhancements were not excessive. Arrangements are being made to put in hand the demarcation of the State forests during the approaching season. The police force was increased and re-organized and an Inspector of the Central Provinces Police appointed to its control. Little was done in the way of public works owing to want of proper establishment. The ordinary surface repairs to the main roads are executed annually without cost by the people of the State. The administration of justice is well and carefully conducted by the Tahsildar and Naib-Tahsildars. Crime increased and civil litigation fell off. Under the new arrangements consequent on the creation of the Political Agency for the Chhattisgarh Feudatories, the State has now a resident Superintendent who devotes his whole time to its service instead of sharing an establishment with Kalahandi. This is a measure of distinct advantage to the State.

Patna.

Area in square miles	...	2,309
Population	...	251,959
Income	...	Rs. 84,037
Government tribute	...	„ 600

14. *Kalahandi.*—The land revenue collections for the year amounted to Rs. 98,344, of which Rs. 22,534 were arrears of previous years, and Rs. 75,810 collections on account of the year under report, against a demand of Rs. 89,321. The revenue has always hitherto been collected in arrear and the State has never been able to shew a clear balance sheet. That considerable progress has been made is proved by the fact that the receipts in 1886-87 on account of that year's demand form the largest collection of the current demand that has been made since the State has been under management. Steps are being taken to clear the books of arrear demands altogether and press only the collections of the current year. The three years' settlement having expired, a revision was effected by the Political Agent and proposals for sanction are expected. Little progress was made with reduction of debt, as there was increased expenditure during the year on public works, chiefly on the construction of the new jail and a suitable house for the Ranis. A special charge of Rs. 10,000 was also incurred, under sanction, for the cost of the ceremony which took place during the year, of investing the minor Raja, Raghu Keshar Deo, with the sacred thread. The young Chief is reported to be making good progress at the Rajkumar College at Jubbulpore. The announcement lately made to the widowed Ranis, that the salute of 9 guns, which the late Raja, Udit Pertab Deo, enjoyed as a personal distinction, had been permanently attached to the Chiefship, has given them great satisfaction.

Kalahandi.

Area in square miles	...	3,745
Population	...	224,548
Income	...	Rs. 1,18,446
Government tribute	...	„ 3,975

Sarangarh.

15. *Sarangarh* (Sambalpur).—There has been nothing in the affairs of this State during the year calling for special notice. The administration continued to be well and carefully conducted by the Superintendent, Mr. Yado Madho Rao, who is assisted by the young Raja himself. The financial position of the State is a thoroughly sound one. The regular income is Rs. 35,000, while the recurring expenditure on ordinary establishment and other items is about Rs. 30,000, leaving a balance of Rs. 5,000 available for public works and other extraordinary expenditure. The revision of settlement has just been completed and will add about Rs. 13,000 to the regular income. The State is not in debt and there was on the 1st April 1887 a net balance in the Treasury of over Rs. 35,000.

Area in square miles	...	540
Population	...	71,274
Income	...	Rs. 35,352
Government tribute	...	„ 1,350

Raigarh.

16. *Raigarh* (Sambalpur).—The administration made satisfactory progress on the whole, though the Manager showed a lack of energy. The receipts decreased by about Rs. 4,790, a result due to a change in the dates of payment of land, forest and other revenue, whereby the last instalments came in after the close of the year under report. The revision of settlement was completed and reported for sanction. Attention is being directed to the improvement of communications, of which the State stands in much need, in particular by the construction of feeder roads to the railway. The work of the Hospital Assistant at the dispensary showed excellent results.

Area in square miles	...	1,486
Population	...	1,28,943
Income	...	Rs. 39,558
Government tribute	...	„ 400

Sakti.

17. *Sakti* (Bilaspur).—For the past year the expenditure exceeded the income. A special grant of Rs. 9,000 was sanctioned for the marriages of the Raja's sons. The extra settlement charges amounted to Rs. 1,116. The settlement has not yet been completed. The assessments framed were disapproved by the Commissioner, who proposes to visit the State next cold season and dispose of the settlement. As the marriage ceremonies of the Chief's eldest son are now over, the work of training him will now, it is hoped, progress. He has been given magisterial powers, but has not yet taken up any cases. Mr. Pertab Narain, who has had charge of the State, has carried on the work of management satisfactorily.

Area in square miles	...	*115
Population	...	22,819
Income	...	Rs. 15,876
Government tribute	...	„ 350

Kawardha.

18. *Kawardha* (Bilaspur).—Omitting nominal items from both sides of the account the receipts for the year were Rs. 75,531 and the expenditure Rs. 58,005, including temporary expenditure on account of the settlement now in progress. The State has therefore an ample revenue to provide an efficient administration and at the same time to carry out needful public improvements. The progress made during the year and the system and order characterizing the work of the administration were satisfactory. The main traffic roads of the State were aligned and the places were selected where embankments or causeways were required. On some of these lines a good deal of tree planting was done. The building of a new school house was well and economically done and some progress made in the construction of a jail. The settlement made satisfactory progress; all the villages for measurement were surveyed by the Patwari Staff; the statistics are now under preparation, and the work will probably be completed next cold weather.

Area in square miles	...	912
Population	...	86,632
Income	...	...Rs. 75,531
Government tribute	...	... „ 1,600

* These figures were incorrectly given in last year's report.

Non-Feudatory Zamindaris.

19. There are 115 Non-feudatory Zamindaris, the majority of which are of small size. A large number of the holders of the more important estates are much involved in debt. The two large Zamindaris of Bora Sambar and Phuljhar (in Sambalpur) are now under Government management. The title of Raja was this year conferred on Padman Singh Deo, Zamindar of Khariar, in the Raipur district, as a personal distinction. Zamindari forests and Police.

The two great problems in connection with these Zamindaris—the Forest conservancy and Police administration—which were said to be under discussion in the previous year, have now been dealt with and definite orders have been issued. The conditions of forest conservancy prescribed for the Zamindaris are as follow:—

(1) No *dahia* or *bewar* cultivation to be permitted in tracts in which this is prohibited by the Deputy Commissioner.

(2) In tracts specially reserved under the Deputy Commissioner's orders, no timber to be cut except under express permission from the Deputy Commissioner,—such permission to specify the character and amount of the timber to be cut in each case.

(3) Should any instructions be issued by the Deputy Commissioner regarding the system on which tracts reserved as above should be worked, such instructions to be carefully observed by the Zamindar.

(4) An account to be kept by the Zamindar of all timber cut in the reserved tracts under permission as above, and all timber so cut to be issued under a pass.

(5) Should the provisions of clauses (2), (3) and (4) be infringed, the Government to be at liberty to take the reserved tracts under direct management for such term of years as it may think fit.

The question of remodelling the Excise administration in the Zamindaris is at present under consideration.

CHAPTER II—ADMINISTRATION OF THE LAND.

I.—Survey and Settlement.

Traverse Surveys.

1. The Traverse Survey of the Sambalpur khalsa area and of the Padampur-Chandarpur Zamindari with the Malkharoda Jagir has been completed by the Survey Detachment. The Cadastral survey by the Patwaris has also made considerable progress. Field maps have been completed for about 840 miles during the field season of 1886-87, and there remains for completion next season under 100 square miles of the khalsa area. Rent rate reports have been submitted for 398 miles of the area surveyed last season.

2. In Raipur also the Survey Party has completed the traverse survey. Cadastral work was carried on by half of the Bilaspur cadastral party of the Survey Department as well as by the Patwaris of the district working under the Settlement Officer. The outturn of both parties was very large, being over 1,000 square miles in each case (including 457 square miles for which Maps and Khasras were completed in Bilaspur by the Survey Department). Rent rate reports have been submitted for 536 square miles of the area surveyed in previous seasons and final assessment proposals for the greater part of this area are now under consideration.

3. The traverse survey has been completed in Damoh, continued in Jubbulpore and commenced in Saugor, Narsinghpur, Seoni and Chhindwara.

Cadastral Survey.

4. Apprehensions of difficulty with regard to supplies on account of the extensive failure of the rice crop of 1886, led to the partial suspension of cadastral work in Bilaspur and half of the Bilaspur cadastral party of the Survey Department was transferred to Raipur as has been already stated; 936 miles of traverse survey and 457 of cadastral survey were however completed in Bilaspur and Rent rate reports have been submitted for 206 square miles of the previous season's area.

Summary Settlements.

5. The Summary Settlement of certain parganas in Raipur has been almost completed. Assessments have been sanctioned for the parganas of Nawagarh, Sanjari and Dhamda.

6. Rent rate reports have been submitted for the whole of the parganas of the Chanda district which were to be settled summarily, and the final assessment proposals are under consideration.

Patwari Surveys.

7. Much progress has been made in the training of Patwaris.

In eight districts in which instruction classes were open during the year, out of a total staff of 2,155 Patwaris, 1,467 were passed after a preliminary training, and of these 1,220 also passed through the prescribed course of practical work in villages.

8. The survey by trained Patwaris of villages in their circles has been in progress in Saugor, Damoh, Jubbulpore and Narsinghpur, and upwards of 730 miles have been surveyed in the four districts.

2.—*Waste Lands.*

Grants for cultivation.

9. Arrangements have been made for the systematic exclusion from the existing forest areas, of tracts which it is unnecessary to maintain under forest or to which cultivation may be proved to have a superior claim. The Conservator of Forests and the Commissioner of Settlements have been appointed to be a standing Committee to carry on this work until its completion. A large block of the Charwa tract in the Hoshangabad district has been excluded from the forest area and will be made available for cultivation, with the exception of a reserved forest area of 23 square miles within the block. Leases of portions of this land have been granted to twelve persons and arrangements are being made for the grant of other plots to applicants.

3.—*Wards Estates.*

Number and statistics of Wards' Estates.

10. The annual Report on the management of Wards' Estates is for the year ending September 30th. On September 30th 1886 there were 122 estates under management, the management of 16 having been assumed and of 4 relinquished during the year. Of these, 69 are managed under provision of law and 53 by virtue of agreements with their proprietors.

The estates include an area of nearly 6,400 square miles, include 3,386 entire villages, and possess an annual income of 14½ lakhs of rupees. The estimated value of houses, personal property and cash in hand was about 41½ lakhs, and there are investments amounting to upwards of 5 lakhs of rupees.

The amount of debts due from 83 embarrassed estates under management was 13¼ lakhs, of which upwards of Rs. 1,90,000 was paid off during the year.

The cost of management was about 5½ per cent of the gross income of the year.

CHAPTER III.—PROTECTION.

1.—*Legislative Authority.*

1. The Legislative authority for the Central Provinces is the Council of the Governor-General of India for the purpose of making Laws and Regulations.

2.—*Course of Legislation.*

Acts passed.

2. The Acts of the Imperial Legislature passed during the year 1886, which affect the Central Provinces, are as follows :—

(*a*). Acts specially applicable to the Central Provinces.

Nil.

(*b*). Acts applicable to the Central Provinces in common with other parts of, or the whole of, British India.

Act II. of 1886.—An Act for imposing a tax on income derived from sources other than agriculture.

Act III. of 1886.—An Act to amend the Northern India Ferries Act, 1878.

Act IV. of 1886.—An Act to amend Section 265 of the Indian Contract Act, 1872.

Act VI. of 1886.—The Births, Deaths and Marriages Registration Act.

Act VII. of 1886.—An Act to amend the Indian Registration Act, 1887.

Act X. of 1886.—An Act to amend the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1882, and certain other Acts.

Act XI. of 1886.—The Indian Tramways Act.

Act XII. of 1886.—The Petroleum Act.

Act XIII. of 1886.—The Indian Securities Act.

Act XVIII. of 1886.—An Act to amend Act XXXVI. of 1858.

3.—*Police.*

Amount of Crime.

3. The tendency towards an increase in crime which was manifested in the returns for 1885, became more marked in 1886, the total number of cognizable offences (excluding cases coming under the head of "*Public and local nuisances*") being 22,300 against 19,733 in 1885. There has thus been an increase in the number of such cases of 2,567 or 13 per cent.

Nature of Crime.

4. The following table shows the number of offences reported under each class during the past 2 years :—

	1885.	1886.
Class I.—Offences against the State, public tranquillity, &c. ...	230	304
Class II.—Serious offences against the person ...	1,150	1,160
Class III.—Serious offences against the person and property or against property only ...	4,911	5,754
Class IV.—Minor offences against the person ...	161	199
Class V.—Minor offences against property ...	11,703	13,051
Class VI.—Other offences (excluding public and local nuisances) ...	1,578	1,832
Total ...	19,733	22,300
Also Class VI.—Public and local nuisances ...	1,822	1,401
Grand Total ...	21,555	23,701

From this it will be seen that there is an increase under each class of offences, but that this is most marked in regard to classes III. and V. Under these two classes are included burglaries and thefts, and it is in regard to crime of this character only that there has been any material increase during the year. The main if not the only cause of this was doubtless the rise in prices which has during the year followed a partial failure of the grain crops.

The increase in crime is shared in by all the districts except Damoh, Hoshangabad, Nagpur and Sambalpur.

Heinous offences.

5. The following Statement compares the number of heinous offences committed during the past two years:—

	1885.	1886.
Murder by thugs ...	...	...
Do. by dacoits ...	1	...
Do. by robbers ...	17	20
Do. by poison for sake of robbery or from other motives ...	4	6
Other murders from other motives ...	96	100
Total ...	118	126
Attempt at murder ...	22	18
Culpable homicide ...	20	20
Rape ...	81	75
Administering stupefying drugs ...	9	7
Total ...	250	246

No case of murder by dacoits occurred during the year, and the cases of murder by robbers were not numerous in any district, the highest numbers were in Saugor and Raipur, in each of which districts there were 3. Two of the murders by poison were committed in the Jubbulpore district, and there were isolated cases in four other districts. Most of these were cases in which wives poisoned their husbands, and there were no murders by professional poisoners reported during the year. The other murders also were pretty evenly divided among the several districts of the Province, the highest numbers being, in Raipur 16, Jubbulpore 13, and Nagpur 10. Police action was successful in only 41 out of 91 cases of murder; but in cases of attempt to murder and culpable homicide, percentages of 96 and 83 per cent respectively were obtained.

Dacoity.

6. Of the cases of dacoity which were reported during the year two were declared to be false, and there were in all only 15 real cases. These occurred as shown below:—

Saugor ...	2
Jubbulpore ...	2
Mandla ...	2
Nimar ...	1
Narsinghpur ...	1
Hoshangabad ...	6
Betul ...	1
Total ...	15

The most important cases were 5 in Hoshangabad and 1 in Betul which were committed by Tantia and his gang. All efforts to catch this Bhil freebooter have been unsuccessful.

7. The number of informations laid before the Magistrates in vagrancy and bad livelihood cases was 257 against 218 in the preceding year, but the percentage of convictions fell from 69 to 67. In 332 cases, receivers of stolen property were prosecuted, and of these 226 were convicted, giving 86 as the percentage of convictions.

Police action.

8. The following Statement shows the results of Police action in regard to cases investigated by them during the past two years :—

	1885.	1886.
Cognizable Crime.		
Total offences ...	22,035	25,125
Total investigated (including expunged cases) ...	17,267	21,452
Percentage of cases investigated to reported (including expunged cases) ...	78·	85·
Percentage of cases convicted to investigated ...	50·98	46·
Do. do. to tried.. ...	81·	79·
Number of persons arrested ...	18,940	20,765
Percentage of persons discharged without trial to arrested ...	3·61	3·01
Do. do. put on trial to arrested ...	95·12	95·45
Do. do. convicted to arrested ...	68·81	68·26
Do. do. convicted to tried ...	72·35	71·51
Do. do. acquitted to tried ...	25·60	26·87
Non-cognizable cases.		
Total cases in which Police were employed ...	1,094	426
Property stolen and recovered.		
Stolen in cognizable cases	4,87,737	5,47,676
Recovered	1,56,372	1,85,140
Percentage recovered	32·	34·

The percentages of cases convicted to investigated, and also of those convicted to tried have fallen. On the other hand, the police may be given credit for more discretion in the important matter of making arrests.

The percentage of property recovered though somewhat better than in the previous year is still small, and the reason generally assigned for this is that the great bulk of the property stolen consisted of grain and other articles of food, which could scarcely in any case be identified and were often eaten before the cases were reported to the police.

The fall in the number of non-cognizable cases in which the police were employed is satisfactory.

9. The strength of the Police force at the close of 1886 was—

1	Inspector-General.				
18	District Superintendents.				
2	Assistant District Superintendents,	1st Grade.			
4	Do.	do.	2nd Grade,	A	Division.
5	Do.	do.	,, ,,	B	,,
37	Inspectors.				
5	European Constables.				
71	Sub-Inspectors.				
140	Chief Constables.				
1,019	Head Constables.				
6,872	Constables.				
86	Boy Orderlies.				
191	Mounted Constables.				
Total... 8,451					

As compared with the previous year there has been a decrease in strength, because the cost of the Police employed in the Kamptee Cantonment has now been made a charge against Cantonment funds, and the whole of this force, which consists of 1 Inspector, 1 European Constable, 2 Chief Constables, 13 Head Constables, and 101 Constables, has been removed from the strength of the Regular Police.

4.—*Criminal.*

State of Crime.

10. The returns show that the numbers both of cases reported and of true cases for 1886 are higher than they have been in any year since 1882. There is an increase of 1,408 in "true cases," as compared with the figures for 1885. This increase is wholly accounted for by the increase (1,960) in offences against property, which is distributed over all districts except Nagpur, Bhandara, Damoh, Hoshangabad and Nimar. The figures for Nimar and Damoh are unimportant; and there is ground for thinking that there may be some error in the Bhandara figures. In respect to Nagpur, the Police report attributes the decrease to the fact that the number of offences reported during 1885 was abnormally raised owing to the pressure put on the Police, and by them on the people, to ensure full reporting of crime. The figures in this district under this head for the last three years are 1,359, 1,723 and 1,573. Finally the decrease in Hoshangabad is attributed to improved Police administration, and specially to the fact that the transfer of the Bhopal Railway construction work from that district to Bhopal carried off a number of gangs of Passis from the district, who were known to be notorious thieves.

Under the heading "Offences affecting the human body," which is next in importance, there has been a considerable fall, and under most of the other headings a slight rise, which does not appear to be abnormal. This general result is what might have been expected from the circumstances of the province during the past year. Scarcity and high prices in many districts tended to increase thefts and to check the readiness of the poorer classes to resort to criminal prosecutions in petty assault and hurt cases.

The number of cases returned as true under special or local Acts during 1886 and 1885 are given below :—

Act.		1885.	1886.
Arms	...	42	182
Cantonment	...	850	775
Cattle trespass	...	277	248
Forest	...	668	516
Gambling	...	48	48
Municipalities	...	1,353	1,782
Opium	...	356	452
Police	...	1,106	729
Railway	...	58	92
Excise	...	602	746
Stamp	...	51	70

The large increase in Municipal prosecutions is counterbalanced by an equally large decrease in cases under the Police Act, which are for the most part of a similar nature. There is a large increase in Opium and Excise cases. The important opium cases generally occur in Nimar where there has this year been an increase of 20 in the number of prosecutions.

Strength of Magistracy.

11. Among stipendiary Magistrates there has been a decrease of four in the 1st Class, and an increase of eight in the 2nd, and among Honorary Magistrates an increase of two in the 2nd Class, and of seven in the 3rd. No new Bench has been established.

Work of Magistracy.

12. The total number of persons dealt with by the Magistrates was almost exactly the same as last year, 40,103 against 40,158. The share of work taken by Deputy Commissioners and stipendiary Magistrates at Head quarters has slightly diminished, and a consequent increase has been thrown on Tahsildars. The Civil Courts' Act has relieved Tahsildars of a great deal of Civil work, but this relief was afforded in order to give them more time for their Revenue work, and not that they might do more Criminal work. There seems in some districts to be a tendency to transfer too much Criminal work to the Tahsildars. The proportion of work done by Honorary Magistrates has fallen, although their numbers have increased.

District Magistrates have tried fewer cases and disposed of fewer persons, but apparently they have not as a body done less original criminal work. The fact that they have this year only tried 30·4 per cent of their cases summarily against 37 per cent last year, shows that they have taken up more important cases and given more time to criminal business.

Persons under trial and proportion of convictions.

13. Of the 40,779 persons who came under enquiry and trial before Magistrates during the year, 16,073 were acquitted or discharged, and 23,763 convicted or committed to the Court of Session. There was a substantial increase (2·4) in the percentage of convictions. This is chiefly traceable to side headings 31 and 34 (Hurt and Assault). There was also a very marked increase in the percentage of convictions under side heading 31 (Culpable Homicide); but the percentage of convictions in murder cases and generally in the more serious offences shows a decrease.

Punishments.

14. There has been a decrease of 6 per cent in sentences of fine only, increases of 1, and of 4, per cent in sentences of whipping and of imprisonment, respectively, and an increase of 1 per cent in mixed sentences. These results are what would naturally be expected from the general increase of offences against property and decrease of petty offences against the person. The number of persons dealt with as old offenders shows a considerable increase. There have been fewer sentences to transportation or to terms of imprisonment over 9 years: but a larger proportion of sentences between two and seven years.

Durations.

15. The number of witnesses examined increased from 98,550 to 1,02,780. The percentage discharged on the first day was 87·1 against 86·6. The average duration in Police cases was 4·1 days against 4·0 and in complaint cases 18·8 against 19. The averages are practically the same.

Appeals.

16. The number of appeals disposed of by the different Appellate Courts as compared with the preceding year is shown below:—

	1885.	1886.
To District Magistrates	1,056	1,203
To Courts of Session	968	1,215
To Court of Judicial Commissioner ...	136	109
	2,160	2,527

The percentages of appeals rejected and sentences confirmed by the Judicial Commissioner and Commissioners of Division were as follows:—

Judicial Commissioner	79 per cent.
Nagpur	65 „
Jubbulpore	82 „
Nerbudda	78 „
Chhattisgarh	69 „

The proportion of sentences reversed by the District Magistrate was high in Nagpur and Wardha.

The Judicial Commissioner decided fewer appeals during the year than in 1885, but considerably increased his revisional work. The number of references for confirmation of sentence of death was 22 against 19.

5.—*Prisons.*

Population.

17. The total number of prisoners was 18,410 against 15,007 in 1885. There was increase under all heads, the figures being;—for convicts 12,585 against 10,382, for under-trial prisoners 5,099 against 4,031, and for civil prisoners 726 against 594. The increase under the first two heads was due to the increase of crime, the character and probable causes of which have been discussed in reviewing the Judicial (Criminal) and Police Administration.

Accommodation.

The daily average number of prisoners was 3,651·02 against 3,374·94 in 1886. The number of prisoners that can be accommodated is 5,068, so that there was no occasion for overcrowding in the Jails. Yet in 7 Jails (those of Bhandara, Chanda, Balaghat, Mandla, Narsinghpur, Sambalpur and Bilaspur) the population did at one time or another exceed the accommodation available.

The percentage of juveniles admitted to Jail was 3·09 against 2·64 in 1885. This is not satisfactory, and the Inspector-General has been directed to take up without further delay the question of establishing a Reformatory for the Province under Act V. of 1876.

18. Under the remission rules 331 prisoners were released during the year against 399 in 1885. The number of prisoners employed as convict officers has risen from 205 to 210. In the Jubbulpore Central Jail there are 114 such officers. The only District Jail in which the experiment has yet been tried is Sambalpur. The results are satisfactory.

Punishments.

19. The punishments inflicted on prisoners aggregated 3,569 as against 2,486 in 1885. The figures in detail are as follow:—

	1885.	1886.
By Criminal Courts	46	41
By Jail officers—		
Solitary confinement	148	173
Reduced diet	582	921
Solitary confinement with reduced diet ...	469	536
Corporal punishment	300	373
Other punishments	941	1,525
Total ...	2,486	3,569
Ratio to Jail population	77·44	103·28
Ratio of corporal to other punishments... ...	15 08	12·45

The increase in punishments by reduced diet is explained by the figures for the Nagpur Jail alone, viz. 483 in 1886 against 139 in 1885. The figures for this Jail also account for great part of the increase under other heads. The general want of discipline and laxity in all parts of work which characterized the administiation of this Jail formed the subject of special orders by the late Officiating Chief Commissioner during the year.

Expenditure.

20. The total cost of maintaining and guarding the prisoners during 1886 amounted to Rs. 2,23,816 as against Rs. 1,94,339 for the preceding year. The average cost per head was Rs. 61-4-9 as against Rs. 57-9-4. The prevailing high prices also explain to a certain extent the increased cost of rations, but an increase of 25 per cent in the average requires careful investigation. Subjoined are the figures for the last five years:—

Heads of expenditure.	1881.	1882.	1883.	1884.	1885.	1886.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p	Rs. a. p.	Rs . . p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a, p.
Rations	14 4 6	15 11 4	18 1 9	17 15 3	20 4 7	25 6 0
Establishment	16 13 5	17 15 6	18 5 9	20 3 10	20 14 9	19 6 8
Police Guard	5 10 10	5 9 4	5 13 11	6 5 5	5 3 7	4 12 0
Hospital charges..... ...	1 5 9	1 9 5	1 14 6	1 13 8	1 2 1	1 8 1
Clothing	3 6 8	3 14 9	3 13 1	3 7 0	4 3 8	4 7 4
Contingencies	3 15 6	3 14 5	5 10 4	6 6 5	5 13 5	6 12 4
Total ..	45 6 10	48 8 8	53 6 4	55 13 4	57 9 4	61 4 9

The average cost per prisoner has steadily increased year by year, and now stands over 30 per cent higher than it did five years ago.

21. Intimately connected with the subject of expenditure is the subject of the earnings of the convicts. The report on this subject also is unsatisfactory. The average profit per head on the prisoners sentenced to labour has been as follows:— Manufactures.

Year.	Central Jails.			District Jails.		
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
1881	26	11	10	6	12	0
1882	29	12	7	9	10	0
1883	19	11	0	10	14	0
1884	22	13	0	8	14	0
1885	18	14	0	8	2	0
1886	21	8	0	8	11	0

The decrease in the earnings of convicts in the Central Jails in 1883 was mainly due to the restrictions imposed by Home Department Resolution No. 20-1406, dated the 22nd September 1882. But as the orders then issued were modified to some extent by Resolution No. 10-605, dated the 7th May 1886, which directs that Government Departments are to be supplied as far as possible by the Jail Department, some more marked improvement might have been expected in these jails. The Chief Commissioner has since the close of the year issued special orders with a view to checking the increase in the expenditure and securing an improvement in the earnings of our jails.

22. The vital statistics show 4,212 admitted into hospital during 1886 against 3,285 in 1885. This is partly due to change of practice whereby all prisoners found to be suffering from ailments incapacitating them from work were admitted into hospital, partly to the increase in the Jail population. As the daily average number sick was only 133·74 against 126·49, it would appear that the sickness was not of quite so severe a nature as in the previous year. The ratio of deaths per *mille* of average strength was 66·8 against 77·2 in 1885. The worst averages were in the Nagpur Jail (101·5 per *mille*) and in Sambalpur (131·7). In the latter there was a serious outbreak of cholera, but no satisfactory explanation is afforded of the Nagpur figures. Vital Statistics.

6.—*Civil.*

23. The Central Provinces Civil Courts' Act (Act XVI. of 1885) came into force on the 1st January. The constitution of the Courts remains substantially the same as before, but the Local Government is given power to appoint Judicial Assistants, invested with all or any of the powers of the Court of the Commissioner; Civil Judges, invested with all or any of the powers of the Court of the Deputy Commissioner; and Munsifs, invested with all or any of the powers of the Court of the Tahsildar. Appeals from decrees passed in original suits by Courts subordinate to the Court of the Deputy Commissioner lie to that Court when the value of the suit does not exceed one thousand The new Act.

rupees. It has not been necessary to appoint any Judicial Assistant, but a Civil Judge was appointed in each of the districts of Nagpur, Jubbulpore, Wardha, Hoshangabad, Narsinghpur and Raipur, and 15 Munsifs were also appointed. The power which the Government now has of regulating the powers of the Civil Judge in accordance with the requirements of the district to which he may be appointed, has been found much more convenient than the old law under which if the Deputy Commissioner required assistance it was necessary to invest an officer with all the powers of the Deputy Commissioner. The change in the law as regards the venue of appeals has also given relief to Commissioners.

Arrangements were made in anticipation of the coming in force of the Act, and the necessary notifications were issued in December 1885, limiting the powers of Tahsildars, arranging how the appellate work should be distributed in those districts in which Civil Judges were appointed, and defining the area to which the jurisdiction of each subordinate Court should extend. The powers which each individual officer was to exercise under the new Act were also gazetted at the same time.

Judicial Commissioner	
Commissioner	4
Deputy Commissioner	18
Civil Judge	6
Assistant Commissioner, 1st Class	16
Ditto 2nd Class	15
Ditto 3rd Class	3
Tahsildar, 1st Class	40
Ditto 2nd Class	9
Munsif exercising powers of the Court of Tahsildar of the 2nd Class	15
Naib Tahsildar	32
Small Cause Courts and Registrars' Courts ...	8

The Courts opened under the new Act on the 1st January are detailed in the margin.

Litigation.

24. There has been again a general increase in litigation. The figures are 1,12,965 for 1886 against 1,04,904 in 1885, an increase of 7·7 per cent. This increase appears to be generally due to the advance of trade in the province. Only the districts of Bhandara, Wardha and Balaghat show a decrease. The increase is over 20 per cent in Bilaspur, Raipur, Mandla and Seoni. It appears also that the increase has been confined to no particular value of suits, as the percentages of suits of each value to the total number of suits is the same as for 1885. In regard to the description of suits, the increase is found to have affected (1) suits for money or moveable property and (2) suits between landlord and tenant pretty equally, while (3) title and other suits show a slight decrease. The increase under the first of these heads is mainly under the sub-divisions of suits on written contract (49,820 against 46,220) and suits for goods sold (10,486 against 9,217), suits mainly affected by the state of trade.

The general increase in litigation has been steady and continuous since 1862, when the total number of suits instituted in the province was 24,666 as against 1,12,965 in 1886. The advance has been nearly as marked in the remoter districts like Seoni, Mandla and Balaghat, as in those upon the Railway line: there can be no doubt that it is, speaking generally, indicative of the progress which all parts of the Central Provinces are making. Civilisation and litigation in India, as in most other countries, always advance together.

Tenancy Act suits.

25. Tenancy litigation, it is shown, grows steadily, the figures for the last three years being 7,283, 8,429 and 9,251 respectively. The figures may be thus shown in detail :—

	1884.		1885.		1886.	
	Number.	Percentage of total litigation.	Number.	Percentage of total litigation.	Number.	Percentage of total litigation.
Suits for arrears of rent ...	5,749	5·7	6,429	6·1	7,167	6·3
Other suits between Landlord and Tenant ...	1,534	1·5	2,000	1·9	2,084	1·8
Total ...	7,283	7·2	8,429	8·0	9,251	8·2

The increase has thus been almost entirely in suits for arrears of rent. This increase has been most marked in the following districts :—

	1885.	1886.
Nagpur ...	740	882
Chanda ...	200	293
Wardha ...	533	640
Jubbulpore ...	456	606
Raipur ...	454	651
Bilaspur ...	275	363

The most probable cause for this increase is (in most districts) the impending re-settlement, the enquiries which have to be made for the preparation of new records impelling both landlords and tenants to take closer stock of their position.

Distribution of work.

26. Despite the increase in litigation the work was more easily overtaken in 1886 than in the preceding year owing to the operation of the provisions of the Civil Courts' Act. The distribution of suits disposed of among the different classes of Courts was as follows :—

	1885.	1886.
Small Cause Courts	12,204	13,826
Naib-Tahsildars	47,611	34,319
Munsifs	6,638	27,054
Tahsildars	26,881	22,249
Assistant Commissioners and Civil Judges ...	12,303	13,381
Deputy Commissioners	240	177
Total ...	105,877	111,006

This shows a marked decrease in the number of cases disposed of by Deputy Commissioners, Tahsildars and Naib Tahsidars accompanied by a more than corresponding increase in the number of cases disposed of by Assistant Commissioners and Munsifs. If we turn to the figures for appeals we find similarly that the operation of the Act has relieved Commissioners and Deputy Commissioners of a good deal of work. The figures are :—

		1885.	1886.
Appeals to	Commissioners	636	333
	Deputy Commissioners	4,559	3,874
	Civil Judges	1,426	1,919
	Total ...	6,621	6,126

There was a decrease of 500 in the total number of appeals; and in addition to this 500 more were transferred to Civil Judges from the Commissioners' and Deputy Commissioners' Courts. These high executive officers were thus relieved of nearly 1,000 cases, or about 20 per cent of their appellate work. These are satisfactory results in regard to both original and appellate work.

Value of suits.

27. The relative value of suits instituted in 1886 is shown in the appended Table :—

Grades of value.			Number of suits instituted.	Percentage of total suits.	Average value.
Not exceeding	Rs.	10 ...	30,312	27·	5
Ditto	„	50 ...	54,836	49·	24
Ditto	„	100 ...	14,782	13·	70
Ditto	„	500 ...	11,382	10·	198
Ditto	„	1,000 ...	975	1·	694
Ditto	„	5,000 ...	627		1,912
Ditto	„	10,000 ...	64		6,382
Exceeding	„	10,000 ...	37		23,792
		Total ...	1,12,965	100·	...

It is remarkable that the percentages of suits of each value to the total number of suits instituted are with the alteration of a single unit the same for 1885 and 1886.

Dispos als.

28. The general results of the trials of suits disposed of are shown below :—

Results.	Number of suits.	Proportion per cent in 1886.	Corresponding proportion in 1885.
Plaints rejected or returned	823	·7	·7
Transferred to other Districts or Small Cause Courts' jurisdiction	...	...	...
(a).—Disposed of without contest.			
Dismissed for default	20,447	18·4	18·9
Withdrawn with leave	1,093	1·0	1·0
Compromised	11,873	10·7	10·7
Decreed on confession	24,166	21·8	21·0
Decreed *ex parte*	19,331	17·4	16·5
Dismissed *ex parte*	1,047	·9	·8
Total uncontested ...	77,957	70·2	68·9
(b).—Contested and Judgment given for			
Plaintiff in whole	14,071	12·7	12·7
Ditto in part	10,009	9·0	9·3
Defendant in whole	8,147	7·3	8·4
Total contested ...	32,227	29·0	30·4

This Statement shows that of the cases disposed of a slightly larger proportion was uncontested. The difference is not great, and may possibly be explained by the increased proportion of suits brought on written contract. The proportion of uncontested cases is still somewhat above the figure for 1884. The proportions of the different kinds of disposal are almost the same as last year. Cases dealt with *ex parte* show an increase of 1 per cent and cases decreed on confession an increase of ·8 per cent.

There is a slight decrease in the proportion of cases dismissed for default as compared with last year.

Durations.

29. The provincial durations and average number of hearings in contested and uncontested cases do not show any marked change. The average duration of contested cases fell slightly, viz :—from 46·7 to 46·5 days.

The number of applications for execution of decrees has again increased from 75,338 to 81,281. The percentage of complete and partial realization (49) is the same as in the year preceding.

The percentage for the whole province of persons arrested to the total number of execution cases dealt with was, in 1884, 4·9 and in 1885 and 1886 4·8. The largest number of persons arrested was in Nagpur (448) and in Jubbulpore (551), but the percentage of persons arrested to decrees dealt with is 2 in Nagpur and 10 in Jubbulpore.

30. The Civil work of the Judicial Commissioner increases rapidly and is now very heavy. In 1886 that officer heard 66 miscellaneous appeals, 143 applications under Section 622 of the Civil Procedure Code and no fewer than 756 special appeals.

7.—*Registration.*

Number of Registration offices and strength of the Departmental Staff.

31. The number of Registration offices open during the year was the same as in the preceding year—*viz.*, 76; and the Staff of the Registration Department remained unaltered. That Staff consists of:—

Registrars	...	...	...	18
Sub-Registrars	...	(*a*) *Ex-Officio* (Tahsildars) ...	37	58
		(*b*) Special salaried ...	12	
		(*c*) Special unsalaried ...	9	
		Total	...	76

General features of the year's operations.

32. A comparison of the returns for the last two years shows that the operations and the receipts of the Department have increased while the expenditure has decreased. The total number of documents registered rose from Rs. 24,605 to Rs. 25,695, the receipts of the Department rose from Rs. 72,525 to Rs. 78,166, the expenditure fell from Rs. 41,530 to Rs. 40,791, the percentage of expenditure on receipts fell from 57·2 to 52·1, and finally the net receipts were Rs. 37,375 as compared with Rs. 30,995 in the previous year, showing an increase of Rs. 6,380.

District variations and Provincial total.

33. The increase in business done is spread over 10 of the 18 districts; in the remaining eight the operations are fewer than they were in 1885-86. In the district of Nagpur alone there was an increase of 930 operations out of the total increase of 1,090. In many districts of the Province the number of documents registered is liable to constant fluctuations of considerable amount. Especially is this the case in the district of Chhindwara, where there has been an alternate rise and fall nearly every year for the last six years—the variations being latterly measured by hundreds. The Provincial total of registrations effected, after remaining nearly stationary for the period 1882—85, has risen considerably during the past two years. These totals are :—

Number of documents registered in					
1881-82.	1882-83.	1883-84.	1884-85.	1885-86.	1886-87.
20,643	22,304	22,380	22,289	24,605	25,695

The factor which is chiefly responsible for the variations in the district returns is the number of registered mortgages of immoveable property. The

number of these instruments registered is relatively very large, mounting indeed to two-fifths of the total of registrations. Leaving these out of consideration for the purpose of comparison, the work of the Registration Department is found to have increased slowly but steadily for the past six years.

Compulsory and Optional registrations.

34. The increase in registrations is chiefly in the Compulsory class. In the class of Compulsory registrations 961 more documents were registered, in the class of Optional registrations only 129. The total of Optional registrations effected during the year was 9,330. The marked advance secured in 1885-86 has been maintained—but not much more than maintained. Whilst Optional registrations affecting immoveable property have shown a fluctuating total during the past five years, those affecting moveable property have slowly but steadily increased in number.

Descriptions of documents registered.

35. An analysis of the descriptions of documents registered during the year shows that the increase was chiefly under the heads of (1) Sales of immoveable property, (2) Optionally registered mortgages, and (3) Optional registrations affecting moveable property. The most noticeable features are the preponderance of mortgages and the falling off in the number of leases, of which only 3,540 were registered as against 4,337 in the preceding year. This large decrease is shared in by twelve districts. It is possible that the greater efficiency of the Patwari staff consequent upon its re-organization and the approach of Settlement operations in a number of districts have contributed to this result. It is apparent that some general cause must have been at work to produce so widely diffused a result. The number of mortgages registered is very large in the three districts of Nagpur, Wardha and Narsinghpur, and a large proportion of the mortgages in each of these districts are mortgages of agricultural land by tenants.

Refusals to register.

36. The number of refusals to register has, after remaining almost stationary for the past four years, at length made a start forward. The figures for the last five years are—

1882-83	...	159
1883-84	...	165
1884-85	...	155
1885-86	...	165
1886-87	...	229

This increase is attributed to more careful observance of the law on the part of Registering Officers.

Financial results.

37. The receipts of the Department during the year amounted to Rs. 78,166, of which sum Rs. 43,435 was derived from fees, and Rs. 34,731 from Miscellaneous receipts. The income of the Department from both sources has risen in nearly the same proportion. The aggregate value of the property dealt with by registered documents rose from Rs. 86,67,160 to Rs. 89,68,145.

The expenditure of the Department fell from Rs. 41,530 to Rs. 40,791, owing chiefly to the abolition of two Moharirs attached to the offices of two Sub-Registrars and to economy in stationery and printing.

Two offices—those of the Sub-Registrars at Nagpur and Jubbulpore—show net receipts of over Rs. 3,000, two show net receipts of between two and three thousand rupees, and seventeen offices show net receipts of between one and two thousand. There is only one office, that of the Sub-Registrar at Pauni, established in 1885, which does not show an excess of receipts over expenditure.

8.—Municipal Administration.

Number and population of Municipalities.

38. The number of towns in the Central Provinces in the year under report enjoying a Municipal constitution under Act XI. of of 1873 was 58, with an aggregate population of 690,426 persons according to the Census of 1881. No new Municipality was formed during the year and no existing Municipality was abolished.

The number of Municipalities in each Division is shown below:—

Nagpur	Division	... 22
Jubbulpore	,,	... 12
Nerbudda	,,	... 21
Chhattisgarh	,,	... 3

The 58 Municipal towns range in size from Nagpur—with 98,290 inhabitants—to Kareliganj—with a population of only 502 persons.

Constitution of Committees.

39. The aggregate number of Members of Committees has fallen from 694 to 661, in consequence chiefly of the abolition at the end of the preceding year of the four Municipalities of Tendukhera, Kauria, Zainabad and Boregaon. Of the total number of members only 141 are officials and only 60 are Europeans. The number of elected members was 480, that of nominated members 146, and that of *ex-officio* members 35. The number of European members has fallen since last year by more than 35 per cent, *viz.* from 95 to 60. The number of elected members is slightly smaller: but this is due to the decrease in the number of Committees noted above. It should also be borne in mind that not a few of the 141 official members have been elected and not nominated to the Committees, and that a fair proportion of them have been nominated by the Chief Commissioner in accordance with the request of the Committees on which they sit.

Methods of taxation.

40. The number of towns deriving their Municipal income from the levy of octroi has not been altered from the figure at which it stood last year, *viz.* 33. There are eight other sources of income from taxation in one or other of our Municipalities, but how comparatively insignificant these are may be judged from the fact that under one only of these eight heads does the aggregate income of all the Municipalities enforcing that particular method of taxation exceed Rs. 20,000, whereas the total income from octroi alone was more than 6¾ lakhs.

After octroi the most general or most productive methods of taxation are—

(*a*). Tax on houses and lands.

This is enforced in 18 Municipalities, and brought in an income of Rs. 17,137.

(*b*). Bazar dues.

These are taken in 12 Municipalities, who derived therefrom an income of Rs. 21,129.

(*c*). Water-rate.

This is levied in the three Municipalities of Jubbulpore, Nagpur and Hinganghat and brought in an income of Rs. 15,257.

(*d*). Licenses on trades.

This system is adopted by 26 Municipalities who secured by it an aggregate amount of Rs. 13,829.

Two forms of taxation are enforced in the case of one town only, *i. e.* a tax on vehicles in Jubbulpore and a tax on wire-drawing in Burhanpur.

Proceeds of taxation.

41. The total income derived from taxation was Rs. 7,55,395 as against Rs. 7,44,135 in the preceding year. The figures under the head Octroi were—

		Rs.
1884-85	...	6,69,720
1885-86	...	6,81,037
Difference	...	11,317

The difference in the *total* proceeds of taxation in the two years is Rs. 11,260, which is with great exactness accounted for by the increased income from octroi, income under the other heads remaining fairly constant. The rise in the octroi income is not so large as might have been expected, considering that in 1884-85 there was a sudden fall of nearly Rs. 40,000, attributed to the Singhast year, during which Hindus do not celebrate marriages. One would naturally suppose that at the end of this Singhast year marriages would be celebrated in very large numbers and the importation of dutiable articles very much stimulated. The results speaking generally have not been in accordance with such anticipation. The two largest Municipalities—Nagpur and Jubbulpore—each secured an octroi income better by about Rs. 7,000 than in the preceding year. Burhanpur improved its income by Rs. 3,000 and Raipur by Rs. 5,000; whilst on the other hand Hinganghat experienced a loss of about Rs. 6,000, Hoshangabad a loss of about Rs. 4,000, Harda of about Rs. 2,000 and Gadarwara of about Rs. 3,500. But with these exceptions the results shown for the two years are surprisingly uniform.

Total Income.

42. The total income of the Municipalities derived from all sources (excluding opening balances) was Rs. 10,82,012 against Rs. 9,62,172 in 1883-84. The opening balances swelled the total available for expenditure to Rs. 14,52,250. The incidence of taxation per head of population has risen from Rs. 1-1-0 to Rs. 1-1-6, and the incidence of total income from Rs. 1-6-0 to Rs. 1-9-1.

Expenditure.

43. The total expenditure under all heads amounted to Rs. 10,66,602 as compared with Rs. 10,09,578 in 1884-85.

It will be convenient to compare in parallel columns the amounts spent by the whole of the Municipalities on some of the more important heads in the two years 1884-85 and 1885-86.

Head.	1884-85.	1885-86.
	Rs.	Rs.
Office Establishment ...	16,969	27,626
Maintenance of Medical Institutions ...	29,176	64,320
Vaccination Establishment ..	829	6,763
Conservancy ...	1,60,797	1,75,814
Contributions to Schools ...	54,556	74,199
Construction and Maintenance of roads ...	1,30,059	1,31,087
Other new works ..	6,566	12,694
Refunds of Octroi ...	1,21,887	1,31,139
Loans (instalments payable during the year) ...	1,28,885	18,014

These figures are very satisfactory. For they show that Municipal Committees are to a large extent doing what they were intended to do in return for their relief from Police charges. The money spent on medical institutions has increased by more than Rs. 35,000, and except in one or two special cases Municipal Committees now bear all the charges of the Dispensaries within their limits except the salaries of the Medical Staff attached to them. They have also in accordance with the instructions of the Chief Commissioner taken upon themselves Vaccination charges, upon which they have expended during the year an additional sum of nearly Rs. 6,000. Contributions to schools have increased by nearly Rs. 20,000. A scheme for the transfer of Municipal schools to the charge of the Municipalities has been worked out since the close of the year, and there can be little doubt that the liberality of the Committees in this direction will be still further stimulated in future.

It is gratifying to find that while largely increased assistance has been given to schools and dispensaries the two more prosaic but equally important heads of "Roads" and "Conservancy" have not been in any way neglected. A sum larger by more than Rs. 15,000 has been spent on conservancy and the expenditure on roads is slightly greater than it was in 1884-85. The large increase in expenditure on Office establishment is due to the separation which has been effected in a number of districts between the clerical establishment of the District Council and that of the Municipal Committees.

Closing balances.

44. The aggregate total of the actual municipal balances at the close of the year was Rs. 3,85,648. The expenditure having been on a very liberal scale, there were no very large balances. Nagpur takes the first place with Rs. 47,339 and Raipur the second with Rs. 40,806.

9.—*Military.*

45. The Military force stationed in these Provinces during the year 1886-87 consisted of: Military Forces.

3 Batteries of European Artillery.
2 Battalions and a detached Company of European Infantry.
2 Regiments of Native Cavalry.
5 Regiments of Native Infantry.

The distribution of the Troops was as follows:—

BENGAL ARMY.

Saugor Cantonment.

1 Battery of European Artillery.
1 Wing of European Infantry.
4 Squadrons of Native Cavalry.
1 Regiment of Native Infantry.

Jubbulpore.

1 Battery of European Artillery.
1 Wing (Head-Quarters) of European Infantry.
2 Squadrons of Native Cavalry.
1 Regiment of Native Infantry (Madras*).

MADRAS ARMY.

Kamptee Cantonment.

1 Battalion of European Infantry.
1 Battery of European Artillery.
1 Regiment of Native Cavalry.
1 Regiment of Native Infantry.

Sitabaldi.

1 Detachment of the European Infantry stationed at Kamptee.
1 Wing of a Regiment of Native Infantry.

Hoshangabad.

1 Wing of a Regiment of Native Infantry.

Raipur.

1 Wing of a Regiment of Native Infantry.

Sambalpur.

1 Wing of a Regiment of Native Infantry.

BOMBAY ARMY.

Asirgarh Fort.

1 Company of European Infantry.

46. The Nagpur Volunteer Rifle Corps was during the year 1886 under the command of Colonel H. I. Lugard, Deputy Commissioner, Nagpur. Captain and Adjutant Sir Robert A. W. Colleton, Bart., held charge of his duties till the 30th October when he was appointed Deputy Assistant Adjutant General 1st Musketry Circle. He was succeeded by Lieutenant A. H. Magee of the King's Own Borderers who assumed charge of his duties on the 8th November 1886. The enrolled strength of the corps on the 1st April 1887 was 330 compared with 349 in the previous year. The Corps was inspected in March last by Brigadier General H. M. Bengough, C. B., Commanding the Nagpur Force, who reported very favourably on the degree of efficiency attained by the Corps. Volunteers.

* This Regiment though serving in Bengal belongs to the Madras Army.

CHAPTER IV.—PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

1.—Agriculture.

Area of Province.

1. The total area of the Central Provinces is as under :—

		Square miles.
Feudatory Chiefships	...	29,435
Zamindaris	...	21,369
Government Forests	...	20,359
Khalsa	...	44,773
Total	...	115,936

Crop area.

2. The returns for the year under report show that of a total khalsa area (excluding Government Forests) of 2,86,54,720 acres, 1,36,37,307 acres were under crop, and 14,50,726 fallow of 3 years or less; that is to say 52 per cent of the khalsa area is in cultivation.

Detail of crops.

3. The following table shows the area in the khalsa under each of the principal crops :—

Food grains—

		Acres.
Wheat	...	39,33,791
Rice	...	31,93,979
Others	...	44,75,604
Total	...	1,16,03,374

Other crops—

Oil seeds	...	15,16,370
Cotton	...	6,71,219
Other fibres	...	26,358
Sugar-cane	...	50,195
Tobacco	...	18,216
Other kinds	...	4,42,343
Total	...	27,24,701
Grand Total	...	1,43,28,075

and deducting from this 6,90,768 acres of land which bore two crops, the actual cropped area was as above shown 1,36,37,307 acres.

2.—*Weather and Crops.*

Rain-fall.

4. The following table gives details for 1886-87 of the rain-fall in each District compared with the fall in 1885-86, and the average rain-fall of the past 20 years :—

Districts.	April and May 1886.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November 1886 to March 1887.	Total rain-fall 1886-87.	Total rain-fall 1885-86.	Average rain-fall of past 20 years.
Saugor ...	·52	6·95	21·46	7·80	3·75	4·88	6·58	51·94	55·15	53·57
Damoh ...	·60	5·34	20·91	12·83	1·18	10·28	3·00	54·14	51·97	62·05
Jabalpur ..	·94	6·98	22·84	7·00	2·82	6·57	4·40	51·55	59·30	68·19
Mandla ...	·71	5·84	16·39	3·20	3·05	5·84	2·24	37·27	74·99	51·72
Seoni ..	·34	6·20	18·50	5·04	2 36	5·37	1·69	39·50	55·21	52·78
Narsinghpur ..	...	5·67	17·09	6·67	2·54	7·54	2·86	42·37	45·07	50·34
Hoshangabad ..	...	5·27	22·16	5.68	1·56	8·03	1·85	44·55	55·97	58·41
Nimar ...	·35	7·07	8·83	3·84	3·30	4·81	3·98	32·16	21·69	35 02
Betul ...	·11	5·93	15·02	8·00	1·34	6·01	2·70	39·11	38·84	46·24
Chhindwara ...	...	4·87	13 28	2·13	·87	7·25	2·74	31·14	37·36	40·81
Wardha ...	1·21	6·51	7·64	3·16	1·69	7·09	·99	28·29	37·45	40·12
Nagpur ...	·05	3 76	18·22	4·65	4·69	10·61	·71	42·69	47·07	47·81
Chanda ...	1·86	10·19	23·92	10·45	4·68	2·27	·13	53·50	63·62	56·44
Bhandara ...	·40	4·70	25·83	4·81	7·57	3·96	·21	47·48	54·71	54·91
Balaghat ...	·19	8·16	19·18	9·02	2·31	4·47	1·05	44·38	76·48	68·41
Raipur ...	1·99	3·65	10·34	3·94	7·53	10·55	1·02	39·02	67 38	58·16
Bilaspur ...	·13	2·40	9 94	5·13	4·06	4·88	2·67	29·21	49·68	43·34
Sambalpur ...	1·83	9·14	18·95	12·00	9·74	3·88	1·38	56·92	66·83	61·06

Northern districts.

5. In the Northern and Nerbudda valley Districts, the distribution of the rain-fall was fairly favourable in July, but in the latter part of August and September there was a long break which affected all the kharif crops more or less unfavourably, though cotton escaped heavy damage in some districts. Rain in October would have been more beneficial to the rabi sowings had it been less heavy; but, as it was, a large proportion of the early sowings were damaged, and the land had to be resown. Prospects, however, continued favourable until January, when rain and cloudy weather proved injurious to wheat and fatal to the linseed crop, and this was followed by an unusually severe frost in the Nerbudda Valley which killed large areas of pulse (tur and masur), and in Damoh by a very severe hailstorm. The outturn of wheat, however, though below the average, was not very small, but linseed yielded scarcely anything.

Prices which were rather high at the close of the preceding year maintained their level on the whole, and this is to be partly attributed to the generally short yield, for the export trade was not as large as during the preceding year for this part of the Provinces.

Southern districts.

6 In the Southern Districts the conditions did not greatly differ from those above recorded. Rain fell early, and in Chanda heavily, but there was a long break in July, and but little rain fell in August and September. The distribution was favourable to cotton and juari, the staple crops of the Nagpur and Wardha districts, but highly unfavourable to rice which occupies large areas in Chanda, Bhandara and Balaghat. Some anxiety was felt for juari in September, but timely rain in October placed it out of danger, and there was generally a good average crop both of this grain and of cotton. Prices too maintained their level, and the year was on the whole a good one for the cultivators of Wardha and Nagpur. The October rains were an excellent preparation for the rabi sowings. Wheat did well and produced but little under an average crop. Linseed, however, as in the Northern part of the Provinces, was greatly damaged by cloudy weather in the cold weather months.

7. In Chhattisgarh the season was disastrous for the principal crop, rice. Very little rain fell in June and the first part of July, and some showers in the latter part of July were followed by a long break in August. The rice crop on the high lying lands had by this time failed utterly, but rain in the middle of September to some extent revived the crop in the low lands and replenished the tanks. The result was, however, that the prices of rice were very high and there was a good deal of distress among the poorer classes, and relief works were started in places. A better than average rabi crop did something to compensate the Raipur and Bilaspur districts for the failure of rice. In Bilaspur there was an excellent wheat harvest, and there was a considerable export of wheat from this district and from Raipur. Linseed also did not suffer as much in Bilaspur as in other parts of the Provinces.

Prices.

8. The following Statement compares in detail the prices of wheat, gram, juari and common rice with those for the previous year for the months of June, December and March. It will be seen that, generally speaking, prices ruled higher than during the previous year, and maintained their level throughout the year.

District.	Year.	June.								December.								March.							
		Wheat.		Gram.		Juari.		Common rice.		Wheat.		Gram.		Juari.		Common rice.		Wheat.		Gram.		Juari.		Common rice.	
		s.	c.	s.	c.	s.	c.	s.	c.	s.	c.	s.	c.	s.	c.	s.	c.	s.	c.	s.	c.	s.	c.	s.	c.
Saugor	1885-86...	25	4	30	3	...		13	8	20	0	24	14	29	0	13	0	19	6	27	2	...		...	
	1886-87...	21	0	28	3	...		10	7	18	0	24	11	...		9	15	20	11	28	10	...		10	4
Damoh	1885-86 ..	29	0	40	0	...		17	12	24	0	35	11	36	0	15	0	20	0	32	0	...		13	5
	1886-87...	21	5	32	0	...		13	5	18	13	24	0	...		11	7	20	0	30	0	...		10	11
Jabalpur	1885-86...	20	8	31	0	21	0	14	8	18	0	27	0	26	0	15	0	17	8	25	0	18	8	14	0
	1886-87...	17	8	24	0	...		12	0	15	0	23	0	24	0	15	0	15	8	22	0	19	8	14	0
Mandla	1885-86 ..	25	0	35	0	...		18	0	20	0	29	0	...		18	0	20	0	27	8	...		16	0
	1886-87...	22	13	35	0	...		16	0	17	13	27	13	...		16	0	20	0	30	0	...		13	0
Seoni	1885-86...	24	14	26	5	...		17	14	20	0	18	10	...		16	8	22	6	24	14	...		15	8
	1886-87..	22	6	24	14	...		13	9	17	15	22	6	...		13	9	18	11	23	9	...		12	13
Narsinghpur	1885-86...	20	4	30	12	...		14	5	19	1	28	2	29	14	13	4	18	8	24	2	...		11	15
	1886-87..	17	0	24	2	..		11	9	17	3	23	5	26	3	10	8	16	6	24	2	...		10	8
Hoshangabad	1885-86...	19	0	28	0	...		10	13	17	8	26	2	23	4	10	13	16	10	28	8	...		10	10
	1886-87...	14	0	24	0	...		9	8	16	0	19	0	21	0	9	0	16	0	22	0	...		9	0
Nimar	1885-86...	18	4	20	2	24	12	13	1	17	10	19	8	27	8	11	6	19	6	21	15	27	8	12	8
	1886-87...	17	10	18	9	27	9	10	15	14	4	17	4	27	9	11	7	16	0	20	2	27	9	12	10
Betul	1885-86..	23	0	23	0	28	0	12	0	16	12	20	0	20	0	12	8	15	12	22	0	22	8	12	8
	1886-87 ..	18	9	22	0	18	13	11	4	16	12	16	2	20	4	9	10	16	12	24	0	20	3	10	11
Chhindwara	1885-86...	20	0	26	4	26	0	13	12	17	10	19	0	24	0	13	5	16	14	21	12	20	1	11	8
	1886-87..	16	14	21	11	20	9	11	7	15	3	21	11	24	0	10	0	16	14	21	11	20	9	8	0
Wardha	1885-86...	21	5	20	0	...		12	5	20	6	16	0	26	6	13	5	20	0	20	0	26	10	13	5
	1886-87...	20	0	16	0	26	11	11	7	19	3	14	12	24	0	12	0	17	7	16	0	24	0	10	11
Nagpur	1885-86 .	20	15	22	8	23	12	15	0	21	14	16	4	26	4	15	0	20	10	20	10	27	8	15	0
	1886-87..	17	8	18	12	21	4	13	2	19	11	19	11	24	6	13	2	17	8	19	11	22	13	12	3
Chanda	1885-86...	22	0	23	0	23	0	16	0	17	0	15	0	23	0	15	0	20	10	21	5	22	13	13	8
	1886-87...	17	8	17	10	19	6	14	3	18	0	14	13	23	0	12	13	18	8	18	8	23	10	11	13
Bhandara	1885-86...	22	4	23	12	...		11	4	20	0	18	12	...		16	4	21	4	25	0	...		16	4
	1886-87...	17	8	18	12	...		13	12	17	8	18	12	...		15	0	16	4	20	0	...		14	4
Balaghat	1885-86...	27	8	28	3	..		22	15	23	10	21	10	...		22	15	23	10	25	3	...		20	6
	1886-87...	21	0	24	0	...		20	6	17	1	16	13	...		19	2	18	6	22	13	...		15	5
Raipur	1885-86..	30	0	19	6	...		20	12	31	2	16	4	...		23	6	30	8	21	8	...		24	5
	1886-87...	29	8	21	15	...		23	0	21	8	24	12	...		18	8	24	0	24	0	...		18	8
Bilaspur	1885-86...	39	14	29	5	...		31	0	39	15	20	0	...		29	4	35	8	29	5	...		31	8
	1886-87...	39	15	33	8	...		31	8	24	6	25	2	...		18	0	28	13	33	8	...		21	6
Sambalpur	1885-86...	28	0	16	0	...		26	4	28	0	15	12	...		22	12	19	4	15	0	...		22	12
	1886-87...	26	4	17	4	...		22	12	16	10	17	4	...		26	4	20	2	17	4	...		20	2

3.—*Horticulture.*

District gardens.

9. Gardens were maintained from Provincial Funds at the Head-quarters of 14 districts. The management of these gardens, which was more economical in 1885-86 than in the previous year, has resulted in a further reduction of expenditure, as is shown by the following figures:—

	Expenditure. Rs.	Receipts. Rs.	Net cost. Rs.
1885-86 ...	10,354	6,138	4,216
1886-87 ...	9,796	6,404	3,392

The net cost to Government of their maintenance is now very small. The distribution of trees and plants from the gardens was somewhat larger and was more general than in 1885-86. Nearly 6,500 trees and plants were distributed gratis, and 1,350 on payment.

Maharaj Bagh.

10. The Pachmarhi garden and the Maharaj Bagh at Nagpur are under the direct control of the Agricultural Department. Upwards of 2,300 fruit trees were distributed from the latter, the menagerie was extended, and its popularity as a place of resort among the residents of the City and neighbourhood continues steadily to increase.

Nagpur Experimental Farm.

11. The character of the season was on the whole favourable for all crops on the Experimental Farm, except linseed, though the total rain-fall of the year was considerably below the average.

Crops.

The only variety of cotton grown on the Farm was Upland Georgian, which again yielded a fair crop, and seed was again distributed among cultivators in the Wardha district where it seems to be appreciated. The cultivation of sorgho confirmed the results of previous trials, which show it to be on the whole inferior to jawar as a green fodder crop. The result of the wheat cultivation tended to confirm the opinion that the soil and climate of Nagpur are not suited to the growth of soft wheats, and of the varieties grown the one which yielded the largest individual outturn was the hard white wheat which is most largely grown in the district.

Experiments.

12. Experiments made for the purpose of testing the value of field embanking and of "green soiling" gave inconclusive results, and the year was also an unfortunate one for the experiments made with Ville's combinations of artificial manures. Two out of three silage experiments made with juar and maize gave very satisfactory results. Excellent sugar and treacle were made by means of Cook's Evaporator from cane grown on the farm. But though the treacle sold in the bazar at very high rates, there was no demand for the sugar crystals, which the people are not accustomed to use. A new three-row seed drill was tried but proved too light for black soil except in the case of seeds which can stand shallow sowing. With this exception no new implement was tried during the year, but those which have been mentioned in previous reports have continued to give satisfactory results.

13. Agencies for the sale of improved implements have been opened in four districts by a Parsee firm of Nagpur.

14. The expenditure and receipts on account of the Farm during the year were respectively Rs. 7,987 and Rs. 1,246, the net cost to Government being Rs. 6,741.

4.—*Forests.*

15. The changes in the areas under the Forest Department during the year were:— Areas.

Forests.	Area in square miles.		
	On 1st April 1886.	Added.	On 31st March 1887.
1st Class Reserves	3,505	...	3,505
2nd Class Reserves	15,929	521	16,450
Unclassed State Forests	404	...	404
Total ...	19,838	521	20,359

The addition to the 2nd Class Reserves is nominal, being due to the correction of discrepancies in the area of the Mandla and Bilaspur Forests. It is to be regretted that it has again to be recorded that the area of the 1st Class Reserves has not been increased; but work was done during the year which has led to the transfer of some part of the 2nd Class Forests in several districts to the 1st Class since the close of the year; and work in other districts is in progress. Since the close of the year, it has been determined to abolish the distinction between 1st and 2nd Class Reserves and to place all the forests in each district under the Deputy Commissioner with the District Forest officer as his Assistant. But it will be impossible to give full effect to this measure until the Forest Controlling Staff is increased. Proposals for the necessary increase are now under consideration; and it is hoped that the measure may soon be carried out. In consequence of this decision the question of transferring forests from the 2nd to the 1st Class has lost much of its significance. The distinction between forests requiring specially strict conservancy (henceforward to be called "Class A,") and those requiring less ("Class B") will be maintained; but the two Classes will no longer be managed by different Departments of the Administration.

16. The maintenance of boundaries in the 1st Class Reserves has received careful attention. Inclusive of Rs. 109-13-0 spent on the erection of 527 additional boundary marks, 2,172 miles of artificial boundary and 20,083 boundary marks have been maintained at a cost of Rs. 883-7-10. In the demarcation of the 2nd Class Reserves good progress has been secured, and it is now necessary to establish a system of record to secure the upkeep of the demarcation of these forests. Boundaries.

17. The Government of India has intimated its willingness to sanction a special officer for the charge of a working Plans Division and another for Surveys. This will enable the department to undertake these important branches of work, which have hitherto been neglected owing to the impossibility of setting apart special officers to superintend them. The increase of Controlling Staff already referred to, (and the increase in the permanent Conservancy Establish- Increase of establishments.

ment already sanctioned by the Government of India, will also tend to make the work of the department more efficient. The increase of Office Establishment is under consideration.

Breaches of Forest Law.

18. The number of cases reported under the Forest Law, and the manner in which they were dealt with, are given below for two years :—

Year.	Pending from previous year.	New cases.	Total.	Not detected.	Balance for disposal.	Prosecuted.	Compounded.	Dismissed as trivial.	Pending.
1885-86	493	9,358	9,851	224	9,627	399	8,444	345	439
1886-87	*441	7,312	7,753	37	7,716	424	6,264	264	764

* So given in this year's table, not 439.

Thus there was again a large decrease in the number of new cases reported and a slight increase in the number of cases prosecuted. The results of the prosecutions were as follows :—

Year.	Prosecutions.		Convictions.		Acquittals.		Pending.	
	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.	Cases.	Persons.
1885-86	399	1,441	328	1,168	69	265	2	8
1886-87	424	1,115	333	837	87	259	4	19

The proportion of convictions to prosecutions has fallen, a result due mainly to injudicious prosecutions in the Betul district. The matter is under the consideration of the Chief Commissioner.

Fire protection.

19. The past has been the worst season known for many years for forest fires which raged with unusual fierceness unchecked by such ordinary circumstances as casual showers of rain to extinguish the fire or break the connection between the areas alight and the rest of the forest. Under these circumstances it could hardly be hoped that any large measure of success would be secured by attempts at general protection without special arrangements and expenditure; still the returns sent in indicate that a large area of forest has escaped being burnt. The following table shows the results of special fire protection :—

Year.	Area in square miles.			Cost.
	Attempted.	Failure.	Protected.	
				Rs.
1885-86	1,434	70	1,364	17,521
1886-87	1,555	115	1,440	19,034
Increase	121	45	76	1,513

These figures are not unsatisfactory. The extension of fire protection by 121 square miles is in accordance with the wishes of the Government of India. The success which has attended the efforts at fire protection has been considerable, only seven per cent of the area attempted having been reported as failure. 88·5 square miles of this area were burnt by three large fires in the Kalibhit (Nimar), Moharli (Chanda) and East Pench (Seoni) Reserves. It was however recorded, on an inspection of the last named area, that the fact of fire passing through this forest had no appreciable effect on the forest growth. Saplings and seedlings were not injured and no harm appears to have been done even to the foliage which was then starting. There can be no doubt that the small amount of injury done in this case is due to the decrease in the amount of inflammable matter resulting from continued fire protection.

20. The following Statement shows the stock which grazed in the Government Forests for the last two years :— Grazing.

Year.	Buffaloes.	Cows and bullocks.	Sheep and goats.
1885-86	406,320	2,390,788	479,697
1886-87	359,011	2,402,932	494,422
Difference	—47,309	+12,144	+14,725

The decrease in the number of buffaloes grazed is attributed in great measure to deficient harvests; the increase in cows and bullocks is not proportionately equal to the normal annual increase of stock. The character of the seasons and the fact that Berar now affords greater facilities for grazing than formerly are the main reasons assigned for these less favourable results.

21. The total yield of the forests is not as yet completely recorded. There are two causes which affect the forest revenue of this Province very unfavourably and which are likely to remain in operation for some time to come. The first of these is the great impulse which has been given to the reckless felling of timber in Zamindari and Malguzari forests. This has been due to two causes, viz. (1) the construction of the Bengal-Nagpur Railway has brought into the tracts through which the line will pass a number of contractors who have induced the zamindars to lease their forests on terms which, though much higher than they could formerly have got, are ruinously low compared with the value of the produce removed; (2) the Settlement operations have had a similar effect, the malguzars having a vague idea that they must seize their present opportunity of making all they can out of their forests. The Chief Commissioner has taken measures to explain their true position to the malguzars, and also to enforce the clauses in the Wajib-ul-arz regarding forest matters. But the facts which have come to light seem to call for a more effectual remedy than any which the law at present allows. This subject has the Chief Commissioner's anxious attention. Produce removed.

22. Another cause of ineffective forest work is the lamentable weakness of the Forest Establishments. This weakness checks efforts in all directions. The Government of India has sanctioned some considerable increase in establishment and more will probably have to be asked for; but it will take some time to bring the Establishment up to the required strength, and until this is done marked improvement will be impossible.

Financial results.

23. The following is a comparative Statement of the receipts and charges for the last two years:—

Year.	Receipts.	Charges.	Surplus.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1885-86	10,36,893	4,45,433	5,91,460
1886-87	9,57,410	4,99,292	4,58,118

This decrease in revenue is at present the subject of correspondence with the Government of India.

5.—Mines and Quarries.

Warora Colliery.

24. The total earnings of the Warora Colliery during the year 1886 amounted to Rs. 4,61,371 and the expenses Rs. 3,46,175, the net profits of the year being Rs. 1,15,196, which is equal to 10·65 per cent on the capital expended on the Colliery to the end of 1886, Rs. 10,81,533.

Raisings.

25. The quantity of coal raised during the year ending 31st March 1887 was 1,12,305* tons, which is considerably more than the previous year (96,257). The increase in the output is chiefly due to a large demand from the Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company, who during the year took 9,736 tons more than in 1885-86. The sales to the public also increased during the year.

* This gives an average output of 9,358 tons per month.

Fires.

26. The fire in the mines which appeared in 1881 is still giving trouble and has been a source of anxiety and expense to all connected with the mines. During the year a new place, *viz.* in the South-East Broad, gave signs of approaching combustion, but was at once stopped off to prevent its doing any further mischief.

Works.

27. The sinking of No. 6 Pit which was started last year was taken down to No. 3 seam and completed. The waddle ventilating fan has been fitted over it at the surface and is now satisfactorily at work; the roof of the building still remains to be done and is in progress; there is a marked improvement in the ventilation of the mine since the fan was started. The Attock Engine at No. 3 Pit has been fitted up and the south set of pumps are now at work; arrangements to fit up the north set of pumps are also on hand, and it is hoped will be completed shortly.

Maintenance.

28. The Colliery was worked throughout the year uninterruptedly. The cost of maintenance of shafts and workings during the calendar year 1886 was Rs. 19,691, the greater part of which is due to the fires in the mines.

Cost of coal.

29. The cost of raising 1,12,305 tons of coal during 1886-87 was about Rs. 2,87,300, giving a rate of Rs. 2-8-11 per ton as against Rs. 3-2-5 of the previous year. Nos. 2 and 3 shafts having now been sunk to the No. 2 seam of coal, there is no immediate necessity for sinking other shafts, as the area of coal which can be won without much further outlay beyond dip pumps and hauling gear is much increased.

Umaria Colliery.

30. The total earnings of the Umaria Colliery during the year 1886 amounted to Rs. 45,051, and the working expenses Rs. 1,06,360, thus resulting in a net deficit of Rs. 61,309. The output during the year was 7,721 tons. The cost per ton Rs. 5-8 is excessive, due to the small output, and until the demands necessitate an output of 5,000 or 6,000 tons per month, it is likely to remain so.

Several experimental trials were made during the year with this coal both on the Nagpur and Chhattisgarh and Wardha Coal State Railways. The greatest publicity is being given to the fact of this coal being in the market. The rates quoted will compare favourably with those for other coal, and it is hoped that this will lead to an increased demand, which is the chief requirement of the Colliery.

The management is temporarily in the hands of Mr. G. B. Reynolds. A certificated Mining Engineer, Mr. J. P. Hamilton, was appointed by the India Office and arrived at Umaria in March last.

6.—*Manufactures.*

Cotton Mills.

31. The position and working of the three Cotton Mills in the Provinces are shown in the following Statement :—

Place of working.	Date of establishment.	Proprietor. Limited Company or private.	Nominal capital.	Nominal Horse-power of Engines.	Number of Looms.	Number of Spindles.	Amount of cotton worked up during the year.	Description of goods.	Average daily number of hands employed in each mill. Men.	Women.	Young persons.	Children.	Total.
			Rs.				Cwt.						
Nagpur .. (The Empress Mills.)	1st Jan. 1877.	Joint Stock Company Limited.	18,75,000	160	433	37,416	53,892	Cotton twist and piece goods.	1,157	442	741	...	2,340
Hinganghat ... (Wardha District.)	20th Mar. 1882.	Ditto	3,50,000	60	...	15,000	15,000	Yarn.	223	98	183	97	601
Jabalpur .. (The Gokaldass Balabdass Mills.)	1885.	Ditto	8,00,000	*	100	10,800	6,620	Yarn, cloth or piece goods Ganouty (coarse cloth).	199	80	19	10	308

* No information available.

The capital invested in the Nagpur Empress Mills has been increased, and the number of looms and spindles, and with them the number of hands employed and the outturn of work have risen. The operations of the Hinganghat Mills have also been extended, and the Jubbulpore Mills which are only about two years old worked up a fair quantity of cotton. These three mills employ upwards of 3,200 hands.

The three Cotton Presses in the Wardha district turned out 27,000 bales of cotton.

7.—*Trade.*

System of registration.

32. The system of Trade registration was the same as that reported in previous years. Its main feature is that it shows the traffic transacted by groups or blocks of Railway Stations in the Central Provinces, with other Provinces, with the Port of Bombay, and with each other. For the purpose of calculating values the various articles of commerce have, as has been previously reported, been thrown into three groups, comprising respectively classes of articles, such as cotton piece-goods, which differ among themselves very widely in value, for which arbitrary value rates have been fixed, agreeing fairly closely with the corresponding rates used in other Provinces; classes of articles such as those under the heading iron, which differ less widely in value among themselves, for which value rates have been based on the average of actual transactions in the Nagpur market; and classes of articles such as wheat which are tolerably homogeneous in value, for which value rates are calculated on monthly lists of prices current received from the most important markets in the Provinces.

Imports and Exports.

33. The principal commodities which are imported into the Provinces are coal, cotton goods, metals, salt, sugar, tobacco, provisions, railway plant and spices, and the import of kerosine oil is fast rising in importance. The chief export commodities are coal, raw cotton, wheat, rice, and other grains, oilseeds, hides, ghi, myrobolams, and stick lac.

34. The imports and exports and total traffic of the Provinces are thus compared with those of last year.

	Weight.		Value.	
	1885-86.	1886-87.	1885-86.	1886-87.
Imports ...	45,28,093	47,72,707	3,64,66,040	3,53,00,882
Exports ...	1,53,79,825	1,45,24,722	4,08,32,611	4,15,27,101
Total ...	1,99,07,918	1,92,97,429	7,72,98,651	7,68,27,983

The total traffic was thus 3 per cent in weight and 1 per cent in value less than that of last year, which was considerably less than that of 1884-85; this last was, however, much larger than that of the previous year, and the result may be regarded as on the whole not unsatisfactory.

35. The decrease in weight is mainly due to a falling off in the exports of rice and linseed owing to a very unfavourable season. Increase in the exports of cotton, wheat, and tilseed more than counterbalanced the decrease as regards value, but failed to altogether compensate for the loss in weight.

36. The imports on the other hand increased in weight owing to an expansion of the salt trade, but declined in value, mainly owing to a falling off in the import of cotton goods, one of the most valuable items in the import traffic. This last result is partly attributable to the increased output of cotton goods from the Empress Mills, Nagpur.

8.—*Public Works.*

37. The total expenditure incurred during the year under the heads of Public Works (excluding Railways) amounted to Rs. 15,61,348 as shown below:— Total outlay.

		Rs.
Imperial Military Ordinary	...	1,44,299
Do. Civil Works	...	21,069
Provincial	...	13,84,543
Contribution Works	...	7,055
Incorporated Local Funds	...	4,382

38. Under the head of Imperial Military, the only large works undertaken were the following:— Imperial.

(i) Remodelling the British Infantry Canteen at Kamptee. This work which was commenced late last year was completed during the year at a cost of Rs. 22,297 against an estimate of Rs. 21,727. It was handed over to the Military authorities in March last and is now in occupation by the Middlesex Regiment.

(ii) Remodelling the Sitabaldi Hill Fort. This work was finally completed and handed over to the Military authorities during the year. The cost at final completion was Rs. 2,09,662 against an estimate of Rs. 2,15,309.

(iii) Water supply for the above. This work was also completed during the year. The pump house over the well and the reservoir on the main Fort were finished, supply pipes laid and the stagings for the pumps in the well constructed. Total cost Rs. 17,961 against an estimate of Rs. 20,956.

The whole of the expenditure under Imperial Civil Works was for Minor Works costing Rs. 2,500 and under each, and amounted to Rs. 7,725.

39. The expenditure under Provincial Civil Buildings was Rs. 1,25,800, compared with Rs. 99,976 for 1885-86. The principal works undertaken were as follows:— Provincial Civil Buildings.

(i) Constructing a Tahsili at Nagpur. The estimate for this work was sanctioned in July last and it was practically completed by the end of the official year. The approach road and culvert and entrance gates alone remained incomplete.

(ii) Constructing a Settlement office at Sambalpur. This building was constructed by the Settlement officer. It was completed during the year. Funds were provided from the Public Works Budget.

(iii) Constructing a combined Divisional and District Court house at Jubbulpore. The foundations for this building were completed, also the plinth masonry and a good portion of the superstructure of the lower story. The design for the building was prepared by Mr. Irwin, Superintendent of Works, Simla Imperial Circle, who

also prepared the estimate which was provisionally sanctioned for Rs. 2,28,505. The revision of this estimate is now under consideration and it is anticipated that the cost will be reduced. During the year Rs. 34,801 were expended.

(iv) Reroofing the main Hospital wards Nos. 1, 2, and 3 Central Jail at Jubbulpore. This work which remained incomplete last year was finished at a cost of Rs. 9,137.

Communications.

40. The outlay on Communications amounted to Rs. 3,72,816. The principal roads on which work was done are:—

	Rs.
(i) Jubbulpore and Mandla road, length 60½ miles ..	14,758
(ii) Saugor and Jubbulpore road *via* Damoh, length 114 miles	21,180
(iii) Saugor and Kareli road, length 75 miles ...	5,794
(iv) Saugor and Jhansi road, length 42 miles in the Central Provinces	5,569
(v) Piparia-Pachmari road, length 32 miles ...	6,616
(vi) Tumsar-Katangi road, length 32 miles ...	70,665
(vii) North West road from Itarsi *via* Betul and Saoner to Nagpur, length 168 miles	42,661
(viii) Raipur and Sambalpur road, length 165 miles ...	64,135
(ix) Seoni-Chhindwara road, 43½ miles ...	55,496
(x) Raipur-Dhamtari road with branch road to Raipur, length 38½ miles	48,475

Besides the above there are several new roads for which projects are complete and others which have been surveyed. No work has been done on them for want of funds.

The expenditure on repairs to roads throughout the Provinces amounted to Rs. 4,82,873 against Rs. 4,06,116 in the preceding year.

41. Under the head Contribution Works the principal expenditure incurred was in maintenance of the Jubbulpore Water-works.

9.—State Railways.

42. The lines under the control of this Administration during 1886-87 were:—

The Wardha Coal State Railway, broad gauge, length 45 miles.

The Nagpur and Chhattisgarh State Railway, narrow gauge, length 149½ miles.

The Bilaspur Etawah State Railway, broad gauge, Section Katni to Umaria, length 37 miles.

The entire length of all three lines was open for traffic during current year and was worked without any accidents of a serious nature.

Earnings.

43. The earnings of the lines are shown below :—

Line.	Gross Earnings.	Expenditure.	Net profit.	Percentage on Capital outlay.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Wardha Coal State Railway ...	7,52,135	6,00,719	1,51,416	2·07
Nagpur and Chhattisgarh State Railway ...	13,18,582	8,02,589	5,15,993	4·26
Bilaspur Etawa State Railway ...	68,579	81,144	—12,565	+0·11

The increased earnings on the Wardha Coal State Railway are due to the increased quantity of Coal sold.

There is no important variation in the earnings on the Nagpur and Chhattisgarh State Railway. It may however be said that had it not been for the partial failure of the rice crop in the Bhandara, Balaghat and Chhattisgarh districts, the earnings of the line would probably have been much more than they have actually been.

Passenger traffic.

44. The number of third and fourth class passengers carried by each line during the years 1885 and 1886 is given below :—

	1885.	Total.	1886.	Total.
		Rs.		Rs.
W. C. S. Railway ...	3rd Class 1,338 4th do. 1,18,294	1,19,632	3rd Class 1,241½ 4th Class 1,24,127½	1,25,369
Nagpur and Chhattisgarh State Railway...	3rd do. 12,676 4th do. 7,29,522	7,42,198	Intermediate Class 7,040 3rd Class 7,73,601	7,80,641
B. E. S. Railway	.....	.....	Intermediate Class 176 3rd Class 4,190	.....

CHAPTER V.—REVENUE AND FINANCE.

Accounts.

1. The following is an abstract of the Accounts of the Administration of the Central Provinces for the year 1886-87 :—

	Receipts.	Expenditure.
	Rs.	Rs.
Cash Balance on 1st April 1886 ...	58,83,429	...
Revenue and Service Heads.		
Imperial Revenue and Expenditure	75,53,902	2,62,760
Provincial Revenue and Expenditure	44,52,367	47,13,669
Local Revenue and Expenditure	5,11,394	5,55,393
Debt and Remittance Heads.		
Excluded Local Funds—Revenue and Expenditure ..	1,48,954	1,36,852
Government Stock Notes	1,150	300
Savings Bank Deposits	31	2,79,536
Civil Deposits	31,68,588	31,36,078
Municipal Funds	9,27,595	9,45,829
Miscellaneous Debt Accounts	35,59,508	35,90,212
Accounts with Native States	9,592	10,967
Departmental Accounts	1,269	1,265
Loans to Municipalities—Native States ...	10,948	...
Cash Remittances and Adjustments	80,30,991	80,30,389
Remittances by Bills—Local and Foreign ...	21,92,792	21,53,040
Foreign Remittances	3,65,000	41,78,735
Bills and Miscellaneous to and from other Governments ...	16,52,560	14,63,884
Post Office Department	36,96,481	4,81,757
Telegraph Department	30,899	97,037
Account Current between Civil and Marine ...	...	750
Military Department	1,60,363	34,36,385
Public Works Department—(including State Railways) ...	23,43,067	57,71,223
Remittance Account between England and India ...	404	...
Cash Balance on 31st March 1887 ...	...	54,55,223
Total ...	4,47,01,284	4,47,01,284

Total Revenue and Expenditure.

2. The total revenue of the year from all sources, including the receipts from Provincial State Railways, amounted to Rs. 1,59,06,898. The total expenditure of the year, including charges on account of Provincial State Railways and Public Works, amounted to Rs. 97,46,528. These figures show a surplus of revenue over expenditure amounting to Rs. 61,60,370. The expenditure as given above, is however, exclusive of the charges incurred during 1886-87, on account of Revenue Surveys as the amount of these charges has not yet been communicated by the Comptroller General. In 1885-86, the charges on this account amounted to Rs. 1,11,845.

Distribution between Imperial, Provincial and Local.

3. The arrangements made with the Government of India in 1882 for the administration of the Provincial Services remained in force during the year under report, but this was the last year of the Provincial Contract settled in 1882, and new arrangements have been made with effect from the 1st of April last. The following table shows the distribution under the three heads, Imperial, Provincial and Local, of the total Revenue and Expenditure (exclusive of Revenue Survey charges for 1886-87) for each of the years 1885-86 and 1886-87 :—

	Revenue.		*Expenditure.*	
	1885-86.	1886-87.	1885-86.	1886-87.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Imperial ...	64,27,152	82,26,429	10,09,288	9,35,287
Provincial ...	79,93,058	68,34,224	77,62,698	79,16,614
Incorporated Local ...	9,20,143	8,46,245	8,19,094	8,94,627
Total ...	1,53,40,353	1,59,06,898	95,91,080	97,46,528

A detailed review of the revenue and expenditure of the year as compared with the figures for the year 1885-86, is given in the following paragraphs.

A.—Revenue.

Revenue of year.

4. It will be observed that the abstract statement given in paragraph 1 works from the opening cash balance in the Treasuries on April 1st 1886, to the closing balance on March 31st 1887. This statement therefore includes the entire cash transactions of the year, which comprise besides revenue and expenditure, the various banking and remittance transactions shown under the Debt and Remittance Heads of the Accounts. The details of the net Imperial, Provincial and Local Revenue, and of the Expenditure, are contained in the Statistical Tables—A., Finance I. and II., appended to this report, and the Table A. Finance III. shows, in addition to the total net revenue and total expenditure, the total receipts and payments on account of deposits, advances and remittance transactions.

The total revenue of the year 1886-87, amounting to Rs. 1,59,06,898 as shown in paragraph 3, is distributed as follows under the several major heads of the Government Accounts :—

Major head of Revenue.	Imperial Revenue.	Provincial Revenue.	Incorporated Local Funds Revenue.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
I.—Land Revenue	43,86,643	18,70,092	...	62,56,735
II.—Opium	2,14,700	...	...	2,14,700
III.—Salt	6,22,305	...	...	6,22,305
IV.—Stamps	7,34,535	7,34,535	...	14,69,070
V.—Excise	12,87,607	12,87,607	...	25,75,214
VI.—Provincial Rates	...	1,66,640	5,66,368	7,33,008
VIII.—Assessed Taxes	2,67,477	1,16,035	...	3,83,512
IX.—Forest	4,78,705	4,78,705	...	9,57,410
X.—Registration	39,112	39,112	...	78,224
XI.—Tributes	1,46,011	...	...	1,46,011
XII.—Interest	9,314	3,420	175	12,909
XVI.—Law and Justice	...	4,94,195	...	4,94,195
XVII.—Police	...	36,692	1,37,662	1,74,354
XIX.—Education	...	1,38,711	8,220	1,46,931
XX.—Medical	...	3,643	4,441	8,084
XXI.—Scientific and other Minor Departments ...	..	10,465	3,099	13,564
XXII—Receipts in aid of superannuation ...	19,099	8,004	...	27,103
XXIII.—Stationery and Printing ...	19,748	16,380	...	36,128
XXV.—Miscellaneous ...	1,173	33,905	54,094	89,172
XXXII.—Civil Works ...	...	30,024	72,186	1,02,210
Total Civil ...	82,26,429	54,68,165	8,46,245	1,45,40,839
Public Works Department, Revenue, Buildings and Roads ...	...	48,451	...	48,451
State Railways ..	..	13,17,608	...	13,17,608
Grand Total ...	82,26,429	68,34,224	8,46,245	1,59,06,898

I.—Land Revenue.

Land Revenue.

5. The total Land Revenue collected in the year 1886-87 amounted to Rs. 62,56,735, as compared with Rs. 60,59,944 in the year 1885-86. Under the Provincial Contract which terminated on March 31st 1887, 50·7953 per cent. of the Land Revenue was treated as Imperial Revenue and 49·2047 per cent. as Provincial ; but as explained in the Administration Report for 1885-86, the distribution of the revenue between Imperial and Provincial according to these percentages has usually been affected to some extent by adjustments made in the accounts under the orders contained in Government of India, Financial Department, Resolution No. 3520, dated 27th October 1880. The distribution during the past three years has been as follows :—

	1884-85. Rs.	1885-86. Rs.	1886-87. Rs.
Imperial Share ...	31,02,458	31,33,240	43,86,643
Provincial Share ...	29,60,628	29,26,704	18,70,092
Total ...	60,63,086	60,59,944	62,56,735

The variation in the distribution for 1886-87 as compared with the two preceding years, is due to a sum of Rs. 12,00,000 having been transferred in 1886-87 from the Provincial to the Imperial share under orders of the Government of India, as a special contribution from the Provincial balances to the Imperial Revenues.

The increase of Rs. 1,96,791 in the total Land Revenue for 1886-87, as compared with 1885-86, includes Rs. 1,33,481 in the Raipur district and Rs. 59,781 in Bilaspur, and is due partly to arrear collections and partly to enhancement of the revenue consequent on the revision of the Land Settlement in the districts of the Chhattisgarh Division.

II.—Opium.

Opium.

6. The Opium Revenue is wholly Imperial. The amount credited in 1886-87 is Rs. 2,14,700 as compared with Rs. 2,19,329 in 1885-86 and Rs. 2,15,040 in 1884-85. This revenue represents the cost price (fixed at present at Rs. 7-4 per seer) of opium supplied to the Excise Department. The arrangement being that on the sale of the opium the credit for the gross proceeds is divided between Opium and Excise in the proportions of Rs. 7-4 per seer to Opium and the balance as Excise Revenue, no charge being made to the Excise Department for the Opium supplied to it by the Opium Department.

III.—Salt.

Salt.

7. Under arrangements made in 1885-86, Baragora Salt Revenue is received at the treasuries of the Narsinghpur and Jubbulpore districts. The amount received in 1886-87 was Rs. 6,22,305 as against Rs. 3,03,752 in 1885-86. The Revenue is wholly Imperial.

IV.—Stamps.

Stamps.

8. The total revenue under this head in 1886-87 shows an increase of Rs. 98,832, or nearly one lakh, as compared with 1885-86, the figures being, for 1886-87, Rs. 14,69,070 and for 1885-86, Rs. 13,70,238. The revenue was divided equally between Imperial and Provincial under the contract which expired on March 31st 1887, but under the new contract it is to be divided in the proportions of one-fourth to Imperial and three-fourths to Provincial. The details of the collections for the past two years are given below:—

	1885-86.	1886-87.
	Rs.	Rs.
Sale of General Stamps ...	4,19,069	4,26,044
Do. Court Fee Stamps ...	9,44,623	10,36,150
Do. Plain paper ...	2,357	2,364
Duty on impressing documents ...	1,208	615
Fines and Penalties ...	2,921	3,847
Miscellaneous ...	60	50
Total ...	13,70,238	14,69,070

The increase against the head "Sale of General Stamps" amounts to Rs. 6,975, and occurred under the two heads of Document Stamps, the value of which sold was greater by Rs. 7,275, and Receipt Stamps, the value of which sold was greater by Rs. 1,022. The sales of Hundi paper have again declined. Although, as noted above, the total value of Document Stamps sold has considerably increased, yet an examination of the district details shows that in several districts receipts have declined. The increase is due to the Chhattisgarh districts, and especially to Raipur. The cause of the increase here and elsewhere appears to have been, partly at least, the failure of the "kharif" crop, bringing in its train the usual renewal of bonds.

The increase in sales of Receipt Stamps was shared by thirteen districts out of the eighteen, but the largest increase occurred in Hoshangabad and is ascribed by the Deputy Commissioner mainly to the progress of Railway works in connection with the Indian Midland Railway.

The revenue from sale of Court Fee Stamps rose from Rs. 9,44,623 in 1885-86 to Rs. 10,36,150 in 1886-87, being an increase of Rs. 91,527. This increase is shared by all districts except Saugor, where the receipts were slightly less than in the previous year. The increase occurred chiefly in Raipur, Narsinghpur and Nagpur.

V.—Excise.

Excise.

9. The total Excise Revenue in 1886-87 was Rs. 25,75,214 as against Rs. 25,22,892 in 1885-86; increase Rs. 52,322. Under the Provincial Contract ending with the year 1886-87 this Revenue was divided equally between Imperial and Provincial, but under the new contract, the Provincial share is one-fourth only. The details of the collections for the two years 1885-86 and 1886-87 are as follow:—

	1885-86.	1886-87.
	Rs.	Rs.
License and distillery fees and duties on sale of liquor and drugs ...	20,93,239	21,46,265
Gain on sale proceeds of Excise opium...	4,26,713	4,22,544
Fines, confiscations and Miscellaneous...	2,940	6,405
Total ...	25,22,892	25,75,214

The increase, amounting to Rs. 53,026 under "License and distillery fees, &c.," is due to a continued advance in the prices of monopoly of vend of Country spirits and ganja. But while the prices paid for monopolies of vend showed increase, the duty on spirits and ganja, as well as on opium, sold by the monopolists showed decrease, *i. e.*, the consumption of all three classes of stimulants simultaneously declined. In the case of Country spirits the decrease in consumption has been continuous for three years past. There seems no reason to doubt that the main cause of this decrease in consumption has been failure of harvests. This cause has again very seriously affected the sales of the contracts for the current year, and a large decrease in the Revenue is anticipated

in consequence, the total estimated Excise Revenue of the current year being Rs. 23,00,000 only, or 2¾ lakhs less than the Revenue collected in 1886-87. The falling off in the auction bids for 1887-88 has formed the subject of special enquiry, and every branch of Excise Administration is now being thoroughly examined. It is to be hoped that the results may prove financially satisfactory. But the Revenue depends much more upon the chances of the harvests than upon anything that the officers of Government can do.

VI.—Provincial Rates.

Provincial rates.

10. The total Provincial Revenue under this head in 1886-87 was Rs. 1,66,640 as compared with Rs. 1,68,921 for 1885-86. The Local Rates and Cesses amounted to Rs. 5,66,368 as against Rs. 6,27,054 collected in 1885-86. The details are given below :—

	1885-86.	1886-87.
	Rs.	Rs.
Provincial—		
Additional rates on land	... 1,25,984	1,30,111
Education cess	... 3,154	3,220
District Post cess	... 39,783	33,309
Total Provincial	... 1,68,921	1,66,640
Local—		
Road cess (District Fund) ...	... 1,58,210	1,29,952
Education cess (do.) ...	... 1,43,787	1,18,094
Patwari Fund Receipts ...	... 3,25,057	3,18,322
Total Local	... 6,27,054	5,66,368
Grand Total	... 7,95,975	7,33,008

It was explained in the Administration Report for 1885-86 that instalments of the land cesses for Roads, Education, and District Post due in 1886-87 had been collected in 1885-86 in advance in certain districts, that is to say, that in these districts the whole demand had been collected with the first instalment of the land revenue in February 1886 instead of by two instalments, in February and June as hitherto. The decrease in 1886-87 as shown by the figures given above, is therefore nominal, being due to revenue of that year having been credited in the accounts for 1885-86.

VIII.—Assessed Taxes.

Assessed taxes.

11. The total amount credited under this head in 1886-87 was Rs. 3,83,512, namely, Income Tax Rs. 3,07,713 and License Tax (Pandhri) Rs. 75,799. In 1885-86 the Pandhri Tax yielded Rs. 2,32,071 and there was no Income Tax. The revenue in 1885-86 was divided equally between Imperial and Provincial,

and, under orders of the Government of India, the same amount has been credited to Provincial Revenues in 1886-87 as in 1885-86, that is, Rs. 1,16,035 or half of Rs. 2,32,071. The remainder of the Revenue realized in 1886-87 has been credited to Imperial. The total revenue realized is almost exactly equal to the estimate framed in February 1886, the total of the estimate being Rs. 3,84,000 and the actual collections Rs. 3,83,512.

IX.—Forests.

Forests.

12. The revenue derived from Forests has declined from Rs. 10,36,894 in 1885-86 to Rs. 9,57,410 in 1886-87. The figures are classified as follows in the Accounts:—

	1885-86.	1886-87.
	Rs.	Rs.
Timber and other produce removed from the forests by Government Agency ...	1,33,925	85,024
Timber and other produce removed from the forests by consumers or purchasers...	8,69,331	8,40,178
Confiscated, drift and waif wood ...	3,676	3,563
Revenue from forests not managed by Government ...	10,361	11,444
Miscellaneous	19,601	17,201
Total ...	10,36,894	9,57,410

The revenue is divided equally between Imperial and Provincial. The decrease in 1886-87 is attributed chiefly to private forests having been generally much more extensively worked, to the fact that in part of the Nagpur forests it was found necessary to place further restrictions on fellings as a preliminary measure to the introduction of systematic working, and to a diminution in the demand on Government forests for grass owing to the distribution of the rain-fall having caused a greater production of grass outside the forests. It should be mentioned, however, that the revenue credited in 1885-86 includes upwards of Rs. 28,000 outstanding from previous years, and also about Rs. 6,000 advance collections on account of 1886-87.

X.—Registration.

Registration.

13. The following is a statement of the Revenue credited under this head in the two years 1885-86 and 1886-87:—

	1885-86.	1886-87.
	Rs.	Rs.
Fees for registering documents ...	40,588	43,475
Fees for copies of registered documents ...	20,593	22,818
Miscellaneous	11,348	11,931
Total ...	72,529	78,224

The increase amounts to Rs. 5,695 and is due to a continued expansion of Registration business. The expenditure fell from Rs. 40,574 in 1885-86 to Rs. 40,396 in 1886-87, so that the net receipts were Rs. 37,828 as compared with Rs. 31,955 in 1885-86, showing an increase of Rs. 5,873. The gross revenue is divided equally between Imperial and Provincial.

XI.—Tributes.

Tributes.

14. The amount credited under this head in 1886-87 was Rs. 1,46,011 as compared with Rs. 1,28,866 in 1885-86. The fixed annual demand is Rs. 1,36,000. A portion of the amount due for 1885-86 remained unpaid at the close of the year and was realized in the year 1886-87. The receipts are wholly reserved as Imperial Revenue.

XII.—Interest.

Interest.

15. The details of the amounts credited under this head are as follow :—

	1885-86.	1886-87.
	Rs.	Rs.
Imperial—		
Interest on loans to Municipalities and other public bodies	4,831	3,441
Interest on Advances and Loans to Native States or private persons... ...	5,764	5,873
Total Imperial ...	10,595	9,314
Provincial—		
Interest on Government Securities ...	2,362	3,420
Local—		
Interest on Government Securities ...	32	175
Grand Total ...	12,989	12,909

The amount credited to Provincial Revenue is on account of interest on the endowment of the Government College at Jubbulpore.

XVI.—Law and Justice.

Law and Justice.

16. The revenue credited under this head comprises—

(1), the receipts of Courts of Law, and

(2), the receipts of Jails.

Since April 1st, 1887, a separate major head has been opened for each of these two classes of receipts, and "Jails" has ceased to be a minor head under

"Law and Justice." The whole revenue is Provincial, and the following are the figures for the past two years:—

	1885-86. Rs.	1886-87. Rs.
Courts of Law—		
Sale proceeds of unclaimed and escheated property	16,266	22,386
Court fees realised in cash	5,247	3,655
General fees, fines and forfeitures ...	1,02,829	96,963
Pleadership Examination fees	208	288
Miscellaneous fees and fines	865	1,389
Miscellaneous	3,429	3,026
Total Courts of Law ...	1,28,844	1,27,707
Jails—		
Jail manufactures	2,10,469	2,28,485
School of Industry do.	1,10,186	1,36,731
Miscellaneous	826	1,272
Total Jails ...	3,21,481	3,66,488
Total Law and Justice ...	4,50,325	4,94,195

The receipts from sale of unclaimed and escheated property show an increase of Rs. 6,120, but the amount credited in 1885-86 was considerably below the average of the three previous years. On the other hand, the receipts under the head "General fees, fines and forfeitures" in the year 1885-86 exceeded the average of the three previous years by about Rs. 3,000, and were more than Rs. 12,000 in excess of the receipts in 1884-85. The decline of Rs. 5,866 under this head in 1886-87, as compared with 1885-86 may therefore be attributed to the receipts in the latter year being somewhat larger than usual.

Jails.

The total receipts of Jails rose from Rs. 3,21,481 in 1885-86 to Rs. 3,66,488 in 1886-87, showing an increase of Rs. 45,007, which is almost entirely on account of manufactures. The expenditure, however, increased in a greater proportion, and the net receipts on account of Jail manufactures, are consequently considerably less than in 1885-86. This will be apparent from the following table contrasting the receipts and expenditure for the past four years:—

	1883-84. Rs.	1884-85. Rs.	1885-86. Rs.	1886-87. Rs.
Jail manufactures—				
Receipts ...	2,20,154	1,93,905	2,10,469	2,28,485
Expenditure ...	1,68,328	1,50,092	1,63,985	2,08,875
Net ...	+51,826	+43,813	+46,484	+19,610
School of Industry manufactures—				
Receipts ...	1,24,111	1,13,455	1,10,186	1,36,731
Expenditure ...	92,181	98,674	1,13,533	1,33,955
Net ...	+ 31,930	+14,781	—3,347	+2,776

The falling off in the net receipts in the case of Jail manufactures is attributable to a large increase in the expenditure for purchase of raw material during the year under review, as compared with the actual outlay in the two previous years. Steps were taken during the year to extend the Manufactory operations, and this led to a large immediate outlay in purchase of raw material, while the increase to be expected in receipts will, for the most part, come into the revenue of 1887-88, as it takes time to turn out the manufactured articles and to realise the sale proceeds.

As regards the School of Industry, it is understood that there was a large stock of manufactured articles in the institution at the close of 1885-86, and that the increase in the receipts in 1886-87 is due partly to a reduction of stock.

XVII.—Police.

17. The following Statement shows the revenue credited under this head in the two years 1885-86 and 1886-87 :— Police.

	1885-86. Rs.	1886-87. Rs.
Provincial—		
Police supplied to Railways	14,609	...
Do. to Municipal, Cantonment and Town Funds	39,158	19,136
Do. to Public Departments, private persons, &c.	7,919	6,600
Superannuation receipts	633	2,263
Miscellaneous	6,958	8,693
Local (District Funds)—		
Cattle trespass fines	1,07,671	1,10,065
Sale proceeds of unclaimed cattle ...	23,092	27,010
Miscellaneous	383	587
Total ...	2,00,423	1,74,354

It was ruled by the Government of India, in the Financial Department, during the year under review, that in cases where the Government pays the whole of the Railway Police and recovers seven-tenths of the cost from the Railway Companies, the amounts so recovered instead of being credited as revenue, as hitherto, should be adjusted at the end of the year by deduction from expenditure in order that the accounts may show the exact charge borne by Government. In accordance with these orders, a sum of Rs. 25,248 recovered during the year 1886-87 from the G. I. P. Railway Company, and which under the former practice, would have been shown in the accounts of that year as a receipt, has been deducted from the expenditure under the head "Railway Police," and consequently no receipts are shown above against the head "Police supplied to Railways."

The receipts credited against the head "Police supplied to Municipal, Cantonment and Town Funds" are on account of the Municipal contributions towards the cost of Police supervision of Conservancy arrangements in Municipal towns. The amount credited in 1885-86, includes arrears for previous years

and some arrears were also collected in 1886-87. The amount recoverable annually is at present about Rs. 9,500.

XIX.—Education.

Education.

18. The total receipts credited under this head amounted to Rs. 1,46,931 in 1886-87, as compared with Rs. 1,49,706 in 1885-86, being a decrease of Rs. 2,775. But the receipts in 1885-86 included a special item amounting to upwards of Rs. 15,000, as explained in paragraph 17 of Chapter V. of the Administration Report for that year, and a large part of that amount was refunded during the next year under orders of the Chief Commissioner: this item of Rs. 15,000 should therefore be left out of account for the present purpose, and excluding it, the Education receipts of 1886-87 exceed the amount realised in 1885-86 by upwards of Rs. 12,000. This is due chiefly to an increase in the contributions from Municipalities.

The following Statement gives the details of the receipts for the two years:—

	1885-86.	1886-87.
	Rs.	Rs.
Provincial—		
Fees, Government Colleges ...	995	1,090
„ Government schools ...	27,655	28,378
Contributions	61,027	71,521
Government Book Depôt receipts ...	35,564	35,304
Miscellaneous	18,173	2,418
Local—		
School fees	1,521	683
Contributions	3,591	6,500
Miscellaneous	1,180	1,037
Total ...	1,49,706	1,46,931

The special item of Rs. 15,000 already referred to is included in the Provincial receipts of 1885-86 against the head "Miscellaneous."

XX.—Medical.

Medical.

19. The receipts in 1886-87 amounted to Rs. 8,084, as against Rs. 10,195 in 1885-86. The following are the details:—

	1885-86.	1886-87.
	Rs.	Rs.
Provincial—		
Lunatic Asylum receipts	2,167	2,279
Contributions	1,478	992
Miscellaneous	1,472	372
Local (District Funds)—		
Contributions	3,889	3,428
Miscellaneous	1,189	1,013
Total ...	10,195	8,084

XXI.—Scientific and Minor Departments.

Minor Departments.

20. The following Statement shows the receipts credited under this head in the two years:—

	1885-86. Rs.	1886-87. Rs.
Provincial—		
Botanical and other public garden receipts ...	8,513	8,703
Receipts on account of Experimental Farms, &c.	1,457	1,587
Miscellaneous	274	175
Local (District Funds)—		
Botanical and other public garden receipts ...	1,683	1,536
Receipts on account of public exhibitions and fairs	1,154	1,482
Miscellaneous	15	81
Total ...	13,096	13,564

The slight increase in 1886-87 does not call for remark.

XXII.—Receipts in aid of Superannuation, &c.

Superannuation.

21. The receipts on account of pensions and superannuation allowances have increased from Rs. 19,805 in 1885-86 to Rs. 27,103 in 1886-87. The latter figure includes Rs. 19,099 credited to Imperial Revenue on account of the Civil Service Funds. The details of the receipts are given below :—

	1885-86. Rs.	1886-87. Rs.
Imperial—		
Subscriptions under the Indian Civil Service Family Pension Regulations ...	1,381	2,632
Subscriptions to the Bengal Civil Fund ..	12,053	16,467
Provincial—		
Contributions for pensions and gratuities ...	6,371	8,004

The increase on the Provincial Receipts is due to a larger number of officers being lent for employment on "Foreign Service" in Native States and under the Court of Wards.

XXIII.—Stationery and Printing.

Stationery and Printing.

22. The receipts under this head compare as follows for the two years:—

	1885-86. Rs.	1886-87. Rs.
Imperial—		
Stationery recepts	176	12,092
Other Press receipts		7,656

Provincial—

	1885-86.	1886-87.
	Rs.	Rs.
Stationery receipts	231	39
Sales of Gazettes, &c.	1,307	984
Other Press receipts	17,010	15,357
Total ...	18,724	36,128

The increase against "Stationery Receipts" is due to the orders of Government, contained in Financial Department Resolution No. 213, dated 16th January 1886, requiring recovery in cash of the value of stationery supplied from Central Stores to State Railways. Similarly, the amount credited against the head "Other Press receipts" (Imperial) represents recoveries from State Railways on account of value of printed forms supplied by the Government Printing Office, Calcutta.

The Provincial receipts under the same head consist principally of the value of printing work done by Jail presses for various departments of the Administration for which there is a corresponding charge on the expenditure side under "30 Stationery and Printing" against a sub-head "Departmental printing charges at Jail presses" as explained in reviewing the figures for 1885-86.

XXV.—Miscellaneous.

Miscellaneous.

23. The total revenue credited under this head amounted to Rs. 89,172 in 1886-87 as against Rs. 91,733 in 1885-86.

The details are as follows:

	1885-86.	1886-87.
	Rs.	Rs.
Imperial.—		
Premium on supply Bills ...	374	838
Other items (unclaimed bills, &c.) ...	74	335
Provincial.		
Unclaimed deposits ...	5,841	10,251
Sale of land and houses ...	4,353	4,741
Contributions ...	3,873	4,777
Rents (Dak Bungalow fees, &c.) ...	10,631	10,535
Other items ...	2,815	3,601
Local (District Fund).—		
Contributions ...	9,627	6,058
Rents ...	42,992	38,014
Rates and Taxes ...	8,861	9,164
Other items (sale of old stores, &c.) ...	2,292	858
Total	91,733	89,172

The "contributions" credited to Provincial Revenues under this head are chiefly on account of amounts realised from Municipalities, by a percentage on the total expenditure of Municipal Funds, as contributions towards the cost of establishments employed and other charges incurred in the offices of the Commissioners of Divisions and of the Comptroller for the control and audit of Municipal Fund expenditure and accounts.

There has been a continued decrease since 1884-85 in the Local receipts under the same head ("contributions") owing to the separation of District and Municipal Fund offices and to the contributions paid by Municipal Funds towards the cost of joint office Establishments being consequently discontinued.

XXXII.—Civil Works.

Civil Works.

24. The revenue credited under this head in the Accounts of the Civil Department for the two years 1885-86 and 1886-87 was as follows:

	1885-86.	1886-87.
	Rs.	Rs.
Provincial.—		
Works in charge of Civil officers ...	39,378	30,024
Local (District Funds.)—		
Works in charge of Civil officers ...	83,915	72,186

The revenue is chiefly on account of tolls on roads and ferries: the Local receipts in 1885-86 were larger than usual, owing to private subscriptions being collected in that year towards the cost of construction of a Town Hall at Wardha.

Public Works Department Revenue.

Public Works Department.

25. The following figures represent the amount of receipts collected in the Public Works Department as communicated to the Comptroller by the Examiners of Public Works and State Railway Accounts.

	1885-86.	1886-87.
	Rs.	Rs.
Ordinary Branches.—		
Buildings and Roads ...	34,079	48,451
State Railways.—		
Gross earnings ...	14,73,494	13,17,608

The whole of this revenue was Provincial in the year under review. The figures under "State Railways" represent the gross earnings of the Nagpur and Chhattisgarh State Railway. They show a decrease of Rs. 1,55,886 in 1886-87 but against this there was a reduction amounting to Rs. 1,44,451 in the working expenses. Since April 1st 1887 this line has been amalgamated with the Bengal-Nagpur Railway and the transactions no longer appear on the Provincial Accounts of Revenue and Expenditure.

B.—Expenditure.

Expenditure.

26. The subjoined Statement shows the distribution of the expenditure of the year under the several Major heads in the Government Accounts.

Major head of Expenditure.	Imperial Expenditure.	Provincial Expenditure.	Incorporated Local Fund Expenditure.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1. Refunds and Drawbacks ...	10,402	9,079	100	19,581
2. Assignments and compensations ...	53,163	3,685	...	56,848
3. Land Revenue ...	1,03,841	8,00,189	3,34,751	12,38,781
6. Stamps ...	19,394	19,393	...	38,787
7. Excise ...	34,746	34,747	...	69,493
10. Assessed taxes ..	923	145	...	1,068
11. Forest ...	2,49,151	2,49,150	...	4,98,301
12. Registration ...	20,198	20,198	...	40,396
13. Interest on ordinary Debt ..	2,675	...	...	2,675
14. Interest on other obligations ...	3,571	...	...	3,571
15. Post office ..	...	53,327	...	53,327
18. General administration ...	63,099	3,61,545	31,735	4,56,379
19. Law and Justice ...	...	12,99,926	...	12,99,926
20. Police ..	4,465	13,20,888	45,749	13,71,102
22. Education . .	..	4,71,555	2,02,036	6,73,591
23. Ecclesiastical ..	44,567	...	...	44,567
24. Medical ...	...	2,72,369	42,859	3,15,228
25. Political ...	16,104	...	...	16,104
26. Scientific and other Minor Departments .	...	48,448	10,583	59,031
27. Territorial and Political Pensions ...	3,04,748	...	...	3,04,748
29. Superannuation allowances and Pensions.	...	1,54,474	1,197	1,55,671
30. Stationery and Printing	...	1,21,040	247	1,21,287
32. Miscellaneous ...	4,240	49,056	6,751	60,047
33. Famine Relief charges ...	...	...	5,226	5,226
38. State Railways Interest on Debt ...	..	4,34,257	...	4,34,257
45. Civil Works ...	...	5,997	2,09,011	2,15,008
Total Civil ..	9,35,287	57,29,468	8,90,245	75,55,000
Public Works Department.				
Buildings and Roads ...	...	13,84,543	4,382	13,88,925
State Railways ...	...	8,02,603	...	8,02,603
Grand Total ...	9,35,287	79,16,614	8,94,627	97,46,528

27. It will be seen that the expenditure under the following heads in the above statement is wholly Imperial.—

1. Interest on Debt (Stock Notes.)
2. Interest on other obligations.
23. Ecclesiastical.
25. Political.
27. Territorial and Political Pensions.

Details of the expenditure under these heads need not be given in reviewing Provincial Expenditure. The following paragraphs, therefore, contain a review of the expenditure under the other heads only.

1.—Refunds and Drawbacks.

Refunds.

28. The total charges in 1886-87 amounted to Rs. 19,581 as compared with Rs. 27,179 in 1885-86, the decrease occurring chiefly in the refunds of Stamp Revenue. The charges taken under this head, as explained last year, are only on account of refunds of revenue shared between Imperial and Provincial, as refunds of revenue credited wholly either to Provincial or to Local Funds are charged in full under the corresponding expenditure heads. Of the total sum of Rs. 19,581 refunded in 1886-87, Rs. 11,163 is shown in the accounts as refunds of Stamp Revenue, Rs. 4,031 as refunds of Income tax and Pandhri, and Rs. 2,457 as refunds of Land Revenue. The corresponding figures in 1885-86 were Rs. 18,455, Rs. 5,220 and Rs. 1,570.

2.—Assignments and Compensations.

Assignments.

29. The payments under this head in 1886-87 amounted to Rs. 56,848 as compared with Rs. 1,24,371 in 1885-86. The latter figure however included a special payment of Rs. 60,000 sanctioned by the Government of India in commutation of a portion (Rs. 3,000 a year) of the pension of Rs. 4,000 a year of the Zamindar of Ahiri.

The remainder of the decrease is due to the death on the 30th April 1886 of Baba Balwant Roy of Jubbulpore who was the recipient of a compensation allowance of Rs. 10,000 a year.

The whole of the expenditure in 1885-86 was Imperial, but in 1886-87 a Provincial charge amounting to Rs. 3,685, as shown in the statement given above, was transferred to this head from Land Revenue on account of Malikana payable in the Mandla district.

3.—Land Revenue.

Land Revenue.

30. The total expenditure under this head in 1886-87 amounted to Rs. 12,38,781, as compared with Rs. 10,89,264 in 1885-86. The figures are exclusive of Revenue Survey charges as the expenditure on this account for 1886-87 has not yet been notified by the Comptroller General. For 1885-86 the Survey charges amounted to Rs. 1,11,845, but for the purpose of comparing the total expenditure of the two years this amount is excluded. The following figures show the details of the expenditure :—

	1885-86. Rs.	1886-87. Rs.
Imperial—		
Land Settlement charges	... 49,929	90,023
Land Records and Agriculture	... ...	13,818
Provincial.—		
Land Settlement charges	... 48,365	87,204
Land Records and Agriculture	... ...	13,386
Deputy Commissioners and their Establishments	... 6,38,642	6,54,457
Do. Contingencies	... 46,804	45,142
Allowances to district and village officers (Malikana)	... 4,029	...
Local (Patwari Funds.)—		
Allowances to district and village officers	... 3,01,495	3,34,751
	10,89,264	12,38,781

The increase in 1886-87 is mainly due to the progress of the Land Settlement operations which commenced in 1884-85, and to a change in the classification of the accounts whereby the charges connected with the office of the Commissioner of Settlements and Agriculture have been transferred from the Major head "26, Scientific and other Minor Departments" to a separate Minor head "Land Records and Agriculture" under "Land Revenue."

The payment on account of Malikana shown in 1885-86 against the sub-head "Allowances to District and Village officers" has been classified in the accounts for 1886-87 under the Major head "2, Assignments and Compensations."

The causes of the increase in the expenditure of Patwari Funds are explained on page 51 of the Administration Report for 1885-86.

6.—Stamps.

Stamps.

31. The expenditure of the Stamp Department in 1886-87 amounted to Rs. 38,787 as compared with Rs. 45,106 in 1885-86. The details, as shown in the accounts, are as follow:—

	1885-86.	1886-87.
	Rs.	Rs.
Establishment	2,514	2,652
Discount on sales	13,989	13,977
Miscellaneous charges	1,251	1,580
Value of Stamp paper supplied from Central Stores	27,352	20,578
Total ...	45,106	38,787

The decrease is due to fluctuations in the charge for value of Stamp paper supplied from Central Stores.

This charge varies considerably, the figure for 1885-86 being Rs. 7,670 more than that for 1884-85 while the latter was Rs. 3,736 less than the figure for 1883-84.

The expenditure is divided equally between Imperial and Provincial, but under the new contract the proportions are one-fourth to the former and three-fourths to the latter.

9.—Excise.

Excise.

32. The following Statement shows the expenditure under this head:—

	1885-86.	1886-87.
	Rs.	Rs.
Central office Establishment ...	12,834	13,510
District Establishments ...	31,417	32,064
Construction and Repairs ...	7,972	7,890
Conveyance of Opium ...	1,068	961
Rewards ...	11,157	10,172
Miscellaneous ...	3,852	4,896
	68,300	69,493

The variations are unimportant and do not call for special remark. The expenditure is divided between Imperial and Provincial in the same proportion as the Excise Revenue.

10.—Assessed Taxes.

Assessed Taxes.

33. The charges under this head in 1886-87 amounted to Rs. 1,068 as against Rs. 289 in 1885-86. The increase is due to the entertainment of a small extra establishment in connection with the collection of the Income Tax and the additional charge has been debited to the Imperial Revenues.

11.—Forests.

Forests.

34. The expenditure under this head is as follows:—

		1885-86. Rs.	1886-87. Rs.
Conservancy and works		2,58,665	2,85,697
Establishments	...	1,86,029	2,12,604
Total	...	4,44,694	4,98,301

The increase under "Conservancy and works" is attributed to a larger outlay on timber operations with a view to the production of revenue in 1887-88, and under "Establishments" there has been an increase of expenditure owing to more officers being present than in 1885-86 and to an increase in the work of the Department.

The expenditure is divided equally between Imperial and Provincial.

12.—Registration.

Registration.

35. The total expenditure under this head in 1886-87 was very nearly the same as in 1885-86, the figures being, for 1886-87, Rs. 40,396 and for 1885-86 Rs. 40,574. The classification in the accounts is as follows:—

		1885-86. Rs.	1886-87. Rs.
Superintendence	...	12,639	11,554
District charges	...	27,935	28,842
Total	...	40,574	40,396

The decrease under "Superintendence" is due to savings caused by acting appointments. The expenditure is divided equally between Imperial and Provincial.

15.—Post Office.

Post Office.

36. The expenditure under this head it will be seen from the Statement given in paragraph 26, is wholly Provincial.

The charges are on account of the District Post Establishments and the total amounted in 1886-87 to Rs. 53,327 as compared with Rs. 49,906 in 1885-86.

18.—*General Administration.*

Administration.

37. The expenditure charged to this head rose from Rs. 4,24,588 in 1885-86 to Rs. 4,56,379 in the year under review. The distribution of the figures is as follows :—

	1885-86.	1886-87.
	Rs.	Rs.
Imperial ...	58,477	63,099
Provincial ...	3,35,774	3,61,545
Local (District Funds) ...	30,337	31,735
Total ...	4,24,588	4,56,379

The Imperial expenditure is ordinarily on account of the cost of the Comptroller's Office only; but the charges in 1886-87 include a payment of Rs. 1,734 on account of salary of Mr. D. Fitzpatrick as Secretary to the Government of India in the Legislative Department, drawn by him at Nagpur while officiating as Chief Commissioner.

The Provincial expenditure is classified as follows :—

	1885-86.	1886-87.
	Rs.	Rs.
Salary of the Chief Commissioner ...	44,121	53,388
Tour expenses of do. ...	7,551	9,633
Civil Secretariat ...	79,654	84,914
Commissioners ...	1,92,356	2,00,921
Provincial Establishment in the Comptroller's office ...	12,068	12,665
Rents, Rates and Taxes ...	24	24
Total ...	3,35,774	3,61,545

The charge under "salary of the Chief Commissioner" in 1886-87 includes three months' salary of the Officiating Chief Commissioner which remained undrawn at the close of the year 1885-86.

The increase under "Civil Secretariat" is chiefly on account of Service postage charges and telegrams and travelling allowances of the Secretary and Establishment as will be seen from the following figures :—

	1885-86.	1886-87.	Increase.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Service Postage charges ...	3,024	4,542	1,518
Service telegrams ...	1,420	2,607	1,187
Office expenses and miscellaneous	4,028	5,062	1,034
Travelling allowances of Secretary and Establishment ...	2,106	3,366	1,260
Total ...	10,578	15,577	4,999

The charge for Commissioners was less than usual in 1885-86, owing partly to savings caused by the absence of one of the Commissioners on special leave, and partly to reductions in Contingent expenditure effected with reference to the Resolution by the Government of India, Financial Department, No. 552, dated 29th April 1885.

The local expenditure amounting in 1886-87 to Rs. 31,735, represents the cost of the Office Establishments of the District Councils and Local Boards.

19.—Law and Justice.

Law and Justice.

38. This head includes the expenditure on Jails as well as Courts of Law, but as in the case of the Receipts referred to in paragraph 16, a separate Major head has been opened in the Accounts for 1887-88 for the expenditure on Jails. The whole expenditure is Provincial, and the total for 1886-87 amounted to Rs. 12,99,926, as compared with Rs. 11,88,586 in 1885-86. For the purposes of comparison, the charges are grouped under the following heads:—

	1885-86.	1886-87.
	Rs.	Rs.
Civil and Criminal Courts ...	6,78,774	6,97,789
Jails	4,91,603	5,87,017
Refunds	18,209	15,120
Total ...	11,88,586	12,99,926

The increase of about Rs. 19,000 in the cost of Civil and Criminal Courts includes Rs. 9,250 on account of the pay of the Additional Tahsildars, or Munsiffs, appointed in the latter half of 1885-86, and the pay of the Sale Amins, whose appointment was sanctioned towards the close of the same year.

There is also an increase of about Rs. 7,500 on account of a moiety of the cost of the three Additional Extra-Assistant Commissionerships created in January 1886 under the scheme of Judicial re-organisation sanctioned by the Government of India in 1885. The cost of these three additional appointments is Rs. 13,000 a year, of which half is charged to "Land Revenue" and half to "Law and Justice—Courts of Law."

Jails.

The increase under "Jails" amounts to Rs. 95,414, but about Rs. 65,000 of this is due to the increased outlay on purchase of raw material for Jail and School of Industry manufactures, already referred to in paragraph 16 of this Chapter as likely to lead to an increase of receipts in the current year (1887-88). The remaining Rs. 30,000 is due chiefly to an increase in the cost of rations which is attributed to a rise in the prices of food-grains, and also to the fact that the diet scale according to the new Jail Manual, is in excess of that hitherto in force. Another cause of the increased expenditure on rations is that a number of Burmese prisoners were transferred from Rangoon to the Central Jail at Jubbulpore in 1886, and although the expenditure incurred on account of these prisoners confined in the Central Jails both at Nagpur and Jubbulpore is recovered from the Burma Administration, the recovery is effected under the system of inter-provincial adjustment, so that in the accounts the charges appear as expenditure of the Central Provinces.

20.—Police.

Police.

39. The total charges under this head for the two years are distributed as follows:—

	1885-86.	1886-87.
	Rs.	Rs.
Imperial (State Railway Police) ...	2,668	4,465
Provincial ...	13,27,784	13,20,888
Local (District Fund Cattle Pound) ...	45,478	45,749
Total ...	13,75,930	13,71,102

Although the total expenditure in 1886-87 is thus shown to be less than in the previous year by about Rs. 5,000, it should be noted that this result has been arrived at by deducting from the total for 1886-87 the sum of Rs. 25,248 mentioned in paragraph 17 of this chapter as having been recovered during the year fnom the Great Indian Peninsula Railway Company on account of its share of the cost of the Railway Police; consequently, for the purpose of comparing the expenditure of the two years, the total for 1886-87 as given above, should be increased by Rs. 25,248 and the total would thus be in round numbers, Rs. 13,96,000 for 1886-87 against Rs. 13,76,000 for 1885-86. The above deduction of Rs. 25,248 was made from the Provincial expenditure and the details of that expenditure for the two years stand as follow:—

	1885-86.	1886-87.
	Rs.	Rs.
Provincial.—		
Superintendence ...	31,728	33,062
District Executive Force, viz.—		
District Superintendents and Assistants ...	1,81,915	1,71,865
Inspectors and Chief Constables ...	1,72,533	1,67,305
Head Constables and Constables ...	6,27,049	6,07,195
European Constables ...	3,892	3,548
Mounted Constables ...	50,648	49,487
Drill Instructors ...	3,102	3,061
Extra Police guards ...	5,418	4,062
Temporary Police ...	2,198	7,784
Excise Police ...	7,002	7,005
Arms and Accoutrements ...	17,225	37,108
Clothing ...	35,134	42,802
Petty construction and Repairs ..	29,808	39,826
Travelling allowance of officers ...	22,292	19,561
Do. of Subordinate Police officers...	18,610	20,477
Other charges ...	76,055	75,886
Total Executive Force ...	12,52,881	12,56,972

	1885-86. Rs.	1886-87. Rs.
Special Police ...	2,401	11,363
Great Indian Peninsula Railway Police ...	32,164	10,854
State Railway Police ...	8,221	8,322
Charges of Cattle Pounds ...	116	315
Refunds ...	273	...
Total Police, Provincial ..	13,27,784	13,20,888

It will be seen that there has been a considerable increase in 1886-87 under the heads "Arms and Accoutrements," "Clothing" and "Petty construction and Repairs." There has also been an increase in the charges for "Temporary Police" and "Special Police" on account of the force employed in the Nimar, Hoshangabad and Betul districts for operations against dacoits. The charge for "Arms and Accoutrements" includes certain adjustments amounting to Rs. 4,422, made under orders of the Chief Commissioner on account of value of rifles, &c., received back from the Kalahandi State, while the charge for "Temporary Police" and "Special Police" is covered by savings resulting from the regular force being kept below the full sanctioned strength.

22.—Education.

Education.

40. The total expenditure on education in 1886-87 amounted Rs. 6,73,591, as compared with Rs. 6,12,699 in 1885-86. The following Statement shows the distribution of the expenditure between Provincial Services and the District Funds for the two years:—

	1885-86. Rs.	1886-87. Rs.
Provincial.—		
Direction and Inspection ...	1,16,585	1,16,508
Government Colleges ..	10,608	14,401
Government Schools ...	1,57,808	1,69,862
Normal and Technical Schools ..	30,018	28,468
Grants-in-aid ...	40,641	42,316
Payments by results ..	30,064	33,669
Scholarships ...	20,057	19,286
Government Book Depôt charges ...	23,989	35,228
Other heads (including building grants and Miscellaneous) ...	7,959	11,817
Total *Provincial* ..	4,37,729	4,71,555
Local (*District Funds*).—		
Government Schools ...	1,66,832	1,93,472
Grants-in-aid ...	3,920	3,100
Scholarships ...	3,418	4,638
Miscellaneous ...	800	826
Total *Local* ...	1,74,970	2,02,036
Total Education ...	6,12,699	6,73,591

The increase of Provincial expenditure against the head "Government schools" is to a great extent due to additional charges incurred against contributions received from Municipalities. It will be seen from the figures given in para. 18 of this chapter that the receipts on account of contributions were larger than in 1885-86 by about Rs. 10,500. The increase in the Provincial expenditure on Government schools is, however, somewhat greater than the increase in the contributions, being about Rs. 12,000.

The increase of about Rs. 11,000 in the Government Book Depôt charges is due to large purchases of books having been made during the year. This should, however, result in an increase of receipts during 1887-88 from sale of books.

The expenditure on education from District Funds shows an increase of about Rs. 27,000. The Chief Commissioner has at present under consideration a proposal to fix a maximum figure in the case of each District Fund for expenditure on Education from funds other than those provided by private liberality.

24.—Medical.

Medical.

41. The total expenditure under this head was Rs. 3,15,228 in 1886-87 as against Rs. 3,12,012 in 1885-86. The details are as follows:—

		1885-86. Rs.	1886-87. Rs.
Provincial.—			
Medical establishment	...	1,84,600	1,84,752
Hospitals and Dispensaries	...	55,663	59,542
Sanitary Commissioner	...	9,127	9,771
Lunatic Asylums	...	17,225	18,079
Other heads	...	500	225
Total Provincial	...	2,67,115	2,72,369
Local (District Funds)—			
Vaccination	...	28,883	28,982
Hospitals and Dispensaries	...	11,237	12,972
Grants for Medical purposes	...	2,316	905
Other heads	...	2,461	...
Total Local	...	44,897	42,859
Total Medical	...	3,12,012	3,15,228

The increase in the Provincial expenditure under "Hospitals and Dispensaries" is due principally to promotions of Assistant Surgeons and Hospital Assistants and to an increase in the number of officers of these classes employed in the Province.

26.—Scientific and other Minor Departments.

Minor Departments.

42. The following are the charges under this head:—

		1885-86. Rs.	1886-87. Rs.
Provincial.—			
Agricultural Department	...	14,140	6,294
Experimental Farms	...	12,273	8,984
Botanical and other public gardens	...	19,368	19,415
Provincial Museums	...	4,336	1,819
Provincial Statistics	...	12,723	11,047
Public Exhibitions, &c.	...	4,223	262
Other heads	...	1,378	1,527

	1885-86.	1886-87.
Local (District Funds.)—	Rs.	Rs.
Botanical and other public gardens ...	4,474	3,002
Public Exhibitions and Fairs ...	2,482	6,482
Other heads ...	1,902	1,099
Total ...	77,299	59,031

It has been stated in paragraph 30 that the expenditure connected with the office of the Commissioner of Settlements and Agriculture has been transferred in the accounts of 1886-87 from this head to a new head "Land Records and Agriculture" under "Land Revenue." Special expenditure for agricultural experiments for which small grants are made is, however, shown against the head "Agricultural Department," and the sum of Rs. 6,294 under this head in 1886-87 is composed of Rs. 2,216 charges on account of Miscellaneous Experiments and Rs. 4,078 charges for construction of Improved Agricultural Implements. The decrease under "Experimental Farms" in 1886-87 is due chiefly to charges for "Miscellaneous Experiments" being included in the expenditure of 1885-86, but shown against the head "Agricultural Department" in 1886-87.

29.—*Superannuation.*

Superannuation.

43. The total expenditure under this head was Rs. 1,55,671 in 1886-87 as compared with Rs. 1,46,285 in 1885-86. The charge for pensions rose from Rs. 1,25,076 to Rs. 1,39,348, showing an increase of about Rs. 14,000. On the other hand, there is a decrease of about Rs. 2,400 in the amount of gratuities paid and of about Rs. 2,200 under "Compassionate allowances." With the exception of a sum of Rs. 1,197 paid from District Funds, the whole charge in 1886-87 was debited to Provincial Services.

30.—*Stationery and Printing.*

Stationery and Printing.

44. The total expenditure under this head amounted to Rs. 1,21,287 in 1886-87 against Rs. 1,42,836 in 1885-86, the decrease being in the charges for stationery, both for local purchases and for stationery obtained from the Central Stores at Calcutta and Bombay. The details of the expenditure are given below:—

	1885-86.	1886-87.
Provincial—	Rs.	Rs.
Stationery purchased in the country ...	21,522	17,858
Do. supplied from Central Stores ...	56,473	38,502
Printing charges at Government Presses ...	61,442	64,571
Ditto at Private Presses ...	2,326	109
Local (District Funds)—		
Stationery purchased in the country ...	656	...
Printing charges ...	417	247
Total ...	1,42,836	1,21,287

Petty charges for stationery purchased locally for District Fund offices are now treated as office contingent expenses.

32.—*Miscellaneous.*

Miscellaneous.

45. The total expenditure under this head in 1886-87 was Rs. 60,047 against Rs. 61,411 in 1885-86. The charge is distributed as follows :—

	1885-86.	1886-87.
	Rs.	Rs.
Imperial	4,217	4,240
Provincial	48,000	49,056
Local (District Funds)	9,194	6,751
Total ...	61,411	60,047

The Imperial expenditure is on account of charges for remittance of treasure. The following are the Provincial charges :—

	1885-86.	1886-87.
	Rs.	Rs.
Donations for charitable purposes ...	3,157	2,900
Rewards for destruction of wild animals.	19,041	19,301
Petty establishments—		
Staging bungalows	13,052	11,876
Miscellaneous establishments ...	7,140	7,611
Miscellaneous and unforeseen charges and other heads	5,610	7,368
Total ...	48,000	49,056

The variations in the figures are not of sufficient importance to require special explanation.

The Local or District Fund charges are chiefly on account of Serais and Nazul establishments and Miscellaneous refunds. The decrease in 1886-87 occurs under nearly all the sub-heads of expenditure, but is largest in the case of Nazul establishments.

33.—*Famine Relief Charges.*

Famine Relief.

46. The expenditure of Rs, 5,226 charged under this head in 1886-87 was incurred in the Chhattisgarh Division and was met from District Funds.

38.—*State Railways—Interest on Debt.*

State Railways.

47. Under this head was exhibited the charge made against the Provincial revenues for interest on the capital outlay from Imperial Funds on the Nagpur and Chhattisgarh State Railway. The amount charged in 1886-87 was Rs. 4,34,257, against Rs. 4,12,202 in 1885-86.

This head has disappeared from the Provincial accounts under the new contract, the railway having been taken over by the Bengal-Nagpur Railway Company.

45.—*Civil Works.*

Civil Works.

48. The expenditure classified under this head in the accounts of the Civil Department, is as follows:—

		1885-86.	1886-87.
Provincial—		Rs.	Rs.
Works in charge of Civil officers	...	7,808	5,997
Local (District Funds)—			
Works in charge of Civil officers	...	1,86,060	2,09,011
Total.	...	1,93,868	2,15,008

Public Works Department Expenditure.

Public Works Department.

49. The following Statement shows the amount of expenditure incurred in the Public Works Department, as communicated to the Comptroller by the Examiners of Accounts, for Buildings and Roads and State Railways:—

		1885-86.	1867-8 7
Ordinary Branches—			
Buildings and Roads—		Rs.	Rs.
Provincial	...	12,79,267	13,84,543
Local (District Funds)	...	15,642	4,382
State Railways—			
Provincial—			
Nagpur and Chhattisgarh State Railway (working expenses)	...	9,47,054	8,02,603

C.—LOCAL FUNDS.

Local Funds.

50. These Funds, as stated in previous reports, are of three kinds, namely, Incorporated Local Funds, Municipal Funds and Excluded Local Funds. The Incorporated Local Funds are those of which the income and expenditure are incorporated in the Government accounts under the appropriate revenue and service heads as "Local" public revenue and expenditure.

The transactions of Municipal and Excluded Local Funds are not incorporated in the public accounts, but, as a rule, all these funds bank with the treasury and the accounts of all are kept in the Comptroller's office. There are only two Incorporated Local Funds in these Provinces, namely, the District Funds and the Patwari Funds.

The Excluded Local Funds comprise Cantonment Funds, Town Funds, Police Remount and Butchat Funds, and Museum Funds. The Town Funds were created during the year under review for two towns in the Narsinghpur district where Municipalities ceased to exist from 1st April 1885. The income in the case of these two funds consists of fees, levied under certain rules passed by the Chief Commissioner, for the voluntary registration of sales of cattle, and under the rules, is to be spent for the benefit of the town in which it is raised and not otherwise.

Incorporated Funds,

Incorporated Local Funds.

51. The following is an abstract of the balanced accounts of the Incorporated Local Funds for the year 1886-87 :—

District Fund.

Revenue.	Amount.	Expenditure.	Amount.
Revenue Heads.	Rs.	*Service Heads.*	Rs.
VI.—Provincial Rates ...	...	1—Refunds ...	60
Road Cess ...	1,29,952	18—General Administration ...	31,735
Education Cess ...	1,18,095	20—Police (Pound charges) ...	45,749
XII.—Interest ...	175	22—Education ...	2,02,036
XVII.—Police Pound Receipts ...	1,37,662	24—Medical ...	42,859
XIX.—Education ...	8,220	26—Minor Departments ...	10,582
XX.—Medical ...	4,441	29—Superannuations, &c. ...	1,197
XXI.—Minor Departments ...	3,099	30—Stationery and Printing ...	247
XXV.—Miscellaneous ...	54,094	32—Miscellaneous ...	6,751
XXXIII.—Civil Works ...	72,185	33—Famine Relief charges ...	5,226
		45—Civil Works—	
		In Civil Dept. Rs. 2,09,011 ...	
		In P. W. Dept. „ 4,382	2,13,393
Total Revenue Heads ...	5,27,923	Total Service Heads ...	5,59,835
Debt Accounts (Recoveries of Advances.) ...	1,17,756	*Debt Accounts*—(Advances) ...	93,159
Contributions From Provincial Revenues ...	15,700	*Contributions*—to Provincial Revenues for cost of audit, &c. ..	6,127
Balance on 1st April 1886 ...	4,24,897	Balance on 31st March 1887...	4,22,155
Grand Total ...	10,86,276	Grand Total ...	10,86,276

Patwari Fund.

Revenue.	Amount.	Expenditure.	Amount.
	Rs.		Rs.
VI.—Provincial Rates—		3.—Land Revenue—	
Patwari Fund Receipts ...	3,18,322	Patwari Fund charges ...	3,34,791
Balance on 1st April 1886 ...	2,29,909	Balance on 31st March 1887...	2,13,440
Total ...	5,48,231	Total ...	5,48,231

The balances are kept by districts for both these funds, and the opening and closing balances for the year 1886-87 as shown above, are the aggregate of the several district balances.

Municipal Funds.

Municipal Funds.

52. The total Receipts, Expenditure and Balances of all the Municipal Funds in the Provinces for the year 1886-87 are shown in the following Statement:—

Receipts.		Amount.	Expenditure.		Amount.
	Rs.	Rs.		Rs.	Rs.
A.—Municipal Taxes—			A.—General Establishment—		
Octroi ...	5,81,054		Office Establishment, Inspection, and Honorary Magistrate's Establishment ...	39,309	
Licenses on trades ...	17,694		Collection of Municipal Taxes ...	81,053	
Tax on houses and lands ...	21,216		Refunds of Octori ...	86,126	
Tax on Vehicles ...	1,800				2,06,488
Tolls, &c. ...	1,871		B.—Public safety—		
Water rate ...	19,972		Fire and Lighting Establishment ...	19,749	
		6,43,607	C.—Public Health—		19,749
B.—Miscellaneous Receipts—			Erection and repairs of markets and latrines ...	33,681	
Realizations under special Acts ...	856		Medical ...	76,909	
Income derived from Pounds ...	33,792		Water Works ...	51,101	
Proceeds of lands, &c. ...	849		Road-watering and Road-cleaning	48,345	
Income from markets ...	65,202		Conservancy and Drainage ...	1,75,337	
Payments for services rendered to private individuals ...	77,150		Markets and Slaughter-house Establishment ...	1,505	
Conservancy and Road cleaning fees ...	2,593		Public Garden Establishment ...	6,547	
Municipal fines ...	3,378		Contributions ...	1,000	
Miscellaneous ...	47,552				3,94,425
Contributions ...	14,380		D.—Public Instruction ...	88,261	88,261
Dispensary Balance ...	20,407		E.—Public Convenience—		
		2,66,159	Public Works Establishment ...	8,210	
Total Revenue ...		9,09,766	Tools and Plant ...	1,571	
C.—Debt—			Roads ...	1,19,821	
Loans ...	...		Civil Buildings ...	16,807	
Deposits ...	1,567		Miscellaneous Public Improvements ...	7,090	
Advances ...	59,821		Survey of Land ...	35	
		61,388	Other charges ...	6,069	
			Contributions ...	9,047	
					1,68,650
			F.—Miscellaneous—		
			Public Exhibitions and Fairs ...	2,289	
			Donations to Gardens and Museums ...	1,100	
			Experimental cultivation ...	244	
			Paid to Poor-house ...	75	
			Charges on account of Pounds ...	9,973	13,681
			Total Expenditure ..		8,91,254
			G.—Debt—		
			Loans ...	38,191	
			Deposits ...	973	
			Advances ...	56,610	
					95,774
Opening balance on 1st April 1886.—			Closing Balance on 31st March 1887.		
In Treasury ...	3,61,426		In Treasury ...	3,43,187	
Outside ...	11,742		Outside ...	13,285	
Deposits in Savings Bank and investments in G. P. Notes ...	49,654	4,22,822	Deposits in Savings Bank and Investments in G. P. Notes ...	50,476	4,06,948
Grand Total ...		13,93,976	Grand Total		13,93,976

Excluded Local Funds.

Excluded Funds.

53. The total income and expenditure and balances of the Excluded Local Funds for the year 1886-87 are shown in the subjoined Statement :—

Name of Fund.	Balance on 1st April 1886.	Income during the year.	Total.	Expenditure during the year.	Balance on 31st March 1887.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Cantonment Funds ...	31,922	1,39,538	1,71,460	1,29,707	41,753
Town Funds ...	...	2,171	2,171	90	2,081
Police Remount Fund ...	4,218	4,264	8,482	4,998	3,484
Police Butchut Fund ...	30	421	451	406	45
Museum Funds ...	912	2,560	3,472	1,651	1,821
Total ...	37,082	1,48,954	1,86,036	1,36,852	49,184

CHAPTER VI.—VITAL STATISTICS AND MEDICAL SERVICES.

1.—*Census.*

1. For the results of the Census of 1881, see the Report for 1882-83.

2.—*Births and Deaths.*

Number and rate of births.

2. The number of births registered during the year 1886 was 333,170, giving a ratio *per mille* of 37·79 on the total population of 8,817,185, as returned at the Census of 1881. So low a birth rate has not been recorded since the year 1875. The totals of births and the resulting ratios for the last six years have been :—

Year.	No. registered.	Ratio per 1,000.
1881 ...	362,744 ...	41·21
1882 ..	367,328 ...	41·73
1883 ...	357,864 ...	40 59
1884 ..	368,086 ...	41·75
1885 ...	399,971 ...	45·36
1886 ...	333,170 ...	37·79

There was a decrease in the number of births registered in every district except Sambalpur. The lowest rate was (as in 1885) that of Burhanpur which was 29·56, and the highest was (also as in 1885) that of Saugor, 45·18. The birth rates in the Sadr towns vary from 45·36 in Damoh to 21·74 in Sambalpur. The urban birth rate is as usual considerably lower than the rural rate—the average of the former being 32·04 *per mille*, while the average of the latter is 38·32. The highest rate of decrease is shown in the districts which suffered so severely from fever in 1885, *i. e.*, Chhindwara, Seoni and Betul. The excess of male over female births has fallen from 6·67 to 6·15.

Number and rate of deaths.

3. The following have been the totals of deaths registered and the ratios resulting therefrom during the past six years. :—

Year.	Deaths.	Ratio.
1881 ...	241,467 ...	27·43
1882 ...	263,863 ...	29·98
1883 ...	304,763 ...	34·56
1884 ...	240,714 ...	27 30
1885 ...	301,684 ...	34·21
1886 ..	293,109 ...	33·24

In nine of the twenty districts a larger number of deaths was registered in 1886 than in 1885. The highest ratio (48 *per mille*) was reached in Nimar, and the lowest (25·53 *per mille*) in Sambalpur. The highest ratio obtained in a Sadr Town was that of Betul, 47·57, the lowest that of Burhanpur, 19·12. The average urban death rate, as the birth rate, is lower than the average district death rate, the two being 27·71 and 33·76 respectively.

It may be noted for the purpose of comparison that the birth rate and death rate for England and Wales in the year 1884 were 33·4 and 19·6.

Meteorology of the year.

4. The temperature of 1886 was normal up to September; but for the last four months of the year it was considerably in excess. The only month in which the humidity varied considerably from the average was October, during which it was in excess. The year's rain-fall was 6·8 inches below the average, and the mean temperature of the year was 0·8 of a degree higher than the mean of the preceding five years.

Causes of mortality.

5. The death rate was, as has been stated, 33·24 *per mille* These deaths were due to the undermentioned causes in the proportion shown opposite each :—

Cholera	... ...	1·89
Small-pox	... ...	0·31
Fevers	... ...	20·01
Bowel complaints	... ...	2·92
Injuries	... ...	0·51
Oother causes	... ...	7·60
	Total ...	33·24

The total numbers of the deaths thus caused were—

Cholera	... ...	16,679
Small-pox	... ...	2,774
Fevers	... ...	1,76,429
Bowel complaints	... ...	25,708
Injuries	... ...	4,505
Other causes	... ...	67,014
	Total ...	2,93,109

Cholera.

6. Deaths from Cholera were reported from 71 out of the 153 circles of registration, and 1,805 villages were attacked during the year. The disease was not very severe anywhere except in the districts of Balaghat (1,073 deaths), Bilaspur (3,690 deaths), and Raipur (9,738 deaths). In the single month of May 4,945 persons died of cholera in the Raipur district. The districts of Seoni, Mandla, Narsinghpur, Jubbulpore and Saugor enjoyed complete immunity, and in five other districts there were only one or two sporadic cases. The disease made its apppearance in 3 jails, those of Balaghat, Raipur and Sambalpur, and although the duration of the attacks was not in any case long, the percentage of deaths on seizures was in each instance very high. It is worthy of note that, in the case of Raipur, cholera which had been severe in 1885, and had disappeared at the end of January 1886, reappeared in the case of a pilgrim from Jagannath, who died on March 15th in the district near the Sambalpur border. Thence the epidemic spread with great rapidity over the whole district and did not disappear till the end of October.

Small-pox.

7. The number of deaths from small-pox was 2,774 : the average for the last five years is 3,932. Nearly half of the whole occurred in the district of Bhandara, where there were 1,313 deaths from this cause. No explanation is given. Attention has recently been drawn to the possibility of stamping out, by judicious vaccination, out-breaks of small-pox occurring during the hot weather and rains.

Fevers.

8. The provincial ratio of deaths from fevers *per mille* of population was 20·01 as compared with 19·35 in 1885, and 18·48 the average rate for the previous five years. The district of Seoni has (as in 1885) the highest ratio, *i. e.*, 38·46, and the district of Sambalpur has (also as in 1885) the lowest, *i. e.* 7·19. This rate is undoubtedly open to suspicion, and it is to be regretted that the Civil Surgeon did not make any personal enquiry into the matter as the Civil Surgeons of other districts have done. The results brought out by the enquiries of the Civil Surgeons of Damoh, Narsinghpur, Hoshangabad, Balaghat and Raipur into the causes of deaths are of great interest: and the remarks made by the Civil Surgeon of Hoshangabad deserve special attention—based as they are on careful examination of the results of two consecutive years. The main conclusions arrived at by that officer are—that fever is much less prominently fatal than it is made out to be, many fatal cases in which fever is only a prominent symptom being put down to that disease; that diarrhœa and dysentery and in a lesser degree, chest diseases (such as bronchitis, pneumonia and consumption) are the main causes of mortality.

Bowel complaints.

9. The total number of reported deaths from bowel complaints was 25,576 : the death rate from this cause was 2·91 as compared with 3·11 in 1885 and 2·88 for the previous five years. The highest rate was reached as usual in Sambalpur (9·31) and the lowest in Bhandara (0·23). The Army Sanitary Commission in its Memorandum on the Central Provinces Sanitary Report for 1885 has suggested, in connection with the high rate of bowel disease in Sambalpur, an examination of the water-supply in that district, and the Secretary of State has ordered this to be made. Meantime there is very probably some connection between the persistently low death rate from fever and the persistently high death rate from bowel complaints in this district. If the views set forth at the close of the preceding paragraph are correct, the result might be deemed due to more accurate discrimination on the part of the reporting agency. But the further question arises why should the reporting agency in this district be more discriminating than that in any other.

Sanitary rules.

10 Mr. Crosthwaite, when Chief Commissioner, availed himself of the power given him by the Land Revenue Act to frame simple sanitary rules regulating the conservancy and water-supply of villages in the Central Provinces. These rules were made generally applicable, but certain further rules prescribing the machinery to enforce the practical working of the scheme were applied only to selected areas. The reports of Commissioners and Deputy Commissioners on the results of the first year's working of these rules have been considered, and it has been decided to extend very considerably the areas within which their active enforcement shall be attempted. It seems clear that without some

practical measure of this kind the progress of village conservancy will be insignificant.

3.—Medical Relief.

Number of Dispensaries.

11. The total number of dispensaries open in the Province and in the Feudatory States attached to it at the close of the year was 101, as against 99 open at the close of the year preceding. Of the two new dispensaries, one is situated in the Zamindari of Bindranawagarh in the Raipur district, and the other in the Municipal town of Katangi in the district of Balaghat.

Classification.

12. These 101 dispensaries are classified under the orders of the Government of India according to the sources of their income as follows:—

Class I.—State	...	... 25
Do. II.—Local Funds	...	... 38
Do. III. A.—Private	...	... 17
Do. III.B. —Private but State aided		... 21

Excluding the 17 private dispensaries which are kept up entirely by Feudatory Chiefs or Zamindars, the remaining 84 dispensaries in the Province are under the orders of the Chief Commissioner classified for administrative purposes as follows:—

Head-quarter dispensaries		...	18
Out-station	Admitting in-patients	...	30
	Not do. do.	...	36

The new dispensary at Katangi is an out-station dispensary not admitting in-patients. Otherwise the figures are the same as they were in 1885.

Number of in-door and out-door patients treated.

13. The total number of in-door patients was slightly higher than in the preceding year (7,419 against 7,330), while the death-rate amongst such patients, which in 1885 was 12·36 per cent. fell to 8·84 per cent or to about the same figure as in 1884. This is a satisfactory result and one which goes to show that the comparatively high death-rate reached in 1885 was due to exceptional causes. The fact that in the absence of poor-houses the dispensaries are required to receive moribund paupers picked up on the roads must of itself cause the mortality to vary directly with the general character of the year and the condition of the people. Though there was some pressure from high prices towards the close of 1886, the year was not on the whole so unhealthy as 1885. The largest number of in-patients was as usual treated at the Mayo Hospital, Nagpur. The mortality (7·93) was in this hospital below the average.

There was an increase of 47,677 (from 772,102 to 819,779) in the total number of out-door patients, the largest increase again occurring in the Nagpur district, at the dispensaries of which the very large total of 255,629 persons was treated. The population of the district was at the last census 697,356, so that more than one-third of the population received relief. No other district can show results approaching these. The next largest total of out-door patients was in Saugor, which returns 63,700 patients out of a population of 564,950. Considerably over one-third of the total number of out-door patients treated is returned by the Nagpur district.

Diseases treated.

14. Cholera, small-pox and bowel-complaints were less prevalent than in 1885. There was a large increase in the number of cases of ophthalmia, malarious fevers and ulcers. Under no class of disease except cholera was the proportional decrease considerable.

Operations performed.

It is satisfactory to find that the number of important operations performed has considerably increased, from 682 to 878. The improved result is however due to the energy of a few officers.

Finance.

15. The total expenditure in the Province upon dispensaries was Rs. 1,15,776 against Rs. 1,12,107 in 1885, to meet which Rs. 43,778 were supplied by Government, chiefly in the shape of salaries to Medical subordinates; Rs. 51,094 from Local or Municipal Funds; Rs. 1,223 from interest on investments; Rs. 3,974 from European and Rs. 16,178 from Native subscriptions. The percentage of cost to Government fell from 38·84 in 1885 to 37·81. There being now no separate Dispensary Funds the Municipal Funds bear in the case of most Town dispensaries the whole burden of this cost so far as this is not met by Government or by subscriptions. Receipts and expenditure therefore practically balance each other in the departmental tables.

Some importance is still in places attached to the fact that the Dispensary Funds are now altogether merged in the Municipal General Account as tending to check the number of private charitable contributions. It is not possible to recreate the separate dispensary fund, but there is no reason why every municipality should not show in a separate schedule the receipts and charges on account of the dispensaries within its jurisdiction. It is indeed for some reasons very advisable that this should be done.

Native subscriptions.

16. The steady falling off in Native* subscriptions was noticed in the orders on last year's Report, and engaged the special attention of the late Officiating Chief Commissioner during the year under review. Orders were issued in October last dealing with the subject in the special case of Nagpur, but with general reference also to all other towns; and again since the close of the year the Chief Commissioner has found it necessary to issue fresh instructions in the matter.

	Rs.
*1884 ...	25,159
1885 ...	20,241
1886 ...	16,178

In the meantime it may be noted that the falling off is very general and is perhaps most marked, where it would be least expected, in those towns which in other respects take the lead in all public movements. The subscriptions raised towards the expenses of dispensaries at the three towns where the three most important hospitals are situated were:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
Nagpur	122	8	0
Jubbulpore	19	0	0
Raipur	75	0	0

The amount subscribed by Europeans in Nagpur to the Mayo Hospital was Rs. 1,577-8-4.

Some districts form an honourable exception to this general niggardliness in the amount of native subscriptions—notably Hoshangabad, Saugor, Nimar, Chhindwara and Damoh.

Inspection.

17. Inspection of outlying dispensaries has been satisfactorily carried out in most districts. The Deputy Surgeon-General has reported in generally favourable terms of the 14 head-quarter and 21 out-station dispensaries inspected by him. Civil Surgeons' visits of inspection to the dispensaries in the charge of Provincial Hospital Assistants on foreign service in Native States were not so frequent as they might have been.

18. Passing now to the treatment of insane persons in the two Provincial Lunatic Asylums at Jubbulpore and Nagpur, the results may be stated as follows:—

Population statistics of the two Asylums.

On the 1st January 1886 there were 165 inmates (132 males and 33 females) in the Nagpur Asylum: there were 29 patients admitted (26 males and 3 females), so that the total population was 194 (158 males and 36 females). Eleven patients (all males) were discharged cured, and one was discharged improved: one female was discharged not improved, and seven males are shown as discharged otherwise than as "cured" or "transferred to friends." Twenty-three patients died (16 males and 7 females). The population on the last day of the year was 151 (123 males and 28 females).

The daily average strength was 160·29, and the daily average sick 14·87. The percentage of deaths on admissions was 23$\frac{1}{3}$ per cent among the female, and 61$\frac{1}{2}$ per cent among the male, patients.

In the Jubbulpore Asylum there were on the 1st January 1886, 134 inmates (103 males and 31 females). Twelve males and two females were admitted, so that the total population was 148 (115 males and 33 females). Four males were discharged cured, and 10 patients (6 males and 4 females) died. The population at the end of the year was 134 (105 males and 29 females).

Health of the lunatics.

The daily average strength was 133·39, and the daily average sick 2·61. The percentage of deaths on admissions was 200 among the female, and 50 among the male, patients.

19. The vital statistics of both Asylums are very unfavourable. The daily average of sick patients for the last 5 years is given below:—

	Nagpur.	Jubbulpore.
1882	... 10·41	... 2·35
1883	... 6·45	... 1·53
1884	... 6·63	... 1·43
1885	... 11·19	... 1·74
1886	... 14·87	... 2·61

It will be seen that the extraordinary difference between the two Asylums is as marked as ever. In the Chief Commissioner's review of last year's Report it was suggested that this difference was probably due to some difference in the system of according admissions to hospital or to medical treatment. The Deputy Surgeon-General however now reports that he finds on special enquiry that the system is the same in both institutions. He is of opinion that the difference of employment may account in part for the continued difference in

the number of sick. It would not seem *primâ facie* probable that out-door labour should be so much more unhealthy than in-door employment. This point will be more fully enquired into.

The mortality at Nagpur was twice as great as in 1885 and greater than it has been since 1874: at Jubbulpore it was higher than it has been in any of the previous 10 years. Dysentery and diarrhœa were the chief causes at Nagpur whilst at Jubbulpore there was not a single case of either disease. There was a single sporadic case of cholera in the Jubbulpore Asylum, the only case in the district throughout the year. The victim, a woman, had been six years in the Asylum and had never, so far as is known, been outside it. The chief causes of the great mortality at Nagpur are said to have been (*a*) advanced age and bad health on admission, (*b*) accumulation of elderly patients, (*c*) bowel disease.

Finance.

20. The average cost of each lunatic per head fell from Rs. 70-10-8 in 1885 to Rs. 68-14-0 in 1886. The cost per patient at each of the Asylums was—

	1885.	1886.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Nagpur ...	75 5 8	72 2 7
Jubbulpore ...	59 13 8	64 14 9

so that whilst the expenditure at Nagpur has decreased, that at Jubbulpore has increased, The chief cause appears to have been that food-grains were cheaper at Nagpur and dearer at Jubbulpore than in 1885.

As compared with those of 1885 the profits at both Asylums have increased—especially at Nagpur, where they have been hitherto relatively small. The net profits for the two years were—

	1885.	1886.
	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Nagpur ...	498 1 10	677 13 9
Jubbulpore ...	817 4 9	847 9 11

Lock Hospitals.

21. The number of admissions to Hospital among European troops increased in all four stations where there are Lock Hospitals. The ratios per *mille* in 1885 and 1886 were as under :—

	1885.	1886.
Jubbulpore ...	432	481
Kamptee ...	264	347
Pachmarhi ...	149	368
Saugor ...	126	186

22. The ratios for 1886 are all high, except in the case of Saugor: the ratio reached in Jubbulpore is excessive. The total number of admissions in the last named station was 366; in 45 of these cases the disease was contracted elsewhere. The garrison has been augmented during the year by a Battery of Artillery, which brings its average strength up to 760 European soldiers.

The average strength of the Kamptee European garrison during the year was 1,000. In this station there were 282 admissions for venereal disease but

in 30 cases the disease was contracted elsewhere. Complaint is made of the insufficient number of registered women at Kamptee. There are only 49 women on the register and these are said to be of the poorest and lowest class.

23. The Reports all point to the same conclusion, that it is possible to a great extent to keep the registered women from communicating disease to the soldiers, and that the real difficulty lies in preventing the soldiers from having recourse to unregistered women. Both in Jubbulpore and Saugor the Medical authorities find fault with the want of activity on the part of the Police, and the Police authorities make a similar complaint against the Regimental Police and Non-Commissioned Officers. No doubt the prevention of clandestine prostitution is a very difficult matter and one which demands the hearty co-operation of all the authorities concerned.

24. The total expenditure during the year was Rs. 5,942, of which Rs. 1,981 are paid by the Military Department; the amount is slightly smaller than that expended in the preceding year.

4.—Vaccination.

Amount of work.

25. The work done by the Department showed an improvement, the number of operations performed having increased since last year by 25,404. The increase occurred both in Provincial and Feudatory State Vaccination. The work done by Dispensary establishments slightly decreased owing to the reduction of the Vaccination duties of certain Hospital Assistants as explained in the report for 1884-85.

Results.

26. The average proportion of success to the total number of cases was about the same as last year, being 95·48 for primary vaccination and 73·27 for re-vaccination. The deaths from small-pox decreased, the ratio being ·34 per 1,000 against an average of ·40 for the preceding five years. The death rate was highest in Bhandara where there were 1,343 deaths, nearly 2 per 1,000 of the population. This is attributed to neglect of work and careless vaccination.

Attitude of the people.

27. As regards the attitude of the people towards vaccination it appears to have been mainly indifferent, but opposition is reported to have been met with in the Nagpur district and to a less extent in Wardha, as well as among the better classes in Jubbulpore.

Control.

28. More inspection work was done both by Civil Surgeons and Native Superintendents. The Chief Commissioner has under consideration the question of prescribing a standard of work to be required from the Native Superintendent of each district with reference to local circumstances. The general principles on which the minimum standard should be fixed have been intimated to the Deputy Surgeon-General, and he has been asked to submit detailed proposals.

CHAPTER VII.—INSTRUCTION.

1.—Education.

General Statistics.

1. The progress of Education in the Central Provinces during the year was very satisfactory. The following figures compare the results for the last three years :—

	1884-85.	1885-86.	1886-87.
Number of schools ...	1,809	1,854	1,895
Number of pupils ...	99,010	1,04,000	1,07,001
Average attendance ...	66,986	72,296	74,180
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Fee receipts in all schools ...	52,193	56,276	58,007
Direct cost per pupil to Government ...	2-4-5	1-13-7	1-14-3

Examinations.

There is marked increase in the number of schools and of pupils ; the average attendance has steadily improved ; the fee receipts have considerably increased ; and the cost to Government of each pupil is less than in 1884-85 ; while the slight increase, as compared with last year, is due to the operation of the new Codes and indicates increased efficiency.

2. If the results of examinations be the test, improvement is also shown :—

	Successful candidates in—		
	1884-85.	1885-86.	1886-87.
B. A.	6	4	13
F. A.	10	22	26
Matriculation	50	70	132
Middle school	420	345	404
Upper Primary	5,996	6,089	6,622
Lower Primary	9,527	9,458	9,836
School of Art	...	3	9

The B. A. figures for 1884-85 and 1885-86 show the number of students who, having passed the F. A. Examination in Local Colleges, had to complete their studies in foreign Colleges ; but in 1886-87 ten of the thirteen successful students were wholly educated in the Jubbulpore and Nagpur Colleges which now teach up to the B. A. standard. This is all the more satisfactory when it is remembered that the development of the Local Colleges has been very largely due to private effort.

Expenditure.

3. The expenditure of the past three years may be thus contrasted. :—

	1884-85.			1885-86.			1886-87.		
	Expenditure from Provincial Revenue.	Expenditure from all other sources.	Total.	Expenditure from Provincial Revenue.	Expenditure from all other sources.	Total.	Expenditure from Provincial Revenue.	Expenditure from all other sources.	Total.
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
University Education ..	12,088	5,375	17,463	11,575	16,736	28,311	14,768	23,464	38,232
Secondary Schools ...	65,125	42,263	1,07,388	60,633	54,135	1,14,768	60,766	62,912	1,23,678
Primary Schools ..	1,08,573	2,27,511	3,36,084	88,685	2,59,587	3,48,272	93,874	2,72,003	3,65,877
Special Schools ...	29,638	1,652	31,290	28,481	731	29,212	29,078	582	29,660
Direction and Inspection ...	1,09,244	1,021	1,10,265	1,26,589	866	1,27,455	1,15,667	1,169	1,16,836
Scholarships ...	28,467	1,145	29,612	20,415	3,443	23,858	19,000	5,944	24,944
Buildings and Miscellaneous ..	32,147	44,896	77,043	14,245	70,853	85,098	21,775	98,226	1,20,001
Total ...	3,85,282	3,23,863	7,09,145	3,50,623	4,06,351	7,56,974	3,54,928	4,64,300	8,19,228

While the total expenditure on University Education has more than doubled since 1884-85 the expenditure from Provincial Revenues shows an increase of only 2,680. Under Secondary Education there is a decrease in the expenditure from Provincial Revenues of 4,359. The limit of aid from local cesses and Municipal Funds has now in all probability been reached. The District Councils have so much road making and repairing to do, and the Municipal Boards such large arrears of sanitary work to bring up, that any great increase of contributions from local taxation cannot reasonably be looked for. The Provincial Revenues are not in a position to warrant larger grants. The extension of education must therefore now mainly depend on private effort.

Control.

4. The education work of District Councils was on the whole satisfactory. In some instances they failed in their duty but many rendered very valuable services to the cause of Education. The good work done by School Committees generally is worthy of hearty acknowledgment. It is noticeable that the least useful School Committees are those in the districts where District Councils are indifferent. It is stated that Tahsildars are less interested in Education than before the formation of the Local Boards. This neglect of duty has been dealt with by the Chief Commissioner.

Detailed results.

5. All the Colleges of the Provinces did well. The statistics of the secondary (High and Middle) schools are also encouraging. Not only have pupils increased by 9 per cent, but the number of passes by the prescribed examinations increased by nearly 32 per cent, while the Matriculation passes nearly doubled. The cost to Government of educating each pupil fell from Rs. 15-5-10 to Rs. 14-8-6 per annum. The Jubbulpore High school and the Mission school and City Aided school, Nagpur, deserve special mention. The results achieved by the last named institution were specially creditable to the Committee, and the teaching staff. The Raipur Zilah school was raised to the status of a High school by the liberality of the Municipal Committee. The Statistics of primary schools are also very favourable, especially in the Northern Circle.

Non-official assistance.

6. Much service was rendered to the Administration by private gentlemen and local bodies. Rai Bahadur Munna Lal Chaudhri endowed the Zilah school at Mandla with Rs. 62,500, and scholarships to commemorate Her Majesty's Jubilee were founded by the Raja of Khairagarh and Rani Jodh Kuar Bai of Rajnandgaon. At the same time it must be noticed that a decrease in private liberality was complained of in many districts.

General results.

7. The educational system of the Central Provinces under which, while not neglecting the duty of encouraging the higher education, the Administration devotes the larger portion of its funds and the proceeds of the local cesses to primary schools, has received the approval of the Education Commission and the Supreme Government. No change has taken place in that system, but the question of weaving into it some provision for technical instruction is under consideration, and it is hoped that some definite scheme may be shortly inaugurated. Meanwhile the results of the year under report have been most successful and reflect credit on the Department.

2.—*Literature and the Press.*

Publications and Presses.

8. The publication noted below is the only one issued in these Provinces during the year 1886:—

Subject.	Language.	Nature of contents.
Miscellaneous.	Hindi.	Genealogy of Panch Gaúd or Kankubja Brahmins (Part I.) partly in verse and partly in prose.

There are 16 printing presses under the management of private persons. The Jubbulpore Union Press Company was incorporated to work a press. The newspapers published in Nagpur are the *Nagpur News*, an Anglo-Marathi paper, and the *Tarjuman-i-Nagpur*, an Anglo-Urdu paper. There is also the monthly publication of the Educational department called the *Central Provinces News*, printed in Urdu, Marathi and Uriya. In Hoshangabad are published two newspapers, the *Nyaya Sudha*, an Anglo-Marathi paper, and the *Mauj-i-Narbada* in Urdu and Hindi. In Nimar there are two newspapers, the *Subodha Sindhu* and the *Arya Vaibhao*; both are Marathi papers. All the above are weekly newspapers except the paper of the Educational Department, which is published once a month. There is one monthly Magazine called the "*Saraswati Bilas*," published in Narsinghpur in Hindi.

An English weekly newspaper entitled the *Central India News* is published at Jubbulpore.

3.—*Literary Societies.*

Societies.

9. Besides the Nagpur public Museum library, there are 13 public libraries and reading clubs, and there are some 14 Literary Societies. The most influential of the Societies are the Hit Sabha, Saugor, with branches at Rehli, Khurai and Banda and the Anjuman-i-Islamia, Jubbulpore. Of these societies, two are for the promotion of Sanscrit literature and one for the promotion of Vernacular literature. They all exist for the most part for the promotion of Education. There is believed to be no purely Political Society in the Central Provinces, but some of the above societies concern themselves with local politics. There are a few Debating societies.

4.—Arts and Sciences.

Museums.

10. The number of visitors to the Nagpur Museum during the year amounted to 1,23,849 men, 62,202 women and 43,926 children, or 2,55,225 in all. These numbers show a substantial increase in the popularity of the Museum. Some gold, silver and copper coins, and some specimens of the dyed silks of Burhanpur have been added to the collections, as well as a few models and specimens of brass ware.

The Museum is supported from Provincial Funds at an annual cost of Rs. 792 for salaries, and about Rs. 760 for contingent charges.

The Raipur Museum, which is supported by the Raipur District and Municipal Funds supplemented by a Provincial grant of Rs. 300 per annum, was visited by nearly 1,47,000 persons during the year, but no additions were made to the exhibits.

CHAPTER VIII.—ARCHÆOLOGY.

This Department is not under Provincial management, and no operations were carried on in these Provinces during the year.

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ROYAL LIBRARY OF THE BOMBAY BRANCH SOCIETY.

I.—STATISTICS OF PHYSICAL, POLITICAL AND FISCAL GEOGRAPHY.

I. A. 1.—Area cultivated and uncultivated.

District.	Area as shewn by the Survey Department.	Deduct.			Net area dealt with in this Return.	Cultivated.			Uncultivated.			Government Forests.		
		Feudatory States.	Area for which returns are at present not available.	Total.		Actually cropped.	Current fallows.	Total.	Available for cultivation.	Not available for cultivation.	Total.	Cultivated.	Uncultivated.	Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
Saugor ...	25,64,480	...	...	...	25,64,480	9,07,133	40,163	9,47,296	6,21,196	4,78,285	10,99,481	5,514	5,12,189	5,17,703
Damoh ...	18,11,840	...	...	...	18,11,840	5,06,684	30,479	5,37,163	4,22,469	3,01,637	7,24,106	561	5,50,010	5,50,571
Jabalpur ...	25,26,720	...	...	...	25,26,720	10,43,200	44,800	10,88,000	6,18,880	5,88,160	12,07,040	...	2,31,680	2,31,680
Mandla ...	32,35,840	...	...	...	32,35,840	3,72,645	75,048	4,47,693	5,83,101	3,52,204	9,35,305	43,405	18,09,437	18,52,842
Seoni ...	20,46,720	...	...	...	20,46,720	6,35,775	1,16,674	7,52,449	2,87,981	3,75,038	6,63,019	13,184	6,18,068	6,31,252
Narsinghpur ...	12,26,240	...	...	...	12,26,240	6,03,520	16,000	6,19,520	1,53,600	3,28,290	4,81,890	1,920	1,22,910	1,24,830
Hoshangabad ...	30,39,380	99,200	1,10,720	2,09,920	28,29,440	9,15,200	55,454	9,70,654	4,58,880	2,83,386	7,42,266	4,480	11,12,040	11,16,520
Nimar ...	21,48,480	...	...	...	21,48,480	3,96,800	42,240	4,39,040	3,78,240	1,26,720	5,04,960	2,560	12,01,920	12,04,480
Betul ...	24,47,360	...	...	...	24,47,360	6,25,408	2,79,854	9,05,262	92,258	6,68,710	7,60,968	31,271	7,49,859	7,81,130
Chhindwara ...	29,63,200	...	10,22,080	10,22,080	19,41,120	6,57,920	85,760	7,43,680	70,400	6,51,520	7,21,920	16,640	4,58,880	4,75,520
Wardha ...	15,53,920	...	...	...	15,53,920	8,85,789	80,497	9,66,286	2,47,486	2,19,768	4,67,254	...	1,20,380	1,20,380
Nagpur ...	24,59,520	...	...	...	24,59,520	12,02,560	76,800	12,79,360	2 47,040	6,06,181	8,53,221	1,280	3,25,659	3,26,939
Chanda ...	68,79,360	...	31,04,279	31,04,279	37,75,081	6,53,877	73,600	7,27,477	7,68,605	2,11,200	9,79,805	7,040	20,60,759	20,67,799
Bhandara ...	25,39,520	...	9,46,277	9,46,277	15,93,243	5,79,488	48,805	6,28,293	2,18,193	3,94,610	6,12,803	...	3,52,147	3,52,147
Balaghat ...	20,08,960	...	6,14,400	6,14,400	13,94,560	2,65,680	17,566	2,83,246	1,72,823	1,58,971	3,31,794	2,57,280	5,22,240	7,79,520
Raipur ...	75,03,360	...	31,20,640	31,20,640	43,82,720	18,82,240	83,200	19,65,440	12,32,640	2,08,255	14,40,895	...	9,76,385	9,76,385
Bilaspur ...	53,38,240	...	28,60,414	28,60,414	24,77,826	10,79,213	23,567	11,02,720	8,26,819	1,33,396	9,60,215	1,03,680	3,11,211	4,14,891
Sambalpur ...	31,66,720	...	18,97,049	18,97,049	12,69.671	4,24,175	2,60,279	6,84,454	...	3,57,940	3,57,940	17,280	2,09,997	2,27,277
Chhattisgarh Feudatory States ...	1,87,39,200	1,87,39,200	...	1,87,39,200	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total C. P. ...	7,41,99,040	1,88,38,400	1,36,75,859	3,25,14,259	4,16,84,781	1,36,37,307	14,50,726	1,50,88,033	74,00,611	64,44,271	1,38,44,882	5,06,095	1,22,45,771	1,27,51,866

For details of this table see Part II. of the Report of 1872-73 or Chapters I. and II. Introduction to "Central Provinces Gazetter," Edition of 1870.

I A 3.—Climate.

District head-quarters.	Rainfall, inches.				Average temperature in shade.												Cloud proportion 0 to 10.		
					May.				July.				December.						
	January to May.	June to September.	October to December.	Total.	Mean of maximum readings.	Mean of minimum readings.	Highest readings.	Lowest readings.	Mean of maximum readings.	Mean of minimum readings.	Highest readings.	Lowest readings.	Mean of maximum readings.	Mean of minimum readings.	Highest readings.	Lowest readings.	January to July.	June to September.	October to December
Vindhyan Districts.																			
Saugor	1·66	40·22	7·60	49·48	105·4	79·7	110·2	72·4	83·8	73·8	90·6	71·8	75·6	53·7	80·2	47·9			
Damoh	0·88	40·34	11·60	52·82	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Narbada Valley Districts.																			
Jubalpur	1·98	40·58	6·45	49·01	104·4	76·9	108·4	65·7	85·0	74·3	91·7	72·8	76·3	48·7	80·3	40·5			
Narsinghpur	0 29	33·16	7·79	41·24	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...			
Hoshangabad	0·18	34·76	8·60	43·48	108·6	81·3	112·1	71·2	84·4	75·1	91·7	73·0	77·2	52·9	80·8	46·7			
Nimar	0·33	24·02	7·85	32·20	108·3	81·1	112·5	72·8	86·6	73·2	94·1	70·5	80 2	51·4	85·1	42·1			
Satpura Districts.																			
Mandla	1·98	31·63	4·99	38·60	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..			
Seoni	1·41	33·40	5·03	39·84	103·5	76·6	108 6	69·4	83·8	72·9	89·7	...	77·1	51·8	81·0	45·2			
Chhindwara	0·23	23·51	6 36	30·13	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	70·7	...	...	..	...			
Betul	0·31	32 14	5·62	38·07	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
												...							
Districts of the Wardha and Wainganga Valley (Nagpur country)																			
Nagpur	0·71	33·31	9·33	43·35	109·0	81·4	114·7	73·2	88·6	75·0	94·5	71·1	81·1	56·1	83·5	50·2			
Bhandara	0·92	41·13	4·04	46 39	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Balaghat	0·87	40 16	4·05	45·08	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Chanda	1·91	51·21	1·85	54·97	108·1	80·5	113 8	73 9	87·0	75·2	92·9	72·6	83·6	53·4	88·2	45·2			
Wardha	0·98	21·74	6·41	29·13	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Districts of the Mahanadi Valley (Chhattisgarh.)																			
Raipur	2 92	26·53	10·30	39·75	105·6	79·5	111·4	72·6	86·3	78·8	90·6	75 7	82·2	55·3	83·1	49·5			
Bilaspur	1 57	23·45	4·76	29·78	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			
Sambalpur	3·62	50·96	3·99	58·57	104·9	80·3	110·7	70·5	87·2	77·4	91·9	74·6	82·8	56·0	83·0	49·0			

I.—Native States.

Name of State.	In subsidiary alliance or Feudatory.	Tribute in men or money.	†Population.	Supposed gross revenue.	Military force.	Transit duties or not.	Principal articles of production including manufactures and mines.
		Rs.		Rs.			
1. Bastar ..	Feudatory..	3,056	196,248	92,135	3 wall pieces (zambooks) ... 4 Gunners. 12 Horsemen. 50 Sepoys.	None ...	Rice, oilseeds, dyes, dammer, silk cocoons, lac, galls, fibres, some iron, horns, hides, wax and honey. There is a considerable traffic in teak timber, which is sent to the Coast.
2. Kalahandi* ...	Do. ..	3,975	224,548	80,000	Has a considerable force of Paiks some of whom are armed with muskets, but the exact numbers are not known.	Do. ...	Rice, pulses, oilseeds, sugarcane, and cotton; wheat also grown in some parts. No important manufactures, and no mines.
3. Raigarh Bargarh* ...	Do. ...	400	128,943	7,500	See foot note. ...	Do. ...	Rice, pulses, oilseeds, sugarcane, cotton and a little wheat and gram. No manufactures of importance, and no mines worked though iron is abundant.
4. Sarangarh* ..	Do. ...	1,350	71,274	33,902	Do.	Do. ...	Do. Do.
5. Patna* ...	Do. ...	600	257,959	64,400	Do.	Do. ..	Rice, pulses, oilseeds, sugarcane, and cotton. No manufactures of importance. Iron ore found in many parts, but no mines are regularly worked.
6. Sonpur ...	Do. ...	5,000	178,701	28,000	Do.	Do. ...	Do. Do.
7. Rehrakhole ...	Do. ...	580	17,750	6,000	Do.	Do. ...	Do. do. Also some valuable sal forests; lac is found in considerable quantities. Iron ore very abundant. No manufactures of importance.
8. Bamra ...	Do. ...	350	81,286	16,000	Do.	Do. ...	Rice, pulses, oilseeds, sugarcane, and cotton; also some valuable sal forests, and lac is found in considerable quantities. Iron ore very abundant. No manufactures of importance.
9. Sakti* ...	Do. ...	350	22,819	16,800	Do.	Do. ..	Rice, wheat, oilseeds, and cotton: also some forest produce but not much, consisting of lac, resin, gum and mohwa fruit.
10. Kawardha* ...	Do. ..	16,000	86,362	68,000	Do.	Do. ...	Do. do.
11. Kondka or Chhuikhadan.	Do. ...	11,000	32,979	22,032	Do.	Do. ...	Wheat, gram, cotton, &c.
12. Kanker ...	Do. ...	Pays nothing.	63,610	17,000	Do.	Do. ...	Rice, kutki, kodo, lac, gum, &c.
13. Khairagarh ..	Do. ..	47,000	166,138	1,48,713	Do.	Do. ...	Cotton, rice, wheat, gram, &c. Some iron ore.
14. Nandgaon ...	Do. ...	46,000	164,339	1,46,528	Do.	Do. ...	Rice, tur, wheat, gram, oil-seeds, cotton and coarse cloth.
15. Makrai ...	Do. ...	Pays nothing.	16,764	29,964	Do.	Do. ...	Wheat, gram, rice, &c., gum, mohwa, chironji, and achar, &c. No manufactures worthy of note. Iron ore exists but no mines are regularly worked.

NOTE.—All the Chiefs have followers or retainers of kinds, but no accurate information regarding their equipment and discipline exists. They have no military force in the real sense of the term and the column has therefore been left blank.

† The population is given according to the Census of 1881.

* Under British management.

Statement I. B. 2.—Feudatory Chiefs and principal male members of their families.

Name of State.	Name and age of Chief and family to which he belongs.	Caste or race and religion.	How educated.	By whom the State is at present administered.	Has sanad authorising adoption or not	Family follows primogeniture or not.	Has male heirs or not.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
Bastar ...	Raja Bahiram Deo, 47.	Rajput ...	Indifferently ...	The Chief ...	Has sanad.	Follows primogeniture.	Has a nephew.
Patna ...	Maharaja Ramchandra Singh, 15.	Chowan Rajput ...	Being educated at Rajkumar College	Government ...	Do.	Do.	Is a minor.
Kalahandi ...	Raja Raghu Kishore Deo, 15	Chowan Nagbansi.	Do. do. ...	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.
Sonpur ...	Raja Niladhar Singh Deo, 48.	Chowan Mahapatra.	Knows English and Uria	The Chief ...	Do.	Do.	Has a male heir.
Bamra ...	Raja Sudhal Deo, 39.	Gangabansi ...	Knows Uria, Hindi, Bengali and Sanscrit.	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.
Rehrakhole ...	Raja Bishan Chandra Jenamani, 68.	Jena Rajput ...	Knows Uria.	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.
Sarangarh ...	Raja Bhowani Pratab Singh, 21.	Gond ...	Knows a little English and Hindi.	Government ...	Do.	Do.	Do.
Raigarh ...	Raja Ghansyam Singh, 63.	Gond ...	Knows Hindi ...	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.
Kanker ...	Raja Narhar Deo, Chandra Bansi, 38.	Chatri Hindu ...	Knows Hindi, Urdu, Uria and Sanscrit.	The Chief ...	Do.	Do.	Do.
Khairagarh ...	Raja Lal Umrao Sing, *alias* Kanhya Lal, 42.	Rajput Hindu ...	Knows Hindi ...	Do.	Do.	Do.	Do.
Nandgaon ...	Raja Balram Dass Byragi, 22.	Byragi Hindu ...	Knows Hindi and a little English.	Do.	Do.	Does not follow primogeniture.	No heirs.
Chuikadan ...	Mahant Lachman Dass Byragi, 76.	Do. ...	Knows Hindi ...	Do.	Do.	Follows primogeniture.	Has a male heir.
Kawardha ...	Thakur Rajpal Singh, 36.	Raj Gond ...	Was educated in Hindi by tutor appointed by Deputy Commr.	Government ...	Do.	Do.	Has no male heir.
Sakti ...	Raja Ranjit Singh, 53.	Raj Gond ...	Knows Uria and Urdu.	Do. ...	Do.	Do.	Has two sons.
Makrai ...	Raja Lachushah *alias* Bharatshah, 38.	Gond ...	Was educated by private tutor in Hindi.	The Chief ...	Do.	Do.	2 sons aged 11 years and 1 year and 9 weeks respectively.

I. C.—Civil Divisions of British territory.

District.	Number of Judicial and Revenue Sub-Divisions.	Area in square miles.	Population.	Chief towns, with population.	Number of villages	How many Civil and Revenue Judges of all sorts.	How many Magistrates of all sorts.	Maximum distance in miles of villages from nearest Court.	Average distance in miles of villages from nearest Court.	Number of Police.	Total cost of officials and police of all kinds.	Revenue.	
												Land.	Gross.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
											Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Saugor ...	5	4,007	5,64,950	Saugor 44,416 Garhakota 11,414 Deori 7,414 Rehli 5,230 Kurai 5,370	2,107	12	11	28	26	731	96,138	4,44,480	6,98,337
Damoh ...	2	2,881	3,12,957	Damoh 8,665 Hatta 6,325 Hindoria 3,286 Raneh 2,628	1,335	5	7	50	17	382	1,24,095	2,68,835	3,99,762
Jabalpur ...	4	3,948	6,87,238	Jabalpur 75,105 Sihora 5,736 Mürwara 8,612 Garha 7,348 Panagarh 4,916	2,534	11	22	40	18	732	1,00,925	5,70,657	10,08,682
Mandla ...	2	5,056	3,01,760	Mandla 4,372 Bamni 2,400 Shaipura 2,783 Pindrai 1,334	1,751	5	5	61	25	295	86,200	65,050	82,201

Seoni	...	2	3,198	3,34,733	Seoni	10,203	1,434	6	4	45	24	314	82,184	1,61,556	3,97,721
Narsinghpur	...	2	1,916	3,65,173	Narsinghpur	10,222	1,108	8	14	21	13	372	1,52,845	4,20,963	6,47,806
					Gadarwara	8,100									
Hoshangabad	...	4	4,594	4,88,787	Hoshangabad	15,863	1,450	16	18	55	14	741	1,67,376	4,35,809	6,45,681
					Sohagpur	7,927									
					Harda	11,203									
					Seoni	6,998									
Nimar	...	2	3,357	2,31,341	Khandwa	15,142	694	10	15	43	6	587	1,24,166	1,80,607	4,87,163
					Burhanpur	30,017									
					Asirgarh	2,437									
					Pandhana	2,788									
					Mandhatta	1,490									
Betul	...	2	3,824	3,04,905	Betul	4,693	1,290	6	11	52	22	356	1,25,945	1,90,537	4,54,408
					Badnur	4,180									
					Multai	3,423									
Chhindwara	...	2	4,630	3,72,899	Chhindwara	8,220	1,833	6	5	75	29	351	49,641	2,20,019	4,50,872
					Pandhurna	7,469									
					Mohgaon	5,180									
Wardha	...	3	2,428	3,87,221	Wardha	5,816	1,372	10	13	26	19	453	3,25,429	5,14,940	9,99,546
					Hinganghat	9,000									
					Arvi	8,072									
					Ashti	5,245									
					Deoli	5,126									
Nagpur	...	4	3,843	6,97,356	Nagpur	98,299	2,194	18	23	38	21	1,076	2,15,295	8,32,616	17,05,502
					Kamptee	50,987									
					Umrer	14,247									
					Khapa	8,465									
					Ramtek	7,814									
					Narkher	7,061									
					Mohopa	5,515									
					Kalmeshwar	5,318									
					Saoner	5,023									
Carried over	...	34	43,632	50,49,315			19,102	113	148	534	234	6,390	16,50,239	43,06,069	79,77,681

I. C.—Continued.

District.	Number of Judicial and Revenue Sub-Divisions.	Area in square miles.	Population.	Chief towns with population.		Number of villages.	How many Civil and Revenue Judges of all sorts.	How many magistrates of all sorts.	Maximum distance in miles of villages from nearest Court.	Average distance in miles of villages from nearest Court.	Number of Police.	Total cost of officials and Police of all kinds.	Revenue,	
													Land.	Gross.
1	2	3	4	5		6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
												Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Brought over ...	34	43,632	50,49,315			19,102	113	148	534	234	6,390	16,50,239	43,06,069	79,77,681
Chanda ...	4	10,749	6,49,146	Chanda	16,187	2,754	10	13	130	20	610	1,42,713	2,71,375	4,82,542
				Warora	8,022									
				Armori	5,584									
Bhandara ...	3	3,968	6,83,779	Bhandara	11,150	1,772	9	7	72	34	475	48,819	4,02,394	7,78,857
				Powni	9,773									
				Mohali	5,142									
				Tumsar	7,388									
Balaghat ...	2	3,139	3,40,554	Behir	4,136	1,211	5	4	65	30	227	73,456	1,61,817	3,68,059
				Wara seoni	3,326									
Raipur ...	4	11,724	14,05,171	Raipur	24,948	4,703	13	23	69	14	544	1,25,574	6,95,829	11,38,129
				Dhamtari	6,647									
				Rajim	3,252									
				Arang	4,608									
Bilaspur ...	3	8,341	10,17,327	Bilaspur	7,775	3,920	9	7	56	10	311	79,277	3,00,339	4,87,723
				Ratanpur	5,615									
Sambalpur ...	2	4,948	6,93,499	Sambalpur	13,939	2,974	8	8	66	25	393	1,13,960	1,04,373	2,08,710
Grand Total ...	52	86,501	98,38,791	...		36,436	167	210	992	367	8,950	22,34,038	62,42,196	1,14,41,701

I. D.—Population.

District.	Houses.		Population.						Classification of population.												Occupation.		Prevailing language.
					Children under 12 years.				Christians.														
	Occupied.	Unoccupied.	Men.	Women.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Number per square mile.	British born British subjects.	Other Europeans and Americans.	Eurasians.	Natives.	Indian Portuguese.	Unspecified.	Hindus.	Mahomedans.	Parsis.	Buddhists and Jains.	Aborigines.	Others	Agriculturists.	Non-agriculturists.	
Saugor ...	1,30,409	25,302	1,99,562	1,81,173	95,233	88,982	5,64,950	141·1	440	90	56	410	..	38	5,02,927	25,396	15	16,434	19,144	...	1,49,732	4,15,218	h
Damoh ...	70,276	3,326	1,09,656	1,00,831	52,914	49,556	3,12,957	111·8	5	7	1	15	...	5	2,91,454	9,384	...	6,665	5,431	..	89,359	2,23,598	h
Jabalpur ...	1,74,512	15,982	2,31,972	2,25,378	1,17,279	1,12,604	6,87,233	175·4	808	317	267	721	30	333	5,76,593	34,790	51	5,515	67,804	4	2,41,847	4,45,386	
Mandla ...	61,779	7,199	93,266	90,570	60,279	57,648	3,01,760	63·9	7	5	2	108	...	5	1,29,555	4,048	...	284	1,67,746	...	1,40,989	1,60,771	
Seoni ...	67,104	5,245	1,06,804	1,06,349	61,121	60,459	3,34,733	103.1	12	3	7	73	3	1	1,80,337	13,442	3	1,408	1,39,444	...	1,41,944	1,92,789	h
Narsinghpur ...	79,765	3,346	1,22,722	1,18,570	63,913	59,968	3,65.173	190.0	11	39	5	31	4	13	3,05,562	13,425	3	2,170	43,910	...	1,15,530	2,49,643	h g k
Hoshangabad ...	1,02,868	9,658	1,69,546	1,56,892	82,947	79,402	4,88,787	110.2	154	96	63	337	33	100	3,94,035	22,355	41	1,725	69,840	8	1,44,278	3,44,509	...
1 Feudatory State ...	3,380	139	5,717	5,385	2,804	2,858	16,764	77.9	...	...	...	...	...	...	11,708	849	...	...	4,207	...	3,538	13,226	h Guzerathi
Nimar ...	48,692	5,666	82,904	73,328	38,104	37,005	2,31,341	69.3	188	6	86	309	53	92	1,99,454	24,426	97	1,247	5,282	46	84,312	1,47,929	h g m k
Betul ...	58,603	5,122	97,129	93,299	57,297	57,180	3,04,905	78.1	4	3	5	22	...	...	1,82,394	5,032	...	942	1,16,503	..	1,24,702	1,80,203	g h m k
Chhindwara ...	73,621	26,874	1,17,026	1,16,807	69,142	69,924	3,72,899	95.2	4	4	19	49	1	...	2,14,820	11,298	...	1,451	1,45,253	...	1,70,407	2,02,492	m g h
Wardha ...	85,044	7,189	1,35,680	1,29,746	59,884	61,911	3,87,221	161.3	11	15	7	47	7	9	3,28,621	14,200	7	2,356	41,933	8	1,70,849	2,16,372	m h t g
Nagpur ...	1,45,293	15,053	1,42,663	2,36,215	1,09,093	1,09,385	6,97,356	184.2	1,063	383	630	2,303	66	405	6,06,228	39,765	178	3,569	42,750	16	2,09,568	4,87,788	m h t g
Chanda ...	1,48,135	22,444	212,336	2,10,136	1,14,488	1,12,186	6,49,146	60.2	15	35	29	191	4	15	5,00 569	10,987	...	737	1,36,564	...	2,53,228	3,95,918	...
1 Feudatory State ...	38,271	...	70,328	61,483	32,718	31,719	1,96,148	15.	...	..	...	...	...	...	1,59,128	779	...	...	36,341	...	80,194	1,16,053	m h g
Bhandara ...	1,33,056	8,058	2,23,549	2,26,812	1,17,262	1,16,156	6,83,779	174.3	15	32	5	87	1	17	5,91,918	13,102	4	577	78,021	...	2,58,665	4,25,111	h m g
Balaghat ...	69,034	2,939	1,09,569	1,13,133	59,261	58,571	3,40,554	108.2	3	5	2	26	...	...	2,49,796	6,541	...	125	84,056	...	1,58,747	1,81,807	h u g m
Raipur ...	4,46,651	13,655	4,27,766	4,48,054	2,68,476	2,60,875	14,05,171	118.2	15	31	24	730	4	17	12,23,117	14,991	...	513	1,65,729	...	6,66,394	7,38,777	...
4 Feudatory States ...	1,04,554	19,553	1,31,454	1,34,202	81,338	80,072	4,27,066	160.7	3	1	...	...	...	10	3,16,657	3,885	...	193	1,06,317	...	1,90,967	2,36,099	h
Bilaspur ...	2,81,580	8,719	3,11,228	3,23,905	1,92,818	1,89,376	10,17,327	130.5	5	2	...	23	...	...	8,50,103	9,625	..	17	1,57,647	..	4,05,067	6,12,260	..
2 Feudatory States ...	32,324	1,400	84,016	35,445	20,042	19,678	1,09,181	108·9	...	...	...	...	...	...	80,943	2,682	...	...	26,156	...	45,587	63,594	u h k
Sambalpur ...	1,60,359	86,022	2,13,943	2,16,093	1,32,606	1,30,857	6,93,499	153.4	8	14	18	70	...	...	6,43,771	2,966	...	...	46,652	...	2,52,419	4,41,080	
7 Feudatory States ...	1,96,754	...	3,03,867	2,87,489	1,85,403	1,83,702	9,60,461	80·7	3	2	4	1	...	...	9,10,835	2,319	...	...	47,297	...	2,30,171	7,30,290	
Total Districts ...	23,36,976	1,93,769	32,07,321	31,67,311	17,52,114	17,12,045	98,38,791	116·5	2,768	1,142	1,226	5,557	206	1,050	79,71,254	2,75,773	399	45,735	15,33,599	82	37,78,040	60,60,751	
15 Feudatory States ..	3,75,283	21,092	5,45,382	5,24,004	3,22,305	3,18,029	17,09,720	59·3	6	3	4	1	...	10	14,79,971	9,914	...	193	2,20,318	...	5,50,457	11,59,263	
Grand Total ..	27,12,259	2,14,861	37,52,703	36,91,315	20,74,419	20,30,074	1,15,48,511	101·9	2,774	1,145	1,230	5,558	206	1,060	94,50,525	2,85,687	399	45,928	17,53,917	82	43,28,197	72,20,014	

NOTE.—The population is according to the Census of 1881.
m denotes Marathi, *h* Hindi, *t* Telugu, *g* Gondi, *k* Kol or Korku, *u* Uriya.

1. E.—Fiscal.

The Survey Settlement.

Area previously surveyed in miles.				Cost per mile.			Surveyed during the year with cost per mile.		
		Revenue.							
Trigonometrically.	Topographically.	By village.	By fields.	Trigonometrical.	Topographical.	Revenue.	Trigonometrical.	Topographical.	Revenue.
7,633	28,024	55,829	...	...	...	Rs. a. p. 43 10 0	...	...	(a) 5,239 at Rs. 34 per square mile (b)763 at Rs. 164 per square mile (c) 992 at Rs. 100 per square mile.

(a) Professional traverse survey.
(b) Professional cadastral survey, with records. Records were not prepared for 157 miles out of the 763, but adverse traversing was completed for 1,032.
(c) Survey with records completed by Settlement officers on basis of traverse maps.

Note—The above figures are for the year 1885-86.

Settlement.

Nature of Settlement.	Area in miles.	Annual revenue assessed.	Date of expiry of Settlement.	Remarks.
	Square miles.	Rs.		
Settled in perpetuity ...	...	...	...	
For 30 years or upwards ...	28,734	47,44,166	various dates between 1893 and 1898.	
For 10 years and under 30 ...	5,989	3,70,363	Do. 1885 and 1889.	
In progress ...	10,445	11,28,657	1897 to 1903	
	45,168	62,43,186	...	Exclusive of Feudatories, Zamindaries and Government Forests

Surveyed and assessed area in acres.

Districts.	Total area by survey less Feudatory States.	Deduct area not fully assessed including Estates assessed at privileged rates.	Balance of area fully assessed	Total Land Revenue (excluding cesses) of district (column 2).	Population of district (column 2).	Land Revenue per head of population (columns 5 and 6).	Land Revenue (excluding cesses) assessed on fully assessed area (column 4).	Incidence of revenue on fully assessed area per acre.		Population of fully assessed area.	Land Revenue assessment per head of population of fully assessed area (column 4).	Towns over 10,000 inhabitants.	
								For total area.	For cultivated area only.			No. of towns.	Aggregate population.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Rs.		Rs. a. p.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.		
Saugor, Khalsa ...	25,64,480	7,04,429	18,60,051	4,70,538	5,64,950	0 13 4	4,33,830	0 3 9	0 7 3	5,15,726	0 13 5	2	55,830
Damoh do. ...	18,11,840	6,70,711	11,41,129	2,65,621	3,12,957	0 13 6	2,61,694	0 3 8	0 7 9	2,84,560	0 14 9	...	...
Jabalpur do. ...	25,26,720	5,65,579	19,61,141	6,19,267	6,87,233	0 14 5	5,70,123	0 4 8	0 8 4	6,14,808	0 14 10	1	75,705
Mandla do. ...	32,35,840	19,563	32,16,277	66,098	3,01,760	0 3 6	64,887	0 0 4	0 2 3	2,38,736	0 4 4	...	...
Seoni do. ...	20,46,720	1,53,987	18,92,733	1,49,123	3,34,733	0 7 2	1,47,543	0 1 3	0 3 1	2,91,663	0 8 1	1	10,203
Narsinghpur do. ...	12,26,240	40,058	11,86,182	4,18,875	3,65,173	1 2 4	4,14,894	0 5 7	0 10 8	3,52,809	1 2 9	1	10,222
Hoshangabad do. ...	28,29,440	12,78,440	15,51,000	4,36,387	4,83,440	0 14 5	4,20,349	0 4 4	0 6 11	4,49,820	0 14 11	2	27,066
Do. Zamindari ...	1,10,720	...	1,10,720	140	5,347	0 0 5	140	.....	0 0 3	5,347	0 0 5	...	...
Nimar Khalsa ...	21,48,480	1,67,876	19,80,604	1,80,033	2,31,341	0 12 5	1,77,298	0 1 5	0 6 5	1,77,518	1 0 0	2	45,159
Betul do. ...	24,47,360	19,771	24,27,589	1,90,605	3,04,905	0 10 0	1,90,105	0 1 3	0 3 4	2,80,890	0 10 10	..	...
Chhindwara do. ...	19,41,120	1,54,240	17,86,880	2,23,983	3,08,387	0 11 7	1,98,248	0 1 9	0 4 3	2,71,687	0 11 8	...	...
Do. Zamindari ...	10,22,080	...	10,22,080	210	64,512	0 0 1	210	.....	.....	64,512	0 0 1	...	...
Wardha Khalsa ...	15,53,920	2,07,485	13,46,435	5,14,940	3,87,221	1 5 3	5,09,776	0 6 1	0 8 5	3,60,368	1 6 7	...	...
Nagpur do. ...	24,59,520	5,87,430	18,72,090	8,29,666	6,97,356	1 3 0	7,89,015	0 6 9	0 9 10	6,29,454	1 4 1	3	1,63,533
Chanda do. ...	37,75,081 (a)	1,80,169	35,94,912	2,70,186	5,33,214	0 8 1	2,54,997	0 1 1	0 5 7	4,84,871	0 8 5	1	16,137
Do. Zamindari ...	31,04,279	...	31,04,279	2,205	1,15,932	0 0 4	2,205	.....	0 0 4	1,15,932	0 0 4	...	...
Bhandara Khalsa ...	15,93,243	75,284	15,17,959	3,31,059	4,76,816	0 11 1	3,23,214	0 3 5	0 8 2	4,43,980	0 11 8	1	11,150
Do. Zamindari ...	9,46,277	...	9,46,277	71,038	2,06,963	0 5 6	71,038	0 1 2	0 4 10	2,06,963	0 5 6	...	...
Balaghat Khalsa ...	13,94,560	7,84,504	6,10,056	1,27,269	2,59,727	0 7 10	1,27,091	0 3 4	0 7 2	2,58,910	0 7 9	...	...
Do. Zamindari ...	6,14,400	...	6,14,400	28,430	80,827	0 5 7	28,430	0 0 9	0 4 9	80,827	0 5 7	...	...
Raipur Khalsa ...	43,82,720	67,219	43,15,501	5,44,758	11,41,882	0 7 7	5,35,449	0 1 11	0 4 4	11,19,006	0 7 8	1	24,948
Do. Zamindari ...	31,20,640	...	31,20,640	20,050	2,63,289	0 1 3	20,050	0 0 1	0 1 0	2,63,289	0 1 3	...	...
Bilaspur Khalsa ...	24,77,826	4,66,067	20,11,759	2,47,015	7,46,130	0 5 3	2,44,785	0 1 11	0 3 6	7,24,623	0 5 4	...	...
Do. Zamindari ...	28,60,414	...	28,60,414	18,725	2,71,197	0 1 1	18,725	0 0 1	0 1 6	2,71,197	0 1 1	...	...
Sambalpur Khalsa ...	12,69,671	5,67,168	7,02,503	93,126	3,62,058	0 4 1	89,804	0 2 1	0 2 1	3,05,324	0 4 8	1	13,939
Do. Zamindari ...	18,97,049	...	18,97,049	11,246	3,31,441	0 0 6	11,246	0 0 1	0 0 4	3,31,441	0 0 6	...	...
Total. C. P. Khalsa ...	4,16,84,781	67,09,980	3,49,74,801	59,78,549	84,99,283	0 11 3	57,53,102	0 2 7	0 6 1	78,04,753	0 11 9	16	4,53,892
Total. Do. Zamindari ...	1,36,75,859	...	1,36,75,859	1,52,044	13,39,508	0 1 9	1,52,044	0 0 2	0 1 7	13,39,508	0 1 9	...	...

(a) Besides the area of villages assessed at privileged rates, this area includes also those known as Muafi, Ubari, Makta and Mukassa, the area of which was inadvertently omitted in previous Statements.

Varieties of tenure held direct from Government.

Nature of tenure.	Number of estates	Number of villages.	Number of holders or share-holders.	Gross area in acres.	Average area of each estate.	Average assessment of each estate.	Revenue rate per acre.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8
							Rs. a. p.
1.—Great Zamindaris paying more than Rs. 50,000 revenue ... Under law of primogeniture	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
... Under ordinary law	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2.—Large Zamindaris paying from Rs. 50,000 to Rs. 5,000 Land revenue ... Under law of primogeniture	1	370	1	2,96,380	2,96,380	10,000	0 0 7
... Under ordinary law	5	324	11	6,30,426	1,26,085	14,552	0 1 10
Total ...	6	694	12	9,26,806	1,54,467	13,796	0 1 5
3.—Zamindaris paying from Rs. 5,000 to 100 Land revenue ... Zamindari	78	5,473	183	104,49,724	1,33,970	859	0 0 1
... Malguzari	18,069	18,162	41,197	197,62,340	1,094	273	0 3 11
Total ...	18,147	23,635	41,380	302,12,064	1,664	275	0 2 7
4.—Small Zamindaris other than cultivating communities paying less than Rs. 100 ... Zamindari	31	982	26	22,92,096	73,938	28	0 0 0
... Malguzari	8,797	8,247	17,407	60,35,710	686	42	0 0 8
Total ...	8,828	9,229	17,433	83,27,806	943	42	0 0 8
5.—Peasant proprietors paying separately ...	34,710	...	38,085	6,76,902	19	13	0 10 8
6.—Holders of wholly or partly revenue free grants ... In perpetuity	4,787	...	6,279	14,73,951	307	22	0 4 9
... For life or lives	7,376	...	8,451	7,59,428	102	4	0 0 3
7.—Land holders who have redeemed the revenue ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8.—Purchasers of waste land plots ...	254	...	234	2,06,109	811	...	...
Grand Total ...	74,108	33,558	1,11,874	425,83,066	574	82	0 2 2

NOTE.—The figures shewn in columns 7 and 8 have been calculated on the revenue for the year ending 30th September 1886.

I. E. 4.—FISCAL—Transfers.

1			No. of transfers.		Total area transferred.	
			By order of Court.	By private contract or gift.	By order of Court.	By private contract or gift.
			2	3	4	5
Proprietor ...	Revenue paying		247	3,271	1,14,349	12,59,668
	Revenue free		1	216	6	20,196
		Total ...	248	3,487	1,14,355	12,79,864

Land Revenue.

Description of Revenue.	Revenue last year.		Revenue this year.		Cost of collection.	Net collections during year.	Outstanding balances.	Number of sales for arrears of revenue.	Revenue of estates sold.	Cause of increase or decrease of revenue with explanation.
	Assessed.	Realized.	Assessed.	Realized.						
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			
From settled estates bearing revenue in past years ...	61,57,686	61,56,588	66,06,134	66,04,379			(a) 1,755			
Settled estates added to revenue roll during present year ...	...	...	...	...						
Settled estates taken off revenue roll during present year...	...	...	...	...	6,99,599	67,07,703	...	23	...	
Collection from Government estates ...	...	...	...	...						
Income from sale of Government estates ...	...	...	...	...						
Miscellaneous Land Revenue not included in above ...	1,02,804	1,02,770	1,02,233	97,867			(b) 4,366			
Total ...	62,60,490	62,59,358	67,08,367	67,02,246						

(a) In train of liquidation Rs. 767-15-5—of this Rs. 631-10-10 were realized within two months of the close of the year.
Doubtful Rs. 636-10-0—of this Rs. 396 are due from Malguzars of the Ghatkul parganas, who have withheld payment pending the resettlement in progress there, and the greater part of the balance is in train of collection.
Irrecoverable Rs. 14-12-0
Nominal Rs. 345-15-0
Rs. 1,765-4-5

(b) As the demand is nothing more than an estimate, it cannot be contrasted with the collections in the same way as the above.

NOTE—The above figures are for the years ending 30th September 1885 and 30th September 1886 respectively.

II.—STATISTICS OF PROTECTION.

A.—LEGISLATIVE.

I.—Statement of Acts passed by the Legislature of the Province of in the year and sanctioned as required by law.

Title of Act.	By whom proposed.	Object and character of Act.	Date on which sanctioned.

2.—Statement of Bills proposed or pending in the Legislature of the Province in the year

Title of Bill.	By whom proposed.	Object and character of Bill.	When introduced.	When rejected or withdrawn.	If pending why, and in what state.

3.—Statement of Draft Bills submitted by the chief Administrative authority of the for the consideration of the Legislature of India during the year.

Title of Bill.	By whom proposed.	Object and character of Act.	Date, results, or present position of the proposed Bill.

JUDICIAL STATEMENT No. I.—(Civil and Criminal.)

Statement showing the number of Judicial Divisions and the number of Officers exercising Appellate or Original jurisdiction in the Central Provinces, on the last day of the year 1886 with the cost of Tribunals.

Name of Province.			Area.	Population.	Number of Divisions for Courts under Chief Court, but superior to Chief Courts of Districts.	Number of Districts.	Number of Sub-Districts.	Total number of officers exercising original or appellate jurisdiction.					Total number of cases decided.				Total receipts of the Courts.	Total charges of the Courts.
								Judges of Chief Court of Provinces.	Judges of other Courts superior to Chief District Courts.	Judges of Chief Courts of Districts.	Judges of District Courts other than Chief Courts.	Judges of other subordinate Courts.	Original.		Appeals.			
													Regular.	Miscellaneous.	Regular.	Miscellaneous.		
1			2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
Central Provinces.	Territory subject to the High Court ...	Civil and Revenue ...	84,445	98,38,791	4	18	50	1	4	18	38	105	1,11,007	8,308	6,618	406	†9,58,694	†12,73,756
		Criminal ..									42	152	24,494	1,009	2,461	95		
	Ditto not subject to the High Court ...	Civil and Revenue ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Criminal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	*Total ...		84,445	98,38,791	4	18	50	1	4	18	42	199	1,35,501	9,317	9,079	501	9,58,694	12,73,756

NOTE.—Number of European and Native Judicial Officers exercising Appellate or Original jurisdiction.

† The Receipts and Charges of the Judicial Commissioner's Court are included this year. They were not shown heretofore.

The Civil Courts are those described in Act XVI. of 1885. On the Criminal side District Officers are included with 1st Class Magistrates.

CIVIL.

Naib-Tahsildars.		Munsiffs.		Judges of Small Cause Courts.		Registrars of Small Cause Courts.		Courts of	Tahsildars.				Assistant Commissioners.						Civil Judges.	
Euro.	Natives.	Euro.	Natives.	Europeans.	Natives.	Europeans.	Natives.		1st Class.		2nd Class.		1st Class.		2nd Class.		3rd Class.		Euro.	Natives.
									Euro.	Natives.	Euro.	Natives.	Euro.	Natives.	Euro.	Natives.	Euro.	Natives.		
0	32	0	15	5	1	0	2		0	44	0	6	3	9	3	13	2	2	1	5

Deputy Commissioners.		Commissioners.		Judicial Commissioners.	
Euro.	Natives	Euro	Natives.	Euro.	Natives.
18	0	4	0	1	0

CRIMINAL.

High Court Judges.		Sessions Judges.		Magistrates.	1st Class.		2nd Class.		3rd Class.		Cantonment Magistrates.	
Euro.	Natives.	Euro.	Natives.		Euro.	Natives.	Euro.	Natives.	Euro.	Natives.	Euro.	Natives.
1	0	4	0		26	26	3	99	0	55	4	0

* The total columns 7 to 11 show the *actual* number *of individuals*, as required. As the same officer has in some (but not in all) cases both Civil and Criminal powers, the figure total of columns 10 and 11 are higher than totals shown.

JUDICIAL STATEMENT No. 2.—(Criminal.)

Statement of Offences reported and persons tried, convicted and acquitted of each class of offence in the Central Provinces, in the year 1886.

Description of offence.	Number of offences reported.	Number of cases returned as true.	Number of cases brought to trial during the year.	Number of persons.					Remarks.
				Under trial during the year, including pending from previous year.	Acquitted or discharged.	Convicted.	Died, escaped or transferred to another Province.	Remaining under trial.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
Offences against the State, Chapter VI. of the Indian Penal Code ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Do. relating to the army and navy Chapter VII. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Do. against the public tranquillity do. VIII. ...	196	174	153	1,142	423	700	1	18	
Do. by or relating to public servants do. IX. ...	75	72	63	77	39	37	...	1	
Contempts of the lawful authority of public servants do. X. ...	314	311	312	487	180	272	11	24	
False evidence and offences against public justice do. XI. ...	343	320	315	429	137	279	2	11	
Offences relating to coin and Government Stamps do. XII. ...	82	78	73	82	29	52	...	1	
Do. relating to weights and measures do. XIII. ..	88	85	85	97	26	65	2	4	
Do. affecting the public healths, safety, convenience, decency and morals do. XIV. ...	193	180	178	341	90	233	...	18	
Do. relating to religion do. XV. ...	21	16	16	26	6	18	...	2	
Offences affecting the human body, Chapter XVI. — Offences affecting life ...	364	348	308	420	150	231	4	35	
Causing of miscarriage, injuries to unborn children, exposure of infants and the concealment of births	37	33	30	40	13	24	...	4	Includes 1 person who is in the Lunatic Asylum.
Hurt ...	2,570	2,033	1,999	3,894	2,132	1,679	19	64	
Wrongful restraint and wrongful confinement	252	177	155	315	172	134	1	8	
Criminal force and assault	62,284	4,771	4,825	9,148	5,759	3,051	109	229	
Kidnapping, forcible abduction, slavery and forced labor ...	40	32	29	52	27	24	...	1	
Rape	85	63	42	47	28	21	...	1	
Unnatural offences	32	24	18	26	16	10	...	...	
Offences against property, Chapter XVII. — Theft ...	12,613	12,081	5,710	8,347	1,944	6,343	19	42	Do. do.
Extortion ..	99	68	56	93	53	32	...	8	
Robbery and dacoity ...	149	118	58	146	73	71	1	1	
Criminal misappropriation of property ...	166	147	147	185	48	126	2	9	
Criminal breach of trust ...	388	342	281	317	111	190	3	13	
Receiving stolen property ...	374	366	339	484	167	317	...	...	
Cheating ...	240	146	146	206	100	92	8	6	
Fraudulent deeds and dispossession of property ...	4	3	3	5	...	3	...	2	
Mischief ...	703	553	308	522	260	249	3	10	
Criminal trespass ...	7,466	6,944	2,722	4,373	1,523	2,765	17	68	
Offences relating to documents and to trade or property marks, Chapter XVIII. ...	26	24	23	28	13	13	1	1	
Criminal breachof contracts of service do. XIX. ..	6	6	6	15	7	8	...	...	
Offences relating to marriage do. XX. ...	525	324	321	384	269	98	10	7	
Defamation do. XXI. ...	577	267	253	374	267	86	2	18	
Criminal intimidation, insult and annoyance do. XXII. ...	456	302	299	423	285	123	2	11	
Offences under special and local laws	6,316	5,984	5,914	8,260	1,768	6,336	51	105	
Total ...	41,140	36,397	25,187	40,785	16,118	23,679	269	722	

JUDICIAL STATEMENT No. 3—(Criminal.)

Statement of Miscellaneous proceedings under the Criminal Procedure Code in the Central Provinces, during the year 1886.

Nature of proceedings.	Total number of cases before the Courts during the year.	Number of persons concerned.	Number of persons discharged.	Number of persons convicted.	Pending at close of the year. Persons.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
1. Proceedings against witnesses under Chapter VI—C and Section 485	5	6	3	3	...	
2. Proceedings under Chapter VIII, to prevent breach of the peace	43	116	50	*68	...	* 2 persons remaining from last year.
3. Proceedings under Chapter VIII, security for good behaviour...	198	252	68	182	2	Pending less than a month.
4. Proceedings against local nuisances, Chapter X ...	34	44	20	24	...	
5. Possession, Chapter XII	2	2	1	1	...	
6. Frivolous or vexatious complaints summarily dealt with under Chapter XX, Section 250	266	290	18	272	...	
7. Non-attendance of jurors or assessors Chapter XXIII, Section 332	...	...	...	...	...	
8. Contempts of Courts under Chapter XXXV ...	7	7	...	7	...	
9. Maintenance, Chapter XXXVI	418	422	273	130	19	4 Pending over a month.
10. Forfeiture of bail or recognizance under Chapter XLII ...	51	63	9	53	1	Pending since 15th September 1886.
11. Proceedings under Section 20 of the Cattle Trespass Act ...	7	12	6	6	...	
Total ...	1,031	1,214	448	746	22	

JUDICIAL STATEMENT No. 4.—(Criminal.)

STATEMENT showing the general results of Criminal trials in the Tribunals of various classes in the Central Provinces in the year 1886.

Class of Court.	Total number of persons under trial.	Persons whose cases were disposed of					Persons remaining under trial at the end of the year.	Number of cases disposed of during the year.	Average number of days during which each case lasted.	Number of witnesses examined.	Remarks.
		Died, escaped or transferred to another Province.	Discharged or acquitted.	Convicted.		Committed or referred.†					
				On regular trial.	On summary trial.						
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Village Officers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Subordinate Magistrates — Special Magistrates under Section 14 ...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Subordinate Magistrates — Honorary Magistrates sitting singly ...	7,301	59	3,472	3,593	...	...	177	4,144	12·6	15,991	
Subordinate Magistrates — Stipendiary Magistrates sitting singly ...	28,063	154	10,319	14,750	2,297	100	a444	16,854	10·4	73,295	a Includes one person who is in the Lunatic Asylum.
Subordinate Magistrates — Benches of Magistrates ...	3,260	16	1,591	1,047	579	...	27	2,157	12·0	6,074	
District and Divisional Magistrate's cases referred under Section 349 C. P. Code*	153	3	16	130	4	...	...	101	4·8	319	
Chief Magistrates of Districts ...	2,155	38	691	814	482	101	b30	1,339	8·8	7,420	b Includes one person ditto.
Courts of Session	195	3	50	108	...	...	34	107	51·4	1,274	
Superior Courts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total ...	40,974	270	16,123	20,312	3,358	201	712	24,691	11·0	1,04,054	

* These figures having been included in the totals for subordinate Magistrates are not taken into the general total at foot of the Statement.

† The persons shown as "committed for trial" in column 7 are not included in the totals of persons under trial by *Magistrates* in column 2, but are included in the total of persons tried by *Sessions Courts* in the same column.

JUDICIAL STATEMENT No. 5.—(Criminal.)

STATEMENT showing the punishments inflicted by the various Criminal Tribunals in the Central Provinces in the year 1886.

Class of Tribunals.	Persons sentenced to								Persons ordered to find or give security or recognizance to keep the peace; or sureties for good behaviour.	Persons imprisoned in default of security for good behaviour.	Detail of punisoments.																
				Imprisonment.							Fine.								Imprisonment.					Whipped.			
	Death.	Transportation.	Penal servitude.	Rigorous.	Simple.	Forfeiture of property.	Fine.	Whipping.			Rs. 10 and under.	Rs. 50 and under.	Rs. 100 and under.	Rs. 500 and under.	Rs. 1,000 and under.	Above Rs. 1,000.	Total amount of fines imposed during the year.	Total amount of fines realized during the year.	Amount paid by way of compensation.	15 days and under.	6 months and under.	2 years and under.	7 years and under.	Above 7 years.	10 stripes and under.	20 stripes and under.	30 stripes and under.	Number of boys whose sentences were commuted to detention in reformatory school.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29
Village officers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Subordinate Magistrates — Special Magistrates under Section 14	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Subordinate Magistrates — Honorary Magistrates sitting singly	...	...	...	867	21	30	2,578	127	..	...	2,494	144	46	1	...	..	14,865	14,427	1,803	117	749	22	...	...	11	69	53	...
Subordinate Magistrates — Stipendiary Magistrates sitting singly	...	...	...	6,293	166	519	9,023	1,336	136	108	8,695	1,354	251	38	...	...	91,290	80,040	6,023	418	5,174	866	1	...	171	892	371	...
Subordinate Magistrates — Benches of Magistrates ...	...	...	...	135	7	3	1,484	...	...	...	1,439	53	4	...	...	...	5,366	5,305	411	40	102	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
District and Divisional Magistrates cases referred under Section 349, Criminal Procedure Code*	...	..	...	75	2	...	...	57	...	..	2	3	...	...	..	...	73	3	60	2	33	41	1	...	13	34	10	...
Chief Magistrates of Districts	...	11	..	726	18	75	387	125	43	25	287	128	27	14	...	...	11,903	7,634	213	65	247	223	209	...	19	74	54	...
Courts of Session	...	25	46	...	34	2	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	2	...	...	750	50	...	...	2	11	20	3	...	...	...	...
Superior Courts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	25	57	...	8 055	214	627	13,476	1,588	179	133	12,915	1,680	328	55	...	..	124,174	107,456	8,450	640	6,274	1,122	230	3	201	1,035	478	...

* NOTE.—These figures having been included in the totals for Subordinate Magistrates are not taken into the general total at foot of the statement.

ANNUAL STATEMENT 5 A.—(Criminal.)

(Prescribed by Government of India, Home Department, No. 13—1005 of 1882.)

SHOWING THE PARTICULARS OF WHIPPING INFLICTED BY THE CRIMINAL TRIBUNALS.

PART I.

Showing whippings inflicted under Sections 2 and 3, Act VI. of 1864, in lieu of other punishments.

Offences for which awarded.	Number of stripes awarded.												
	5 and under.		6 to 10.		11 to 15.		16 to 20.		21 to 25.		26 to 30.		Total.
	1st conviction.	2nd or subsequent conviction.	1st conviction.	2nd or subsequent conviction.	1st conviction.	2nd or subsequent conviction.	1st conviction.	2nd or subsequent conviction.	1st conviction.	2nd or subsequent conviction.	1st conviction.	2nd or subsequent conviction.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
In lieu of other punishments. (Sections 2 and 3, Act VI. of 1864).													
1. Theft, as defined in Section 378, I. P. C	11	...	117	1	357	4	259	2	133	...	79	1	964
1. Theft, as defined in Section 380	6	...	31	...	76	1	59	1	35	...	23	1	233
1. Theft, as defined in Section 381	...	...	7	...	45	...	38	...	29	...	21	...	140
1. Theft, as defined in Section 382	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
2. Extortion, as defined in Section 388	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2. Extortion, as defined in Section 389	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3. Dishonestly receiving stolen property, as defined in Section 411	...	...	2	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10
3. Dishonestly receiving stolen property, as defined in Section 412	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
4. Mischief by fire Section 436	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1
5. Lurking house-trespass as defined in Section 443	...	...	...	...	2	...	5	...	...	...	3	...	10
6. Lurking house-trespass by night, as defined in Section 444	...	...	11	...	5	...	7	...	2	...	3	...	28
7. House-breaking, as defined in Section 445	...	...	9	...	15	...	18	...	14	1	2	...	59
8. House-breaking by night, as defined in Section 446	3	...	1	...	26	...	51	2	30	...	27	...	140
9. Offences under Section 14, Act III. 1880	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10. Prison Act 26 of 1870, Section 47	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1
													1,588

NOTE.—Include juveniles punished under any of these heads.

PART II.

Showing whippings inflicted in addition to other punishments, Sections 3 and 4, Act VI. of 1864.

Offence for which awarded.	Number of stripes.						Total.	Remarks.
	5 and under.	6 to 10.	11 to 15	16 to 20.	21 to 25.	26 to 30.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
In addition to other punishments (Sections 3 and 4)								
A.—SECTION								
1. Theft, as defined in Section 378, I. P. C.	...	...	4	14	12	24	64	
1. Theft, as defined in Section 380 „	...	...	8	3	7	8	26	
1. Theft, as defined in Section 381 „	...	...	1	1	...	1		
1. Theft, as defined in Section 382 „	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2. Extortion as defined in Section 388 „	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2. Extortion as defined in Section 389 „	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3. Dishonestly receiving stolen property, as defined in Section 411 „	...	...	2	...	...	...	2	
3. Dishonestly receiving stolen property, as defined in Section 412 „	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4. Lurking house-trespass, as defined in Section 443 „	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	
5. Lurking house trespass by night, as defined in Section 444 „	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	
6. House-breaking, as defined in Section 445 „	...	...	...	2	...	1	3	
7. House breaking by night, as defined in Section 446 „	...	...	1	3	1	4	9	
8. Offences under Section 14, Act III. of 1880 „	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
B.—SECTION 4.								
1. False evidence, as defined in Section 193, I. P. C.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1. False evidence, as defined in Section 194 „	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1. False evidence, as defined in Section 195 „	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2. False charge of unnatural offence, as defined in Sections 211 and 377 „	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3. Assault, as defined in Section 354 „	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4. Rape as defined in Section 375 „	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
5. Unnatural offence, as defined in Section 377 „	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
6. Robbery, as defined in Section 390 „	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
7. Dacoity, as defined in Section 391 „	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
8. Attempt at robbery, as defined in Section 393 „	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
9. Hurt in committing robbery, as defined in Section 394 „	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
10. Receiving stolen property, as defined in Section 413 „	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
11. Forgery, as defined in Section 463 „	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
11. Forgery, as defined in Section 466 „	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
11. Forgery, as defined in Section 467 „	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
11. Forgery, as defined in Section 468 „	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
11. Forgery, as defined in Section 469 „	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
12. Lurking house-trespass, as defined in Section 443 „	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
13. Lurking house-trespass by night, as defined in Section 444 „	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
14. House-breaking, as defined in Section 445 „	...	1	1	...	...	1	3	
15. House-breaking by night, as defined in Section 446 „	...	...	...	2	...	6	8	
						Total	120	

Part III.

Showing whippings inflicted under Section 5, Act VI., 1864, on Juveniles for offences other than those specfied in Parts I. and II.

Offences.	Stripes.												Total.
	5 and under.		6 to 10		11 to 15		16 to 20.		21 to 25.		26 to 30.		
	First conviction.	Subsequent conviction.	First conviction.	Subsequent conviction.	First conviction.	Subsequent conviction.	First conviction.	Subsequent conviction.	First conviction.	Subsequent conviction.	First conviction.	Subsequent conviction.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Rioting ...S. 147, I. P. C.	...												
Exposure of a child under 12 years of age by parent or person having care of it with intention of wholly abandoning it „ 317 „	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Voluntarily cause hurt ... „ 323 „	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ditto ... „ 324 „	...	...	..	..	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Ditto ... „ 352 „	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Criminal force or assault ... „ 354 „	..	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1
Rape ... „ 376 „	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Unnatural offence ... „ 377 „	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1
Ditto ... „ 511 „	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mischief by fire with intent to destroy a house ... „ 436 „	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Offences under Section 44, Act IV. of 1879...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1
Police Act V. of 1861	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4

Part IV.

Showing relative number of times whipping was awarded as compared with other punishments.

Punishments.	Number.	Remarks.
1	2	3
1 Total number of whippings awarded * ...	1,712	
2 Total number of other punishments + ...	21,827	
Percentage of whippings ...	7·8	

* Total of column 14, Parts I. and III., and of column 8, Part II.

† Not counting punishments of which whipping was a part, but including all cases is which whipping might have been inflicted.

JUDICIAL STATEMENT No. 6.—(Criminal.)

Statement showing the result of Appeals and Revision in Criminal Cases in the Central Provinces, in the year 1886.

Tribunal.	Number of Persons.											Average number of days during which each appeal lasted.	Remarks.
	Total number of appellants and applicants for revision before the Courts.	Died, escaped, or transferred to another Province.	Appeals or applications rejected.	Sentence or order confirmed.	Sentence enhanced.	Sentence reduced or otherwise altered.	Sentence reversed.	Proceedings quashed.	New trial or further enquiry ordered.	Referred for revision to the High Court.	Pending trial.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14
Appeals.													
To Chief Magistrates of Districts	1,776	...	381	847	...	181	412	...	14	4	55	10·5	
„ Courts of Session	1,414	1	615	399	...	145	190	5	30	3	59	18·3	
Superior Courts. { by persons convicted ...	181	1	59	66	...	11	21	...	3	...	23	34·6	
Superior Courts. { by Government from judgments of acquittal ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	
Total ...	3,371	2	955	1,312	...	337	623	5	47	7	137	15·3	
Revision.													
By Chief Magistrates of Districts	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	
„ Courts of Session	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
„ Superior Courts	1,354	...	216	835	8	15	112	7	5	92	161	49·3	
Total ...	1,354	...	216	835	8	15	112	7	5	92	161	49·3	
Grand Total ...	4,725	2	1,171	2,147	8	352	735	12	52	99	298	21·6	

JUDICIAL STATEMENT No. 7.—(Civil.)

Statement showing the number and description of Civil Suits instituted in the Civil Courts in the Central Provinces, in the year 1886.

Class of Tribunals.	Suits for money or moveable property.										Suits between landlord and tenant.						Title and other suits.															
	Contract in writing.	Contract not in writing.	On account stated.	Money had and received.	Goods sold.	Wages, work and materials.	Breach of contract not mentioned above.	Rent not falling under the Rent Law.	Moveable property or the value thereof.	Damages.	Suits for ejectment.	Suits for recovery of possession.	Suits for arrears of rent.	Suits for recovery of a penalty for the levy of anything in excess of rent by a landlord.	Suits for recovering penalty from a landlord for refusing a receipt or giving a defective receipt.	All other suits between landlord and tenant not included above.	Suits for immoveable property.	Suits for declaratory decrees.	Other suits under the Specific Relief Act.	Suits to declare and establish rights to real property, including pre-emption, foreclosure, &c.	Suits to declare and establish personal rights.	Suits for an account.	Suits relating to religious endowment.	Suits to set aside judgments, contracts or obligations on the ground of fraud.	Suit for dissolution of marriage.	Suits for enforcement of matrimonial rights.	Suits for partitions.	Suits relating to shipping.	Suits relating to religion and caste.	Administration suits.	Interpleader suits.	Dissolution of partnership.	Suits under Section 261, Act X. of 1865 (also Hindu Wills' Act).	Other suits not falling under any of the previous heads.	Grand Total.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
COURTS IN THE INTERIOR.																																			
I.—Civil Courts.																																			
Unpaid Tribunals ...	31	5	1	...	3	..	1	...	1	3	4	3	...	...	...	...	13	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	71
Village Courts ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Paid Sub-Divisional Tribunals ...	39,740	16,125	2,965	739	6,456	838	2,655	767	4,657	2,328	1	1	7,003	...	...	21	672	2	16	1	2	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	64,994
Small Cause Courts ...	6,427	1,917	709	63	3,854	298	74	254	160	285	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	1	14,045
District Courts other than Chief Courts of Districts ...	3,581	669	399	119	173	28	79	39	346	266	719	1, 305	164	...	1	15	3,668	439	207	899	34	37	3	65	14	344	16	..	2	...	..	...	...	37	13,667
Chief Courts of Districts ...	41	11	5	2	...	...	4	...	10	3	1	2	...	...	..	7	47	5	...	28	1	9	...	4	1	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	188
Total ...	49,820	18,727	4,079	923	10,486	1,164	2,813	1,059	5,174	2,885	725	1,311	7,167	...	5	43	4,400	446	223	933	37	46	3	70	15	350	16	...	2	..	3	..	...	40	112,960
II.—Revenue Courts.																																			
Unpaid Local Tribunals ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Other Subordinate Courts ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
District Courts ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..
COURTS AT THE PRESIDENCY OR SEAT OF GOVERNMENT.																																			
Presidency Small Cause Courts ...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Superior Courts ...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Grand Total ...	49,820	18,727	4,079	923	10,486	1,164	2,813	1,059	5,174	2,885	725	1,311	7,167	...	5	43	4,400	446	223	933	37	46	3	70	15	350	16	...	2	...	3	...	...	40	112,965

JUDICIAL STATEMENT No. 8.—(Civil.)

Statement showing number and value of suits instituted in the Civil and Revenue Courts in the Central Provinces in the year 1886.

Value of suits.	Number of suits instituted in the different Courts.									Total value of suits.	Remarks.
	Not exceeding Rs. 10.	Ditto Rs. 50.	Ditto Rs. 100.	Ditto Rs. 500.	Ditto Rs. 1,000.	Ditto Rs. 5,000.	Ditto Rs. 10,000.	Exceeding Rs. 10,000.	Number of suits the value of which cannot be estimated in money.		
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
COURTS IN THE INTERIOR.											
I.—Civil Courts.											
Unpaid Tribunals	15	48	3	5	...	...	...	...	...	3,803	
Village Courts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Paid Sub-Divisional Tribunals	23,224	45,292	11,315	5,163	...	...	...	...	...	28,69,313	
Small Cause Courts	5,046	6,430	1,403	1,107	59	...	...	...	...	5,39,508	
District Courts other than Chief Courts of Districts ...	2,022	3,061	2,054	5,040	910	569	8	3	...	32,11,983	
Chief Courts of Districts	5	5	7	17	6	58	56	34	...	13,12,089	
Total ...	30,312	54,836	14,782	11,332	975	627	64	37	...	79,36,696	
II.—Revenue Courts.											
Unpaid Tribunals	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Other Subordinate Courts	..	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Collector's Courts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total ..	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	
Courts at the Presidency or Seat of Government.											
Presidency Small Cause Courts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Superior Courts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Grand Total ...	30,312	54,836	14,782	11,332	975	627	64	37	...	79,36,696	

JUDICIAL STATEMENT No. 9.—(Civil.)

Statement showing the general result of the trial of Civil and Revenue cases in the Courts of original jurisdiction in the Central Provinces in the year 1886.

PART I.—CIVIL SUITS.

Class of Courts.	Total number of suits before the Courts.	Number of suits disposed of.										Pending at the close of the year.	No. of cases pending more than 3 months at the close of the year.	Average duration of suits.		Remarks.
		Transferred to Courts in other Provinces.	Without trial.	Without contest.				On reference to arbitration.		With contest.				Contested.	Uncontested.	
				Compromised.	Decreed on confession.	Decreed *ex parte*.	Dismissed *ex parte*.	For plaintiff.	For defendant.	Judgment for plaintiff in whole or in part.	Judgment for defendant.					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
COURTS IN THE INTERIOR.																
I.—CIVIL COURTS.																
Unpaid Tribunals	...	71	22	3	14	8	2	...	...	10	9	8	3	26·8	44·4	
Village Courts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Paid Sub-Divisional Tribunals ...	30,721	...	17,350	9,553	18,433	14,616	860	62	16	17,397	5,413	7,099	59	43·4	30·2	
Small Cause Courts	14,694	..	2,285	1,539	3,906	3,214	76	8	2	2,120	686	868	...	23·6	20·3	
District Courts, other than Chief Courts of Districts	15,135	...	2,685	769	1,783	1,485	107	31	3	4,478	2,006	1,822	216	66·8	43·1	
Chief Courts of Districts	206	...	21	9	30	8	2	2	..	76	33	28	9	79·7	49·9	
Total ...	120,827	...	22,363	11,873	24,166	19,331	1,047	103	21	24,080	8,147	9,820	287	46·5	30·0	
II.—REVENUE COURTS.																
Unpaid Local Tribunals	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Other Subordinate Courts ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
District Courts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
COURTS AT THE PRESIDENCY OR SEAT OF GOVERNMENT.																
Presidency Small Cause Courts ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Superior Courts	...	..	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Grand Total ...	1,20,827	...	22,363	11,873	24,166	19,331	1,047	103	21	24,080	8,147	9,820	287	46·5	30·0	

JUDICIAL STATEMENT No. 9.—(Civil.)

Statement showing the general result of the trial of Civil and Revenue cases in the Courts of original jurisdiction in the Central Provinces in the year 1886.

PART II.—MISCELLANEOUS CASES (JUDICIAL.)

Class of Courts.	Total number of cases before the Courts.	Number of cases disposed of.										Pending at the close of the year.	No. of cases pending more than 3 months at the close of the year.	Average duration of cases.		Remarks
		Transferred to Courts in other Provinces.	Without trial.	Without contest.				On reference to arbitration.		With contest.				Contested.	Uncontested.	
				Compromised.	Decreed on confession.	Decreed *ex parte*.	Dismissed *ex parte*.	For plaintiff.	For defendant.	Judgment for plaintiff in whole or in part.	Judgment for defendant.					
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
COURTS IN THE INTERIOR.																
I.—CIVIL COURTS.																
Unpaid Tribunals ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	
Village Courts ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Paid Sub-Divisional Tribunals ...	6,184	...	1,669	119	779	806	184	9	5	1,582	747	284	...	29·9	23·8	
Small Cause Courts ...	515	...	244	7	12	15	35	...	...	83	96	23	...	13·2	8·0	
District Courts other than Chief Courts of Districts	1,870	...	512	24	165	155	78	9	...	548	278	101	...	36·8	22·4	
Chief Courts of Districts	151	...	48	1	3	12	14	...	...	43	26	4	1	39·0	21·0	
Total ...	8,720	...	2,473	151	959	988	311	18	5	2,256	1,147	412	1	30·9	22·5	
II.—REVENUE COURTS.																
Unpaid Local Tribunals	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Other Subordinate Courts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
District Courts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
COURTS AT THE PRESIDENCY OR SEAT OF GOVERNMENT.																
Presidency Small Cause Courts ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Superior Courts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total ...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Grand Total ...	8,720	...	2,473	151	959	988	311	18	5	2,256	1,147	412	1	30·9	22·5	

JUDICIAL STATEMENT No. 10.—(Civil)

STATEMENT showing the business of the Civil and Revenue Appellate Courts of the Central Provinces in the year 1886.

PART I.—APPEALS.

Class of Courts.	Total number of appeals before the Courts.	Transferred to Courts in other Provinces.	Appeals summarily rejected.	Dismissed for default or otherwise not prosecuted.	Heard *ex parte*.				Contested.				Pending.	Of those pending more than 3 months.	Average duration of appeals.	Objections under Section 661, Act XIV. of 1882.
					Confirmed.	Modified.	Reversed.	Remanded.	Confirmed.	Modified.	Reversed.	Remanded.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
COURTS IN THE INTERIOR.																
APPEALS FROM ORIGINAL DECREES.																
A.—CIVIL COURTS.																
Chief Appellate Courts other than Chief Court of District ...	2,020	...	269	121	35	18	16	7	785	204	287	64	214	3	33·7	8
Chief Appellate Courts of Districts ...	4,017	...	727	186	86	40	37	27	1,367	313	642	221	371	12	86·5	11
Superior Appellate Courts other than Chief Court of Province	512	53	1	12	10	3	1	...	192	66	51	20	103	30	131·1	21
Total ...	6,549	53	997	319	131	61	54	34	2,344	583	980	305	688	45	42·3	35
B.—REVENUE COURTS.																
Collectors' Appellate Courts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Commissioners' Appellate Courts	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	231·0	...
Total ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	231·0	...
COURTS AT THE *PRESIDENCY* OR SEAT OF GOVERNMENT.																
Chief Court of Province. — Appeals from original decrees ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Appeals from appellate do. — Civil ...	966	...	189	31	16	3	8	3	311	86	106	53	210	65	131·7	...
Revenue ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	966	...	189	31	16	3	8	3	311	86	106	53	210	65	131·7	...
Grand Total ...	7,516	53	1,186	350	147	64	62	37	2,655	669	1,087	358	898	110	52·5	35

NOTE.—The revenue appeals in the Commissioner's Courts have been shown under "B.—Revenue Courts."

JUDICIAL STATEMENT No. 10—(Civil.)

STATEMENT showing the business of the Civil and Revenue Appellate Courts of the Central rovinces in the year 1886.

PART II.—MISCELLANEOUS APPEALS (JUDICIAL.)

Class of Courts.	Total number of appeals before the Courts.	Transferred to Courts in other Provinces.	Appeals summarily rejected.	Dismissed for default or otherwise not prosecuted.	Heard *ex parte*.				Contested.				Pending.	Of those pending more than 3 months.	Average duration of appeals.	Objections under Section 561 Act XIV. of 1882.
					Confirmed.	Modified.	Reversed	Remanded.	Confirmed.	Modified.	Reversed	Remanded.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
COURTS IN THE INTERIOR.																
APPEALS FROM ORIGINAL DECREES.																
A.—CIVIL COURTS.																
Chief Appellate Courts other than Chief Court of District ..	85	...	...	8	23	...	3	...	21	1	18	6	5	...	29·2	...
Chief Appellate Courts of Districts	241	...	16	13	36	3	10	12	69	5	36	22	19	...	28·2	...
Superior Appellate Courts other than Chief Court of Province.	50	...	...	4	2	...	...	...	21	2	6	3	12	5	123·2	...
Total ...	376	...	16	25	61	3	13	12	111	8	60	31	36	5	39 1	...
B.—REVENUE COURTS.																
Collectors' Appellate Courts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Commissioners' Appellate Courts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
COURTS AT THE PRESIDENCY OR SEAT OF GOVERNMENT.																
Chief Court of Province ... { Appeals from original decrees ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Chief Court of Province ... { Appeals from appellate do. ...	85	...	4	2	21	...	...	3	13	2	5	16	19	2	118·6	...
Total ..	85	...	4	2	21	...	...	3	13	2	5	16	19	2	118·6	...
Grand Total ...	461	...	20	27	82	3	13	15	124	10	65	47	55	7	52·0	...

JUDICIAL STATEMENT No. 11.—(Civil.)

STATEMENT showing the result of proceedings on applications for the execution of the decrees of the Civil and Revenue Courts in the Central Provinces in the year 1886.

Class of Courts.	Total number of applications for the execution of decrees before the Courts.	Applications disposed of.				Pending at the end of the year.	Number of applications pending more than three months at the close of the year.	Amounts realized.		Number of applications.										
		By transfer.	Satisfaction obtained in full.	Satisfaction obtained in part.	Wholly infructuous.			With the issue of processes.	Without the issue of processes.	On which the judgment-debtor was imprisoned.	On which he was arrested but released without imprisonment.	On which movable property.		On which immoveable property.			On which possession was given.		On which specific performance was enforced.	On which partition was effected.	On which execution was effected otherwise than as in the preceding columns.
												Was sold.	Was attached but subsequently released.	Was sold.	Was dealt with under Sections 305, 322, or 326, Act XIV. of 1882.	Was attached but subsequently released under Section 275.	Of moveables.	Of immoveables.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
COURTS IN THE INTERIOR.																					
I.—CIVIL COURTS.																					
Unpaid Tribunals	4	...	1	...	...	3	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Village Courts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Paid Sub-Divisional Tribunals	59,077	1,203	13,011	11,147	26,900	6,816	152	5,58,406	4,042	372	1,928	3,795	5,241	2,816	357	4,006	21	185	3	...	...
Small Cause Courts	9,989	849	1,988	2,286	4,059	807	60	67,842	1,354	121	641	549	645	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...
District Courts other than Chief Courts of Districts	11,954	448	3,180	2,379	4,409	1,538	134	4,39,042	6,101	89	228	670	829	547	355	859	70	1,780	15	...	2
Chief Courts of Districts	267	26	82	35	67	47	8	51,908	31,149	1	3	15	10	12	12	20	2	36	...	...	1
Superior Courts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	81,281	2,526	18,262	15,847	35,435	9,211	354	11,17,207	42,686	583	2,800	5,029	6,631	3,375	727	4,885	93	1,951	18	...	3
II.—REVENUE COURTS.																					
Unpaid Local Tribunals	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Other Subordinate Courts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
District Courts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
COURTS AT THE PRESIDENCY OR SEAT OF GOVERNMENT.																					
Presidency Small Cause Courts ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Superior Courts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Grand Total ...	81,281	2,526	18,262	15,847	35,435	9,211	354	11,17,207	42,686	583	2,800	5,029	6,631	3,375	727	4,885	93	1,951	18	...	3

JUDICIAL STATEMENT No. 12.—(Civil.)

Statement showing the number and result of applications and proceedings under Chapter XX., Act XIV. of 1882, in the Central Provinces, in the year 1886.

CLASS OF COURTS.	Applications for a declaration of Insolvency.										Amount of creditors' claims dealt with during the year.		Gross amounts of insolvency assets realized and disbursed.		REMARKS.
	Total number of hearings.	Transferred to another Province, withdrawn, &c.	Granted.		Rejected.			Pending at the close of the year.	Number of insolvents discharged during the year under Section 356.	Number of insolvents' estates in the hands of receivers in which proceedings were finally closed during the year.	Admitted.	Satisfied.	Realized during the year.	Disbursed during the year.	
			A receiver being appointed.	A receiver not being appointed.	Penal proceedings under Section 359, not being taken.	Sentence of imprisonment being passed under Section 359.	Applicant being sent to the Magistrate to be dealt with.								
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
Courts other than Chief Courts of District...	199	70	17	47	32	...	...	26	17	7	80,186	11,279	24,143	11,494	
Chief Courts of District	57	21	7	18	7	...	...	4	9	6	9,033	5,531	1,725	1,674	
Superior Courts	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total ...	256	91	24	65	46	...	...	30	26	13	39,219	16,810	25,868	13,168	

JUDICIAL STATEMENT No. 13.—(Civil and Criminal).

Statement showing use of Juries and Assessors in the Civil and Criminal Courts in the Central Provinces, in the year 1886.

Class of Courts in which Jurors or Assessors are employed; distinguishing Criminal from Civil Courts.		Established or average number of Jury or Assessors in each case and prescribed qualifications.	Number of cases tried by Jury.	Number of cases tried with Assessors.	Jury trials.					Assessor's trials.			Remarks.
					Cases in which the Judge approved of the verdict.	Cases in which Judge did not approve of the verdict.		Number of persons of the verdict in respect to whom the Judge disapproved.		Number of cases in which Judge agreed with Assessors.	Number of cases in which Judge differed from.		
						Wholly.	Partially.	Whose cases he referred under Section 307, C. P. C.	Whose cases he did not refer under Section 307, C. P. C.		One Assessor.	Both Assessors.	
1		2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
I.—Civil Courts.													
Chief Courts of Districts (or officer specially empowered) acting under Act X. of 1870.	Assessors ...	The prescribed qualifications are education and good character. Two Assessors in each case.	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
II.— Criminal Courts.													
Magistrates' Courts under Chapter XXXIX, C. P. C.	Jurors ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Courts of Session	Jurors ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Assessors ...		...	107	...	...	...	...	...	65	9	27	
High Courts, Original Criminal Jurisdiction.	Jurors ...		...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Total ...		...	107	...	...	...	...	...	65	9	27	

JUDICIAL STATEMENT

STATEMENT showing the general result of the trial of European

Description of offence.	Number of persons accused and brought before a Magistrate.								Persons whose cases										
	Remaining at the close of the previous year.	Within the year							By District Magistrates and other 1st Class Magistrates,							By Courts of Session.			
		On complaint Section 191 (a) Criminal Procedure Code.	On police report, Section 191 (b) of the Code.	By Magistrate *Suo Motu* Section 191 (c) of the Code	Un transfer from another Province.	Total.	Died, escaped or transferred to other Provinces.	Number actually brought to trial.	Received by transfer under Section 451 B of the Code.	Convicted.	Acquitted or discharged.	Committed. To Court of Session.	Committed. To High Court.	Transferred by order under Section 451 B. of the Code.	Total omitting entries in columns 10 and 15.	Received by transfer under Section 4 61 B. of the Code.	Convicted.	Acquitted or discharged.	Transferred to High Court under Section 449 of the Code.	Total exclusive of column 17
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
Offences against the State, Chapter VI. of the Indian Penal Code ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Offences relating to the Army and Navy Chapter VII. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ditto against the public tranquility Chapter VIII. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ditto by or relating to public servants, Chapter IX. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Contempts of the lawful authority of public servants, Chapter X. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
False evidence and offences against public justice, Chapter XI. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Offences relating to coin and Government Stamps, Chapter XII. ...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Offences relating to weights and measures, Chapter XIII. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Offences affecting the public health, safety, convenience, decency and morals, Chapter XIV. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Offences relating to religion, Chapter, XV ...	...	1	1	...	...	2	...	2	...	1	1	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...
Offences affecting the human body, Chapter XVI. — Offences affecting life ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Causing of miscarriage, injuries to unborn children, exposure of infants, and the concealment of births ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hurt ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Wrongful restraint and wrongful confinement ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Criminal force and assault ...	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...
Kidnapping, forcible abduction, slavery and forced labour ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rape ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Unnatural offence ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Offences against property, Chapter XVII. — Theft ...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Extortion ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Robbery and dacoity ...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	*1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Criminal misappropriation of property ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Criminal breach of trust ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Receiving of stolen property ...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Cheating ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Fraudulent deeds and dispossession of property ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mischief ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Criminal trespass ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Offences relating to documents and to trade or property marks Chapter XVIII.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Criminal breach of contracts of service. Chapter XIX. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Offences relating to marriage, Chapter XX. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Defamation, Chapter XXI ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Criminal intimidation, insult and annoyance Chapter XXII. ...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
Offences under special and local laws ...	...	1	4	...	...	5	...	5	...	...	5	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	...	6	8	...	...	14	...	12	...	9	3	2	...	..	14	...	...	...	...	...

*Transferred to the High Court, N. W. P. Allahabad.

No. 14.—(Criminal.)

British subjects in the Central Provinces in the year 1886.

were disposed of.							Number of cases.					
By High Court.			Total for all Courts.									
Convicted.	Acquitted.	Total.	Convicted.	Acquitted or discharged.	Total.	Number of persons under trial at the close of the year.	Brought to trial.	Disposed of.	Pending.	Number of persons who applied to the High Court for an order under Section 456 of the Code.	Of those entered in column 5 number who applied under Section 2, Act III. of 1864, for transfer or committal of their cases.	Number of persons who applied to the High Court under Section 526 of the Code for the transfer of their cases.
22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

B. 7.—Registration.

Statement of deeds registered in the Registration Districts of the Central Provinces for the year 1886-87.

Districts.	Number of Registration Offices.		Registration affecting immoveable property Book No. I.																			
			Compulsory.														Optional.					
			Instruments of gift, Section 17, clause (a).		Instruments of sale of the value of Rs. 100 and upwards,		Instruments of mortgage of the value of Rs. 100 and upwards.		Other instruments registered under Section 17, clauses (b) and (c).		Perpetual leases, Section 17, clause (d),		All leases other than perpetual leases which have been compulsorily registered under Section 17, clause (f).		Total of compulsory registration.		Ordinary fees paid for the same.		Instruments of sale of the value of less than Rs. 100.		Instruments of mortgage of the value of less than Rs. 100.		Other instruments registered under Section 18, clauses (a and b).		Leases for one year or less Section 18, clause (c) and leases exempted under the provisions in Section 17.	
1	2		3		4		5		6		7		8		9		10		11		12		13		14	
	1885-86	1886-87	1885-86	1886-87	1885-86	1886-87	1885-86	1886-87	1885-86	1886-87	1885-86	1886-87	1885-86	1886-87	1885-86	1886-87	1885-86	1886-87	1885-86	1886-87	1885-86	1886-87	1885-86	1886-87	1885-86	1886-87
																	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.								
Inspector General's Office	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nagpur	7	7	95	91	712	887	1,468	2,008	38	47	15	35	291	286	2,619	3,354	4,606 12 0	5,911 8 0	869	888	788	847	9	17	7	15
Bhandara	5	5	13	10	77	108	366	416	9	20	14	6	51	20	533	580	936 0 0	1,139 12 0	54	73	110	134	1	7	...	8
Wardha	5	5	46	51	295	353	1,029	1,025	37	67	30	40	378	490	1,815	2,026	3,758 12 0	3,700 4 0	129	136	211	231	16	28	8	40
Chanda	7	7	27	24	61	71	232	299	3	6	...	4	63	59	388	463	704 12 0	726 12 0	33	30	70	67	1	2	...	5
Balaghat	3	3	2	2	22	16	74	50	5	1	1	...	12	8	116	77	305 12 0	253 8 0	12	4	9	6	2	...	...	2
Jubbulpore	4	4	82	56	317	326	690	674	127	121	84	49	507	357	1,807	1,571	3,541 0 0	3,634 4 0	129	139	97	136	9	6	32	28
Saugor	5	5	25	39	133	120	312	261	10	18	4	5	175	206	659	649	1,416 12 0	1,223 8 0	59	39	48	33	3	5	4	14
Narsinghpur	4	4	44	36	158	196	887	788	75	105	7	14	336	222	1,501	1,361	3,256 8 0	3,123 8 0	54	52	195	168	8	8	39	20
Hoshangabad	5	5	36	34	306	289	741	736	71	70	37	53	170	170	1,361	1,352	3,823 4 0	3,627 12 0	88	95	68	66	8	6	83	57
Seoni	3	3	22	17	67	89	175	266	22	25	1	2	63	60	350	459	875 0 0	1,131 8 0	11	24	23	31	9	33	...	4
Betul	3	3	14	17	89	108	267	247	4	10	14	18	47	16	435	416	815 12 0	869 8 0	22	22	52	71	...	2	1c	...
Damoh	3	3	38	21	47	66	134	133	12	21	...	2	95	126	326	369	636 0 0	621 8 0	31	23	16	23	21	6	...	...
Mandla	3	3	5	4	34	30	81	82	1	4	...	...	74	8	193	128	356 0 0	241 12 0	11	12	13	30	...	1	...	...
Chhindwara	3	3	11	17	171	230	419	516	27	33	97	109	303	168	1,028	1,075	1,562 4 0	1,864 0 0	12	156	165	201	12	17	785	276
Nimar	4	4	26	34	360	390	660	637	17	17	1	2	354	257	1,418	1,341	2,157 12 0	1,954 12 0	131	120	82	54	4	2	18	29
Raipur	5	5	17	15	105	135	219	280	8	18	...	6	36	25	385	479	1,374 4 0	1,807 8 0	21	59	45	81	5	2	2	5
Bilaspur	4	4	6	8	44	69	49	99	6	1	3	...	42	57	150	234	376 12 0	596 4 0	22	33	14	27	1	2	2	8
Sambalpur	3	3	7	6	31	31	58	60	11	5	3	...	34	151	144	253	270 4 0	384 12 0	13	16	36	31	2	1	...	...
Total	76	76	516	482	3,029	3,514	7,861	8,577	485	591	311	348	3,028	2,686	15,230	16,193	30,772 8 0	32,857 4 0	1,852	1,956	1,986	2,237	111	152	998	511

Districts.	Registrations affecting immoveable property Book No. I.—Contd.											
	Optional—Contd.										Total value of immoveable property transferred.	
	Awards, Section 18, clause (f).		Miscellaneous registrations other than certified copies of decrees and orders of Court.		Certified copies of decrees and orders of Court.		Total of optional registrations relating to immoveable property.		Ordinary fees paid for the same.			
	15		16		17		18		19		20	
	1885-86	1886-87	1885-86	1886-87	1885-86	1886-87	1885-86	1886-87	1885-86	1886-87	1885-86	1886-87
									Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Inspector General's Office..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....
Nagpur	...	...	1	...	4	13	1,628	1,781	573 8 0	667 0 0	11,75,687 14 11	14,05,978 9 11
Bhandara	...	...	...	...	...	2	165	224	62 4 0	95 0 0	2,16,656 15 0	3,36,667 0 11
Wardha	...	1	3	3	1	2	371	441	177 8 0	232 8 0	2,30,866 3 6	2,03,998 9 3
Chanda	...	...	...	...	...	...	104	104	41 4 0	51 0 0	1,98,983 0 0	1,52,884 0 0
Balaghat	...	...	5	...	...	...	28	12	30 8 0	5 4 0	80,222 4 10	81,502 10 3
Jubbulpore	1	3	10	18	...	...	278	330	150 12 0	216 8 0	9,84,514 1 8	10,05,379 9 8
Saugor	...	1	3	2	...	...	117	94	56 4 0	47 4 0	3,45,798 15 0	2,61,610 11 1
Narsinghpur	...	1	...	...	3	...	330	279	143 12 0	129 4 0	8,45,529 12 0	8,08,882 12 0
Hoshangabad	2	3	43	63	6	...	288	290	369 8 0	450 0 0	11,32,780 14 7	9,73,024 12 8
Seoni	...	...	...	...	...	...	43	92	17 0 0	80 8 0	1,97,144 11 11	2,71,810 7 3
Betul	...	...	...	...	...	...	92	95	32 12 0	37 4 0	2,05,669 5 3	2,01,758 2 4
Damoh	1	...	...	...	...	...	69	57	50 8 0	24 12 0	1,72,923 7 11	1,34,530 9 2
Mandla	...	...	...	...	...	...	24	43	10 0 0	16 8 0	1,21,707 4 8	78,001 4 3
Chhindwara	...	...	...	...	...	2	1,091	652	267 0 0	224 8 0	3,10,620 12 6	4,97,287 5 3
Nimar	...	...	...	4	...	...	235	209	87 8 0	92 8 0	5,31,137 8 3	3,94,438 15 5
Raipur	1	...	...	...	...	...	77	154	41 8 0	101 0 0	3,02,893 2 0	5,91,813 0 0
Bilaspur	1	1	...	...	...	...	41	71	36 12 0	32 8 0	96,133 6 6	1,41,148 11 10
Sambalpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	51	48	20 8 0	19 4 0	78,209 13 6	73,326 14 3
Total ...	6	10	65	92	14	19	5,032	4,976	2,168 12 0	2,522 8 0	80,17,379 9 6	83,13,574 1 6

Districts.	Registrations affecting moveable property, Book IV.								Registrations affecting moveable property Book IV.—Contd.		Number of sealed covers deposited in Book V.		Number of wills registered in Book III. Section 18 (clause c).		Number of written authorities to adopt other than those conferred by wills, Book III.		Number of registrations under Section 24.		Number of registrations under Section 31.	
	Instruments of sale, &c. of moveable property, Section 18, clause (d).		Obligations for the payment of money Section 18, clause (f).		All other documents registered under Section 18, clauses (d and f).		Total of registrations in Book IV.		Ordinary fees paid for the same.											
	21		22		23		24		25		26		27		28		29		30	
	1885-86	1886-87	1885-86	1886-87	1885-86	1886-87	1885-86	1886-87	1885-86.	1886-87.	1885-86.	1886-87.	1885-86	1886-87.	1885-86.	1886-87.	1885-86.	1886-87.	1885-86.	1886-87.
									Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.										
Inspector General's Office.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nagpur	...	...	202	259	32	11	593	603	827	873	1,217 4 0	1,201 8 0	... 1	... 1	32	36	2	...	11	12	16	26
Bhandara	...	...	24	23	18	11	121	114	163	148	249 8 0	251 12 0	... 1	...	14	10	...	...	3	...	2	...
Wardha	...	...	64	96	7	2	258	247	329	345	489 8 0	512 8 0	...	...	15	13	1	3	7	6	16	4
Chanda	...	...	36	40	49	18	90	101	175	159	249 8 0	253 4 0	...	...	...	2	1	...	1	...	4	...
Balaghat	...	...	2	...	6	4	46	78	54	82	115 12 0	162 8 0	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Jubbulpore	...	...	9	11	48	22	247	197	304	230	657 12 0	499 8 0	...	...	20	14	...	...	2	2	5	7
Saugor	...	...	10	4	11	5	101	141	122	150	218 8 0	285 4 0	... 1	...	20	15	...	...	3	...	12	30
Narsinghpur	...	...	54	46	78	58	204	178	336	282	664 12 0	608 8 0	...	...	5	4	...	...	3	3	...	4
Hoshangabad	...	...	148	145	35	20	376	502	559	667	994 0 0	1,174 12 0	...	...	10	19	2	...	1	3	1	2
Seoni	...	...	8	4	8	7	145	164	161	175	315 4 0	351 0 0	...	... 1	4	...	...	...	1	1	1	...
Betul	...	...	21	15	5	4	97	75	123	94	221 4 0	149 8 0	...	...	7	2	...	...	...	...	...	...
Damoh	...	...	3	4	10	8	62	65	75	77	141 8 0	167 12 0	...	...	2	...	...	...	7	7	7	8
Mandla	...	...	1	...	27	25	35	39	63	64	158 12 0	129 0 0	... 2	...	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	1
Chhindwara	...	...	56	51	10	17	166	191	232	259	359 4 0	479 0 0	... 1	...	13	20	...	...	1	7	13	9
Nimar	...	...	67	44	21	15	183	212	271	271	472 12 0	477 8 0	...	...	9	21	...	...	5	4	15	12
Raipur	...	...	6	8	20	21	179	245	205	274	421 12 0	578 12 0	...	...	10	10	... 1	...	2	6	1	3
Bilaspur	...	...	5	4	6	4	118	157	129	165	254 12 0	342 0 0	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sambalpur	...	...	2	3	17	15	26	21	45	39	83 8 0	83 8 0	... 1	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...
Total	...		718	757	409	267	3,047	3,330	4,173	4,354	7,285 4 0	7,707 8 0	7	2	161	168	6	4	42	58	79	122

B. 7—Registration.—(Concluded).

Districts.	Number of refusals to register.		Number of Powers of Attorney attested.		Number of searches or applications for copies.		Total ordinary fees including the entries in columns 10, 19 and 25, and the total fees paid for registration under columns 27 and 28.		Total other receipts.		Total expenditure	
	31		32		33		34		35		36	
	1885-86.	1886-87.	1885-86.	1886-87.	1885-86.	1886-87.	1885-86.	1886-87.	1885-86.	1886-87.	1885-86.	1886-87.
							Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.
Inspecsor General's Office	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	13,141 5 5	11,697 0 2
Nagpur	34	45	280	255	326	268	6,469 8 0	7,840 0 0	7,164 5 5	8,140 12 3	4,662 6 4	5,469 8 5
Bhandara	...	2	114	107	113	77	1,275 12 0	1,506 8 0	1,577 11 0	1,544 0 6	1,447 15 1	1,502 3 4
Wardha	17	36	71	84	193	224	4,457 12 0	4,479 4 0	3,319 13 0	3,776 0 0	2,534 6 0	3,008 7 0
Chanda	12	8	92	97	74	84	997 8 0	1,035 0 0	1,046 2 7	1,330 13 6	991 2 0	1,040 15 6
Balaghat	...	1	42	75	33	18	452 0 0	423 4 0	449 14 6	417 8 0	335 6 0	324 13 0
Jubbulpore	16	30	128	89	216	159	4,389 8 0	4,380 4 0	2,492 14 5	2,395 6 6	2,369 7 6	2,308 14 6
Saugor	8	11	50	64	78	81	1,731 8 0	1,597 0 0	1,396 1 9	1,243 3 9	1,087 12 0	1,149 11 0
Narsinghpur	29	34	73	88	177	177	4,075 0 0	3,869 4 0	2,302 5 6	2,217 11 0	2,617 9 5	2,511 14 7
Hoshangabad	12	10	102	125	310	365	5,210 12 0	5,290 8 0	2,762 4 0	3,007 6 0	2,495 2 6	2,387 15 0
Seonf	4	3	60	65	63	54	1,215 4 0	1,563 0 0	964 4 2	967 15 0	698 14 0	758 11 10
Betul	1	1	60	55	109	90	1,083 12 0	1,060 4 0	1,015 14 6	996 8 0	1,128 1 0	1,080 4 0
Damoh	3	4	46	38	84	42	831 0 0	814 0 0	761 9 0	772 9 0	717 10 0	684 6 0
Mandla	1	...	47	66	5	14	530 0 0	433 4 0	459 4 6	446 12 6	383 8 6	344 0 5
Chhindwara	15	11	78	86	168	152	2,214 8 0	2,607 8 0	1,525 1 3	1,712 9 6	1,711 13 0	1,552 12 10
Nimar	2	16	61	80	81	79	2,739 0 0	2,566 12 0	2,034 1 0	2,108 9 6	2,112 7 3	1,891 2 9
Raipur	5	7	157	180	49	85	1,857 8 0	2,509 4 0	1,513 8 3	2,116 2 0	1,687 8 5	1,613 1 5
Bilaspur	1	5	85	92	49	82	668 4 0	972 12 0	671 9 0	837 4 0	830 8 3	869 2 8
Sambalpur	5	5	26	23	16	24	374 4 0	487 8 0	494 14 0	699 9 0	577 0 10	596 2 8
Total ...	165	229	1,572	1,669	2,144	2,075	40,573 8 0	43,435 4 0	31,951 9 10	34,730 12 0	41,529 15 6	40,791 3 2

Showing the distribution of the prisoners of all classes confined in the

1	2	3	4			5			6		
Station.	Place of confinement.	Classes of prisoners.	Remained at the commencement of the year.			Received during the year.			Total.		
			Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
Nagpur	Central Jail	Convicts	622	47	669	945	83	1,028	1,567	130	1,697
		Under trial	2	...	2	351	15	366	353	15	368
		Civil	2	...	2	96	15	111	98	15	113
Jubbulpore	,,	Convicts	824	45	869	1,075	103	1,178	1,899	148	2,047
		Under trial	10	4	14	434	34	468	444	38	482
		Civil	4	1	5	94	6	100	98	7	105
Raipur	,,	Convicts	462	34	496	1,018	142	1,160	1,480	176	1,656
		Under trial	19	1	20	542	37	579	561	38	599
		Civil	7	...	7	52	1	53	59	1	60
Saugor	District Jail, 1st class.	Convicts	107	15	122	612	73	685	719	88	807
		Under trial	12	1	13	449	48	497	461	49	510
		Civil	3	...	3	19	4	23	22	4	26
Bhandara	,, 2nd class.	Convicts	90	6	96	395	31	426	485	37	522
		Under trial	9	1	10	255	12	267	264	13	277
		Civil	2	...	2	18	...	18	20	...	20
Chanda	,, ,,	Convicts	64	6	70	351	45	396	415	51	466
		Under trial	1	...	1	112	12	124	113	12	125
		Civil	1	...	1	19	1	20	20	1	21
Wardha	,, ,,	Convicts	54	5	59	205	30	235	259	35	294
		Under trial	3	...	3	178	13	191	181	12	194
		Civil	1	...	1	53	2	55	54	2	56
Balaghat	,, ,,	Convicts	44	9	53	247	30	277	291	39	330
		Under trial	3	...	3	191	15	206	194	15	209
		Civil	...	...	...	1	1	2	1	1	2
Sironcha	Subsidiary Jail	Convicts	12	1	13	40	1	41	52	2	54
		Under trial	...	...	...	45	1	46	45	1	46
		Civil	...	...	...	2	...	2	2	...	2
Damoh	District Jail, 2nd class	Convicts	32	5	37	188	21	209	220	26	246
		Under trial	6	...	6	94	4	98	100	4	104
		Civil	...	...	...	6	...	6	6	...	6
Seoni	,, ,,	Convicts	45	4	49	217	36	253	262	40	302
		Under trial	8	1	9	163	21	184	171	22	193
		Civil	1	...	1	19	1	20	20	1	21
Mandla	,, ,,	Convicts	43	1	44	271	45	316	314	46	360
		Under trial	1	...	1	84	7	91	85	7	92
		Civil	2	...	2	6	1	7	8	1	9
Chindwara	,, ,,	Convicts	35	2	37	200	16	216	235	18	253
		Under trial	8	..	8	119	5	124	127	5	132
		Civil	4	...	4	18	3	21	22	3	25
Betul	,, ,,	Convicts	46	...	46	340	41	381	386	41	427
		Under trial	10	1	11	125	13	138	135	14	149
		Civil	...	...	...	8	1	9	8	1	9
Hoshangabad	,, ,,	Convicts	121	6	127	280	46	426	501	52	553
		Under trial	5	...	5	156	11	167	161	11	172
		Civil	1	...	1	39	2	41	40	2	42
Narsingpur	,, ,	Convicts	72	3	75	560	62	622	632	65	697
		Under trial	1	...	1	392	28	420	393	28	421
		Civil	7	...	7	82	5	87	89	5	94
Nimar	,, ,,	Convicts	62	1	63	199	13	212	261	14	275
		Under trial	...	...	...	111	10	121	111	10	121
		Civil	2	1	3	38	...	38	40	1	41
Sambalpur	,, ,,	Convicts	177	18	195	553	59	612	730	77	807
		Under trial	10	...	10	326	33	359	336	33	369
		Civil	2	1	3	38	5	43	40	6	46
Bilaspur	,, ,,	Convicts	90	15	105	612	75	687	702	90	792
		Under trial	10	2	12	486	39	524	495	41	536
		Civil	2	...	2	26	1	26	27	1	28
	Total	Convicts	3,002	223	3,225	8,408	952	9,360	11,410	1,175	12,585
		Under trial	118	11	129	4,612	358	4,970	4,730	369	5,099
		Civil	41	3	44	633	49	682	674	52	726
		Grand Total	3,161	237	3,398	13,653	1,359	15,012	16,814	1,596	18,410

SUMMARY.

Jails and Lock-ups of the Central Provinces during the year 1886.

7			8			9			10		
Discharged from all causes.			Remaining at the end of the year.			Daily average number of each class.			Total daily average of whole Jail.		
Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Male.	Female.	Total.
833	81	914	734	49	783	684·62	44·40	729·02			
339	15	354	14	...	14	11·84	0·70	12·54	702·82	46·52	749·34
88	14	102	10	1	11	6·36	1·42	7·78			
877	89	966	1,022	59	1,081	912·85	55·12	967·97			
432	36	468	12	2	14	11·00	1·20	12·20	928·29	56·49	984·78
92	7	99	6	...	6	4·44	0·17	4·61			
900	121	1,021	580	55	635	523·58	42·91	566·49			
545	37	582	16	1	17	13·11	0·63	13·74	539·69	43·58	583·27
56	1	57	3	...	3	3·00	0·04	3·04			
602	67	669	117	21	138	123·21	12·58	135·79			
447	48	495	14	1	15	14·67	0·97	15·64	138·43	13·70	152·13
20	4	24	2	...	2	0·55	0·15	0·70			
419	35	454	66	2	68	58·48	5·04	63·52			
260	13	273	4	...	4	5·21	0·34	5·55	64·51	5·38	69·89
17	...	17	3	...	3	0·72	...	0·72			
348	47	395	67	4	71	57·56	4·15	61·71			
99	12	111	14	...	14	10·30	0·60	10·90	69·57	4·78	74·35
19	1	20	1	...	1	1·71	0·03	1·74			
207	32	239	52	3	55	44·43	4·63	49·06			
175	12	187	6	1	7	5·07	0·31	5·38	53·57	4·95	58·52
46	2	48	8	...	8	4·07	0·01	4·08			
257	36	293	34	3	37	45·02	3·83	48·85			
188	15	203	6	...	6	4·32	0·39	4·71	49·41	4·22	53·63
1	1	2	...	...	...	0·07	...	0·07			
38	2	40	14	...	14	8·78	0·39	9·17			
45	1	46	...	...	...	7·77	0·01	7·78	16·59	0·40	16·99
2	...	2	...	...	...	0·04	...	0·04			
174	23	197	46	3	49	37·90	4·35	42·25			
97	4	101	3	...	3	4·11	0·35	4·46	42·46	4·70	47·16
6	...	6	...	...	...	0·45	...	0·45			
204	33	237	58	7	65	47·63	7·11	54·74			
167	22	189	4	...	4	4·09	0·74	4·83	52·83	7·87	60·70
19	1	20	1	...	1	1·11	0·02	1·13			
269	43	312	45	3	48	53·76	5·29	59·05			
85	7	92	...	...	...	2·91	0·15	3·06	57·07	5·53	62·60
7	1	8	1	...	1	0·40	0·09	0·49			
180	14	194	55	4	59	43·56	3·08	46·64			
119	5	124	8	...	8	3·73	0·13	3·86	47·91	3·31	51·22
22	3	25	...	...	...	0·62	0·10	0·72			
299	33	332	87	8	95	58·46	6·46	64·92			
134	14	148	1	...	1	4·13	0·17	4·30	63·23	6·66	69·89
8	1	9	...	...	...	0·64	0·03	0·67			
387	38	425	114	14	128	107·63	8·53	116·16			
151	11	162	10	...	10	6·29	0·29	6·58	117·67	9·14	126·81
36	2	38	4	...	4	3·75	0·32	4·07			
541	52	593	91	13	104	91·11	8·67	99·78			
385	27	412	8	1	9	9·69	0·90	10·59	105·83	9·86	115·69
86	5	91	3	...	3	5·03	0·29	5·32			
205	13	218	56	1	57	54·84	1·70	56·54			
111	10	121	...	...	...	2·57	0·25	2·82	60·03	1·95	61·98
35	1	36	5	...	5	2·62	...	2·62			
545	69	614	185	8	193	154·38	12·55	166·93			
333	33	366	3	...	3	9·62	0·81	10·43	165·65	13·46	179·11
40	6	46	...	...	..	1·65	0·10	1·75			
631	86	717	71	4	75	104·11	12·83	116·94			
481	41	522	14	...	14	14·21	0·76	14·97	119·32	13·64	132·96
26	1	27	1	...	1	1·00	0·05	1·05			
7,916	914	8,830	3,494	261	3,755	3,211·91	243·62	3,455·53			
4,593	363	4,956	137	6	143	144·74	9·70	154·44			
626	51	677	48	1	49	38·23	2·82	41·05	3394·88	256·14	3651·02
13,135	1,328	14,463	3,679	268	3,947	...	...	...			

C. Prisons

Showing the number and disposal of the convicts in the Jails and

1	2	3		4		5		6				7			8			
								Received from other Jails.							Transferred to other jails.			
								A.		B.					A.		B.	
Serial number.	Jails.	Remained at the close of the previous year.		Imprisoned during the present year.		Total.		To undergo sentence.		In transit for transportation or to other jails.		Grand Total.			To undergo sentence.		For transportation beyond seas, &c.	
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	M.	F.
1	Nagpur ...	622	47	532	60	1,154	107	395	23	18	...	1,567	130	1,697	4	...	15	3
2	Jubbulpore ...	824	45	575	74	1,399	119	473	23	27	6	1,899	148	2,047	12	1	46	4
3	Raipur ...	462	34	759	130	1,221	164	255	12	4	...	1,480	176	1,656	4	...	10	...
	Total ...	1,908	126	1,866	264	3,774	390	1,123	58	49	6	4,946	454	5,400	20	1	71	7
4	Saugor ...	107	15	610	73	717	88	2	...	...	...	719	88	807	129	10	4	...
5	Bhandara ...	90	6	393	31	483	37	2	...	...	...	485	37	522	123	5	5	...
6	Chauda ...	64	6	349	45	413	51	2	...	...	...	415	51	466	79	7	1	...
7	Wardha ...	54	5	205	30	259	35	...	...	...	...	259	35	294	38	3	...	...
8	Balaghat ...	44	9	246	30	290	39	1	...	...	...	291	39	330	53	5	2	...
9	Sironcha ...	12	1	39	1	51	2	1	..	..	...	52	2	54	...	...	...	...
10	Damoh ...	32	5	187	21	219	26	1	.	...	...	220	26	246	37	3	...	1
11	Seoni ...	45	4	217	36	262	40	...	...	...	...	262	40	302	30	...	2	1
12	Mandla ...	43	1	270	45	313	46	1	...	...	...	314	46	360	30	...	1	...
13	Chhindwara ...	35	2	200	16	235	18	...	...	...	...	235	18	253	17	1	...	...
14	Betul ...	46	...	340	41	386	41	...	...	...	...	386	41	427	6	1	...	...
15	Hoshangabad ...	121	6	379	46	500	52	1	...	...	...	501	52	553	28	5	...	...
16	Narsinghpur ...	72	3	556	62	628	65	4	...	...	...	632	65	697	154	7	4	1
17	Nimar ...	62	1	196	13	258	14	3	..	...	...	261	14	275	31	2	...	...
18	Sambalpur ...	177	18	553	59	730	77	...	..	...	...	730	77	807	41	1	2	...
19	Bilaspur ...	90	15	608	75	698	90	4	...	-	...	702	90	792	198	11	1	...
	Total ...	1,094	97	5,348	624	6,442	721	22	...	...	...	6,464	721	7,185	994	61	22	3
	Grand Total ...	3,002	223	7,214	888	10,216	1,111	1,145	58	49	6	11,410	1,175	12,585	1,014	2	93	10

Subsidiary Jails of the Central Provinces during the year 1886.

9										10		11		12		13		14		15		16		
Released during the year.																								
A.		B.		C.		D.																		
						By order of Government.																		
						A.		B.																
On appeal.		On expiry of sentence.		Under remission rules.		On account of sickness.		On other grounds.		Transported beyond seas.		Transferred to Lunatic Asylum.		Escaped.		Executed.		Died.		Remaining at the end of present year.		Daily average number.		
M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Total.
28	1	597	65	105	5	...	...	9	2	...	...	1	...	1	...	4	..	70	4	734	49	684·62	44·40	729·02
47	...	563	69	145	9	...	...	...	...	.	...	1	1	...	...	3	.	60	5	1,022	59	912·85	55·12	967·97
37	...	744	115	62	3	...	...	9	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	31	3	580	55	523·58	42·91	566·49
112	1	1,904	249	312	17	...	...	18	2	...	...	...	2	5	...	7	..	161	12	2,336	163	2121·05	142·43	2263·48
27	2	433	55	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	.	1	...	1	.	7	...	117	21	123·21	12·58	135·79
10	..	278	30	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	.	...	...	2	...	1	...	66	2	58·48	5·04	63·52
22	2	243	38	...	...	...	...	..	...	.	...	...	...	2	..	1	...	67	4	57·56	4·15	61·71
31	3	137	26	...	...	...	...	..	...	..	...	..	..	1	..	..	...	52	3	44·43	4·63	49·06
10	...	189	30	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	1	34	3	45·02	3·83	48·85
...	...	37	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14	...	8·78	0·39	9·17
11	...	125	19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	46	3	37·90	4·35	42·25
10	1	159	31	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	58	7	47·63	7·11	54·74
8	...	228	42	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	1	45	3	53·76	5·29	59·05
4	2	158	11	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	..	55	4	48·56	3·08	46·64
8	2	284	29	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	1	87	8	58·46	6·46	64·92
26	...	328	32	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	.	1	...	2	..	2	..	114	14	107·63	8·53	116·16
17	2	353	41	...	...	...	...	5	1	...	...	...	...	2	..	...	...	6	...	91	13	91·11	8·67	99·78
14	...	155	10	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	1	56	1	54·84	1·70	56·54
4	1	478	64	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	1	...	19	3	185	8	154·38	12·55	166·93
42	4	385	71	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	3	...	71	4	104·11	12·83	116·94
244	19	3,970	531	2	...	...	1	5	1	.	..	...	...	5	...	13	..	51	7	1,158	98	1090·86	101·19	1192·05
356	20	5,874	780	314	17	...	1	23	3	...	...	...	2	10	...	20	...	212	19	3,494	261	3211·91	243 ··2	3455 53

C.—Prisons

Showing the religion, age, and previous occupation of the convicts in the Jails

Serial Number.	Jails.	1	2	3														4			
		Religion.																Age.			
		A.						B.		C.		D.		E.		A.		B.			
		Christian.																			
		A.		B.		C.															
		Europeans.		Eurasians.		Natives.		Mahomedans.		Hindus and Sikhs.		Buddhists and Jains.		All other classes.		Under 16.		16 to 40.			
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.		
1	Nagpur	...	4	...	2	...	4	...	78	10	395	39	...	...	49	11	29	4	437	42	
2	Jubbulpore	...	1	...	1	...	3	...	92	9	378	58	5	...	95	7	24	2	477	57	
3	Raipur	...	...	...	1	...	2	...	39	4	256	45	...	1	461	80	35	11	636	89	
	Total	...	5	...	4	...	9	...	209	23	1,029	142	5	1	605	98	88	17	1,550	188	
4	Saugor	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	63	...	447	59	7	...	93	14	3	7	544	60	
5	Bhandara	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	22	2	321	27	...	...	50	2	3	...	318	24	
6	Chanda	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	22	1	242	30	...	...	83	14	19	2	279	36	
7	Wardha	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	28	1	143	17	1	...	33	12	3	5	180	23	
8	Balaghat	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18	1	124	16	...	...	104	13	5	2	207	22	
9	Sironcha	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	35	1	...	...	...	...	3	...	27	1	
10	Damoh	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16	2	140	18	...	...	31	1	1	1	140	15	
11	Seoni	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	31	8	142	21	...	...	44	7	3	6	173	23	
12	Mandla	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	...	109	16	...	...	151	29	3	5	231	34	
13	Chhindwara	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	21	2	82	4	...	...	97	10	2	1	183	15	
14	Betul	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17	3	110	13	...	...	213	25	11	2	289	36	
15	Hoshangabad	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	53	9	309	34	2	...	13	3	18	1	316	34	
16	Narsinghpur	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	46	5	319	35	1	...	188	22	10	1	450	51	
17	Nimar	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	65	4	107	6	...	...	22	3	2	...	158	9	
18	Sambalpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	...	503	56	...	...	38	3	14	2	499	55	
19	Bilaspur	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	25	7	488	64	...	...	94	4	9	1	532	67	
	Total	...	...	...	...	...	9	...	453	45	3,621	417	11	...	1,254	162	109	36	4,520	506	
	Grand Total	...	5	...	4	...	18	...	662	68	4,650	559	16	1	1,859	260	197	53	6,076	694	

NOTE.—Age means the age on the 31st December

N. B.—A detail should be given at the foot of this Statement showing what
This detail has been given

and Subsidiary Jails of the Central Provinces during the year 1886.

5															6			
Previous occupation.																		
C.		D.		Males.								Females.						
				A.	B.	C.	D.	E.	F.	G.	H.	I.	J.	K.				
40 to 60.		Above 60.		Persons employed under Government or Municipal or other Local authorities.	Professional persons.	Persons in service or performing personal offices.	Persons engaged in agriculture and with animals.	Persons engaged in commerce and trade.	Persons employed in mechanical arts, manufactures, and engineering operations, &c., &c.	Miscellaneous persons not classed otherwise.	Married.	Unmarried.	Widows.	Prostitutes.	Total.			Serial Number.
M.	F.	M.	F.												M.	F.	Total.	
61	14	5	...	18	...	143	191	13	25	142	42	5	11	2	532	60	592	1
72	15	2	...	26	30	82	147	83	33	174	42	3	18	11	575	74	649	2
82	26	6	4	36	...	113	455	59	51	45	94	10	26	...	759	130	889	3
215	55	13	4	80	30	338	793	155	109	361	178	18	55	13	1,866	264	2,130	
57	6	6	...	15	...	54	267	63	41	170	51	4	12	6	610	73	683	4
64	7	8	...	4	...	61	135	2	134	54	24	...	7	...	393	31	424	5
50	7	1	...	9	...	19	149	4	108	60	34	3	8	...	349	45	394	6
21	2	1	...	4	...	17	162	2	7	13	27	1	1	1	205	30	235	7
31	5	3	...	12	4	9	155	8	39	19	25	1	4	...	246	30	276	8
9	...	...	...	...	...	5	17	..	...	17	...	...	1	...	39	1	40	9
44	5	2	...	2	...	10	104	9	12	50	14	1	6	...	187	21	208	10
39	7	2	...	13	...	17	67	15	21	84	22	4	10	...	217	36	253	11
36	6	...	...	18	...	14	173	12	...	53	30	2	13	...	270	45	315	12
15	...	...	...	5	...	13	125	17	25	15	12	1	1	2	200	16	216	13
40	2	...	...	10	...	29	168	15	1	117	31	1	8	1	340	41	381	14
42	11	3	...	16	37	19	265	20	7	15	32	1	11	2	379	46	425	15
88	10	8	...	10	...	51	295	16	21	163	34	2	26	...	556	62	618	16
35	4	1	...	9	2	26	76	29	23	31	5	...	6	2	196	13	209	17
38	2	2	...	12	...	1	417	18	35	20	58	1	...	...	553	59	612	18
65	7	2	...	7	8	18	488	...	13	74	54	1	20	...	608	75	683	19
674	82	39	...	146	51	363	3,066	230	537	955	453	23	134	14	5,348	624	5,972	
889	137	52	4	226	81	701	3,859	385	646	1,316	631	41	189	27	7,214	888	8,102	

of the year for which the statement is prepared.
Religions are included under the head "all other classes," Column 3 E.
in the Report.

Showing the convicts admitted into the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of the Central Provinces during the year 1886,

1	2	3	4									
			Numbers according to									
			A		B		C		D		E	
Serial number.	Jails.	Nature of imprisonment of those admitted, as explained at foot.	Not exceeding one month		Above one and not exceeding three months.		Above three months and not exceeding six months.		Above six months and not exceeding one year.		Above one year and not exceeding two years.	
			M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
1	Nagpur ...	A	14	4	2	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
		B	130	24	131	17	101	7	51	5	25	2
		C	...	...	1	...	7	..	18	...	14	...
		D	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	1	...
	†Total admissions ...		144	28	137	17	109	7	74	5	40	2
	Total remaining on 31st December 1886 ...		20	7	42	6	70	2	119	7	109	6
2	Jubbulpore ...	A	22	8	5	4	...	...	...	...	...	...
		B	140	19	146	24	132	9	60	4	24	1
		C	1	...	...	...	4	...	2	...	...	1
		D	...	...	...	...	1	..	2	...	7	...
	†Total admissions ...		163	27	151	25	137	9	64	4	31	2
	Total remaining on 31st December 1886 ...		12	4	28	7	102	5	129	5	212	5
3	Raipur ...	A	6	4	1	2	1	...	...	...	...	...
		B	247	62	199	35	149	14	41	5	47	1
		C	...	3	2	1	11	...	4	...	3	...
		D	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
	†Total admissions ...		253	69	203	38	162	14	46	5	50	1
	Total remaining on 31st December 1886 ...		11	1	52	11	108	13	106	11	115	9
	Grand Total admissions Central Jails ..		560	124	491	83	408	30	184	14	121	5
	Total remaining on 31st December 1886 ...		43	12	122	24	280	20	354	23	439	20
4	Saugor ...	A	9	7	2	2	2	1	1	...	2	1
		B	168	35	149	11	128	8	47	4	18	2
		C	...	...	...	...	10	...	14	...	8	...
		D	...	...	1	...	4	...	7	...	2	...
	†Total admissions ...		177	42	152	13	144	9	69	4	30	3
	Total remaining on 31st December 1886 ...		16	14	25	2	41	3	25	2	3	...
5	Bhandara ...	A	1	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...
		B	160	15	95	9	57	4	33	2	9	...
		C	...	...	...	...	2	...	9	...	8	...
		D	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...
	†Total admissions ...		161	15	95	9	60	4	44	2	17	...
	Total remaining on 31st December 1886 ...		12	...	28	...	15	2	7	...	2	...
6	Chanda ...	A	3	1	4	...	2	...	..	...	...	...
		B	144	27	90	9	71	4	6	2	6	...
		C	...	...	...	...	2	1	8	...	4	...
		D	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	1	...
	† Total admissions ...		147	28	96	9	77	5	14	2	11	...
	Total remaining on 31st December 1886 ...		16	1	30	2	11	1	3	...	5	...

A. Prisoners sentenced
B. Prisoners sentenced
C. Prisoners sentenced
D. Prisoners sentenced
† Classes A. B. C. D.

and those remaining on the 31st December of that year according to the nature and length of sentences.

												5			
length of sentence.															
F		G		H		I				J		Total.			
Above two years and not exceeding five years.		Above five years and not exceeding ten years.		Exceeding ten years.		Sentenced to transportation beyond seas.				Sentenced to death.					
						A. For life.		B. For a term.							
M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	Total.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	17	4	21	
7	...	4	...	1	...	1	1	1	...	1	...	456	56	512	
6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	46	...	46	
7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	13	...	13	
20	...	4	...	1	...	1	1	1	...	1	...	532	60	592	
134	13	139	7	30	...	42	1	29	...	...	...	734	49	783	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	27	12	39	
11	...	8	...	...	...	2	4	1	...	3	...	527	61	588	
2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	1	10	
2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	...	12	
15	...	8	...	...	...	2	4	1	...	3	...	575	74	649	
220	13	155	9	18	...	83	9	63	2	...	...	1,022	59	1,081	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	8	6	14	
33	2	7	1	...	...	4	...	...	...	1	...	726	120	848	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	20	4	24	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	
33	2	7	1	...	...	4	...	...	...	1	...	759	130	889	
118	6	59	3	2	1	3	...	3	...	...	...	580	55	635	
66	2	19	1	1	...	7	5	2	...	5	...	1,866	264	2,130	
472	32	353	19	50	1	123	10	95	2	...	...	2,336	163	2,499	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16	11	27	
7	2	3	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	1	...	527	62	589	
19	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	..	...	...	..	52	...	52	
1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15	...	15	
27	2	3	...	1	...	6	...	...	..	1	...	610	73	683	
1	...	1	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	117	21	138	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	
7	1	1	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	2	...	369	31	400	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19	...	19	
1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	
8	1	1	...	...	...	5	...	...	...	2	...	393	31	424	
2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	66	2	68	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9	1	10	
2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	313	43	362	
2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16	1	17	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	5	
4	1	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	349	45	394	
2	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	67	4	71	

to simple imprisonment.
to rigorous imprisonment.
to rigorous imprisonment with solitary confinement.
to rigorous imprisonment with whipping.
should be amalgamated for this total.

1	2	3	4									
			Number according to									
			A		B		C		D		E	
Serial Number.	Jails.	Nature of imprisonment of those admitted, as explained at foot.	Not exceeding one month		Above one and not exceeding three months.		Above three months and not exceeding six months.		Above six months and not exceeding one year.		Above one year and not exceeding two years.	
			M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
7	Wardha ..	A	5	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	..
		B	46	12	40	4	53	2	20	1	9	1
		C	...	...	...	...	2	...	6	...	4	...
		D	...	...	...	...	2	...	5	...	...	...
	†Total admissions ...		51	21	41	4	57	2	31	1	13	1
	Total remaining on 31st December 1886 ...		2	...	9	...	20	2	13	1	4	...
8	Balaghat ...	A	2	2	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	...
		B	80	14	84	6	27	3	15	2	6	1
		C	...	...	4	1	17	...	3	...	2	...
		D	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...
	†Total admissions ...		82	16	89	7	44	4	19	2	8	1
	Total remaining on 31st December 1886 ...		8	1	17	1	8	1	1	—	...	...
9	Sironcha ...	A	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		B	3	...	28	1	8	...	...	...	...	...
		C	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		D	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	†Total admissions ...		3	...	28	1	8	...	...	...	..	...
	Total remaining on 31st December 1886 ...		...	...	11	—	2	...	...	...	1	...
10	Damoh ...	A	7	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		B	33	8	72	5	32	1	14	2	14	1
		C	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	1	...
		D	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	†Total admissions ...		40	9	73	5	32	1	16	2	15	...
	Total remaining on 31st December 1886 ...		3	...	18	...	14	1	8	2	..	...
11	Seoni ...	A	7	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1
		B	68	18	48	5	20	5	8	3	5	1
		C	..	...	3	...	12	...	14	...	18	...
		D	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	2	...
	†Total admissions ...		75	19	51	6	32	5	23	3	25	1
	Total remaining on 31st December 1886 ...		13	1	12	...	15	4	9	1	7	1
12	Mandla ...	A	9	3	3	...	2	...	...	...	...	..
		B	104	31	79	7	29	3	21	...	8	...
		C	..	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	3	...
		D	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...
	‡Total admissions ...		113	34	82	7	32	3	21	...	12	...
	Total remaining on 31st December 1886 ...		6	...	17	3	8	...	11	...	3	...
13	Chhindwara ...	A	2	1	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		B	36	4	80	4	38	6	12	..	7	1
		C	...	...	—	...	...	...	4	...	9	...
		D	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	†Total admissions ...		38	5	82	4	38	6	16	..	16	1
	Total remaining on 31st December 1886 ...		3	...	19	3	17	1	7	...	5	...

A. Prisoners sentenced
B. Prisoners sentenced
C. Prisoners sentenced
D. Prisoners sentenced
† Classes A. B. C. D

3 (Judicial).—Contd.

															5
Length of sentence.															
F		G		H		I				J		Total.			
Above two years and not exceeding five years.		Above five years and not exceeding ten years.		Exceeding ten years.		Sentenced to transportation beyond seas.				Sentenced to death.					
						A		B							
						For life.		For a term.							
M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	Total.	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	6	2	8	
4	...	1	1	...	...	1	...	..	...	1	...	175	28	203	
5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17	...	17	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	...	7	
9	...	1	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	205	30	235	
2	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	52	3	55	
...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	3	6	
2	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	216	26	242	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26	1	27	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	
2	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	246	30	276	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	34	3	37	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	39	1	40	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	39	1	40	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14	...	14	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8	1	9	
8	1	1	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	2	...	176	20	196	
...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	3	...	3	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
8	1	1	1	...	...	...	1	..	...	2	...	187	21	208	
2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	46	3	49	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	2	9	
2	...	...	...	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	153	34	187	
4	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	53	...	53	
1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	..	4	
7	...	2	..	...	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	217	36	253	
1	...	1	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	58	7	65	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14	3	17	
3	1	1	...	...	...	1	..	...	...	2	...	248	42	290	
...	..	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	5	
2	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	...	3	
5	1	2	..	...	...	1	...	...	..	2	...	270	45	315	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	45	3	48	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	1	5	
5	...	2	...	...	..	1	..	1	...	...	...	182	15	197	
1	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	14	...	14	
...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	..	...	...	...	
6	...	2	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	200	16	216	
3	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	55	4	59	

to simple imprisonment.
to rigorous imprisonment.
to rigorous imprisonment with solitary confinement.
to rigorous imprisonment with whipping.
should be amalgamated.

1	2	3	4									
			Numbers according to									
			A		B		C		D		E	
Serial Number.	Jails.	Number of imprisonment of those admitted, as explained at foot.	Not exceeding one month		Above one and not exceeding three months.		Above three months and not exceeding six months.		Above six months and not exceeding one year.		Above one year and not exceeding two years.	
			M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F
14	Betul	A	37	5	3	2	2	...	...	1	...	...
		B	114	13	95	13	48	5	16	...	3	1
		C	...	...	3	...	...	1	...	...	3	...
		D	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
	†Total admissions ...		151	18	102	15	51	6	16	1	6	1
	Total remaining on 31st December 1886 ...		13	...	24	4	27	3	10	1	4	...
15	Hoshangabad ...	A	8	3	4	1	2	...	...	...	...	...
		B	63	10	99	16	104	8	30	3	12	2
		C	...	...	...	...	7	...	25	...	4	...
		D	...	...	1	...	1	...	2	...	2	...
	†Total admissions ...		71	13	104	17	114	8	57	3	18	2
	Total remaining on 31st December 1886 ...		22	2	19	6	27	2	28	1	12	2
16	Narsinghpur ...	A	18	5	6	1	1	...	...	...	...	...
		B	158	25	143	16	117	8	36	2	22	2
		C	...	..	...	...	6	...	6	...	18	...
		D	..	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	3	...
	†Total admissions ...		176	30	149	17	124	8	43	2	43	3
	Total remaining on 31st December 1886 ...		13	5	35	6	27	2	5	...	7	...
17	Nimar ...	A	3	3	..	...	1	...	...	...	...	...
		B	33	5	54	1	49	1	19	1	14	1
		C	..	..	...	...	2	...	...	1	7	...
		D	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	†Total admissions ...		38	8	54	1	52	1	19	2	21	1
	Total remaining on 31st December 1886 ...		1	...	13	...	22	...	6	...	10	1
18	Sambalpur ...	A	9	4	3	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
		B	141	17	137	23	122	8	35	3	12	2
		C	...	...	..	...	21	...	7	...	6	...
		D	...	...	1	...	4	...	3	...	6	...
	†Total admissions ...		150	21	141	24	147	8	45	3	21	2
	Total remaining on 31st December 1886 ...		18	1	33	1	49	2	33	2	19	1
19	Bilaspur ...	A	9	4	5	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		B	140	27	156	20	152	14	54	5	18	1
		C	...	...	...	...	2	2	5	...	20	1
		D	...	...	...	...	5	...	5	..	4	...
	†Total admissions ...		149	31	161	20	159	16	67	5	42	2
	Total remaining on 31st December 1886 ...		10	2	21	2	13	...	8	...	8	...
Grand Total District Jails.	†Total admissions ...		1,622	310	1,500	159	1,171	86	500	32	301	19
	Total remaining on 31st December 1886 ...		158	27	331	30	319	24	174	10	90	5
	Total admissions ...		2,182	434	1,901	212	1,7[illegible]	116	681	46	422	24
	Total remaining on 31st December 1886 ...		201	39	453	54	599	44	528	33	529	25

A. Prisoners sentenced
B. Prisoners sentenced
C. Prisoners sentenced
D. Prisoners sentenced
† Classes A. B. C. D.

															5
length of sentences.															
F		G		H		I				J		Total.			
Above two years and not exceeding five years.		Above five years and not exceeding ten years.		Exceeding ten years.		Sentenced to transportation beyond seas.				Sentenced to death.					
						A		B							
						For life.		For a term.							
M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	M	F	Total.	
...	...	...	...	...	..	...	2	...	...	...	...	1	...	42	8	50
6	...	1	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	286	32	318
4	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10	1	11
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2
10	...	1	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	340	41	381
6	...	1	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	87	8	95
...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14	4	18
8	3	3	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	..	...	321	42	362
2	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	38	...	38
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	6
10	3	3	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	379	46	425
4	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	114	14	128
...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	25	6	31
12	1	...	...	...	...	5	1	..	...	...	...	...	...	493	56	549
2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	.	...	...	32	...	32
2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	6
16	1	...	...	...	...	5	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	556	62	618
1	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	91	13	104
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	3	9
6	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	179	9	188
2	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	1	12
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	196	13	209
2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	56	1	57
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	12	5	17
20	1	8	...	1	...	5	...	...	...	5	...	485	54	540
3	...	1	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	38	...	38
3	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17	...	17
26	1	9	...	1	...	5	...	...	...	5	...	553	59	612
19	1	8	...	1	...	1	...	...	..	4	...	185	8	193
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	14	4	18
10	...	2	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	534	67	601
11	...	5	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	46	4	50
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14	...	14
21	...	7	1	..	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	608	75	683
9	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	71	4	75
167	11	35	3	3	..	30	4	3	...	16	...	5,348	624	5,972
54	2	15	...	2	...	8	...	2	..	5	...	1,158	98	1,256
235	13	54	4	4	..	37	9	5	...	21	...	7,214	888	8,102
526	34	368	19	52	1	136	10	97	2	5	...	3,494	261	3,755

to simple imprisonment.
to rigorous imprisonment.
to rigorous imprisonment with solitary confinement.
to rigorous imprisonment with whipping.
should be amalgamated for this total.

C.—Prisons 4.—Judicial—(for Convicts only.)

Showing the convicts admitted in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of the Central Provinces, during the year 1886, who had been previously convicted.

1	2	3			†4									5			6						
Serial number.	Jails.	Number admitted during the year.			Number previously convicted.									Ratio of column 4 D. to column 3.			Juvenile prisoners under 16 years of age (Section 399 of the Criminal Procedure Code.)						Serial number.
					A.		B.		C.		D.						A.			B.			
					Once.		Twice.		More than twice.		Total.						Number admitted during the year.			Number previously convicted.			
		M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	T.	Total.	
1	Nagpur ...	532	60	592	50	1	23	...	18	...	91	1	92	17·11	1·67	15·54	29	4	33	1	...	1	1
2	Jubbulpore ...	575	74	649	43	4	18	...	9	1	70	5	75	12·17	6·76	11·56	24	2	26	4	...	4	2
3	Raipur ...	759	130	889	62	4	12	1	9	1	90	6	96	11·86	4·62	10·80	35	11	46	4	1	5	3
	Total ...	1,866	264	2,130	162	9	53	1	36	2	251	12	263	13·45	4·55	12·35	88	17	105	9	1	10	
4	Saugor ...	610	73	683	44	5	9	1	7	2	60	8	68	9·84	10·96	9·95	3	7	10	2	...	2	4
5	Bhandara ...	393	31	424	27	1	6	1	9	...	42	2	44	10·69	6·45	10·38	3	...	3	...	...	...	5
6	Chanda ...	349	45	394	49	10	7	...	6	...	62	10	72	17·76	22·22	18·27	19	2	21	3	...	3	6
7	Wardha ...	205	30	235	39	1	5	...	7	...	51	1	52	24·88	3·33	22·13	3	5	8	2	...	2	7
8	Balaghat ...	246	30	276	34	1	4	...	4	...	42	1	43	17·07	3·33	15·58	5	2	7	1	...	1	8
9	Sironcha ...	39	1	40	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	100·00	2·50	3	...	3	...	...	...	9
10	Damoh ...	187	21	208	4	1	4	...	2	1	10	2	12	5·35	9·52	5·77	1	1	2	...	...	...	10
11	Seoni ...	217	36	253	13	4	9	...	5	1	27	5	32	12·44	13·88	12·64	3	6	9	...	...	...	11
12	Mandla ...	270	45	315	18	...	4	...	3	1	25	1	26	9·26	2·22	8·25	3	5	8	...	...	...	12
13	Chhindwara ...	200	16	216	13	2	5	...	...	...	18	2	20	9·00	12·50	9·25	2	1	3	...	..	...	13
14	Betul ...	340	41	381	15	2	1	1	2	...	18	3	21	5·29	7·32	5·51	11	2	13	1	...	1	14
15	Hoshangabad ...	379	46	425	23	1	5	1	7	1	35	3	38	9·23	6·52	8·94	18	1	19	2	...	2	15
16	Narsinghpur ...	550	68	618	16	4	16	..	11	1	43	5	48	7·73	8·06	7·77	10	1	11	...	...	...	16
17	Nimar ...	196	13	209	11	1	2	...	2	...	15	1	16	7·65	7·69	7·66	2	...	2	...	...	...	17
18	Sambalpur ...	553	59	612	63	2	30	2	18	1	111	5	116	20·07	8·47	18·95	14	2	16	4	...	4	18
19	Bilaspur ...	608	75	683	37	2	5	1	4	1	46	4	50	7·57	5·33	7·32	9	1	10	3	...	3	19
	Total ...	5,348	624	5,972	406	38	112	7	87	9	605	54	659	11·31	8·65	11·04	169	36	145	18	...	18	
	Grand Total ...	7,214	888	8,102	568	47	165	8	123	11	856	66	922	11·87	7·43	11·38	197	53	250	27	1	28	

†Column 4 should include figures under column 6.

C.—Prisons 6.—Judicial—(for Convicts only.)

Showing the offences committed by the convicts and the punishments inflicted on them in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of the Central Provinces during the year 1886.

1	2	3		4		5						6											7	8	
						Breaches of Jail Rules.						Punishments inflicted.													
												A.	B—By Jail Officers.								C.				
													A.		B.		C.		D.	E.					
Serial number.	Jails.	Average number of convicts.		Criminal offences.		Smoking or having possession of forbidden articles.		Offences relating to work.		Other offences against prison discipline.		By Criminal Courts.		Solitary confinement.		Reduced diet.		Solitary confinement with reduced diet		Corporal punishment.	Other punishments.		Total punishments.	Ratio of Column 6 C. to column 3.	Ratio of Column 6 D. to the total number of other jail punishments inflicted on male prisoners.	Serial number.
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.		M.	F.				
1	Nagpur ...	684·62	44·40	8	2	250	1	483	3	277	2	8	2	6	...	483	...	109	5	77	335	1	1,026	140·74	8·25	1
2	Jubbulpore ...	912·85	55·12	18	2	67	...	494	18	384	16	18	2	37	4	31	...	180	16	32	605	13	998	103·10	10·78	2
3	Raipur ...	525·58	42·91	1	2	24	...	202	6	121	2	1	2	1	...	13	...	81	6	68	184	2	358	63·20	21·37	3
	Total ...	2121·05	142·43	27	6	341	1	1,179	27	782	19	27	6	44	4	527	...	370	27	237	1,124	16	2,382	105·24	11·48	
4	Saugor ...	123·21	12·58	...	...	2	...	5	4	9	11	...	...	12	14	...	...	1	1	3	...	...	31	22·82	23·07	4
5	Bhandara ...	58·48	5·04	..	...	...	...	10	...	1	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	1	...	1	6	...	11	17·32	10·0	5
6	Chanda ...	57·56	4·15	...	...	8	...	109	7	7	..	...	...	9	...	54	7	20	...	14	27	...	131	212·28	12·73	6
7	Wardha ...	44·13	4·63	1	...	11	...	187	2	10	2	1	...	6	...	70	2	...	...	22	103	2	213	434·16	16·20	7
8	Balaghat ...	45·02	3·83	...	...	...	...	32	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	...	1	...	8	21	...	32	65·51	10·34	8
9	Sironcha ...	8·78	0·39	..	...	1	...	...	..	1	...	...	...	..	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	2	21·81	...	9
10	Damoh ...	37·90	4·35	...	...	...	...	19	4	8	10	...	...	3	...	3	8	8	4	8	5	2	41	97·04	42·10	10
11	Seoni ...	47·63	7·11	...	...	2	1	2	..	63	6	...	...	10	1	2	5	...	1	8	47	...	74	135·18	12·12	11
12	Mandla ...	53·76	5·29	.	...	7	...	50	1	18	8	...	...	1	...	21	4	5	...	5	40	5	84	142·25	12·12	12
13	Chhindwara ...	43·56	3·08	...	...	3	...	136	2	7	..	...	...	...	...	112	1	3	1	4	27	..	148	317·32	2·81	13
14	Betul ...	58·46	6·46	...	...	...	...	15	...	1	2	...	...	2	2	4	...	...	...	1	9	...	18	27·72	6·66	14
15	Hoshangabad ...	107·63	8·53	2	...	13	1	93	...	13	1	2	...	30	2	19	..	19	...	14	37	...	123	105·89	13·23	15
16	Narsinghpur ...	91·11	8·67	2	...	...	...	10	6	11	2	2	...	...	...	5	7	12	1	4	...	...	31	31·07	23·53	16
17	Sirna ...	54·84	1·70	1	...	4	...	62	1	16	...	1	...	5	1	3	...	15	...	7	52	...	84	148·57	9·33	17
18	Sambhpur ...	154·38	12·55	1	...	6	...	20	6	46	13	1	...	...	...	26	...	15	...	27	..	..	92	55·11	60·00	18
19	Bilaspur ...	104·11	12·83	1	...	14	3	10	...	25	19	1	...	21	3	3	19	18	...	5	2	...	72	91·57	11·36	19
	Total ..	1090·86	101·19	8	...	71	5	760	33	236	74	8	...	102	23	330	64	123	16	136	376	9	1,187	99·58	14·60	...
	Grand Total ...	3211·91	243·62	35	6	412	6	1,939	60	1,018	93	35	6	146	27	857	64	493	43	373	1,500	25	3,569	105·28	12·45	...

C.—Prisons 7.—Judicial—(for Convicts only.)

Showing the state of Education of the convicts imprisoned in and released from the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of the Central Provinces for the year 1886.

1	2	3	4						5		6		7		8						9						1
Serial Number.	Jails.	Number imprisoned during the year.	Of those in column 3 there were						Daily average number of convicts.		Daily average number under instruction.		Number released during the year who had been under instruction in Jail.		Of those in column 7 there were when they entered jail						Of those in column 7 there were when they left jail						Serial Number.
			Unable to read or write.		Able to read or write a little.		Able to read or write well.								Unable to read and write.		Able to read and write a little.		Able to read and write well.		Unable to read and write.		Able to read and write a little.		Able to read and write well.		
		M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	
1	Nagpur ...	532	66	488	60	28	...	16	...	684·62	44·40	10·68	...	28	...	27	...	1	...	...	...	27	..	1	...	...	...	1
2	Jubbulpore ...	575	74	511	74	27	...	37	...	912·85	55·12	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2
3	Raipur ...	759	130	745	130	14	...	...	...	523·58	42·91	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3
	Total ...	1,866	264	1,744	264	69	...	53	...	2121·05	142·43	10·68	...	28	...	27	...	1	...	...	...	27	...	1	...	...	...	
4	Saugor ...	610	73	579	73	21	...	10	...	123·21	12·58	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4
5	Bhandara ...	393	31	392	31	1	...	...	...	58·48	5·04	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5
6	Chanda ...	349	45	335	45	8	...	6	...	57·56	4·15	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6
7	Wardha ...	205	30	201	30	4	...	...	...	44·43	4·03	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7
8	Balaghat ...	246	30	231	30	5	...	10	...	45·02	3·83	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	8
9	Sironcha ...	39	1	39	1	...	...	...	...	8·79	0·39	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9
10	Damoh ...	187	21	169	21	4	...	14	...	37·90	4·35	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10
11	Seoni ...	217	36	199	36	7	...	11	...	47·63	7·11	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	11
12	Mandla ...	270	45	258	45	6	...	6	...	53·76	5·25	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	12
13	Chhindwara ...	200	16	196	16	1	...	3	...	43·56	3·08	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	13
14	Betul ...	340	41	328	41	6	...	6	...	58·46	6·46	...	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	14
15	Hoshangabad ...	379	46	354	46	17	...	8	...	107·63	8·53	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	15
16	Narsinghpur ...	556	62	512	62	43	...	1	...	91·11	8·67	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	16
17	Nimar ...	196	13	184	13	8	...	4	..	54·84	1·70	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	17
18	Sambalpur ...	553	59	543	58	9	...	1	...	154·38	13·55	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	18
19	Bilaspur ...	608	75	606	75	2	...	...	...	104·11	12·83	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	19
	Total ...	5,348	624	5,126	624	142	...	80	...	1090·86	101·19	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
	Grand Total ...	7,214	888	6,870	888	211	...	133	...	3211·91	243·62	10·68	...	28	...	27	...	1	...	...	...	27	...	1	...	...	...	

C.—Prisons 10.—(Financial.)

Showing the expenditure in guarding and maintaining the prisoners in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of the Central Provinces during the year 1886, exclusive of the cost of building new Jails, of additions, alterations or repairs.

1	2	3				4			5			6			7						8			9			10	11	12
		Average number of prisoners.				Rations.			Establishment.			Police guard.			Hospital charges.						Clothing.			Contingencies.					
						A	B		A	B		A	B.		A	B		C			A	B		A	B				
Serial number.	Jails.	Convicts.	Under trial.	Civil.	Total.	Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength, excluding Civil prisoners.		Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.		Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.		Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.		Cost per head of average number sick.			Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.		Total cost.	Cost per head of average strength.		Grand total expended.	Total cost per head of average strength.	Serial number.
						Rs.	Rs. a. p.		Rs.	Rs. a. p.		Rs.	Rs. a. p.		Rs.	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.			Rs.	Rs. a. p.		Rs.	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	
1	Nagpur ...	729·02	12·54	7·78	749·34	22,112	29 13 1		*19,959	26 10 9		2,766	3 11 0		3,085	4 1 11		73 6 4			3,492	4 12 7		3,998	5 5 4		55,442 0 0	73 15 9	1
2	Jubbulpore ...	967·97	12·20	4·61	984·78	30,176	30 12 6		†10,100	10 4 1		2,766	2 12 11		1,216	1 3 8		35 15 6			4,976	5 2 8		7,317	7 6 10		56,551 0 0	56 6 10	2
3	Raipur ..	566·49	13·74	3·04	583·27	12,473	21 7 10		7,210	12 5 9		1,491	2 8 10		641	1 1 7		32 2 0			1,993	3 8 3		5,771	9 14 3		29,579 0 0	50 11 4	3
	Total ...	2,263·48	38·48	15·43	2,317·39	64,761	28 2 0		37,299	16 1 6		7,023	3 0 5		4,942	2 2 0		51 9 5			10,461	4 9 11		17,086	7 6 0		1,41,572 0 0	61 1 5	
4	Saugor ...	135·79	15·64	0·70	152·13	2,663	17 9 11		3,337	21 14 11		840	5 8 4		31	0 3 2		6 4 0			612	4 8 1		395	2 9 6		7,883 0 0	51 13 0	4
5	Bhandara ...	63·52	5·65	0·72	69·89	1,402	20 4 3		1,884	26 15 3		633	9 0 11		4	0 0 11		18 2 10			171	2 11 0		530	7 9 3		4,624 0 0	66 2 6	5
6	Chanda ...	61·71	10·90	1·74	74·35	1,448	19 15 0		2,527	33 15 10		633	8 8 3		97	1 4 9		34 4 3			193	3 1 6		806	10 13 5		5,704 0 0	76 11 5	6
7	Wardha ...	49·06	5·38	4·08	58·52	1,030	18 14 8		1,890	32 4 8		633	10 13 0		29	0 5 5		7 11 6			326	6 10 3		845	14 7 1		4,744 0 0	81 1 0	7
8	Balaghat ...	48·85	4·71	0·07	53·63	859	16 0 7		1,884	35 2 2		633	11 12 4		14	0 4 2		6 7 2			130	2 10 7		738	13 12 2		4,238 0 0	79 6 4	8
9	Sioncha ...	9·17	7·78	0·04	16·99	401	23 10 6		479	28 4 0		507	29 13 5		11	0 10 4		44 0 0			60	6 8 8		79	4 10 4		1,537 0 0	90 7 5	9
10	Damoh ...	42·25	4·46	0·45	47·16	825	17 10 7		2,124	45 0 7		633	13 6 9		10	0 3 4		44 7 1			168	3 15 7		153	3 3 11		3,913 0 0	82 15 6	10
11	Seoni ...	54·74	4·83	1·13	60·70	1,123	18 13 0		2,328	38 5 7		633	10 6 10		41	0 10 9		16 9 7			66	1 3 3		454	7 7 4		4,615 0 0	76 8 4	11
12	Mandla ...	59·05	3·06	0·49	62·60	1,144	18 6 8		1,884	30 1 6		633	10 1 9		29	0 7 1		7 12 9			166	2 12 11		337	5 6 1		4,192 0 0	66 15 5	12
13	Chhindwara ...	46·64	3·86	0·72	51·22	971	19 3 7		1,884	36 12 6		633	12 5 8		24	0 7 5		12 10 1			363	7 12 6		925	18 0 11		4,800 0 0	93 11 4	13
14	Betul ...	64·92	4·30	0·67	69·89	1,426	20 9 7		1,884	26 15 3		633	9 0 11		9	0 2 0		9 0 4			140	2 2 6		102	1 7 4		4,194 0 0	60 1 4	14
15	Hoshangabad ...	116·18	6·58	4·07	126·81	2,412	19 10 4		2,820	22 3 0		840	6 9 11		40	0 5 0		36 5 10			619	5 5 3		293	2 5 9		7,030 0 0	55 6 11	15
16	Narsinghpur ...	99·78	10·59	5·32	115·09	2,418	21 14 4		2,568	22 3 1		633	5 7 6		50	0 6 11		14 9 3			756	7 9 2		359	3 1 7		6,784 0 0	58 10 2	16
17	Nimar ...	56·54	2·82	2·62	61·98	1,137	19 2 6		2,184	35 3 9		633	10 3 5		36	0 9 3		20 7 3			226	3 15 11		754	12 2 7		4,970 0 0	80 2 11	17
18	Sambalpur ...	166·93	10·43	1·75	179·11	2,811	15 13 0		2,668	14 14 4		840	4 11 0		144	0 12 10		30 5 0			700	4 8 1		704	3 14 10		7,867 0 0	43 14 8	18
19	Bilaspur ...	116·94	14·97	1·05	132·96	2,026	16 9 10		1,884	14 2 8		633	4 12 2		31	0 3 8		8 1 6			261	2 3 8		264	1 15 9		5,099 0 0	38 5 7	19
	Total ...	1,192·05	115·96	25·62	1,333·63	24,101	18 6 8		34,229	25 4 0		10,623	7 15 5		590	0 7 0		15 2 6			4,957	4 2 6		7,744	5 11 9		82,244 0 0	61 10 8	
	Grand Total ...	3,455·53	154·44	41·05	3,651·02	88,862	25 6 0		71,528	19 6 8		17,646	4 12 0		5,532	1 8 1		41 1 1			15,418	4 7 4		24,830	6 12 4		2,23,816 0 0	61 4 9	

* Inclusive of full pay of Superintendent.
† Exclusive of thepay of Superintendent which is charged to School of Industry.

C.—Prisons 14.—(Financial.)

Showing the net cost of the prisoners in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of the Central Provinces during the year 1885.

1	2	3	4	5	6*	7	8		
Serial number.	Jails.	Cost of maintenance (column 10, Statement No.10).	Average cost of maintenance per head (col. 11, Statement X).	Total cash earnings (column 11, of Statement XIII).	Average cash earnings per head of average strength.	Net cost to Government (column 3 minus column 5).	Average net cost per head of average strength (column 4 minus column 6).	Serial number.	Remarks.
		Rs.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.		
1	Nagpur	55,442	73 15	2,338 2	3 1	53,103 14	70 14	1	
2	Jubbulpore	56,551	56 6	38,109 13	39 7	18,441 3	16 15	2	
3	Raipur	29,579	50 11	8,133 7	13 15	21,445 9	36 12	3	
	Total ...	1,41,572	61 1	48,581 6	20 15	92,990 10	40 2		
4	Sangor	7,883	51 3	367 14	2 6	7,515 2	48 13	4	
5	Bhandara	4,624	66 2	292 2	4 2	4,331 14	62 0	5	
6	Chanda	5,704	76 11	580 13	7 12	5,123 3	68 15	6	
7	Wardha	4,744	81 1	770 2	13 2	3,973 14	67 15	7	
8	Balaghat	4,258	79 6	.....	.....	4,258 0	79 6	8	
9	Sironcha	1,537	90 7	.....	.....	1,537 0	90 7	9	
10	Damoh	3,913	82 15	290 2	6 2	3,622 14	76 13	10	
11	Seoni	4,645	76 8	1,116 14	16 11	2,528 2	59 13	11	
12	Mandla	4,192	66 15	706 11	11 4	3,485 5	55 11	12	
13	Chhindwara	4,800	93 11	298 10	5 13	4,501 6	87 14	13	
14	Betul	4,194	60 1	256 13	3 10	3,937 3	56 7	14	
15	Hoshangabad	7,030	55 6	1,112 5	8 12	5,917 11	46 10	15	
16	Narsinghpur	6,784	58 10	.....	.....	6,784 0	58 10	16	
17	Nimar	4,970	80 2	825 10	13 5	4,144 6	66 13	17	
18	Sambalpur	7,867	43 14	1,859 15	10 6	6,007 1	33 8	18	
19	Bilaspur	5,099	38 5	210 9	1 9	4,888 7	36 12	19	
	Total ...	82,244	61 10	8,688 8	5 13	73,555 8	55 13		
				883 3 Loss	at Balaghat and Narsinghpur.				
			Balance ...	7,805 5					
	Grand Total ...	2,23,816	61 4	57,269 14		1,66,546 2	45 13		
				883 3 Loss	at Balaghat and Narsinghpur.				
			Balance ...	56,386 11	15 7				

*To calculate the "Average cash earnings per head" for column 6 of this Statement, the "Total cash earnings" in column 5 should be divided by the total of column 3, Statement No. X.

C.—Prisons 15 —(Vital.)

Showing the sickness and mortality among prisoners of all classes in the Jails and Subsidiary Jails of the Central Provinces, during the year 1886.

1	2		3			4			5			6		
Serial number.	Jails.		Number of prisoners that can be accommodated in the parts of the Jails devoted to convicts, under-trial and civil prisoners respectively, but exclusive of hospital and observation cells.			Average daily strength.			Maximum population on any one day.			Number admitted into hospital.		
			M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
1	Nagpur ...	Convicts ...	960	75	1,035	684·62	44·40	729·02	734	42	776	1,157	53	1,210
		Under trial ...	20	13	33	11 84	0 70	12 54	20	2	22	3	1	4
		Civil prisoners ..	18	12	30	6 36	1 42	7 78	10	3	13	...	..	...
2	Jubbulpore ...	Convicts ...	1,023	72	1,095	912 85	55 12	967 97	1,022	59	1,081	1,287	121	1,408
		Under trial ...	16	..	16	11 00	1 20	12 20	22	6	28	5	...	5
		Civil prisoners ...	16	...	16	4 44	0 17	4 61	15	...	15	...	...	...
3	Raipur ...	Convicts ...	774	45	819	523 58	42 91	566 49	616	40	656	488	26	514
		Under trial ..	22	...	22	13 11	0 63	13 74	26	2	28	2	...	2
		Civil prisoners ...	26	...	26	3 00	0 04	3 04	6	...	6	...	...	...
	Total ...	Convicts ...	2,757	192	2,949	2121 05	142 43	2263 48	2,372	141	2,513	2,932	200	3,132
		Under trial ...	58	13	71	35 95	2 53	38 48	68	10	78	10	1	11
		Civil prisoners ..	60	12	72	13 80	1 63	15 43	31	3	34	...	...	...
4	Saugor ...	Convicts ...	166	32	198	123 21	12 58	135 79	132	15	147	152	23	175
		Under trial ...	18	...	18	14 67	0 97	15 64	27	...	27	3	...	3
		Civil prisoners ...	18	...	18	0 53	0 13	0 76	1	...	1	...	...	...
5	Bhandara ...	Convicts ...	57	23	80	58 48	5 04	63 52	105	6	111	9	1	10
		Under trial ...	9	...	9	5 31	0 34	5 65	6	1	7	...	...	...
		Civil prisoners ...	...	...	...	0 72	...	0 72	1	...	1	...	...	...
6	Chanda ...	Convicts ...	77	10	87	57 56	4 15	61 71	80	11	91	63	3	66
		Under trial ...	6	...	6	10 30	0 60	10 90	13	3	16	1	..	1
		Civil prisoners ...	6	...	6	1 71	0 03	1 74	3	1	4	...	..	...
7	Wardha ...	Convicts ...	60	8	68	44 43	4 63	49 06	58	11	69	84	1	85
		Under trial ...	8	...	8	5 07	0 31	5 38	15	2	17	...	...	...
		Civil prisoners ...	...	...	...	4 07	0 01	4 08	10	1	11	...	..	...
8	Balaghat ...	Convicts ..	40	9	49	45 02	3 83	48 85	66	7	73	80	6	86
		Under trial ...	9	...	9	4 32	0 39	4 71	2	1	3	...	1	1
		Civil prisoners ...	9	...	9	0 07	...	0 07	1	...	1	..	...	...
9	Sironcha ...	Convicts ...	34	6	40	8 78	0 39	9 17	16	1	17	3	1	4
		Under trial ..	11	...	11	7 77	0 01	7 78	25	1	26	5	...	5
		Civil prisoners ...	...	...	...	0 04	...	0 04	1	...	1	...	...	...
10	Damoh ...	Convicts ...	56	16	72	37 90	4 35	42 25	54	4	58	8	...	8
		Under trial ..	22	...	22	4 11	0 35	4 46	9	1	10	...	2	2
		Civil prisoners ...	13	...	13	0 45	...	0 45	2	...	2	...	...	...
11	Seoni ...	Convicts ...	112	16	128	47 63	7 11	54 74	71	10	81	98	14	112
		Under trial ...	16	...	16	4 09	0 74	4 83	21	2	23	...	...	...
		Civil prisoners ...	4	...	4	1 11	0 02	1 13	2	1	3	...	...	...
12	Mandla ...	Convicts ...	62	8	70	53 76	5 29	59 05	67	10	77	92	2	94
		Under trial ...	8	4	12	2 91	0 15	3 06	8	2	10	1	...	1
		Civil prisoners ...	4	4	8	0 40	0 09	0 49	2	1	3	...	...	...
13	Chhindwara ...	Convicts ...	105	10	115	43 56	3 08	46 64	59	1	60	32	2	34
		Under trial ...	14	...	14	3 73	0 13	3 86	10	...	10	...	...	...
		Civil prisoners ..	6	...	6	0 62	0 10	0 72	3	...	3	...	...	...
14	Betul ...	Convicts ...	113	17	130	58 46	6 46	64 92	84	10	94	15	4	19
		Under trial ...	17	..	17	4 13	0 17	4 30	9	1	10	...	...	...
		Civil prisoners ...	4	...	4	0 64	0 03	0 67	1	...	1	...	...	...
15	Hoshangabad ...	Convicts ...	144	19	163	107 63	8 53	116 16	130	15	145	54	12	66
		Under trial ...	8	...	8	6 29	0 29	6 58	18	2	20	2	...	2
		Civil prisoners ...	10	..	10	3 75	0 32	4 07	7	1	8	1	...	1
16	Narsinghpur ...	Convicts ...	93	13	106	91 11	8 67	99 78	137	14	151	95	6	101
		Under trial ...	7	...	7	9 69	0 90	10 59	17	1	18	3	...	3
		Civil prisoners ...	2	...	2	5 03	0 29	5 32	12	...	12	...	...	...
17	Nimar ...	Convicts ..	85	16	101	54 84	1 70	56 54	73	2	75	50	1	51
		Under trial ...	12	...	12	2 57	0 25	2 82	8	2	10	...	...	...
		Civil prisoners ...	6	...	6	2 62	...	2 62	8	...	8	...	...	...
18	Sambalpur ...	Convicts ...	173	27	200	154 38	12 55	166 93	199	20	219	93	15	108
		Under trial ...	12	...	12	9 62	0 81	10 43	19	2	21	5	1	6
		Civil prisoners ...	10	...	10	1 65	0 1	1 75	6	1	7	...	...	...
19	Bilaspur ...	Convicts ...	72	16	88	104 11	12 83	116 94	156	27	183	59	2	61
		Under trial ...	...	...	...	14 21	0 76	14 97	54	4	58	1	...	1
		Civil prisoners ...	4	...	4	1 00	0 05	1 05	4	1	5	...	...	...
	Total ...	Convicts ...	1,449	246	1,695	1090 86	101 19	1192 05	1,497	164	1,661	987	93	1,080
		Under trial ...	177	4	181	108 79	7 17	115 96	261	25	286	21	4	25
		Civil prisoners ...	96	4	100	24 43	1 19	25 62	64	7	71	1	...	1
	Grand Total ...	Convicts ...	4,206	438	4,644	3211 91	243 62	3455 53	3,869	305	4,174	3,919	293	4,212
		Under trial ...	235	17	252	144 74	9 70	154 44	329	35	364	31	5	36
		Civil prisoners ...	156	16	172	38 23	2 82	41 05	95	10	105	1	...	1

Serial number.	Jails.		7			8			9			10		
			Daily average number of sick.			Number of deaths in and out of hospital.			Deaths from fevers.			Deaths from bowel complaints.		
			M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.
1	Nagpur	Convicts	39·90	2 04	41 94	70	4	74	4	...	4	35	4	39
		Under trial	0 04	0 05	0 09	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil prisoners	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2	Jubbulpore	Convicts	30 54	3 21	33 75	60	5	65	1	1	2	10	1	11
		Under trial	0 05	...	0 05	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil prisoners	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	Raipur	Convicts.	18 82	1 12	19 94	31	3	34	4	...	4	12	1	13
		Under trial	0 01	...	0 01	2	...	2	...	...	..	...	...	...
		Civil prisoners	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	Convicts	89 26	6 37	95 63	161	12	173	9	1	10	57	6	63
		Under trial	0 10	0 05	0 15	3	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil prisoners	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	Saugor	Convicts	4 13	0 78	4 91	7	...	7	1	...	1	3	...	3
		Under trial	0 05	...	0 05	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...
		Civil prisoners	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
5	Bhandara	Convicts	0 20	0 02	0 22	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Under trial	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil prisoners	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
6	Chanda	Convicts	2 73	0 06	2 79	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Under trial	0 04	...	0 04	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil prisoners	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
7	Wardha	Convicts	2 56	0 03	2 59	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Under trial	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil prisoners	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
8	Balaghat	Convicts	2 00	0 16	2 16	3	1	4	...	...	...	..	...	...
		Under trial	...	0 01	0 01	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil prisoners	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	..	...	...	...	...
9	Sironcha	Convicts	0 06	0 05	0 11	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...
		Under trial	0 14	...	0 14	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil prisoners	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	Damoh	Convicts	0 23	...	0 23	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Under trial	...	0 04	0 04	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil prisoners	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
11	Seoni	Convicts	2 31	0 16	2 47	3	...	3	1	...	1	1	...	1
		Under trial	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil prisoners	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
12	Mandla	Convicts	3 50	0 08	3 58	1	1	2	...	...	...	1	...	1
		Under trial	0 01	...	0 01	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil prisoners	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
13	Chhindwara	Convicts	1 47	0 43	1 90	1	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	1
		Under trial	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil prisoners	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14	Betul	Convicts	0 67	0 25	0 92	...	1	1	...	1	1	...	...	...
		Under trial	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	Hoshangabad	Convicts	2 41	0 42	2 83	2	...	2	...	...	...	2	...	2
		Under trial	0 16	...	0 16	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil prisoners	0 04	...	0 04	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
16	Narsinghpur	Convicts	3 05	0 10	3 15	6	...	6	...	...	...	1	...	1
		Under trial	0 21	...	0 21	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil prisoners	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
17	Nimar	Convicts	1 72	0 04	1 76	4	1	5	1	...	1	2	1	3
		Under trial	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil prisoners	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
18	Sambalpur	Convicts	4 21	0 48	4 69	19	3	22	3	...	3	5	1	6
		Under trial	0 06	...	0 06	3	1	4	...	...	...	2	...	2
		Civil prisoners	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
19	Bilaspur	Convicts	3·60	0 20	3 80	3	...	3	...	...	...	1	...	1
		Under trial	0 03	...	0 03	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Civil prisoners	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Total	Convicts	34 85	3 26	38 11	51	7	58	6	1	7	17	2	19
		Under trial	0 70	0 05	0 75	3	1	4	...	...	...	2	...	2
		Civil prisoners	0 04	...	0 04	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Grand Total	Convicts	124 11	9 63	133 74	212	19	231	15	2	17	74	8	82
		Under trial	0 80	0 10	0 90	6	1	7	...	...	...	2	...	2
		Civil prisoners	0 04	...	0 04	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...

11			12																
			Ratio per *mille* of average strength.																
			A			B			C			D			E				
Deaths from cholera.			Of admissions into hospital.			Of daily average number sick.			Of deaths from cholera.			Of deaths from other causes.			Of deaths from all causes both in and out of hospital.			Serial number.
M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	M.	F.	Total.	
...	...	...	1689·99	1193·69	1659·76	58·28	45·95	57·53	...	...	...	102·25	90·09	101·51	102·25	90·09	101·51	1
...	...	...	253 38	1428 57	318 98	3 35	71 43	7 18	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
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...	...	...	1409 87	2195 21	1454 59	33 46	58 24	34 87	..	...	...	65 72	90 71	67 15	65 72	90 71	67 15	2
...	...	...	454 55	..	409 83	4 55	...	4 10	...	..	...	90 91	...	81 97	90 91	...	81 97	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
9	...	9	932 04	605 92	907 34	35 94	26 10	35 20	17 19	...	15 89	42 02	69 91	44 13	59 21	69 91	60 02	3
1	..	1	152 56	...	145 56	0 76	...	0 72	76 28	...	72 78	76 28	...	72 78	152 56	...	145 56	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
9	...	9	1382 38	1404 10	1383 71	42 06	44 72	42 25	4 24	...	3 97	71 66	84 25	72 43	75 90	84 25	76 44	
1	...	1	278 16	395 26	285 86	2 78	19 76	3 96	27 82	...	25 98	55 63	...	51 98	83 45	...	77 90	
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...	...	...	1233 66	1828 30	1288 75	33 52	62 00	36 15	...	...	...	56 81	...	51 55	56 81	...	51 55	4
...	...	...	204 50	...	191 82	3 40	...	3 19	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	
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...	...	...	153 90	198 41	157 43	3 42	3 97	3 46	..	...	...	17 10	...	15 74	17 10	...	15 74	5
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...	...	...	1094 51	732 89	1069 52	47 43	14 46	45 21	..	...	...	17 32	...	16 20	17 37	...	16 20	6
...	...	...	97 09	...	91 74	3 88	...	3 67	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
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...	...	...	1890 61	215 98	1732 57	57 62	6 48	52 77	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7
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3	1	4	1776 99	1566 58	1760 29	44 42	41 78	44 22	66 64	261 10	81 58	...	...	...	66 64	261 10	81 38	8
...	...	...	...	2564 10	212 31	...	25 64	2 12	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
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...	...	...	341 68	2564 10	436 20	6 83	128 20	11 99	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9
...	...	...	643 50	..	642 67	18 02	...	17 99	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	
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...	...	...	211 08	..	189 36	6 07	...	5 44	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	10
...	...	...	...	5714 20	448 43	...	114 29	8 97	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
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...	...	...	2057 53	1969 06	2046 03	48 60	23 50	45 12	...	...	...	62 98	...	54 80	62 98	...	54 80	11
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
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...	...	...	1711 30	378 07	1591 87	65 10	15 12	60 62	...	...	...	18 60	189 04	38 87	18 60	189 04	33 87	12
...	...	...	343 64	...	326 80	3 44	...	3 27	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
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...	...	...	734 62	649 35	728 99	33 75	139 61	40 74	...	...	...	22 96	...	21 44	22 96	...	21 44	13
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...	...	...	256 58	619 20	292 67	11 46	38 69	14 17	...	...	...	...	154 80	16 40	...	154 80	15 40	14
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...	...	...	501 73	1406 80	568 18	22 39	49 24	24 36	...	...	...	18 58	...	17 22	18 58	...	17 22	15
...	...	...	317 97	...	303 95	25 44	...	24 32	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	266 67	...	245 70	10 67	...	9 83	...	...	...	266 67	...	245 70	266 67	...	245 70	
...	...	...	1042 70	692 04	1012 23	33 48	11 53	31 57	...	...	...	65 85	...	60 13	65 85	...	60 13	16
...	...	...	309 60	...	283 29	21 67	...	19 83	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	911 74	588 24	902 02	31 36	23 53	31 13	...	...	...	72 94	588 24	88 43	72 94	588 24	88 43	17
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
7	2	9	602 40	1195 22	646 98	27 27	38 25	28 10	45 34	159 36	52 91	77 73	79 68	77 88	23 67	239 04	131 79	18
1	1	2	519 75	1234 56	575 26	6 24	..	5 76	103 95	1234 56	191 75	207 90	...	191 75	311 85	1234 56	388 50	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	566 70	155 88	521 64	34 58	15 59	32 50	...	...	...	28 82	...	25 65	28 82	...	25 65	19
...	...	...	70 87	...	66 80	2 11	...	2 04	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
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10	8	18	904 60	919 06	906 00	32 04	32 21	31 97	9 16	29 65	10 10	37 58	39 52	37 75	46 75	69 17	48 60	
1	1	2	192 94	557 88	215 59	6 43	6 97	6 47	9 18	139 47	17 25	13 38	...	17 25	27 58	139 47	34 50	
...	...	...	40 93	...	39 03	1 64	...	1 56	...	...	...	40 93	...	39 03	40 93	...	39 03	
19	3	22	1220 15	1202 69	1218 91	38 65	39 53	38 70	5 92	13 31	6 37	60 09	65 67	60 48	66 00	77 99	66 85	
2	1	3	214 18	515 46	233 10	5 53	10 30	5 82	13 82	103 09	19 42	27 64	..	25 90	41 45	103 09	45 32	
...	...	...	26 16	...	24 36	1 06	—	0 97	...	...	...	26 16	...	24 36	26 16	...	24 36	

Part I.—Return of Cognizable

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	Reported to have been committed during the year, whether taken up by Magistrates direct or by the Police, and including all false accusations of cognizable crimes.	Number of reported cases in column 4 not investigated under Section 157, Criminal Procedure Code.	Reported to have been committed in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year.	Cases pending before the Courts from previous year.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 decided.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 ending in conviction.	Percentage of cases investigated by Police to cases reported.
									Ca
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
1	115	Abetment of offence not committed, &c.	1	...	...	...	1	...	...
	117	Abetting commission of offence by public, &c	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	118, 119	Concealing design to commit offence, &c.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total	1	...	...	...	1	...	100
		Class I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquility, Safety and Justice.*							
2	121 to 136, 138	Offences relating to Army and Navy	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	231 to 263, 487 and 471	Offences relating to coin, stamps and Government notes.	84	...	3	2	70	44	93
4	212 to 216	Harbouring an offender	11	...	...	...	9	4	64
5	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice	85	...	9	...	65	59	95
6	143 to 153, 157, 158	Rioting or unlawful assembly	95	...	...	3	85	60	82
7	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier	28	...	...	1	24	19	100
		Total	303	...	12	6	253	186	89
		Class II.—*Serious offences against the person.*							
8		by thugs	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
9		by dacoits	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
10	302, 303, 396	Murder { by robbers	20	...	2	6	15	15	91
11		by poison	6	...	...	...	4	1	100
12		Other murders	100	...	2	9	67	35	97
13	307,	Attempts at murder	18	...	..	3	15	13	100
14	304, 308	Culpable Homicide	20	...	..	2	17	17	100
15	376	Rape	75	...	6	1	39	14	93
16	377	Unnatural offences	25	...	3	...	14	5	96
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	28	...	..	...	20	14	93
18	305, 306, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of suicide	160	...	4	2	147	116	96
19	329, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant	3	...	...	...	3	2	100
20	325, 326 335	Grievous hurt	260	...	6	9	219	171	92
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt	7	...	...	1	4	4	100
22	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant	12	...	...	...	10	7	100
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	111	1	4	2	88	53	85
24	363 to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	22	...	1	...	17	7	87
25	346 to 348	Wrongful confinement and restraint in secret or for purpose of extortion	19	...	...	...	14	6	84
26	372, 373	Selling, letting or unlawfully obtaining a minor for prostitution	2	...	...	...	1	1	100
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
28	353, 354, 356, 357	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or in attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine	253	5	12	1	191	131	85
29	304A., 338	Rash or negligent act causing death or grievous hurt	19	...	1	...	18	11	90
		Total	1,160	6	41	36	903	623	91
		Class III.—*Serious offences against person and property or against property only.*							
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	17	...	3	...	5	4	105
31	399, 402	Preparation and assembly for dacoity...	2	...	...	...	1	1	100
32	394, 397, 398	Robbery with { by poisonous or stupefying drugs	2	...	...	...	1	...	100
		hurt { by other means...	14	...	5	...	7	4	95
		Robbery { in a dwelling house	19	...	1	...	5	4	95
33	392, 393	on the highway between sunset and sunrise	25	...	...	...	11	5	88
		other robberies	43	...	1	...	22	9	89
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440	Serious mischief and cognate offences...	293	28	11	3	61	27	78
35	428, 429	Mischief by killing, poisoning, or maiming any animal	109	1	2	2	55	38	86
36	454. 455. 457 to 460	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking with intent to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt.	5,169	607	598	40	1,579	1,268	83
37	449 to 452	House-trespass with a view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt	55	3	2	...	43	28	88
38	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
39	311, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers and thieves.	1	...	...	...	1	...	100
		Total	5,754	639	623	45	1,791	1,388	83

...lice 1.

...crime for the year 1886.

...ces.

Percentage of cases ending in conviction to cases decided.	Investigated by Police.			Number of cases in cols. 12 to 14, and of those investigated by the Police in col. 7.			Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases investigated.	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases decided.	Number of cases declared by Magistrate to be false and never to have occurred.	Cases disposed of under Section 247, Cr. P. C.		Pending at the end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Number arrested or appeared on other process during the year.		Total of columns 19 to 22.	Died, escaped, or transferred without being brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Released without being brought before a Magistrate.	Percentage of persons released in Police cases without being brought before a Magistrate to persons arrested by Police.	Number actually brought before a Magistrate for trial.
	Suo motu.	By order of Magistrate on complaint, or of his own motion, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	By order of Magistrate after Police refused to enquire.	Ending in conviction.	Ending in acquittal or discharge.	Pending at close of year before Magistrate or Sessions Court.				When accused has appeared before a Magistrate.	When accused has not appeared before a Magistrate.			Arrested by Police.	Appearing under order of Magistrate.					
				a	b	c				a	b									
11	12	13	14	15			16	17	18	18 A.		19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
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...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
63	80	1	...	43	22	1	53·	61·	4	...	...	2	...	...	73	82	...	5	68	77
44	4	3	...	2	4	...	29·	22·	...	...	...	2	...	9	8	17	5	1	11	11
91	89	1	...	58	6	3	65·	89·	1	...	...	2	...	81	3	84	5	1	12	76
71	71	7	...	50	20	1	64·	59·	2	1	8	37	...	651	192	880	...	28	43	852
79	27	1	...	19	5	1	68·	79·	...	...	...	2	...	29	...	31	...	...	...	30
68	270	13	...	172	57	6	61·	68·	7	1	8	41	..	843	210	1,094	10	35	42	1,046
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	1
100	20	...	...	15	...	4	75·	100·	...	...	...	7	...	35	...	42	...	9	26	33
25	6	...	...	1	3	...	17·	25·	...	...	...	...	...	8	...	8	...	1	12	7
52	97	2	...	34	32	16	35·	51·	1	...	...	12	...	182	4	198	3	30	17	165
87	18	...	...	13	1	1	72·	86·	1	...	...	4	...	21	...	25	2	2	95	18
100	20	...	...	17	...	4	85·	100·	...	...	...	3	...	32	...	35	...	3	94	30
36	75	...	...	14	23	1	19	36·	16	...	2	3	...	46	6	55	...	4	87	51
36	27	...	...	4	9	...	15·	29·	5	...	...	...	...	22	4	26	...	3	14	23
71	26	...	...	14	6	1	54·	70·	1	...	...	...	...	33	...	33	...	4	12	28
79	157	1	...	116	31	...	74·	79·	4	...	...	3	...	151	1	155	4	3	19	148
67	3	...	...	2	1	...	67·	67·	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	6	...	...	...	6
78	246	...	...	166	45	9	67·	76·	4	...	...	18	...	381	16	415	2	13	34	394
100	8	...	...	4	...	...	50·	100·	3	...	...	1	...	10	...	11	3	3	30	5
70	12	...	...	7	3	2	58·	70·	...	...	...	...	...	29	...	29	...	...	...	27
60	98	...	...	51	32	3	51·	58·	3	...	...	3	...	125	14	142	1	1	0·8	140
41	19	1	...	7	9	1	35·	41·	6	..	...	1	2	37	5	45	3	3	81	38
43	16	...	...	6	7	...	37·	43·	2	...	1	...	...	30	1	31	...	...	...	31
100	2	...	...	1	...	...	50·	100·	1	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
69	219	6	...	119	49	4	53·	62·	18	4	1	5	...	273	62	340	2	9	33	327
61	18	...	...	11	6	...	61·	61·	...	...	...	...	...	20	1	21	...	2	10	19
69	1,087	10	...	602	257	46	53·	67·	65	4	4	61	2	1,442	114	1,619	20	90	52	1,492
80	21	...	...	6	1	...	29·	...	2	1	...	...	...	99	...	99	26	2	20	64
100	2	...	...	1	...	...	50·	100·	...	...	...	...	...	15	...	15	...	4	27	11
...	2	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	1
57	18	...	...	4	3	...	22·	57·	1	...	...	...	...	15	...	15	1	1	67	13
80	19	...	...	4	1	...	21·	80·	1	1	...	...	...	8	...	8	...	3	37	5
45	21	...	1	5	6	...	23·	45·	3	1	...	...	...	21	1	22	1	6	29	15
49	38	1	...	9	10	1	23·	41·	11	3	...	...	...	29	9	38	...	6	21	32
44	241	1	...	24	28	4	91·	39	13	...	1	3	..	71	31	105	...	7	99	98
60	93	2	...	36	17	...	38·	65	3	..	3	2	...	66	4	72	...	...	...	71
80	4,772	3	...	1,266	310	41	27·	80·	74	1	2	79	...	2,408	24	2,511	29	85	31	2,386
65	49	1	...	28	13	...	56·	65·	5	1	...	...	...	81	6	87	1	..	...	86
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	...	2	...	...	...	2
77	5,277	8	1	1,383	391	46	26·	77·	119	8	6	84	..	2,816	75	2,975	58	114	41	2,784

PART 1.—Return of Cognizable crime

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	Reported to have been committed during the year, whether taken up by Magistrates direct or by the Police, and including all false accusations of cognizable crimes.	Number of reported cases in column 4 not investigated under Section 157, Criminal Procedure Code.	Reported to have been committed in previous years and brought under enquiry during the year.	Cases pending before the Courts from previous year.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 decided.	Number of cases in columns 4, 6 and 7 ending in conviction.	Percentage of cases investigated by Police to cases reported.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
		CLASS IV.—*Minor offences against the Person.*							
40	341 to 344	Wrongful restraint and confinement	142	1	6	3	117	53	61·
41	336, 337	Rash act causing hurt or endangering life	54	1	...	1	42	29	91·
42	374	Compulsory labour	3	...	...	..	3	2	67·
		Total	199	2	6	4	162	84	69
		CLASS V.—*Minor offences against Property.*							
43	453, 456	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking	316	37	5	4	172	123	86·
44	379 to 382	Theft { of cattle	940	12	47	20	745	634	99·
		Theft { ordinary	10,295	1,122	649	70	4,636	3,696	84·
45	406 to 408	Criminal breach of trust	286	...	9	...	200	132	84·
46	411, 414	Receiving stolen property	332	...	2	3	324	227	99·
47	447, 448	Criminal or house-trespass	837	37	14	8	695	413	67·
48	461, 462	Breaking closed receptacle	45	29	1	...	...	...	38·
		Total	13,051	1,237	727	100	6,772	5,225	84·
		CLASS VI.—*Other offences not specified above.*							
49	295 to 297	Offences against religion	12	...	...	...	9	6	83·
50	Chapter VIII. (B.) C. P. C., and Act IX. of 1874	Vagrancy and bad character	257	...	4	11	241	176	99·
51	Cognizable offences under the Act specified	Offences against Gambling Act	47	...	...	1	47	37	98·
52		Excise Laws	681	...	5	4	661	578	93·
53		Opium Act	453	...	4	9	432	325	98·
54		Railway Laws	58	...	...	...	54	48	91·
55		Salt and Custom Laws	...	...	...	...	...	..	...
56		Arms Act	75	...	1	...	73	57	89·
57	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285, 286, 289, 291 to 294, Section 34 of Act V. of 1861, and any other Municipal or local laws.	Public and local nuisances	1,401	1	...	1	1,387	1,210	97
		Total	2,984	1	14	26	2,904	2,437	98.
58	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police	Forest Act	209	...	...	...	203	154	41·
		Cantonment Act	27	...	...	...	27	25	89·
		Stamp Act	8	...	...	..	8	7	100·
		Post Office Act	4	...	1	...	4	3	100·
		Criminal Tribes Act	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Sec. 54, Criminal Procedure Code, Act X. of 1882	1	...	...	...	...	...	100·
		Total	249	...	1	...	242	189	49·
		Grand Total	28,701	1,885	1,434	217	13,028	10,132	85·

lice 1.—(Continued.)

for the year 1886—(Continued).

ses.												Persons.								
Percentage of cases ending in conviction to cases decided.	Investigated by Police.			Number of cases in cols. 12 to 14, and of those investigated by the Police in col. 7.			Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases investigated.	Percentage of Police cases ending in conviction to Police cases decided.	Number of cases declared by Magistrate to be false and never to have occurred.	Cases disposed of under Section 247, C. P. C.		Pending at the end of last year.	Received by transfer.	Number arrested or appeared on other process during the year.		Total of columns 19 to 22.	Died, escaped, or transferred without being brought before a Magistrate for trial.	Released without being brought before a Magistrate.	Percentage of persons released in Police cases without being brought before a Magistrate to persons arrested by Police.	Number actually brought before a Magistrate for trial.
	Suo motu.	By order of Magistrate on complaint or of his own motion, in which no previous information was given to the Police.	By order of Magistrate after Police refused to enquire.	Ending in conviction.	Ending in acquittal or discharge.	Pending at close of year before Magistrate or Sessions Court.				When accused has appeared before a Magistrate.	When accused has not appeared before a Magistrate.			Arrested by Police.	Appearing under order of Magistrate.					
		13	14	15			16	17	18	18A.		19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27
45	73	18	...	35	37	3	38	29	7	2	9	5	...	136	114	255	...	6	45	247
69	47	1	1	28	12	...	57	67	2	...	...	2	...	47	14	63	...	2	43	61
67	2	...	...	2	...	...	100	67	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	3	...	...	...	3
52	122	19	1	65	49	3	46	40	9	2	9	7	...	185	129	321	...	8	43	311
72	276	...	...	123	47	...	44	72	7	...	1	4	...	190	4	198	...	5	26	193
85	974	...	...	631	117	13	65	85	26	...	4	38	7	1,282	1	1,328	66	45	03	1,211
80	9,195	28	4	3,682	924	47	39	79	218	2	51	111	4	6,555	108	6,778	37	218	33	6,500
66	235	13	...	123	51	4	49	61	7	...	6	...	2	190	46	238	7	4	21	225
70	325	5	...	226	93	4	68	69	4	...	...	6	3	451	35	495	13	26	58	456
59	400	160	6	322	156	1	57	46	29	22	52	5	...	574	677	1,256	...	10	17	1,245
...	17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
77	11,422	206	10	5,110	1,388	69	44	75	292	24	114	164	16	9,242	871	10,233	123	308	33	9,830
67	9	1	...	5	2	...	50	56	...	...	..	...	...	14	2	16	...	1	71	15
73	252	6	...	174	64	7	67	72	...	13	...	11	...	266	10	281	1	13	50	254
79	46	...	...	37	7	3	80	79	...	...	...	23	...	324	5	352	...	12	37	340
87	607	28	...	539	77	2	85	82	3	5	...	4	...	744	119	867	1	14	19	850
73	446	4	...	322	105	2	72	75	4	1	...	10	...	549	20	579	1	11	10	562
89	50	3	...	45	4	1	84	83	...	...	...	...	...	58	11	69	...	...	...	69
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
78	58	10	...	53	12	...	79	44	...	...	...	...	...	60	22	82	1	...	...	81
88	1,217	145	...	1,178	166	2	86	85	4	...	...	1	...	1,630	73	1,704	...	18	11	1,685
84	2,685	197	...	2,353	437	17	82	81	11	19	..	49	...	3,639	262	3,950	4	69	19	3,856
76	39	46	...	75	11	..	88	37	1	...	...	...	...	94	364	458	3	..	...	455
93	24	...	...	24	...	...	100	89	...	...	...	...	...	27	3	30	...	...	...	30
87	... 5	8	...	7	1	...	87	87	...	...	...	...	...	...	11	11	...	...	...	11
75	5	...	...	3	1	...	60	75	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	6	...	...	...	6
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	...	6	6	...	...	...
...	1	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	...	...
78	69	54	...	109	13	...	88	45	1	...	...	...	...	134	378	512	9	1	08	502
78	20,933	507	12	9,794	2,593	187	46	75	498	58	141	406	18	18,302	2,089	20,765	224	625		19,822

PART I.—Return of Cognizable crime

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of crime.	Per			
			Acquitted or discharged after appearance before a Magistrate.		Finally convicted, including persons ordered to give security for good conduct.	
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.
			28	29	30	31
1	115	Abetment of offence not committed, &c.,		1		
	117	Abetting commission of offence by public, &c.				
	118, 119	Concealing design to commit offence &c.,				
		Total		1		
	CLASS I.—*Offences against*	*the State, Public Tranquility, Safety and Justice.*				
2	131 to 136, 138	Offences relating to Army and Navy				
3	231 to 263, 467 and 471	Offences relating to coin, stamps. and Government notes	28		48	
4	212 to 216	Harbouring an offender	5		6	
5	224 to 226	Other offences against public justice	9		65	
6	143 to 153, 157, 158	Rioting or unlawful assembly	342		501	
7	140, 170, 171	Personating public servant or soldier	8		22	
		Total	392		642	
	CLASS	II.—*Serious offences against the person.*				
8	302, 303, 396	Murder by thugs				
9		Murder „ dacoits		1		
10		Murder „ robbers	5	3		17
11		Murder „ poison	4	1		2
12		Other murders	30	46		48
13	307	Attempts at murder	2		11	3
14	304, 308	Culpable homicide	1		9	12
15	376	Rape	29	5	16	
16	377	Unnatural offences	18		5	
17	317, 318	Exposure of infants or concealment of birth	7		17	1
18	305, 306, 309	Attempt at, and abetment of, suicide	33		115	
19	329, 331, 333	Grievous hurt for the purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant	3		3	
20	325, 326, 335	Grievous hurt	116		267	2
21	328	Administering stupefying drugs to cause hurt			5	
23	327, 330, 332	Hurt for purpose of extorting property or confession or deterring public servant	19		8	
23	324	Hurt by dangerous weapon	64		75	
24	363, to 369	Kidnapping or abduction	20		17	
25	*346 to 348*	*Wrongful confinement* and restraint in secret or for purpose of extortion	23		8	
26	372, 373	Selling, letting or unlawfully obtaining a minor for prostitution			1	
27	371	Habitually dealing in slaves				
28	353, 354, 356, 357	Criminal force to public servant or woman, or in attempt to commit theft or wrongfully confine	142		177	
29	304 A, 338	Rash or negligent act causing death or grievous hurt	6	1	12	
		Total	519	57	746	85
	CLASS III.—*Serious offences*	*against Person and Property or against Property only.*				
30	395, 397, 398	Dacoity	34	7	23	1
31	399, 402	Preparation and assembly for dacoity			11	
32	394, 397, 398	Robbery with hurt by poisonous or stupefying drugs	1			
		Robbery with hurt by other means	8		5	
33	392, 393	Robbery in a dwelling house	1		4	
		Robbery on the highway between sunset and sunrise	8		7	
		Robbery other robberies	23		9	
34	270, 281, 282, 430 to 433, 435 to 440	Serious mischief and cognate offences	56		36	
35	428, 429	Mischief by killing, poisoning, or maiming any animal	19		52	
36	454, 455, 457 to 460	Lurking house trespass or house breaking with intent to commit an offence, or having made preparation for hurt	545	8	1,768	4
37	449 to 452	House trespass with a view to commit an offence or having made preparation for hurt	44	1	41	
38	412, 413	Receiving stolen property by dacoity or habitually				
39	311, 400, 401	Belonging to gangs of thugs, dacoits, robbers and thieves	2			
		Total	740	16	1,955	5

lice I.—(Continued.)

for the year 1886.—(Continued.)

sons.								Property.						
Number of persons shown in columns 30 and 31 who were sent up by the Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons arrested by Police	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons sent up for trial.	Otherwise disposed of, *e. g.*, died, transferred, admitted as approver, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was lost.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.	Percentage of value of property recovered to value of property lost.	Remarks.
				Before appearance before a Magistrate.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.							
				In custody of Police.	On bail.									
32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
46	63	62	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	11	65	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
64	75	86	1	...	2	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
409	63	69	1	...	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
22	76	73	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
542	76	64	2	3	...	10	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
17	49	52	...	...	...	1	7	19	12	63	983	542	55	
2	25	29	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
48	26	29	3	...	...	12	26	2	1	50	54	48	89	
14	67	78	1	1	2	1	...	1	1	100	23	21	91	
21	66	70		2	...	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
16	35	37	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	18	17	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
18	55	64	...	1	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
115	76	78	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	50	50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
262	69	68	...	2	4	9	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
5	50	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
8	28	29	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
73	60	54	1	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
15	41	45	...	1	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	27	26	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	100	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
169	58	54	1	2	...	7	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
12	60	63	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
801	56	56	6	10	7	46	33	22	14	64	1,060	611	58	
25	22	36	...	7	...	...	...	13	8	62	9,842	652	07	
11	73	100	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	1	50	38	1	03	
5	3	3	...	...	...	...	...	11	8	73	436	75	17	
4	5	80	...	...	...	...	...	18	6	33	7,41	496	07	
7	3	47	...	...	...	...	...	20	9	45	1,994	13	07	
9	3	28	...	...	...	1	...	3	19	61	1,164	294	25	
2	5	33	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
49	7	73	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1,758	71	74	5	11	...	49	7	3,916	1,838	47	3,15,455	93,213	29	
41	51	45	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1,926	64	70	5	19	...	56	7	4,011	1,889	47	3,36,344	95,886	27	

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of crime.	Per			
			Acquitted or discharged after appearance before a Magistrate.		Finally convicted, including persons ordered to give security for good conduct.	
			By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.	By Magistrate.	By Sessions or High Court.
			28	29	30	31
		CLASS IV.—*Minor offences against the person.*				
40	341 to 344 ...	Wrongful restraint and confinement ...	140	...	107	...
41	336, 337 ...	Rash act causing hurt or endangering life ...	23	...	38	...
42	374 ...	Compulsory labour ...	1	...	2	...
		Total ...	164	...	147	...
		CLASS V.—*Minor offences against Property*				
43	453, 456 ...	Lurking house-trespass or house-breaking ...	65	1	126	...
44	379 to 382 ...	Theft ... { of cattle ...	186	2	1,007	...
		{ ordinary ...	1,505	2	4,947	1
45	406 to 408 ...	Criminal breach of trust ...	81	...	141	...
46	411, 414 ...	Receiving stolen property ...	160	...	288	...
47	447, 448 ...	Criminal or house-trespass ...	594	...	613	...
48	461, 462 ...	Breaking closed receptacle ...	...	..	...	...
		Total ...	2,591	5	7,122	1
		CLASS VI—*Other offences not specified above*				
49	295 to 297 ...	Offences against religion ...	5	...	10	...
50	Chapter VIII. (B.,) C. P. C., and Act IX. of 1874. ...	Vagrancy and bad character ..	76	...	176	...
51						
52						
53						
54	Cognizable offence under the Act specified ...	Offences against Gambling Act ...	66	...	256	...
55		Excise Laws ...	131	...	711	...
56		Opium Act ...	160	...	394	...
		Railway Laws ...	9	...	58	...
		Salt and Custom Laws ...	...	...	...	...
		Arms Act ...	18	...	63	...
57	269, 277, 279, 280, 283, 285, 286, 289, 291 to 294, Section 34 of Act V. of 1861 and any other Municipal or local laws ...	Public and local nuisances ...	266	...	1,417	...
		Total ...	731	...	3,085	...
58	Other special and local laws cognizable by Police ...	Forest Act, VII. of 1878 ...	104	...	346	...
		Cantonment Act, III. of 1880 ...	2	...	28	...
		Stamp Act, I. of 1879 ...	3	...	8	...
		Post Office Act, XIV. of 1866 ...	2	...	4	...
		Criminal Tribes Act, XXVII. of 1871 ...	...	...	...	...
		Section 54, Criminal Procedure Code, Act X. of 1882 ...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	111	...	386	...
		Grand Total ...	5,249	78	14,083	91

lice 1.—(Continued).

for the year 1886—(continued).

sons.								Property.						
Number of persons shown in columns 30 and 31 who were sent up by the Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons arrested by Police.	Percentage of persons convicted in Police cases to persons sent up for trial.	Otherwise disposed of, *e. g.*, died, transferred, admitted as approvers, &c., after commencement of trial.	Number pending at end of year.				Number of cases in which property was stolen.	Number of cases in which property was recovered.	Percentage of cases in which property was recovered to cases in which property was lost.	Amount of property stolen.	Amount of property recovered.	Percentage of value of property recovered to value of property lost.	Remarks.
				Before appearance before a Magistrate.		Under trial before Magistrate.	Committed to Sessions.							
				In custody of Police.	On bail.									
32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46
77	57	45	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
29	62	62	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	100	67	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
108	58	47	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
126	66	65	1	...	...	..	...	2	...	...	8	...	...	
1,006	78	83	2	6	...	14	...	939	894	85	26,231	24,954	95	
4,902	75	76	4	23	...	41	...	9,859	5,166	52	1,62,439	60,281	37	
126	64	63	...	2	...	3	...	252	164	65	18,347	6,411	35	
282	63	63	...	...	...	6	2	12	39	325	303	84	259	
385	67	49	27	...	1	11	...	...	...	...	244	233	95	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
6,827	74	73	34	31	1	75	2	11,064	6,268	57	207,572	92,663	45	
9	64	67	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	
173	69	69	...	12	1	2	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	
256	79	75	...	...	...	18	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
630	85	84	...	1	1	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
354	69	70	...	1	4	8	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	
50	86	84	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	..	...	...	..	
...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	
58	97	78	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1,366	84	84	..	1	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2,926	80	80	1	15	6	39	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
80	85	76	1	...	...	4	...	..	..	...	...	...	...	
27	100	93	...	..	..	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	73	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	67	67	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	100	2,700	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
111	83	77	1	...	...	4	...	1	1	100	2,700	...	...	
13,241	72	72	49	80	14	230	42	15,098	8,167	54	5,47,676	1,85,140	34	

D.—Police 1.—(Continued).

Part II.—Return of Non-cognizable Crime.

Serial Number.	Law under which punishable.	Description of Crime.	Cases.						Persons.							
			Average institutions of five preceding years.	Instituted by complaint during the year.	Taken up by Magistrate of his own motion.	Total of columns 5 and 6.	Number of cases in column 7 in which the police were employed to make enquiry.	Number of cases in which process issued.	Number of persons against whom process issued.	Actually appeared before the Courts, including pending from last year.	Discharged after appearance.	Acquitted.		Convicted.		Waiting trial at close of year.
												By Magistrate.	By High or Sessions Court.	By Magistrate.	By High or Sessions Court.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
1	115 ..	Abetment of offence not committed	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	117 ...	Abetting commission of offence by public &c.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	118, 119 ...	Concealing design to commit offence	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Class I.—*Offences against the State, Public Tranquility.*														
2	121 to 130, 505 ..	Offences against the State ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
3	137 ..	Harbouring deserters by Master of Ship ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4	172 to 190, 201 to 204, 213 to 215, 227, 228 ..	Offences against public justice ...	...	234	16	250	24	241	417	428	38	112	...	278	...	5
5	161 to 169, 217 to 223 ..	Offences by public servants ...	...	57	1	58	13	57	92	100	34	22	...	44	...	...
6	193 to 200, 205 to 211, 421 to 424...	False evidence, false complaints and claims and fraudulent deeds and dispossession of property ...	...	86	20	106	4	101	122	124	30	31	...	63	...	1
7	465 to 477 ...	Forgery or fraudulently using forged documents ...	...	12	1	13	2	11	14	16	4	5	...	7	..	1
8	264 to 267 ...	Offences relating to weights and measures ...	...	62	18	80	21	71	85	83	18	4	1	60	...	2
9	482 to 489 ...	Making or using false trade-marks ...	...	5	...	5	...	4	5	5	3	...	...	2	...	...
10	149, 151 to 156, 160.	Rioting, unlawful assembly, affray ...	...	42	8	50	11	46	226	234	20	49	...	165	...	...
		Total ...	...	498	64	562	78	531	961	990	147	223	1	619	...	9
		Class II.—*Serious offences against the person.*														
11	312 to 316 ...	Causing miscarriage ...	...	2	...	2	1	1	3	5	1	...	...	4	...	...
12	370 ...	Buying or disposing of slaves ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
		Total ...	...	2	...	2	1	1	3	5	1	...	..	4	...	...
		Class III.—*Serious offences against property.*														
13	384 to 389	...—Extortion ...	...	54	3	57	11	49	74	68	28	16	...	24	...	7
		Class IV.—*Minor offences against the person.*														
14	345 ..	Wrongful confinement ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
15	352, 356, 358 ...	Criminal force ...	...	4,231	165	4,396	66	3,612	6,706	6,246	1,235	2,938	...	2,234	...	57
16	334 ...	Hurt on grave or sudden provocation ...	...	2	1	3	2	8	12	3	...	...	...	3	...	9
17	323 ...	Voluntarily causing hurt ...	...	1,412	45	1,457	111	1,376	2,748	2,772	805	863	...	1,101	...	12
		Total ...	...	5,645	211	5,856	181	4,991	9,466	9,021	2,040	3,799	...	3,338	...	78

		Class V.—*Minor offences against property.*																	
18	417 to 420	... Cheating	...	...	161	5	166	14	131	173	178	48	56	...	85	...	6
19	403, 404	... Criminal misappropriation of property	..	...	126	8	134	44	124	160	160	34	9	...	117	...	4
20	409	... Criminal breach of trust by public servants, bankers, &c.	...	...	71	2	73	13	67	93	53	35	15	...	43	...	..
21	426, 427, 743	... Mischief (simple)	...	...	177	1	178	5	145	276	265	62	101	...	121	..	...
		Total	...	...	535	16	551	76	467	702	696	179	181	...	366	...	9
		Class VI.—*Other offences not specified above.*																	
22	298	... Offences against religion	...	...	2	...	2	...	2	4	4	..	...	...	4	...	...
23	490 to 492	... Criminal breach of contract of service	...	...	3	...	3	...	3	1?	5	..	...	...	4	...	...
24	493 to 498	.. Offences relating to marriage	...	...	360	11	371	3	257	319	314	2	5	...	7	...	...
25	500 to 502	... Defamation	...	...	374	5	379	7	315	324	296	163	68	...	82	...	3
26	501, 506 to 510	... Intimidation and insult	...	...	344	3	347	6	238	349	335	172	93	...	104	...	3
27	271 to 276, 278, 284, 287, 288, 290	... Public local nuisances	...	...	57	2	59	5	55	132	130	39	16	...	73	...	16
28	291A	... Keeping a lottery office	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
29	Offences under Chapter VIIIA. C. P. C.	Security for keeping the peace on conviction.		...	36	2	38	6	37	79	79	21	12	...	46	...	...
30	Offences under Chapter X .C.P.C.	... Public nuisances	...	...	32	...	32	...	32	38	35	1	6	...	31	...	...
31	Cases under Chapter XII., C. P. C.	... Disputes as to immoveable property	...	...	1	1	2	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	2	...	...
32	Cases under Chapter XXXVI. C. P. C.	... Maintenance of wives and children	...	...	154	...	154	...	152	154	149	42	32	...	69	...	6
		Total	..	...	1,363	24	1,387	27	993	1,413	1,350	596	314	...	495	...	30
		Special Law offences under which are not cognizable by the Police.																	
		Geberal Police Act V. of 1861	...	...	9	2	11	2	7	9	9	1	2	...	6	..	...
		Cattle Trespass Act I. of 1871	...	...	136	1	137	2	181	285	282	8	152	...	109	...	1
		Municipal Act	...	...	1,325	45	1,370	41	1,277	1,434	1,402	25	200	...	1,221	...	
		Cantonment Act III. of 1880	...	...	75	...	75	...	82	87	87	..	13	...	76	...	..
		Railway Act IV. of 1879	...	...	13	...	13	...	12	17	17	3	...	...	14	...	...
		Stamp Act I. of 1879	...	...	35	10	45	...	35	47	47	2	7	...	36	...	...
		Forest Act VII. of 1878	...	...	125	...	125	2	113	521	521	7	151	...	361	...	2
		Prisons Act XXVI. of 1870	...	...	29	...	29	...	29	32	32	...	..	...	27	...	1.
		„ Act III. of 1877	...	...	2	...	2	...	2	4	4	...	...	...	4	..	...
		„ Act I. of 1879	...	...	8	...	8	...	8	10	10	...	..	...	10	...	...
		Pound Act	...	...	55	2	57	2	55	121	121	36	26	...	62	...	...
		Arms Act XI. of 1878	...	...	122	1	123	3	122	156	156	12	28	...	106	...	10
		Civil Act	...	...	8	...	8	...	7	7	5	1	1	...	3	..	...
		Act X. of 1886	...	...	2	...	2	...	2	2	2	...	...	...	2	...	...
		Excise Act XXII. of 1881	...	...	9	...	9	...	8	13	13	...	6	...	7	...	...
		Post Office Act XIV. of 1886	...	...	5	...	5	...	5	6	6	...	2	...	3	...	...
		Registration Act III. of 1877	...	...	1	...	1	...	1	1	1	...	1	...	...	...	...
		Treasure Trove Act VI. of 1879	...	...	2	...	2	...	2	3	3	...	...	...	3	...	...
		Total	...	...	1,961	61	2,022	55	1,899	2,755	2,718	95	590	...	2,050	...	29
		Grand Total	..	...	10,058	379	10,437	426	8,931	15,274	14,948	3,086	5,122	1	6,896	..	162

Thuggee and Dacoity administration of poisonous or stupefying drugs

Description of Crime.	Cases.				Persons.						
	Committed during previous two years, and in which no conviction was obtained up to beginning of the year.	Occurred within the year.	Cases under columns II and III brought to trial within the year.	Cases under columns II and III in which no one was brought to trial up to close of the year.	Number supposed to be concerned in cases in columns II and III.	Arrested.	Brought to trial.	Convicted.	Acquitted.	Remaining under trial.	Number supposed to be at large at the close of the year.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Thuggee ... By strangulation ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Thuggee ... By poison ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Dacoity on land	17	5	4	18	190	15	13	4	9	...	90
Dacoity on water	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Robbery by administration of poisonous or deleterious drugs—											
(a) with murder	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
(b) without murder	...	1	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	1
Other professional crimes, viz:—											
Kidnapping	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cattle theft	14	9	10	5	139	139	139	135	4	...	...

lice 2.

for Criminal purposes and other professional Crimes for the year 1886.

Comparative Return.														
Number of persons arrested.			Brought to trial.			Convicted.			Property stolen.			Property recovered.			Remarks.
1884.	1885.	1886.	1884.	1885.	1886.	1884.	1885.	1886.	1884.	1885.	1886.	1884.	1885.	1886.	
13			14			15			16			17			18
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
37	5	14	30	2	13	30	...	4	3,172	5,146	1,439	11	56	561	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	..	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	23	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
57	15	110	5	15	110	5	11	110	1,591	94	1,298	421	75	1,373	

Statement of Additional Police collected for the protection of persons and

Districts.	Name of fairs or places of large assembly where additional Police have been collected during the year.	PART Additional Police collected for the protection of									
		Duration of fair or assembly.	Estimated number of persons assembled.	Strength of Police usually located at the place.		Detached from the Regular force.		Specially employed in addition to columns V. to VIII.		Total cost under columns IX. and X.	
				Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	To Government.	To local or private funds.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
Saugor ...	Garhakota	45 days.	55,021	3	20	3	20	...	...	...	...
	Rangir	6 ,,	26,000	3	8	3	8	...	...	...	...
	Ramjiria	1 ,,	500	1	3	1	3	...	...	...	...
	Krisha Lila	30 ,,	10,000	1	6	1	6	...	...	...	...
	Garphera	4 ,,	21,000	1	6	1	6	...	...	...	...
	Phullor	2 ,,	5,000	3	12	3	12	...	...	...	...
Damoh ...	Bandakpur	8 ,,	40,000	2	16	2	16	...	..	...	...
	Ditto	4 ,,	25,000	1	4	1	4	...	...	...	...
	Panéwa	15 ,,	3,000	1	4	1	4	...	...	...	...
	Gaisabad	12 ,,	2,000	1	4	1	4	...	...	...	...
	Chopra	7 ,,	10,000	1	4	1	4	...	...	...	...
Jubbulpore ...	Bheraghat	6 ,,	14,500	...	...	5	40	...	...	...	...
	Tilwaraghat	3 ,,	61,200	...	...	2	16	...	...	...	...
Mandla ...	Hirdenagar	23 ,,	5,873	...	...	3	12	..	...	...	...
	Purwa	16 ,,	4,613	...	...	4	14	...	...	...	...
	Mudhpuri	23 ,,	7,335	...	...	5	15	...	...	...	...
Seoni ...	Chapara	1 month.	5,000	2	10	..	3	...	...	...	...
	Mundara	1 week.	8,000	...	...	...	7	...	...	...	...
Nimar ...	Romdeo	30 days.	1,000	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...
	Nakti Bhowani ...	30 ,,	12,000	..	...	3	8	...	...	...	...
	Ichhapar	3 ,,	15,000	...	...	2	6	...	...	...	...
	Sukta Khuret	30 ,,	100	...	...	1	2	..	...	...	...
	Sunderdeo	5 ,,	3,000	...	...	4	13	...	...	...	...
	Singaji	11 ,,	30,000	...	...	8	22	...	...	...	...
	Bagesari	3 ,,	5,000	...	...	1	4	...	...	...	...
	Manibhata	13 ,,	46,000	...	...	6	30	...	...	...	...
	Gappa Sila	3 ,,	7,000	...	...	2	10	...	...	...	...
Narsinghpur ...	Barman	1 month.	36,979	12	49	4	22	...	...	...	...
	Sunkul	8 days.	10,000	1	4	1	4	...	...	...	..
Hoshangabad ...	Bandrabhan	1 week.	5,000	...	...	1	6	...	...	...	...
	Harda	1 month.	3,000	6	36	1	4	...	..	...	...
Betul ...	Malajpur	1 ,,	50,000	...	...	6	18	...	..	..	...
	Salbardi	10 days.	7,000	...	...	2	7	...	...	...	...
	Multai	20 ,,	12,000	3	16	1	4	..	..	...	...
Chhindwara ...	Jamonia	8 ,,	5,000	...	...	1	6	...	...	...	...
Nagpur ...	Ramtek	17 ,,	1,50,902	5	28	3	33	...	...	...	...
Wardha ...	Poti	1 month.	9,630	..	...	1	4	...	...	...	...
	Deorwara	1 ,,	10,000	...	...	1	6	...	...	...	...
	Sohti	1 ,,	16,000	...	...	1	4	...	...	...	...
	Sonegaon	7 days.	5,000	...	...	1	4	...	..	...	...
	Kapsi	10 ,,	6,630	...	...	1	3	...	..	...	...
	Dhaga	3 ,,	9,000	...	...	1	4	...	...	...	...
Chanda ...	Wahanakali	1 month.	2,01,000	1	6	4	45	...	...	..	...
	Chimur	24 days.	47,922	3	20	1	4	..	..	...	...
	Markanda	29 ,,	3,500	...	...	1	4	...	...	...	...
	Wardha	15 ,,	4,000	...	...	1	4	...	...	...	...
	Vithal Rukmai	8 ,,	2,000	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...
Bhandara ...	Gaimukh	8 ,,	8,000	...	...	1	4	...	...	...	...
	Rampaili	15 ,,	50,000	1	7	1	4	...	...	...	...
	Sukri	12 ,,	15,000	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...
	Adhar	16 ,,	15,000	1	6	1	4	...	..	...	...
	Pariabgarh	15 ,,	2,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Bondgaon	8 ,,	3,000	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Balaghat ...	NR	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Raipur ...	Rajim	1 month & 10 days.	15,000	2	12	3	12	...	...	...	...
	Bungoli	15 ,,	1,000	...	...	1	4	...	...	...	...
	Mahadeo Ghat	1 day.	5,000	...	...	2	12	...	...	...	...
	Khalari	1 ,,	500	...	...	1	1	...	...	...	...
	Turturia	2 ,,	1,500	...	...	2	6	...	...	...	...
Bilaspur ...	Nil	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sambalpur ...	NR	...	....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

lice 3,

property, or quartered as a punitive measure for the year 1886.

I. persons and property.				PART II. Additional Police quartered as a punitive measure.						Remarks.
Number of offences against person or property during such assembly.		Property.			Strength of additional Police.					
Investigated by the police.	In which conviction followed.	Stolen.	Recovered.	Number of cases.	Officers.	Men.	Total cost of additional police including all contingencies.	Period for which quartered.	Number of offences committed in or traced to a village or places in which the additional Police was established.	
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23
12	4	201 0 0	74 14 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	9 2 0	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	1	141 0 0	1 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
3	2	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
2	2	14 0 0	14 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	..	..	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	2	436 0 0	8 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	
10	6	306 0 0	292 0 0	...	..	..	..	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	
2	2	2 14 0	2 14 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	
..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	3 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	82 7 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	3	70 11 0	70 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	1	2 0 0	2 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	1	270 0 0	221 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4	...	232 0 0	27 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	1	0 2 0	0 1 3	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	7 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	1	0 11 0	0 11 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
11	10	99 0 0	74 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1	...	2 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	

Showing Strength, Cost, Distribution and Employment

District.	Sanctioned strength of Police Force.									
	Inspector-General, Deputy and Assistant Inspectors-General.	Strength of District, Cantonment, Town or Municipal and Water Police, paid for wholly or in part from Imperial or Provincial revenues.							Strength of Cantonment, Town or Municipal and Water Police, paid wholly from other than Imperial or Provincial revenues.	
		Number of District and Assistant District Superintendents.	Number of Subordinate officers on Rs. 100 and upwards. (1)	Number of Subordinate officers on less than Rs. 100. (1)	Number of Mounted Police Constables.	Number of Foot Police Constables.	Number of Water Police Constables.	Total.	Officers.	Men.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
Office of Inspector-General of Police ...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	...	...
Saugor	...	2	2	93	13	607	...	717	...	...
Damoh	...	2	1	63	7	311	...	384	...	...
Jubbulpore	...	3	3	117	15	633	...	771	...	...
Mandla	...	1	2	51	6	249	...	309	...	...
Seoni	...	1	2	44	7	259	...	313	...	...
Nimar	...	2	3	70	9	346	...	430	...	...
Narsinghpur	...	1	1	54	5	294	...	355	...	...
Hoshangabad	...	2	2	87	11	486	...	588	...	...
Betul	...	2	3	53	5	278	...	341	...	...
Chhindwara	..	1	2	48	5	307	...	363	...	...
Nagpur	...	4	3	123	40	707	...	877	19	103
Wardha	...	1	2	68	12	356	...	439	...	...
Chanda	...	1	2	86	14	510	...	613	...	...
Bhandara	...	1	2	61	7	362	...	433	...	...
Balaghat	...	1	2	37	5	187	...	232	...	...
Raipur	...	2	1	78	13	451	...	545	...	...
Bilaspur	...	1	2	46	7	262	...	318	...	...
Sambalpur	...	1	2	56	10	310	...	379	...	...
Travelling allowance of subordinate Police officers and Establishment ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Purchase of arms and accoutrements ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	1	29	37	1,235	191	6,915	...	8,408	19	103
Great Indian Peninsula Railway Police ..	..	...	3	15	...	142	...	160	...	...
Nagpur and Chhattisgarh State Railway Police	...	...	1	6	...	44	...	51	...	...
Wardha Coal State Railway Police ...	...	...	...	3	...	10	...	13	...	...
Rajputana and Malwa State Railway Police.	...	...	...	1	...	6	...	7	...	...
pal State Railway Police ...	...	...	...	3	...	14	...	17	...	...
Grand Total ...	1	29	41	1,263	191	7,131	...	8,656	19	103

lice 4.

of Police of the Central Provinces for the year 1886.

Cost of Police.

Pay and travelling allowances of Controlling officers (col. 2), and pay and travelling allowances of their establishments.	Total pay of District and Assistant District Superintendents (column 3), (2).	Other expenses of col. 3.		Total pay of Subordinate Officers (Columns 4. and 5.) (4).	Total pay of Constables of all classes (6, 7, and 8.)	Horse and travelling allowances, permanent or otherwise, not included in columns 12., 14. and 15.	Average pay of		Contingencies and all expenses other than included in Columns 12 to 18.	Total cost.	Payable from Imperial or Provincial revenues.	Payable from other sources.
		Travelling allowances of District and Assistant District Superintendents.	Pay and travelling allowances of their establishments, (3).				Mounted Constables	Foot and Water Constables.				
12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
							Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		Rs.	Rs.	
34,992	...	..	...	...	...	...			2,682	37,674	37,674	...
...	15,000	1,000	1,500	21,411	45,315	4,152			9,613	97,991	97,991	...
...	15,000	1,000	1,380	13,305	23,301	2,400			6,732	63,121	63,121	...
...	21,000	1,400	1,380	27,306	47,106	1,848			12,598	1,15,638	1,15,638	...
...	6,000	1,000	1,200	12,345	18,705	2,016			6,521	47,787	47,787	...
...	6,000	1,000	1,200	13,781	19,512	2,780			6,299	49,572	49,572	...
...	11,400	1,500	1,380	17,217	26,280	3,168			10,286	71,231	71,231	...
...	9,600	1,000	1,380	11,793	21,825	1,872			6,988	54,458	54,458	...
...	9,000	1,500	1,380	20,079	36,420	3,624			9,670	81,673	81,673	...
...	10,800	1,500	1,200	16,799	20,721	2,112			5,973	57,105	57,105	...
...	10,800	1,000	1,200	12,246	22,806	2,136	21 12 0	6 1 4	5,775	55,963	55,963	...
...	17,400	1,100	1,380	32,949	62,847	9,216			13,896	1,38,788	1,24,400	14,388
...	7,200	1,000	1,260	16,659	26,991	3,408			10,931	67,449	67,449	...
...	6,000	1,100	1,380	20,217	38,694	4,224			8,502	80,117	80,117	...
...	7,200	1,000	1,380	15,024	27,075	2,376			7,823	61,878	61,878	...
...	6,000	900	1,200	9,221	14,115	1,752			6,794	40,682	40,682	...
...	10,200	1,000	1,380	17,415	34,119	3,984			9,462	77,560	77,560	...
...	6,000	1,000	1,200	12,558	19,731	2,472			5,222	48,183	48,183	...
...	7,200	1,000	1,380	13,029	23,607	2,880			7,869	56,965	56,965	...
			23,760	3,01,554	5,29,173				1,53,636			
...	...	...	800	6,300	6,300	...	...	...	...	13,400	13,400	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	9,000	9,000	9,000	...
34,992	1,81,800	20,000	24,560	307,854	5,35,473	58,920	21 12 0	6 1 4	1,62,636	13,26,235	13,11,847	14,388
...	3,600	...	...	10,446	13,206	...	...	7 12 0	5,984	33,236	4,079	22,157
...	...	...	...	2,676	4,092	...	...	7 12 0	1,314	8,082	8,082	...
...	...	...	...	996	810	...	...	6 12 0	72	1,878	1,878	...
...	...	...	...	138	438	...	...	6 1 4	42	618	618	...
...	...	...	...	996	1,302	...	...	7 12 0	456	2,754	2,754	...
34,992	1,85,400	20,000	24,560	3,23,106	5,55,321	58,920	...	...	1,70,504	13,72,803	13,36,258	36,545

Districts.	Distribution of force.									
	In District.								On town, Municipal or Harbour duty.	In Cantonments.
	Guards at District, Central or Subsidiary jails.		On station duties.		Guards over lock-ups and treasuries or escort to prisoners and treasure or in reserve.		Total.			
	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.		
	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34
Office of Inspector-General of Police ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Saugor ...	2	7	70	334	11	136	83	477	107	41
Damoh ...	...	...	44	178	18	120	62	298	17	...
Jubbulpore ...	3	24	85	412	12	85	100	521	118	30
Mandla ...	...	...	39	111	14	136	53	247	7	...
Seoni ...	1	6	35	177	10	74	46	257	...	...
Nimar ...	1	6	69	315	5	34	75	355	...	...
Narsingbpur ...	...	...	39	166	16	87	55	253	32	...
Hoshangabad ...	1	8	62	377	28	102	91	487	...	...
Betul ...	1	6	45	184	9	93	55	283	...	...
Chhindwara ...	1	6	35	187	2	8	38	201	...	...
Nagpur ...	3	24	73	365	20	148	96	537	248	118
Wardha ...	1	6	66	261	14	100	71	367	...	...
Chanda ...	2	10	71	433	16	54	89	497	27	...
Bhandara ...	1	6	45	240	15	102	61	348	...	...
Balaghat ...	1	6	26	115	12	70	39	191	...	...
Raipur ...	2	12	63	287	16	116	81	415	49	...
Bilaspur ...	1	6	43	194	5	62	49	262	...	...
Sambalpur ...	1	8	43	191	13	112	57	311	...	...
Travelling allowance of Subordinate Police Officers and Establishment ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Purchase of arms and accoutrements ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	22	141	943	4,527	236	1,639	1,201	6,307	605	189
Great Indian Peninsula Railway Police ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Nagpur and Chhattisgarh State Railway Police	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Wardha Coal State Railway Police ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Rajputana and Malwa State Railway Police...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Bhopal State Railway Police ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Grand Total ...	22	141	943	4,527	236	1,639	1,201	6,307	605	189

lice 4.—(Concld.)

Area of whole District in square miles.	Population of whole district.	Proportion of the whole force (officers and men.)						Proportion of the Police on station duties, (officers and men.)						Total amount of cognizable crime reported (cols. 4 and 6 of Statement A, Part I.)	Proportion of cognizable crime to the Police Force on station duties (cols. 27, and 28.)
		To area (6)			To population (7).			To area.			To population.				
		Of the whole District.	Of District exclusive of Towns (5.)	Of Towns (5.)	Of the whole District.	Of District exclusive of Towns (5.)	Of Towns (5.)	Of the whole District.	Of District exclusive of Towns (5.)	Of Towns (5.)	Of the whole District.	Of District exclusive of Towns (5.)	Of Towns (5.)		
35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
4,005	5,64,950	5·56	...	...	781	695	99	9·91	...	...	1,398	1,222	175	2,256	5·53
2,799	3,12,957	7·29	7·69	1·70	815	823	821	12·61	13·58	1·70	1,410	1,342	821	542	2·44
3,918	6,87,233	5·05	6·08	0·19	891	810	122	7·88	...	...	1,383	1,106	167	2,703	5·44
4,719	3,01,760	15·27	15·67	...	977	954	15	31·46	33·70	...	2,012	2,128	33	865	5·76
3,247	3,34,733	10·37	10·30	...	1,069	1,062	...	15·31	14·05	...	1,579	1,449	...	690	3·25
3,340	2,31,341	7·77	...	...	538	312	...	8·70	8·08	8·25	602	433	677	807	2·10
1,916	3,65,173	5·40	6·00	4·00	1,025	1,032	573	9·34	8·00	25·00	1,781	1,527	573	1,727	8·42
4,437	4,88,787	7·54	...	...	831	...	...	4·36	...	...	1,113	...	...	1,876	4·27
3,905	3,04,905	11·45	...	...	894	...	...	17·05	...	...	1,331	...	...	779	3·40
3,915	3,72,899	10·78	...	...	1,027	978	70	17·63	...	...	1,679	1,565	114	769	3·46
3,786	6,97,356	3·79	5·10	10·00	698	699	512	3·64	...	...	1,592	...	...	2,348	5·36
2,401	3,87,221	5·47	...	...	882	793	104	7·57	...	...	1,221	1,168	152	967	3·05
10,785	6,49,146	17·59	18·30	2·20	1,059	1,064	894	21·40	21·30	2·20	1,288	1,223	894	1,272	2·52
3,922	6,83,779	9·06	9·10	3·00	1,579	1,564	560	13·76	...	...	2,399	2,032	560	1,250	4·38
3,146	3,40,554	13·56	...	...	1,468	...	...	22·31	...	...	2,145	...	...	1,096	7·77
11,885	14,05,171	21·81	...	..	2,578	2,529	58	33·96	...	...	4,015	...	...	2,478	7·08
7,798	10,17,327	24·52	11·00	1·00	3,199	2,356	43	32·90	16·00	1·00	4,292	3,424	62	1,322	5·58
4,521	6,93,499	11·93	12·00	...	1,830	1,793	37	19·32	18·00	...	2,964	2,624	54	1,377	5·88
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
84,445	98,38,791	9·90	10·12	3·15	1,154	1,164	301	15·44	16·64	7·63	1,799	1,634	357	25,124	4·59
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
84,445	98,38,791	9·90	10·12	3·15	1,154	1,164	301	15·44	16·64	7·63	1,799	1,634	357	25,124	4·59

D.—Police 5.

Return showing equipment, discipline and general internal management of the Force in each district of the Central Provinces for the year 1884.

District.	Total sanctioned strength.		Armament of the Force.			Punishments.										
						Punishment by their own Departmental Officers.										
						Dismissed.		Fined.		Degraded.		Suspended.		Total.		Amount of Fines.
	Officers.	Men.	Number provided with fire arms.	Number provided with swords only, or swords and batons.	Number provided with batons only.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	Officers.	Men.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17
																Rs. a. p
Saugor	98	633	320	42	369	1	5	11	..	6	3	...	10	18	18	37 0 0
Damoh	64	316	162	33	185	1	1	1	1	4	1	...	4	6	7	7 9 3
Jubbulpore	121	650	142	40	589	...	4	6	...	7	15	1	12	14	31	20 8 0
Mandla	53	253	132	19	160	5	6	4	1	7	3	...	3	16	13	14 1 10
Seoni	46	264	85	17	208	1	3	2	...	1	3	...	6	4	12	5 0 0
Nimar	81	461	213	40	295	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	1	2	1	...
Narsinghpur	56	314	147	17	206	1	9	..	...	4	...	...	5	5	14	...
Hoshangabad	99	593	491	62	139	...	3	3	3	2	6	...	2	5	14	19 4 0
Betul	56	286	298	16	27	...	1	4	..	2	...	...	2	6	3	7 0 0
Chhindwara	50	310	132	17	211	2	2	7	1	1	2	...	1	10	6	39 7 9
Nagpur	157	909	315	86	665	2	7	5	...	28	10	...	6	35	23	39 0 0
Wardha	74	380	119	26	309	...	...	5	6	11	10	..	1	16	17	12 11 7
Chanda	91	525	320	34	262	...	2	1	1	1	1	...	8	2	12	3 0 0
Bhandara	68	401	154	20	295	...	4	..	9	3	1	...	13	3	27	10 15 0
Balaghat	39	195	97	5	132	1	2	...	...	8	5	...	7	9	17	...
Raipur	80	460	204	33	303	1	13	11	...	4	2	...	10	16	25	68 0 0
Bilaspur	49	273	140	20	162	1	4	6	...	3	...	2	7	12	11	18 0 0
Sambalpur	60	319	167	21	191	...	1	4	...	2	1	...	3	6	5	10 8 0
Total ...	1,345	7,544	3,638	543	4,708	16	67	70	22	96	66	3	101	185	256	312 1 5

D.—Police 5.—(Continued.)

Districts.	Punishments.—Contd. Punished judicially by a Magistrate. Under Police Act. Officers.	Under Police Act. Men.	Under Section 330, 348, Penal Code. Officers.	Under Section 330, 348, Penal Code. Men.	Under Chapter IX., Penal Code. Officers.	Under Chapter IX., Penal Code. Men.	Other offence. Officers.	Other offence. Men.	Rewards. Number of Police rewarded during the year. By promotion.	Rewards. By money reward.	Education. Number of Police who can read and write. Officers.	Number who can read and write. Men.	Number of Police under instruction during the year. Officers.	Number under instruction. Men.	Number enlisted during the year.	Of one year's service and under ten years.	Of ten years' service and upwards.	Number who have left the Force during the year. On pension.	On gratuity.	By resignation without pension or gratuity.	By dismissals (Columns 7 and 8.)	By discharge otherwise than under preceding Columns.	By desertion.	By death.	Percentage in hospital during the year to total strength of Force.	Percentage of deaths during the year to total strength of Force.	Percentage of men punished departmentally to the strength in each district.
	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44
Saugor	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	...	33	114	83	401	...	14	62	334	331	18	1	10	6	...	...	6	17·07	0·82	4·92
Damoh	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	3	29	32	51	57	...	17	23	181	170	3	...	5	2	...	1	9	38·33	2·37	3·42
Jubbulpore	...	...	3	...	...	...	2	7	53	41	111	202	...	72	89	382	298	11	5	32	4	6	...	1	57·72	0·91	5·84
Mandla	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	4	56	22	50	78	3	163	64	150	81	5	...	30	11	11	1	4	43·79	1·31	9·48
Seoni	...	...	...	...	...	1	2	...	4	28	3	41	132	3	...	37	165	101	3	...	15	4	7	...	5	77·00	1·61	5·16
Nimar	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	32	4	57	59	10	246	83	275	183	7	2	23	...	23	20	15	42·00	2·74	0·55
Narsinghpur	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	3	36	45	57	146	8	89	37	104	229	10	...	10	10	2	2	4	80·00	1·08	5·13
Hoshangabad	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	2	63	3	98	111	9	286	65	402	225	16	2	36	3	3	10	5	25·00	0·72	2·74
Betul	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	2	42	26	54	65	...	81	57	148	133	8	4	16	1	3	3	7	45·07	2·07	2·67
Chhindwara	...	...	2	...	...	...	1	5	15	23	41	50	4	124	19	155	186	6	1	9	4	...	5	9	52·02	2·50	4·44
Nagpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	79	3	156	519	1	13	155	521	300	13	1	121	9	1	...	15	38·00	1·41	5·44
Wardha	...	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	43	15	55	56	1	23	51	208	174	8	4	19	...	17	1	1	119·19	0·22	7·29
Chanda	...	...	3	...	...	...	1	...	35	25	80	278	11	114	46	431	139	10	13	14	2	4	7	7	82·06	1·13	2·27
Bhandara	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	20	9	60	115	6	71	42	239	188	12	2	25	4	10	...	6	89·07	1·29	6·40
Balaghat	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	3	...	...	25	50	...	...	32	149	53	6	6	10	3	...	4	3	32·07	1·28	11·11
Raipur	...	...	3	...	...	...	1	3	29	...	80	251	...	...	63	225	242	7	...	19	14	..	20	8	69·08	1·48	7·59
Bilaspur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	17	7	45	74	2	174	37	168	117	11	2	10	5	...	...	4	84·00	1·24	7·14
Sambalpur	..	1	...	...	...	...	1	3	29	...	54	100	17	161	37	200	142	...	...	16	1	...	...	6	31·60	1·58	2·90
Total ...	..	19	1	...	1	4	10	53	641	372	1,198	2,744	75	1,648	999	4,437	3,382	154	43	420	83	87	74	121	56·84	1·36	4·96

		Officers.	Men.
District Executive Do.	Foot Police	1,271	6,779
	Mounted Police	11	180
	Excise Police	1	93
	Railway Police	32	216
	Cantonment Police ...	17	101
	Ferry Police	2	2
	Extra Police	8	65
	Temporary Police for Dacoity operations ...	3	108
	Total	1,345	7,544

D.—Police 6.

Showing the race and religion or caste of officers and men employed in the Police of the Central Provinces, for the year 1886.

Districts.	RACE.										RELIGION OR CASTE.									
											OFFICERS.									
	Europeans.				Eurasians.			Natives.					Hindus.							
	District or Assistant District Superintendents.																			
	Military or Covenanted Civil.	Uncovenanted.	Subordinate Officers.	Constables.	District or Assistant District Superintendents.	Subordinate Officers.	Constables.	District or Assistant Superintendents.	Subordinate Officers.	Constables.	Christians.	Mahomedans.	Brahmins.	Rajputs.	Gurkhas.	Sikhs.	Kaiths.	Mahrattas.	Ahirs.	Hindus of all other castes.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21
Saugor	...	1	1	1	...	...	1	...	98	625	4	37	34	7	...	1	10	2	1	6
Damoh	...	1	1	1	...	...	...	1	62	39[illegible]	[illegible]	23	20	[illegible]	...	...	10	...	2	3
Jubbulpore	1	1	2	...	2	...	...	...	116	647	6	47	30	[illegible]	...	...	14	...	3	12
Mandla	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	52	241	[illegible]	20	12	[illegible]	...	...	5	1	4	5
Seoni	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	45	239	[illegible]	12	13	[illegible]	...	4	4	...	1	6
Nimar	...	2	1	...	...	3	...	...	77	460	[illegible]	36	26	16	...	1	12	...	1	1
Narsinghpur	...	1	1	...	...	...	...	...	55	295	[illegible]	23	15	[illegible]	...	...	5	...	1	4
Hoshangabad	...	2	2	...	...	3	...	...	95	563	[illegible]	46	20	15	...	...	7	...	3	4
Betul	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	51	283	1	17	13	10	...	...	6	2	...	6
Chhindwara	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	46	248	2	19	13	1	...	...	4	3	...	4
Nagpur	...	2	1	...	...	1	...	...	151	905	9	59	46	12	...	...	2	10	4	17
Wardha	...	1	...	...	...	2	...	...	68	367	3	22	25	5	...	1	...	6	...	9
Chanda	...	1	...	...	...	3	...	...	88	528	6	35	23	8	...	..	1	6	1	11
Bhandara	...	1	...	...	...	2	...	...	63	381	3	33	15	9	...	2	1	...	...	3
Balaghat	...	1	...	...	...	1	...	...	31	189	2	9	3	2	...	...	...	...	...	20
Raipur	...	...	1	...	...	1	...	1	80	456	2	31	19	8	...	3	2	6	1	11
Bilaspur	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	1	41	254	1	11	17	6	...	...	8	...	...	3
Sambalpur	...	...	...	...	1	1	...	...	56	311	2	4	4	6	...	...	...	...	...	42
Total ...	2	18	11	...	3	26	...	4	1,284	7,356	62	484	344	137	...	12	81	36	22	167

D.—Police 6.—(Continued.)

Districts.	RELIGION OR CASTE,—Contd.														
	MEN.														
	Other Religions.		Hindus.										Other Religions.		Grand total of officers and men.
	Parsi.		Christians.	Mahomedans.	Brahmins.	Rajputs.	Gurkhas.	Sikhs.	Ahirs.	Gonds.	Mahrattas.	Hindus of all other castes.			
	23	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36
Saugor	...	...	...	210	161	71	...	4	18	...	3	138	...	...	727
Damoh	...	...	...	131	82	23	...		14	6	7	44	...	...	374
Jubbulpore	...	...	1	252	181	45	...	...	24	1	6	117	...	...	769
Mandla	...	...	...	64	51	29	...	...	10	28	...	59	...	...	296
Seoni	...	...	1	63	80	27	...	4	18	7	5	54	...	...	306
Nimar	...	...	...	141	125	107	...	1	37	...	9	40	...	...	543
Narsinghpur	...	...	...	79	71	38	...	...	15	6	5	82	...	...	353
Hoshangabad	...	...	...	205	148	74	...	...	20	9	2	105	...	...	665
Betul	...	...	...	76	71	34	...	...	5	33	15	45	...	...	338
Chhindwara	...	...	...	84	83	31	...	...	7	7	15	61	...	...	336
Nagpur	...	2	2	290	284	82	...	1	37	13	57	109	...	...	1,066
Wardha	...	...	...	118	87	42	8	4	18	3	34	53	...	...	438
Chanda	...	1	2	199	53	34	...	2	17	30	24	167	...	...	620
Bhandara	...	...	...	159	69	45	...	...	10	4	25	72	...	...	460
Balaghat	...	...	2	53	28	7	...	...	6	...	4	80	...	...	216
Raipur	...	...	...	165	74	64	...	1	24	9	51	68	...	...	539
Bilaspur	...	...	1	68	92	20	...	...	5	2	6	60	...	...	390
Sambalpur	...	...	...	19	22	18	...	...	19	23	1	209	...	...	369
Total	...	3	...	9	2,376	1,792	813	8	17	294	181	299	1,567	...	...	8,704

E.—Military I.

STATEMENT—showing the strength, cost and other particulars of Army attached to the Central Provinces in the year 1886.

Arm of Service,	Total number of fighting officers and men.							Detail of Force at the end of year.							Average annual pay and allowance of each.					Total cost including Contingencies.
	Remaining at the end of last year.	Recruited this year.	Died.			Invalided.	Discharged, deserted, &c.	Remaining at the end of year.	Number of Regiments, Battalions or Batteries.	Number of guns.	Number of men.				Paid Camp followers and non-combatants.	European Commissioned Officer.	Native Commissioned Officer.	Non-Commissioned Officer.	Fighting man.	Camp follower.	
			In action.	Otherwise.	Total.						European Commissioned Officers.	Native Commissioned Officers.	Non-Commissioned Officers.	Fighting men.							
European.																				
Cavalry	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sappers	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Artillery	492	36	...	8	8	...	33	487	3 Batteries	18	14	...	75	398	338	8,160	...	1,037	470	122	3,44,765
Infantry	1,181	146	...	8	8	5	50	1,264	1 Battalion and 3 Companies	...	36	...	96	1,207	80	5,779	..	698	231	77	8,18,868
Total ...	1,673	182	...	16	16	5	83	1,751	3 Batteries, 1 Battalion and 3 Companies ...	18	50	...	172	1,605	418	6,545	...	845	290	113	11,63,633
Native.																				
Cavalry	1,069	125	...	5	5	35	87	1,067	2 Regiments	...	16	20	106	926	405	8,266	1,974	265	240	59	3,59,280
Sappers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Artillery	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Infantry	4,152	346	...	41	41	199	113	4,145	5 Regiments	..	45	75	340	3,685	215	11,372	1,179	273	176	65	10,20,661
Total ...	5,221	471	...	46	46	234	200	5,212	7 Regiments	....	61	95	446	4,611	620	9,202	1,346	271	188	61	13,79,941
Grand Total ...	6,894	653	...	62	62	239	283	6,963	3 Batteries, 1 Battalion, 7 Regiments and 3 Companies.	18	111	95	618	6,216	1,038	8,005	1,346	430	214	81	25,43,574

E.—Military 2.

Statement showing distribution and employment of the Army attached to the Central Provinces in the year 1886.

	ARM OF SERVICE.	Employment on last day of the year.							Employment during the year.						
		Number of Regiments, Batteries, &c., on active service.	Number of permanent Cantonments occupied.	Number of out-posts occupied.	Average number of men at head-quarters of each Regiment, Battery, not on active service.		Average number of men of each Regiment, &c., detailed for out-post duty.		Average number of days spent by each man on active service.	Average number of days spent by each man not on active service.			Number of Divisional or Station parades during the year.	Number of Regimental parades during the year.	Average number of days devoted of musketry instruction, &c.
					On duty.	Off duty.	On duty	Off duty.		On duty.	With corps or company not on duty.	On furlough.			
Europeans.	Cavalry	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Sappers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Artillery	...	...	...	...	3	...	70	256	...	...	339	26	...	23	622	126
	Infantry	...	...	...	...	3	1	429	293	32	108	...	67	298	...	16	555	86
Natives.	Cavalry	...	...	...	...	1	2	30	347	12	132	6	46	289	40	19	257	77
	Sappers	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Artillery	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
	Infantry	...	...	...	1	7	1	33	385	60	250	124	91	228	46	34	911	183

E.—Military 3.

STATEMENT showing religion, races and classes of the Native Officers and men of the Army attached to the Central Provinces on the last day of the year 1886.

	Classification according to religion, races, &c.	Average. Age. Yrs.	ms.	Height. Ft.	ins.	Weight. lbs.	General physiognomy and characteristics of each race and caste.
According to Religion.	Mohammadans	30	0	5	6½	137½	
	Hindus	29	3	5	6½	139	
	Seikhs	.....		.....		...	
	Christians	29	0	5	5¾	132½	
	Parsis	.....		.....		...	
	Others	29	8	5	6	130	
According to Countries and Races.	Hindustanis	28	4	5	6¼	133½	
	Punjabees	32	7	5	6	137	
	Afghans	.....		.....		.....	
	Beloochees	.....		.....		.....	
	From Western Himalayas	.....		.....		.....	
	„ Eastern „	.....		.....		.....	
	Bengalees	30	0	5	8½	145	
	From Maratha countries	28	0	5	6½	145	
	Telingas	28	0	5	6¾	138½	
	Canarese	25	0	5	6½	126	
	Tamils	27	0	5	6½	130	
	Malabars	25	0	5	6	130	
	Others	30	0	5	5½	124	
Hindus according to Caste.	Brahmins	30	6	5	7½	133½	
	Rajputs	33	0	5	8	133	
	Other castes	31	0	5	5¾	129	

F.—Marine 1.

Statement showing the strength and other particulars of the Marine Force attached to the Provinces.

Arm of Service.	Total number of fighting officers and men.								Detail of Force at the end of the year.							Average annual pay and allowance of each—					
	Remaining at end of last year.	Recruited this year.	Died.			Invalided.	Discharged, deserted, &c.	Remaining at end of last year.	Number of ships.	Number of guns.	Number of men.					European Commissioned officer.	Native Commissioned officer.	Non-Commissioned officer.	Fighting man.	Paid non-combatant.	Total cost, including contingencies.
			In action.	Otherwise.	Total.						European Commissioned officers.	Native Commissioned officers.	Non-Commissioned officers.	Fighting men.	Paid non-combatants.						

F.—Marine 2.

Statement showing Religion and Races and Classes of the Native Officers and men of the Marine Force attached to the on the last day of the year.

Classification according to religion, race, &c.	Average age.	Average height.	Average weight.	General physiognomy and characteristics of each caste and race.

III.—STATISTICS OF PRODUCTION AND DISTRIBUTION.

A.—Finance 1.

Account of the Gross and Net Revenues of the Central Provinces for the year 1886-87.

	Gross Receipts.	Charges against Income.				Total charges.	Net Receipts.	Deficit.
		Refunds and Drawbacks.	Charges for collecting, including cost of opium and maintaining Productive works.	Assignments and compensations, including Territorial and Political pensions payable under Treaties and Engagements.	Allowances to District and Village officers and Charitable grants.			
IMPERIAL.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Land Revenue (Imperial share)	43,86,643	1,248	.....	3,57,911	.....	3,59,159	40,27,484	
Forest do.	4,78,705	496	2,49,151	.....	.....	2,49,647	2,29,058	
Tributes from Native States	1,46,011	...	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,46,011	
Total Territorial	50,11,359	1,744	2,49,151	3,57,911	.....	6,08,806	44,02,553	
Opium	2,14,700	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,14,700	
Salt	6,22,305	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	6,22,305	
Stamps	7,34,535	5,582	19,394	.....	.....	24,976	7,09,559	
Excise	12,87,607	290	34,746	.....	.....	35,036	12,52,571	
Assessed Taxes	2,67,477	2,670	923	.....	.....	3,593	2,63,884	
Registration	39,112	116	.....	.....	.....	116	38,996	
Interest	9,314	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	9,314	
Receipts in aid of Superannuation, &c.	19,099	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	19,099	
Stationery and Printing	19,748	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	19,748	
Miscellaneous	1,173	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,173	
Total Imperial	82,26,429	10,402	3,04,214	3,57,911	.....	6,72,527	75,53,902	
PROVINCIAL.								
Land Revenue	18,70,092	1,209	6,99,599	3,685	.....	7,04,493	11,65,599	
Stamps	7,34,535	5,581	19,393	.....	.....	24,974	7,09,561	
Excise	12,87,607	291	34,747	.....	.....	35,038	12,52,569	

Provincial Rates	1,66,640	26	.....	.....	.....	26	1,66,614
Assessed Taxes	1,16,035	1,361	145	.....	.....	1,506	1,14,529
Forest	4,78,705	495	2,49,150	.....	.....	2,49,645	2,29,060
Registration	39,112	116	.....	.....	.....	116	38,996
Interest	3,420	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,420
Law and Justice	4,94,195	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,94,195
Police	36,692	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	36,692
Education	1,38,711	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,38,711
Medical	3,643	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,643
Scientific and other Minor Departments	10,465	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	10,465
Receipts in aid of Superannuation, &c.	8,004	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	8,004
Stationery and Printing	16,380	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	16,380
Miscellaneous	33,905	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	33,905
Civil Works	30,024	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	30,024
Total Provincial	54,68,165	9,079	10,03,034	3,685	.....	10,15,798	44,52,367
LOCAL.							
Provincial Rates	5,66,368	100	.....	.....	3,34,751	3,34,851	2,31,517
Interest	175	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	175
Police	1,37,662	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,37,662
Education	8,220	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	8,220
Medical	4,441	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,441
Scientific and other Minor Departments	3,099	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	3,099
Miscellaneous	54,094	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	54,094
Civil Works	72,186	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	72,186
Total Local	8,46,245	100	.....	.....	3,34,751	3,34,851	5,11,394
EXCLUDED LOCAL FUNDS.							
Cantonment Funds	1,39,538	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,39,538
Town and Bazar Funds	2,171	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,171
Police Remount Fund	4,264	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	4,264
Police Butchut Fund	421	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	421
Museum Fund	2,560	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	2,560
Total Excluded Local Funds	1,48,954	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,48,954
Gross Receipts	1,46,89,793	19,581	13,07,248	3,61,596	3,34,751	20,23,176	1,26,66,617

A.—Finance II.

Account of Expenditure from the Net Income of the Central Provinces for the year 1886-87.

Head of Expenditure.	Amount.		Cause of Increase or Decrease.
	Last year.	Present year.	
IMPERIAL.	Rs.	Rs.	
Civil and Political Establishment ...	1,36,418	1,90,227	
Civil contingencies ..	28,471	37,384	
Registration ...	20,287	20,198	
Interest on ordinary debt ...	7,716	2,675	
Interest on other obligations ...	14,251	3,671	
Police ...	2,668	4,465	
Miscellaneous ...	4,217	4,240	
Total Imperial ...	2,14,028	2,62,760	
PROVINCIAL.			
Civil and Political Establishment ...	3,61,912	4,32,907	
Civil Contingencies ...	90,668	77,675	
Judicial charges—Courts, &c. ...	6,96,983	7,12,908	
Registration ..	20,287	20,198	
Post office ...	49,906	53,327	
Law and Justice, Jails ...	4,91,603	5,87,018	
Police ...	13,27,784	13,20,888	
Education ...	4,37,729	4,71,555	
Medical ...	2,67,115	2,72,369	
Superannuation, &c. ...	1,45,492	1,54,474	
Stationery and Printing ...	1,41,762	1,21,040	
Miscellaneous ...	48,000	49,056	
State Railway, Interest on Debt ...	4,12,202	4,34,257	
Civil Works ...	7,808	5,997	
Total Provincial ...	44,99,251	47,13,669	
LOCAL.			
Administration ...	30,337	31,735	
Police ...	45,478	45,749	
Education ...	1,74,970	2,02,036	
Medical ...	44,897	42,859	
Scientific and other Minor Departments...	8,858	10,583	
Superannuation, &c. ...	793	1,197	
Stationery and Printing ...	1,073	247	
Miscellaneous ...	9,194	6,751	
Famine Relief charges ...	.....	5,226	
Civil Works ...	1,86,059	2,09,010	
Total Local ...	5,01,659	5,55,393	
EXCLUDED LOCAL FUNDS.			
Cantonment Funds ...	67,964	1,29,707	
Town and Bazar Funds ...	.....	90	
Police Remount Fund ...	5,315	4,998	
Police Butchut Fund ...	362	406	
Museum Fund .	3,624	1,651	
Total Excluded Local Funds ...	77,265	1,36,852	
Grand Total ...	52,92,203	56,68,674	
Surplus ...	.....	69,97,943	
Deficit ...	.....	.....	

Amount of Receipts and Disbursements of the Treasuries in the Central Provinces for the year 1886-87.

Receipts.	Amount.	Disbursements.	Amount.
	Rs.		Rs.
Cash Balance of last year ...	58,83,429		
IMPERIAL.		**IMPERIAL.**	
Net Revenues as per Statement No. I.	75,53,902	Expenditure as per Statement No. II.	2,62,760
PROVINCIAL.		**PROVINCIAL.**	
Net Revenues as per Statement No. I.	44,52,367	Expenditure as per Statement No. II.	47,13,669
LOCAL.		**LOCAL.**	
Net Revenues as per Statement No. I.	5,11,394	Expenditure as per Statement No. II.	5,55,393
EXCLUDED LOCAL FUNDS.		**EXCLUDED LOCAL FUNDS.**	
Revenues as per Statement No. I.	1,48,954	Expenditure as per Statement No. II.	1,36,852
Government Stock Notes	1,150	Government Stock Notes	300
Savings Bank Deposits	31	Savings Bank Deposits	2,79,536
Civil Deposits	31,68,588	Civil Deposits	31,36,078
Municipal Funds	9,27,595	Municipal Funds	9,45,829
Miscellaneous Debt Accounts	35,59,508	Miscellaneous Debt Accounts	35,90,212
Account with Native States	9,592	Account with Native States	10,967
Coinage Accounts	.....	Coinage Accounts	.....
Departmental Accounts	1,269	Departmental Accounts	1,265
Loans to Municipalities, Native States, &c.	10,948	Loans to Municipalities, Native States, &c.	.....
Cash Remittances and Adjustments, &c.	80,30,991	Cash Remittances and Adjustments, &c.	80,30,389
Remittances by Bills ... Local	13,45,373	Remittances by Bills ... Local	13,50,886
Remittances by Bills ... Foreign	8,47,419	Remittances by Bills ... Foreign	8,02,154
Remittances by Bills ... Other Governments ...	10,66,870	Remittances by Bills ... Other Governments ...	8,56,791
Civil ... Service Funds	44,104		
Civil ... Miscellaneous	5,41,586	Civil ... Miscellaneous	6,07,093
Foreign Remittances	3,65,000	Foreign Remittances	41,78,735
Post Office Department	36,96,481	Post Office Department	4,81,757
Telegraph Department	30,899	Telegraph Department	97,037
Account Current between Civil and Marine	.....	Account Current between Civil and Marine	750
Military Department	1,60,363	Military Department	34,36,385
Public Works Department ... Ordinary Branches ...	1,02,909	Public Works Department ... Ordinary Branches	15,49,903
Public Works Department ... Railway Branches ...	22,40,158	Public Works Department ... Railway Branches	42,21,320
Remittance Account between England and India... ...	404	Remittance Account between England and India	.....
Grand Total ...	4,47,01,284	Grand Total ...	3,92,46,061
Disbursements ...	3,92,46,061		
Cash at end of year ...	54,55,223		

CENTRAL PROVINCES.

Statement showing the Expenditure in the Public Works Department during the year 1886-87.

Class of Works.	Total Expenditure including Establishment.					Establishment.
	Capital spent on works yielding income.	Maintenance of works yielding income.	Capital spent on works not yielding income.	Maintenance of works not yielding income.	Total.	
IMPERIAL.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
Military Works	...	...	55,977	61,388	1,17,365	31,455
CIVIL BUILDINGS, ROADS AND SERVICES.						
Civil Buildings	...	...	7,725	1,796	9,521	3,596
Miscellaneous Public Improvements ...	..	...	5,679	...	5,679	2,145
Total ...	...	...	13,404	1,796	15,200	5,741
IRRIGATION WORKS.						
Capital Expenditure on Irrigation Works not charged against Revenue	...	...	...	...	...	...
IRRIGATION AND NAVIGATION WORKS.						
Works for which Capital and Revenue Accounts are kept	...	...	..	...	...	...
AGRICULTURAL WORKS.						
Works for which neither Capital nor Revenue Accounts are kept	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total Imperial ...	...	...	69,381	63,184	1,32,565	37,196
PROVINCIAL.						
CIVIL BUILDINGS, ROADS AND SERVICES.						
Civil Buildings	...	...	1,25,800	56,314	1,82,114	54,751
Communications	...	...	3,72,816	4,82,878	8,55,694	2,57,260
Miscellaneous Public Improvements ...	...	...	245	15,027	15,272	4,594
Total ...	...	...	4,98,861	5,54,219	10,53,080	3,16,605
Irrigation Works	...	...	...	...	...	...
Irrigation and Navigation Works ...	..	...	...	..	...	...
Agricultural Works	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total Provincial ...	...	...	4,98,861	5,54,219	10,53,080	3,16,605
LOCAL.						
INCORPORATED LOCAL FUNDS.						
Civil Buildings, Roads and Services.						
Communications	...	...	3,930	...	3,930	393
EXCLUDED LOCAL FUNDS ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total Local ...	...	...	3,930	...	3,930	393
Grand Total ...	...	...	5,72,172	6,17,403	11,89,575	3,54,194

B.—Public Works 2.—(State Railways.)

Statement showing the (Capital) Income and Expenditure on Reproductive works in the Central Provinces for the year 1886-87.

Name of Railway.	Total outlay on construction to end of 1886-87.	Total income realized during 1886-87.	Deduct charges—1886-87.			Net deficit.	Remarks.
			Working Expenses including Establishment.	Interest on Capital at 4 per cent.	Total charges.		
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	
Wardha Coal State Railway	72,53,987	7,47,421	5,96,268	2,84,697	8,80,965	—*1,33,544*	
Nagpur and Chhattisgarh State Railway ...	1,21,02,562	13,17,608	8,02,603	4,70,575	12,73,178	44,430	
Umaria Colliery Works	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Bilaspur-Etawah Railway (Katni-Umaria Section) ...	47,45,872 A.	33,256	25,886	1,72,765	1,98,651	1,65,395	Line first opened for traffic on 2nd November 1886.
Bilaspur-Etawah Railway Surveys	1,79,411	...	...	...	...	...	Cost of Surveying Katni-Saugor and Umaria-Bilaspur Sections.
Umaria Colliery	5,88,622	68,729	81,490	16,892	98,382	29,653	Accounts kept separate from Katni-Umaria Railway.

A—The figures in this Column include "Loss by Exchange" and Receipts on Capital account.

Statement showing the (Capital) Income and Expenditure on Reproductive works in the Central Provinces for the year 1886-87.

Name of Railway.	Miles opened during the year.	Total miles open.	Passengers during the year.					Receipts from Passengers.	Receipts from Merchandise.	Miscellaneous receipts.	Total receipts.	Working expenses.	Net profits.	Number of European staff.	Number of Native staff.	Total Capital Expenditure.
			1st Class.	2nd Class.	Intermediate Class.	3rd Class.	Total.									
	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			Rs.
Nagpur and Chhattisgarh State Railway	...	149	2,537	10,862	7,142	7,56,987	7,77,528	2,22,256	10,81,482	13,870	13,17,608	8,02,603	5,15,005	192	1,171	1,21,02,562
Wardha Coal State Railway ...	...	45	330½	235	1,259	1,27,204½	1,29,029	37,429	1,62,332	5,47,660	7,47,421	5,96,268	1,51,153	34	247	72,53,987
Umaria Colliery	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	A. 68,578	68,578	81,144	—12,566	B 19	B. 157	3,32,636
Bilaspur Etawah State Railway ...	37	37	37	90	326	10,967	11,420	* 4,730	23,517	5,526	33,773	31,127	2,646			8,53,492

* This includes the whole of the Coaching receipts for the financial year. Line opened for traffic on 2nd November 1886.
A—Coal and sundry earnings of Colliery.
B—Excludes Workshop laborers, Permanent way gangmen and Pit men. The details of the above figures are —

	European.	Native.
Railway ...	7	79
Colliery ...	3	8
Joint ...	9	70
Total ...	19	157

D.— Marine 1.

STATEMENT showing the various Government Ships and Vessels employed under the Government of— in the year 188 .

Detail of Vessels.	Tonnage of each vessel and horse power of engines, if a steamer.	No. of officers.	No. of men.	Total annual cost.	Total annual earnings of the vessels.	Remarks. (In this column should be stated the nature of the duties on which each vessel was employed).
1	2	3	4	5	6	7
Sea-going Vessels						
River-going Vessels						
All other craft, boats, &c. ...						

After the name of the vessel, it should be stated whether she is a steamer or a sailing vessel.

STATEMENT showing the number of officers and men employed otherwise than in Government Vessels under the Government of—in the year 188 .

*Description of Establishment.	No. of officers.	No. of men.	Total annual cost.	Total annual earnings.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6
Superintending Establishment ...					
Dock-yard Establishment ...					
Pilot Establishment ...					
Government salaried ...					
Government free ...					
Licensed ...					
Any other Establishment ...					

* When necessary the description of Establishments here shown should be altered to suit local circumstances.

STATEMENT III. E 1. Agriculture.—Crops cultivated in acres.

District.	Cereals and pulses.				Oilseeds.	Sugarcane.	Fibres.				Indigo.	Coffee.	Tea.	Tobacco.	Cinchona.	Miscellaneous.		Total area of crops.	Deduct area cropped more than once.	Actual area on which crops were grown.
	Rice.	Wheat.		Other food grains including pulses.			Cotton.		Jute.	Other sorts						Food crops.	Non-food crops.			
		Grown alone.	Grown mixed with other crops.				Grown alone.	Grown, mixed with other crops.												
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	A.	A.	A.	Acres	A.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
Saugor ...	12,907	4,29,259	40,574	3,18,049	84,456	3,441	12,229	14,495	...	2,497	...	...	..	2,297	..	1,596	412	9,22,212	15,079	9,07,133
Damoh ...	48,868	2,15,362	34,391	1,36,892	64,433	961	7,909	4,019	..	540	20	...	..	964	...	2,227	1,736	5,18,322	11,638	5,06,684
Jabalpur ...	1,21,949	3,43,548	1,37,652	3,54,717	1,16,710	2,332	17,576	4,932	...	954	...	...	...	366	.	8,756	1,405	11,10,891	67,691	10,43,200
Mandla ...	63,996	84,006	9,740	1,93,703	40,710	980	349	54	...	2,390	...	...	..	362	...	624	212	3,97,726	24,481	3,72,645
Seoni ...	1,04,825	2,69,554	24,269	1,81,447	54,165	1,144	6,074	1,893	...	1,766	...	..	...	46	...	679	76	6,45,938	10,163	6,35,775
Narsinghpur ..	24,242	1,29,030	1,46,957	2,29,320	34,246	2,287	9,108	29,008	...	1,370	..	..		1,178	..	4,790	840	6,12,676	9,156	6,03,520
Hoshangabad ...	11,465	5,79,566	71,134	91,033	65,778	1,095	3,048	7,853	...	3,013	..	..	..	1,149	...	85,647	457	9,21,231	6,031	9,15,200
Nimar ...	12,267	40,501	221	2,36,696	60,360	60	48,6 7	1,294	...	1,555	...	...	...	280		11,894	2,959	4,16,704	19,904	3,96,800
Betul ...	11,806	1,30,203	28,939	2,6 ,815	84,554	7,604	2,256	606	...	3,708	...	...	...	288	...	1,03,467	1,397	6,35,613	10,235	6,25,408
Chhindwara ...	6,477	1,42,171	41,602	3,31 016	75,510	5,603	22.123	30,534	...	1,421	...	..	..	609	..	2,857	1,314	6,61,237	3,317	6,57,920
Wardha ..	2,628	2,10,887	1,804	2,58,131	1,46,399	327	6,513	2,45,852	..	1,933	..	...	..	2,078	...	10,358	1,347	8,88,557	2,768	8,85,789
Nagpur ..	34,708	3,68,724	2,674	3,42,832	1,72,887	642	26,287	1,06,806	...	1,372	...	...	..	1,476	...	1,36,356	15,808	12,10,572	8,012	12,02,560
Chanda ..	1,85,293	91,208	170	2,65,479	1,17,648	4,230	9,594	12,241	...	442	.	..	...	623	..	11,689	358	6,98,975	45,098	6,53,877
Bhandara ..	2,83,358	1,31,391	521	1,94,291	37,715	4,878	...	...	..	36	...	..	...	208	..	13,136	469	6,65,332	86,844	5,79,488
Balaghat ...	2,12,063	20,797	502	63,306	14,317	1,724	...	...	...	46	..	.	..	674	...	1,491	36	3,14,956	49,270	2,65,680
Raipur ..	11,64,494	1,47,829	...	5,16,016	2,30,160	1,807	8,552	...	...	1,078	...	..	...	2,334	..	4,799	...	20,77,369	1,95,129	18,82,240
Bilaspur ...	7,16,620	58,480	...	2,83,140	1,07,371	5,798	7,917	12,108	..	1,908	...	...	..	2,790	..	8,398	609	12,05,159	1,25,946	10,79,213
Sambalpur ..	1,76,013	125	...	2,18,401	8,651	5,282	11,372	...	...	...	...	...	...	194	...	2,032	2,105	4,24,175	...	4,24,175
Total ..	31,93,979	33,92,641	5,41,150	44,75,604	15,16,370	50,195	1,99,584	4,71,695	...	26,338	20		...	18,216	..	4,10,783	31,510	1,43,28,075	6,90,768	1,36,37,307

NOTE.—As Patwaris were engaged on Settlement work in the Bilaspur and Sambalpur districts, statistics for this Statement could not be furnished and figures for the past year have to a great extent been adopted.

STATEMENT III. E 2.—Extent of Irrigation.

Districts.	Total area of crops in Column 18 Statement III E 1.	Area irrigated.						Detail.			
		By canal.		Tanks.	Wells.	Other sources.	Total area of crops irrigated.	Wheat grown alone or in a mixture.	Other cereals and pulses.	Miscellaneous food crops.	Miscellaneous non-food crops.
		Government.	Private.								
	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11
	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
Saugor	9,22,212	..	...	38	4,725	1,128	5,891	1,147	340	4,396	8
Damoh	5,18,322	...	...	50	1,400	194	1,644	...	...	1,644	...
Jabalpur	11,10,891	...	...	111	3,288	...	3,399	...	..	3,395	4
Mandla	3,97,126	...	...	64	1,036	80	1,180	...	...	1,178	2
Seoni	6,45,938	...	...	...	1,656	97	1,753	...	...	1,753	...
Narsinghpur	6,12,676	...	...	...	4,325	109	4,434	...	...	4,431	...
Hoshangabad	9,21,231	...	...	...	1,085	180	1,265	35	4	1,213	13
Nimar	4,16,704	...	...	204	10,557	732	11,493	7,238	927	3,037	291
Betul	6,35,643	...	...	...	8,521	...	8,521	105	26	...	8,390
Chhindwara	6,61,237	...	...	...	7,018	...	7,018	40	25	6,909	44
Wardha	8,88,557	...	..	...	2,476	1	2,477	16	1	2,453	7
Nagpur	12,10,572	...	...	130	12,292	238	12,660	...	460	6,310	5,890
Chanda	6,98,975	...	...	1,45,811	1,301	2,034	1,49,146	1	1,41,031	7,844	270
Bhandara	6,66,332	...	...	1,32,077	6,790	2,708	1,41,575	77	1,36,112	5,256	130
Balaghat	3,14,956	...	...	58,693	2,461	3,679	64,833	...	63,306	1,491	36
Raipur	20,77,369	...	...	2,315	5,013	...	7,328	...	...	7,328	...
Bilaspur	12,05,129	...	...	4,835	2,168	...	7,003	...	...	7,003	...
Sambalpur	4,24,175	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	1,43,28,045	...	...	3,44,328	76,112	11,180	4,31,620	8,659	3,42,232	65,644	15,085

STATEMENT III F.—Prices of Produce.

Districts.	Price of produce per maund of 80 lbs.																		Plough bullocks each.			Sheep each.			Fish per seer.			Iron per maund.		
	Rice cleaned (chawal).			Wheat.			Linseed.			Cotton cleaned.			Sugar (gurh).			Salt.			Ghi.			Firewood.																				
	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
Saugor ..	3	13	0	1	12	9	2	13	3	10	8	0	5	0	0	4	0	0	23	8	0	0	2	11	23	0	0	1	2	0	0	2	3	5	0	0
Damoh ...	4	0	0	2	0	0	2	12	0	11	5	4	4	0	0	4	0	0	22	13	8	0	3	2	24	0	0	2	8	0	0	2	0	4	2	0
Jabalpur ...	3	10	2	2	6	3	3	5	4	10	0	0	5	0	0	3	5	4	26	0	0	0	4	0	20	0	0	2	8	0	0	2	4	4	0	0
Mandla ...	3	0	0	2	0	0	3	5	4	16	8	0	4	8	0	3	10	0	21	0	0	0	2	6	15	0	0	2	0	0	0	4	0	5	0	0
Seoni ..	3	14	8	2	5	6	4	0	0	13	12	0	5	10	0	3	12	0	24	8	0	0	2	9	18	0	0	2	0	0	0	4	0	10	0	0
Narsinghpur ..	4	1	0	2	7	1	3	9	2	11	0	0	5	4	0	3	8	0	24	0	0	0	4	7	35	0	0	3	0	0	0	2	0	8	0	0
Hoshangabad ...	4	0	0	2	8	0	2	9	3	13	5	4	5	12	0	3	5	4	30	7	0	0	3	3	40	0	0	2	8	0	0	2	0	6	0	0
Betul ...	3	5	1	2	6	2	4	8	0	17	12	5	6	0	0	3	9	6	40	0	0	0	2	0	30	0	0	2	0	0	0	3	0	6	0	0
Nimar ...	3	4	0	2	10	0	3	11	0	15	0	0	7	0	0	3	2	9	33	8	0	0	4	6	30	0	0	3	0	0	0	3	0	6	8	0
Chhindwara ..	5	0	0	2	0	0	3	8	0	16	0	0	6	0	0	4	0	0	26	0	0	0	4	0	20	0	0	3	0	0	0	3	0	10	0	0
Wardha ..	4	8	0	2	0	9	3	6	5	15	12	6	8	0	0	3	7	0	30	0	0	0	4	0	50	0	0	2	8	0	0	4	0	5	12	0
Nagpur ...	3	7	8	2	6	10	3	12	11	14	14	0	6	10	8	3	6	6	33	5	4	0	5	4	50	0	0	2	8	0	0	8	0	10	0	0
Chanda ...	3	9	7	2	4	10	3	6	5	16	10	8	3	12	0	3	8	0	24	8	0	0	0	10	80	0	0	2	12	0	0	3	6	6	8	0
Bhandara ..	3	2	0	2	8	0	3	8	0	17	8	0	5	12	0	3	8	0	30	0	0	0	2	0	28	5	0	2	8	0	0	2	0	5	5	0
Balaghat ...	3	0	0	2	8	0	3	4	0	...			6	0	0	4	0	0	30	0	0	0	3	0	20	0	0	2	0	0	0	4	0	8	0	0
Raipur ...	2	4	0	1	11	0	3	2	0	12	0	0	4	0	0	3	10	0	23	0	0	0	8	0	12	0	0	1	4	0	0	4	0	10	0	0
Bilaspur ...	1	12	5	1	4	7	2	10	10	16	0	0	4	7	1	4	0	0	23	0	0	0	4	0	9	0	0	0	15	0	0	2	0	6	0	0
Sambalpur ...	2	8	6	1	16	3	...			...			2	12	0	3	13	0	31	6	10	0	3	2	10	0	0	1	4	0	0	2	0	6	4	0
Total ...	3	7	4	2	2	9	3	2	1	14	0	0	5	4	10	3	7	10	27	9	10	0	4	0	28	9	2	2	2	11	0	3	7	6	13	0

III G.—Mines and Quaries.

District.	Where situated.	Mineral produced.	Number of Mines.	Remarks.
Saugor ..	Amarman, Tigora, Hirapur, Ujneti, Odeypur and others	Iron ore and stone	18	
Damoh ...	... ...	.....		
Jabalpur ..	Jabalpur, Sihora and Murwara	Do. do.	199	
Mandla ...	Tahsils Mandla and Ramgarh	Iron ore, and limestone ...	47	
Seoni ...	Dhutra, Khumeria, Jatama and 9 others ...	Iron ore, millstone and white ochre..	15	
Narsinghpur.	Mohpani, Sihora and Setarewa	Coal ...	*3	* Leased to Nerbudda Coal and Iron Company.
	Tendukhera, Umarkheri, Umerpani, Kishanpur, Latgaon, Nandia and Jhirri ..	Iron ore ...	38	
	Khariri, Bambori and Bichua	Limestone ...	3	
	Nagwara, Bagaspur, Pitehra, Barehta, Bhainsa, Imjhiri, Khairi, Kishanpur, Chargaon, Bachai and Kachuaghat	Sandstone ...	47	
Hoshangabad ...	Tahsils Hoshangabad, Sohagpur, Seoni and Harda	Building stone ...	18	
Nimar ...	Chandgarh, Uchaca, Changukheri, Monesai, Sinod	Stone and limestone.	23	
Betul ...	Sonada, Kotmi, Mardanpur, Pandra and Dhori	Coal ..	5	
	Chickla, Kanjitalao	White ochre ...	2	
Chhindwara ..	Barkoi, Senda and 38 other places ...	Coal, iron and slate.	40	
Wardha ...	Saonji, Injarpur and Nandgaon... ...	Building stone ..	4	
Nagpur ...	Tahsils Nagpur, Ramtek, Katol and Umrer...	Building stone ...	36	
Chanda ...	Tahsils Chanda, Bastar, and Sironcha taluq ...	Iron ore, coal, building stone, red and yellow ochre ..	330	
Bhandara ..	Tahsils Sakoli and Tirora	Iron ore and various kinds of stone ...	199	
Balaghat ...	Dhansua, Lanji, Hatta, Badra, Kenhi, Paraswara, Bhanpur and Saletekri	Iron ore ...	27	
Raipur ...	Kondkasar, Bhindo, Lohara, Dalli, Sambarsingha and Magarkand	Iron ..	5	
	Mahadeo Ghat	Blue limestone ...	1	Worked by D. P. W.
	Gandia and Murum	Red ochre ...	2	
	On the hills 3 miles from Chicholi ...	Galena or sulphate of lead ...	1	
Bilaspur ...	Lapha, Pendra, Keda, Korba, Uprora, and Kawarda Zamindari	Iron ...	9	Not regularly worked.
	Bilaspur and Seorinarain	Building stone ...	3	
	Korba	Coal ..	1	
Sambalpur ...	Lohera. Behra, Magurgura and 6 other places.	Iron ...	8	About 240 mds iron produced annually.

III. H.—1.

Total External Railway borne Trade of the Central Provinces during the year ending 31st March 1887.

IMPORTS.

Articles.	From Sindh.	From Panjab.	From N. W. P. and Oudh.	From Bengal Presidency.	From Rajputana.	From Bombay Presidency.	From Bombay Port.	From Berars.	From Nizam's territory.	From Madras.	From Mysore.	Total. Quantity in Maunds.	Total. Value in Rupees.
Coal	...	...	...	20,469	1,66,000	49,901	2,47,907	1,044	...	...	...	4,85,321	1,44,079
Cotton Raw	...	...	110	317	1,424	30	221	3,258	...	...	...	5,360	83,415
Cotton Twist and Yarn ... 1 European ...	...	3	41	1,955	...	9	25,161	...	...	...	...	27,169	19,01,830
Cotton Twist and Yarn ... 2 Indian ...	...	17	1,918	64	10	6,745	2,483	15,432	...	1	...	25,770	7,73,100
Total Cotton Twist and Yarn ...	...	20	1,959	2,019	10	6,754	27,644	15,432	...	1	...	52,939	26,74,930
Cotton Piece-Goods ... 1 European ...	...	74	1,296	5,468	1,065	167	96,195	22	...	660	...	1,04,947	97,07,597
Cotton Piece-Goods ... 2 Indian ...	...	119	3,416	30	1,172	1,668	2,198	624	1	420	...	9,648	6,03,000
Total Cotton Piece-Goods ...	...	193	4,712	5,498	2,237	1,835	98,393	646	1	1,080	...	1,14,595	1,03,10,597
Dyes and Tans ... Indigo ...	...	57	885	165	33	50	281	41	...	...	...	1,512	2,41,920
Grains ... 1 Wheat ...	...	5	467	58	63,423	2,015	...	35,204	...	...	...	1,01,172	2,21,313
Grains ... 2 Rice ...	...	37	32,535	1,76,022	5,971	360	103	534	1	...	...	2,15,566	6,87,116
Grains ... 3 Juar and Bajra	...	..	1,698	...	19,339	15,516	...	2,20,868	...	...	...	2,57,450	4,66,628
Grains ... 4 Gram	...	2,999	44,741	...	21,512	37	...	1,048	...	2	...	73,339	1,37,510
Grains ... 5 Other grains ..	...	8,139	18,116	1,092	13,052	4,750	50	882	...	...	...	46,091	57,601
Total Grains ..	...	11,180	97,560	1,77,172	1,26,296	22,708	153	2,58,536	1	2	...	6,93,608	15,70,168
Hides and Skins ... 1 Hides of Cattle dressed	9	...	8	...	88	14	14	46	1	...	...	180	2,036
Hides and Skins ... 2 " " undressed	...	...	120	1	132	207	...	835	...	...	...	1,295	14,650
Hides and Skins ... 3 Skins of Sheep dressed	...	...	3	...	21	1	8	..	...	...	...	33	914
Hides and Skins ... 4 " " undressed	...	...	51	...	747	6	2	11	...	...	..	820	23,473
Total Hides and Skins ..	9	...	185	1	988	228	24	892	1	...	...	2,328	41,103
Jute Gunny Bags and Cloth ...	...	4	2,633	46,262	3,055	7,563	87,101	5,389	14	58	2	1,52,081	18,68,729
Lac ... 1 Stick ...	...	12	837	...	270	45	51	182	...	...	...	1,397	10,128
Lac ... 2 Shell ...	...	...	...	...	6	...	...	...	...	...	...	6	480
Total Lac ..	...	12	837	...	276	45	51	182	...	...	...	1,403	10,608
Metals ... 1 Copper unwrought	...	...	227	13	26	23	3,614	...	...	...	...	3,933	1,01,274
Metals ... 2 Brass "	...	1	46	...	1	...	14,704	2	...	...	...	14,754	3,35,653
Metals ... 3 Brass and Copper wrought	...	62	4,101	23	259	2,407	2,126	817	7	67	6	9,877	2,96,310
Metals ... 4 Iron ...	51	75	2,963	1,970	2,072	2,633	1,21,418	2,369	2	117	1	1,33,671	5,76,456
Metals ... 5 Others ...	...	28	2,687	518	96	435	5,723	93	4	3	...	9,587	95,870
Total Metals ...	51	166	10,024	2,524	2,454	5,498	1,47,617	3,281	13	187	7	1,71,822	14,05,563
Oilseeds ... 1 Linseed ...	...	...	830	...	1,002	...	7	7	..	...	...	2,446	9,173
Oilseeds ... 2 Mustard and Rape	...	1	59	...	879	49	6	57	...	...	...	1,051	3,876
Oilseeds ... 3 Til or gingelly	...	...	17,721	...	2,829	70	...	3,855	...	...	...	24,475	97,900
Oilseeds ... 4 Castor	...	...	31	...	856	3	...	1,023	...	...	...	1,913	5,500
Oilseeds ... 5 Other oilseeds ..	...	2	209	...	2,329	4,093	6	683	...	3	...	7,325	14,650
Total Oilseeds ...	...	3	18,850	...	8,495	4,215	19	5,625	...	3	...	37,210	1,31,099
Provisions— ... Ghi ...	...	72	721	112	922	55	1	1,167	...	...	...	3,050	86,925
Salt	...	7	7,726	2	15,057	13,17,761	16,405	2,557	...	...	...	13,59,516	45,03,393
Silk Raw ... 1 Indian ...	...	...	19	43	...	3	15	5	...	...	...	85	17,000
Silk Raw ... 2 Foreign ...	...	...	...	..	...	...	81	...	..	...	...	81	40,500
Total Silk Raw ...	...	...	19	43	...	3	96	5	...	...	...	160	57,500
Silk Piece-Goods ... 1 Indian ...	...	..	26	20	2	...	3	...	...	1	...	52	36,400
Silk Piece-Goods ... 2 Foreign ...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1	..	...	...	...	2	2,000
Total Silk Piece Goods ...	...	...	26	20	2	1	4	...	...	1	...	54	38,400

Sugar	1 Drained	...	...	..	33	38,277	19,355	702	278	76,887	835	...	...	...	1,36,365	15,42,629
	2 Undrained	...	...	...		1,55,958	1,20,605	1,687	20,018	861	1,045	3	...	...	3,09,180	16,13,467
	Total Sugar		...	..	33	1,94,233	1,39,960	2,389	20,296	77,748	1,883	3	...	...	4,36,545	20,06,131
Tea	1 Indian	...	...	...	135	64	27	13	3	360	...	...	217	...	819	49,160
	2 Foreign	...	...	11	...	...	...	...	...	54	..	...	...	...	65	4,876
	Total Tea		...	...	146	64	27	13	3	414	...	...	217	...	884	54,036
Tobacco	...	...	...	2	31	24,412	51,850	594	18,386	316	5,251	789	1,197	...	1,02,828	12,14,656
	Total Principal Commodities		..	62	11,924	3,64,056	4,16,441	3,30,245	14,55,332	7,04,395	3,05,189	822	2,746	9	36,21,221	2,70,93,196
Drugs and Chemicals	1 Intoxicating other than opium		...	...	...	23	168	19	...	108	1	...	1	...	320	48,000
	2 Nonintoxicating		...	...	269	1,805	267	396	337	11,969	540	1	...	...	15,584	1,55,840
	Total Drugs and Chemicals		..	...	269	1,828	435	415	337	12,077	541	1	1	...	15,904	2,03,840
Dyes and Tans	1 Myrobolams		...	...	..	33	348	2,686	9	...	6	...	...	...	3,081	4,044
	2 Aniline Dyes		...	...	...	..	...	...	...	2	...	...	...	...	2	450
	3 Others		...	...	23	526	1,034	467	1,727	2,086	2,191	20	35	...	8,109	81,090
	Total Dyes and Tans		...	...	23	559	1,382	3,153	1,736	2,095	2,196	20	35	...	11,192	85,614
Horns	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	93	1	6	37	..	...	...	137	2,637
Jute Raw	...	..	...	...	13	...	...	59	11	5	18	...	...	...	106	239
Leather Manufactured	...	...	...	23	632	13	135	77	2,117	11	16	142	...	...	3,166	2,53,280
Liquors	1 Wines	...	...	..	32	231	64	9	1,432	...	...	25	...	...	1,793	89,650
	2 Beer	...	...	67	13,484	235	1,390	1,898	4,816	13	248	7,996	...	...	30,172	13,57,740
	3 Spirits	...	...	...	237	22	8	45	3,363	...	...	325	...	...	4,000	1,00,000
	Total Liquors		...	...	62	13,753	488	1,462	1,957	9,641	13	248	8,346	...	35,965	15,47,390
Metals	...	Tin	...	...	13	64	233	13	80	1,204	10	...	1	...	1,618	42,472
Oils	1 Kerosine	...	...	...	1	10	1,638	64	105	90,692	10	...	...	...	92,520	5,66,685
	2 Others	...	...	...	24	1,699	21	1,033	196	3,554	259	1	...	...	6,787	1,08,592
	Total Oils		...	...	25	1,709	1,659	1,097	301	94,246	269	1	...	...	99,307	6,75,277
Opium	...			...	...	719	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	719	2,08,510
Paper and Paste—Board	...			...	...	1,214	207	492	75	3,205	16	...	...	...	5,209	62,508
Provisions	2 Dried fruits and Nuts		...	...	455	5,340	11,798	1,678	523	1,21,911	427	...	287	...	1,41,819	10,19,324
	3 Others	...	...	...	81	1,127	569	2,516	20,047	7,371	567	...	40	3	32,351	3,23,510
	Total Provisions		...	...	536	6,467	12,367	3,624	20,570	1,29,282	994	...	327	3	1,74,170	13,42,834
Railway Plant and Rolling Stock	...	...	...	...	4,090	4,852	35,486	14,457	92,593	4,43,163	10,439	2,169	18	...	6,07,258	24,29,033
Saltpetre	...	...	...	...	...	2,227	...	54	90	1,585	62	...	...	...	4,018	40,180
Spices	...	...	...	...	453	995	197	3,607	2,034	30,704	1,726	1	110	...	39,827	6,38,192
Stone and Lime	...	...	...	...	2	2,654	25	5,010	...	233	2	...	...	...	8,159	764
Timber	...	...	...	...	180	619	871	167	3,348	248	...	...	...	...	5,433	19,015
Umbrellas	...	...	...	1	...	7	1	2	1,391	1	...	2	..	...	1,405	28,100
Wool Raw	...	...	...	...	59	...	20	212	82	100	...	...	...	...	473	7,568
Woollen Piece—Goods	1 European	...	...	10	2	2	3	...	78	...	...	...	...	...	95	5,700
	2 Indian	...	...	196	613	93	388	39	277	105	2	192	...	...	1,905	76,200
	Total Woollen Piece-Goods		...	206	615	95	391	39	355	105	2	192	...	...	2,000	82,000
Woollen Shawls	...	...	...	1	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1	1,800
	1 Manufactured	..	...	3	623	21,668	4,332	6,871	5,913	45,971	16,74	127	1,293	97	88,572	4,42,860
	2 Unmanufactured	...	...	19	432	16,438	4,003	8,619	10,542	4,355	2,269	14	96	...	46,787	93,574
	Total all other articles of Merchandise		...	22	1,055	38,106	8,335	15,490	16,455	50,326	3,943	141	1,389	97	1,35,359	5,36,434
	Total Minor Commodities		...	22	6,759	76,646	61,781	50,444	1,36,792	7,85 058	20,7 1	2,590	10,563	100	11,51,486	82,07,686
	Grand Total all Commodities		...	84	18,683	4,40,702	5,08,222	3,80,689	15,92,124	14,89,453	325,920	3,412	13,309	109	47,72,797	3,53,00,882

Total External Railway borne-trade of the Central Provinces, during the year ending 31st March 1887.

EXPORTS.

Articles.	To Sindh.	To Punjab.	To North West Provinces and Oudh.	To Bengal Presidency	To Rajputana and Central India.	To Bombay Presidency.	To Bombay Port.	To Berar.	To Nizam's Territory.	To Madras.	To Mysore.	Total. Quantity in Maunds.	Total. Value in Rupees.
Coal ...	...	...	3,166	...	141,796	8,25,249	1,108	5,56,412	...	...	...	1,527,731	4,53,545
Cotton Raw ...	...	39	28,046	4,747	4,745	58,908	95,129	26,409	472	..	...	218,496	34,00,328
Cotton twist and yarn. 1 European ...	...	...	212	...	...	14	...	10	...	...	...	236	16,520
Cotton twist and yarn. 2 Indian ...	4	411	10	342	409	7,222	2,472	...	...	...	...	10,870	3,26,100
Total Cotton Twist and Yarn ...	4	623	10	342	423	7,222	2,482	...	...	...	...	11,106	3,42,620
Cotton Piece Goods. 1 European ...	6	41	...	397	25	17	36	...	...	...	...	516	47,730
Cotton Piece Goods. 2 Indian ...	1,298	5,753	97	816	3,179	751	17,899	10	16	...	...	29,819	18,63,688
Total cotton Piece Goods ...	1,304	5,794	97	1,213	3,204	768	17,929	10	16	...	...	30,336	19,11,418
Dyes and Tans— Indigo ...	...	...	229	20	28	8	32	74	...	...	...	391	62,560
Grains 1 Wheat ...	...	...	312	7	9,126	3,881	75,82,168	832	6	291	...	75,96,613	1,06,17,591
Grains 2 Rice ...	...	29	66	20	25,702	2,45,299	104,278	3,07,895	93	38	...	7,53,410	21,01,494
Grains 3 Juar and Bajra ...	...	...	...	...	8,736	31,986	90,279	341	...	...	...	1,31,342	2,38,057
Grains 4 Gram ...	...	221	1,327	2	1,403	64,266	3,40,694	13,441	..	141	...	4,08,498	7,65,934
Grains 5 Other grains ...	...	...	27	...	17,929	11,035	1,76,082	87,826	345	5	...	2,93,249	866,561
Total Grains ...	...	250	1,732	29	1,32,896	3,43,467	82,03,491	4,10,328	444	475	...	83,132	2,03,89,637
Hides and skins. 1 Hides of cattle (dressed) ...	...	...	348	2,542	425	121	1,762	77	...	644	...	5,919	66,959
Hides and skins. 2 do. (undressed) ...	...	848	4,199	2,814	156	9,056	1,154	37	...	16,093	...	31,357	3,54,726
Hides and skins. 3 Skins of sheep (dressed) ...	...	3	...	...	61	...	76	..	...	...	...	143	4,093
Hides and skins. 4 do. (undressed) ...	...	9	230	153	2,796	74	685	..	...	6,838	27	10,821	3,09,761
Total Hides and Skins ...	851	4,556	5,595	798	8,973	3,066	799	...	...	23,575	27	48,240	7,35,529
Jute, Gunny Bags and cloth ...	...	33	1,789	1,936	6,668	2,763	1,016	2,710	1	25	...	16,944	1,52,496
Lac 1 Stick ...	...	..	67,587	...	968	650	1,112	1,466	212	140	...	72,136	5,22,978
Lac 2 Shell ...	...	...	26	12	63	10	1	19	4	...	...	135	10,800
Total ...	...	...	67,613	12	1,031	660	1,113	1,485	216	140	...	72,270	5,33,778
Metals 1 Copper (unwrought) ...	...	77	228	...	12	3	41	...	...	...	...	361	9,296
Metals 2 Brass („) ...	...	...	307	...	19	...	...	36	...	...	...	362	8,285
Metals 3 Brass and Copper (wrought) ...	...	15	355	22	671	328	66	1,023	42	47	11	2,580	77,400
Metals 4 Iron ...	115	210	5,373	666	5,890	547	1,641	863	21	23	...	15,362	66,206
Metals 5 Others ...	...	18	159	41	179	67	22	241	3	18	...	748	7,480
Total Metals ...	115	320	6,422	729	6,771	945	1,770	2,163	69	88	11	19,403	1,68,616
Oilseeds 1 Linseed ...	...	...	4	5,794	2	...	10,61,807	25	...	...	...	10,67,632	40,03,620
Oilseeds 2 Mustard and Rape ...	...	...	806	13,496	103	42	49,694	20	...	...	...	64,161	2,36,594
Oilseeds 3 Til or Gingelly ...	...	...	177	6,599	18	1,506	6,65,814	3,861	...	...	...	6,77,975	27,11,900
Oilseeds 4 Castor ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	4	11
Oilseeds 5 Other Oilseeds ...	...	...	...	537	22	2	1,268	238	...	...	...	2,067	4,134
Total Oilseeds ...	...	...	987	26,426	145	1,550	17,78,587	4,144	...	...	...	18,11,839	69,56,259
Provisions ... Ghi ...	136	...	272	705	772	3,798	23,362	86	...	...	...	29,131	8,30,233
Salt	...	...	...	...	5,278	34	...	13	...	...	...	5,325	17,639
Silk Raw 1 Indian ...	...	...	270	...	...	...	2	18	...	...	...	290	58,000
Silk Raw 2 Foreign ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7	...	...	...	...	7	3,500
Total Silk Raw ...	...	...	270	...	...	...	9	18	...	...	...	297	61,500
Silk Piece—Goods Indian ...	...	...	2	49	...	...	...	9	...	1	...	61	42,700
Sugar 1 Drained ...	...	4	16	...	1,376	13	...	37	...	...	...	1,445	10,346
Sugar 2 Undrained ...	...	....	8	...	6,731	373	...	941	...	...	...	8,053	48,286
Total Sugar ...	...	4	24	...	8,106	386	...	978	...	...	...	9,498	59,631

Tea	1 Indian	...	...	...	...	1	...	3	1	...	2	...	2	...	10	600
Tobacco	...	...	3	...	11	2	2,552	421	1,129	847	1	8	...	4,974	59,755
Total Principal Commodities		...	254	2,805	1,21,537	40,357	3,13,144	12,50,790	1,02,07,892	10,26,888	1,213	24,384	38	1,29,89,162	3,61,77,844
Drugs and Chemicals	1 Intoxicating other than opium	...	...	...	1,818	...	2,695	42	1,181	145	...	...	...	5,881	8,82,150
	2 Non-intoxicating	...	...	6	841	15	201	867	936	1,703	...	...	...	4,574	45,740
Total Drugs and Chemicals		...	...	6	2,659	15	2,896	909	2,117	1,853	...	...	...	10,455	9,27,890
Dyes and Tans	1 Myrabolams	...	.	97	5,368	290	5,807	1,859	3,07,164	4,516	...	12	...	3,25,113	4,26,710
	2 Others	...	...	17	1,096	6	5,426	3,129	10,288	1,515	1	1	...	21,474	2,14,740
Total Dyes and Tans		...	...	114	6,464	296	11,233	4,988	3,17,447	6,03.	1	13	...	3,46,587	6,41,450
Horns	...	...	...	28	1,114	34	21	158	5,899	120	...	...	...	7,374	1,41,949
Jute, raw	...	...	...	...	...	...	787	292	10,853	1,28	...	...	...	13,189	29,602
Leather manufactured		...	...	8	1,725	363	88	38	113	121	1	6	1	2,464	1,97,120
Liquors	1 Wines	...	...	...	4	2	1,285	5	23	...	...	...	...	1,319	65,950
	2 Beer	...	...	...	...	...	226	401	2	62	...	864	...	1,554	69,930
	3 Spirits	...	...	...	...	...	668	1	14	1	...	...	...	684	17,100
Total Liquors		...	...	...	4	2	2,178	407	39	63	...	864	...	3,557	1,52,980
Metals	1 Tin	...	...	2	295	...	193	4	1	66	...	...	...	561	14,726
Oils	1 Kerosine	...	...	2	11	...	199	4	...	...	...	...	...	216	1,323
	2 Others	...	...	...	...	3	57	73	177	459	...	...	...	769	12,256
Total Oils		...	...	2	11	3	256	77	177	456	...	...	...	937	13,579
Paper and Paste-board		...	...	1	3	...	27	7	6	6	...	...	...	50	600
Provisions	2 Dried fruits and nuts	...	...	17	703	1	1,407	341	479	471	14	...	...	3,433	24,675
	3 Others	...	12	12	352	8	4,125	2,422	1,296	4,968	36	222	...	13,453	1,34,630
Total Provisions		...	12	29	1,055	9	5,532	2,763	1,775	5,439	50	222	...	16,886	1,59,205
Railway Plant and Rolling Stock		...	...	56	14,196	6,150	67,160	60,597	89,928	28,305	...	5,836	...	2,72,278	10,89,113
Saltpetre	...	...	...	...	...	...	43	53	...	85	...	...	...	181	1,810
Spices	...	...	1	...	60	1	4,140	867	2,288	4,066	32	4	...	11,459	1,83,344
Stone and Lime	...	...	1	162	64,081	89,814	3,020	6,727	5,321	22,899	...	...	...	1,92,025	18,002
Timber	...	...	...	...	253	...	19,191	44,596	46	65,466	...	...	...	1,29,552	4,53,432
Umbrellas	...	...	...	...	...	...	5	...	..	2	...	...	...	7	140
Wool, Raw	...	...	...	...	2	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	...	6	96
Woolen Piece-goods	1 European	...	...	...	3	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	180
	2 Indian	...	...	15	8	2	48	7	1	199	...	14	...	294	11,760
Total Woolen Piece-goods		...	...	15	11	2	48	7	1	199	...	14	...	297	11,940
All other articles of Merchandise	1 Manufactured	...	7	167	6,843	5,614	20,767	25,596	5,624	18,335	1,516	875	292	85,636	4,28,180
	2 Unmanufactured	...	51	560	6,028	1,910	1,50,426	1,66,422	31,376	84,927	267	53	...	4,42,020	8,84,040
Total all other Articles of Merchandise		...	58	727	12,871	7,524	1,71,193	1,92,018	37,000	1,03,262	1,783	928	292	5,27,656	13,12,220
Total Minor Commodities		...	72	1,150	1,04,804	1,04,213	2,88,011	3,14,482	4,73,011	2,39,720	1,867	7,937	293	15,35,560	5,349,251
Grand Total All Commodities		...	326	3,955	2,26,341	1,44,570	6,01,155	15,65,272	1,06,80,813	12,66,608	3,080	32,271	331	1,45,24,722	4,15,27,101

K.—Coinage and Currency.

1.—*Coinage.*

Bullion and Silver Coins imported during the year.						Coined during the year.									Sovereigns imported during the year.	Estimated value of coin in circulation.					
Gold.		Silver.		Copper.												Gold.		Silver.		Copper.	
By State.	Private.	By State.	Private.	By State.	Private.	Gold Mohurs.	Rupees.	Half-rupees.	Quarter-rupees.	One-eigth rupees.	Double pice.	Single pice.	Small coin.	Total value.		Government.	Native.	Government.	Native.	Government.	Native.
										Nil.											

K. 2—Paper Currency.

Number of Notes in circulation at the beginning of the year.			Total value of Notes cashed during the year.	Total value of Notes issued during the year.	Number of Notes in circulation at the end of the year.			Reserve at the end of the year stated in rupees.						Securities.
								Coin.			Bullion.			
Small Notes under 50 rupees.	Notes of 50 rupees and under 500 rupees.	Large Notes of 500 rupees and upwards.			Small Notes under 50 rupees.	Notes of 50 rupees and under 500 rupees.	Large Notes of 500 rupees and upwards.	Gold.	Silver.	Copper.	Gold.	Silver.	Copper.	Class of Securities being stated.
								Nil.						

Showing the current Income and Expenditure of Dispen

Number.	Names of Dispensaries.	2	3																					
			Income.																					
		a.	b.											c.	c1.	d.	d1.	e.					
			From Government.															Subscrip					
		Cash balance on 1st January.	As salaries.			As registers and forms.		As European medicines		For diet of Police cases.		Sale of medicines.		Special allowance given by Government.		Total.		From Local or other Funds.		From Municipal Funds.		Interest on investments.		Sale of securities or withdrawal of deposits.	From Europeans.		
		Rs.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.	Rs.	a.	p.
1	Sangor Main	.....	1,433	13	10	.....			.....			22	1	3	.....			50	11	6	1,556	10	7	3	10	0	1,154	4	9	40	0	0	.....			91	0	0
2	Garhakota	.....	300	0	0	.....			.....			.....			.....			.....			300	0	0	.....			520	6	6	32	0	0	.....			.....		
3	Kurai	.....	590	0	0	.....			.....			.....			.....			.....			590	0	0	.....			73	3	11	24	0	0	.....			.....		
4	Sadar Bazar	.....	300	0	0	.....			.....			.....			.....			.....			300	0	0	437	8	4	.....			.....			.....			.....		
5	Rehli	.....	300	0	0	.....			.....			.....			.....			.....			300	0	0	.....			88	9	7	32	0	0	.....			.....		
6	Deori	.....	660	0	0	.....			.....			.....			.....			.....			660	0	0	.....			268	13	2	32	0	0	.....			.....		
7	Shahgarh	.....	660	0	0	.....			.....			.....			.....			.....			660	0	0	220	12	1	.....			40	0	0	.....			.....		
8	Banda	.....	420	0	0	.....			.....			.....			.....			.....			420	0	0	248	3	2	.....			40	0	0	.....			.....		
	Total	.....	4,713	13	10	.....			.....			22	1	3	.....			50	11	6	4,786	10	7	910	1	7	2,404	4	5	240	0	0	.....			91	0	0
9	Damoh Main	.....	660	0	0	.....			.....			.....			.....			.....			660	0	0	89	7	8	173	7	9	.....			.....			72	4	0
10	Damoh Town	.....	.....			.....			.....			.....			.....			.....			.....			.....			.....			.....			.....			.....		
11	Hatta	.....	660	0	0	.....			.....			.....			.....			660	0	0	.....			111	10	7	376	12	9	.....			.....			.....		
12	Jabera	.....	413	3	7	.....			.....			.....			11	8	0	424	11	7	.....			.....			.....			.....			.....			.....		
13	Pathuria	.....	820	0	0	.....			.....			.....			.....			820	0	0	.....			107	12	3	.....			.....			.....			.....		
	Total	.....	2,553	3	7	.....			.....			.....			11	8	0	2,564	11	7	318	14	0	550	4	6	.....			.....			.....			72	4	0
14	Victoria Hospital	.....	1,729	15	3	.....			.....			.....			.....			1,729	15	3	80	0	0	3,157	1	3	.....			.....			.....			269	0	0
15	Jub. City Branch	.....	618	2	4	.....			.....			.....			.....			618	2	4	.....			447	6	0	.....			.....			.....			.....		
16	Civil Station	.....	.....			.....			.....			.....			.....			.....			.....			155	14	10	.....			.....			.....			.....		
17	Schora	.....	289	8	8	.....			.....			.....			.....			289	8	8	.....			329	14	6	.....			.....			.....			.....		
18	Murwara	.....	660	0	0	.....			.....			.....			.....			660	0	0	.....			666	8	1	.....			.....			.....			.....		
19	Bijoragogarh	.....	420	0	0	.....			.....			.....			.....			420	0	0	102	4	7	.....			.....			.....			.....			.....		
20	Thaggi village	.....	.....			.....			.....			.....			.....			.....			.....			.....			.....			.....			.....			.....		
	Total	.....	3,717	9	10	.....			.....			.....			.....			3,717	9	10	182	4	7	1,646	12	2	.....			.....			.....			269	0	0
21	Narsinghpur Ma	.....	275	0	0	.....			.....			5	7	4	.....			280	7	4	.....			668	10	8	.....			.....			.....			96	0	0
22	Gadarwara	.....	360	0	0	.....			.....			.....			.....			360	0	0	.....			.....			.....			.....			.....			.....		
23	Chhindwara	.....	220	0	0	.....			.....			.....			.....			220	0	0	.....			123	7	1	.....			.....			.....			.....		
	Total	.....	855	0	0	.....			.....			5	7	4	.....			860	7	4	.....			657	1	9	.....			.....			.....			96	0	0
24	Hoshangabad Mn	.....	660	0	0	.....			.....			.....			.....			660	0	0	16	14	0	623	7	3	40	9	2	.....			.....			239	0	0
25	Seoni	.....	420	0	0	.....			.....			.....			.....			420	0	0	.....			385	14	6	88	12	8	.....			.....			.....		
26	Sohagpur	.....	300	0	0	.....			.....			.....			.....			300	0	0	3	8	0	210	5	8	.....			.....			.....			45	4	0
27	Harda	.....	780	0	0	.....			.....			.....			.....			780	0	0	3	8	0	33	13	6	38	15	4	.....			.....			99	0	0
28	Pachmarhi	.....	1,103	0	0	.....			341	2	0	11	3	3	0	5	9	152	1	10	1,607	12	10	.....			.....			.....			.....			.....		
29	Kothi Bazar	.....	240	0	0	.....			.....			.....			.....			.....			240	0	0	8	8	1	1,025	13	11	64	6	10	.....			.....		
	Total	.....	3,503	0	0	.....			341	2	0	11	3	3	0	5	9	152	1	10	4,007	12	10	22	14	1	2,285	7	1	239	12	0	.....			383	4	0
03	Khandwa Main	.....	630	0	0	.....			.....			.....			.....			630	0	0	549	14	0	441	12	8	.....			.....			.....			91	0	0
31	Burhanpur	.....	569	10	8	.....			.....			.....			2	8	0	572	2	8	440	0	0	5	15	3	437	12	10	.....			.....			.....		
32	Mandhatta	.....	300	0	0	.....			.....			.....			.....			300	0	0	.....			.....			.....			.....			.....			.....		
33	Pha ndan	.....	300	0	0	.....			.....			.....			.....			300	0	0	197	15	1	.....			.....			.....			.....			.....		
34	Asirgarh	.....	368	0	0	.....			126	4	0	.....			43	7	7	537	11	7	.....			.....			.....			.....			.....			.....		
	Total	.....	2,167	10	8	.....			126	4	0	.....			45	15	7	2,339	14	3	1,147	13	1	447	11	11	437	12	10	.....			.....			91	0	0
35	Mandla Main	.....	420	0	0	.....			.....			.....			.....			420	0	0	2	5	0	131	15	3	.....			.....			.....			159	3	
36	Ram gar Dindori	.....	369	0	0	.....			98	0	0	.....			.....			458	0	0	89	7	0	.....			.....			.....			.....			.....		
	Total	.....	789	0	0	.....			98	0	0	.....			.....			878	0	0	374	8	9	131	15	3	.....			.....			.....			159	3	1
37	Badnur Main	.....	346	5	8	.....			.....			.....			.....			346	5	8	.....			82	11	5	.....			.....			.....			99	0	6
38	Multai	.....	420	0	0	.....			.....			.....			.....			420	0	0	.....			104	13	10	.....			.....			.....			.....		
	Total	.....	766	5	8	.....			.....			.....			.....			766	5	8	.....			187	9	3	.....			.....			.....			99	0	0
93	Chhindwara Main	.....	660	0	0	.....			.....			.....			.....			660	0	0	15	14	3	.....			.....			.....			.....			85	0	0
40	Lodikhera	.....	300	0	0	.....			.....			.....			.....			300	0	0	.....			213	6	9	.....			.....			.....			.....		
	Total	.....	60	0	0	.....			.....			.....			.....			960	0	0	15	14	3	213	6	0	.....			.....			.....			85	0	0
			9																																	

saries in the Central Provinces during the year 1886.

		4									5	6	7	
		Expenditure.												
	3	a	b	c	d	e	f	g	h					
Means.														
From Natives.	Total income.	On establishment.	On bazar medicines.	On European medicines, whether from Government stores or purchased.	On diet.	On Miscellaneous charges.	On buildings or repairs.	Interest during the year.	Total expenditure during the year.		Cash balance on 31st December 1886.	Average cost of each diet.	Percentage of total cost paid by Government.	Numbers.
Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.		Rs.	Rs. a. p.		
340 10 8	3,486 4 0	2,209 13 8	85 5 4	514 5 0	332 15 10	156 13 9	187 15 10	...	3,486 4 0		...	0 1 1	44·66	1
114 6 10	966 12 10	690 0 0	35 6 10	104 7 0	99 4 6	58 10 6	69 0 0	...	966 12 10		...	0 1 1	81·02	2
567 0 0	1,253 3 11	782 10 8	16 8 6	131 14 0	104 15 2	90 0 2	127 8 5	...	1,253 3 11		...	0 1 1	47·02	3
.....	737 8 4	480 0 0	35 0 4	206 11 0	0 13 3	14 15 9	.....	...	737 8 4		...	0 1 3	40·71	4
166 12 5	587 6 0	444 0 0	16 9 2	63 3 0	.....	24 8 10	39 1 0	...	587 6 0		...	...	51·11	5
55 11 0	1,016 7 2	810 0 0	10 15 6	53 13 0	2 4 9	19 7 7	89 14 4	...	1,016 7 2		...	0 0 3	64·96	6
112 15 10	1,033 11 11	804 0 0	29 12 6	39 13 8	.....	156 8 11	3 0 1	...	1,033 11 11		...	...	63·83	7
260 8 0	968 11 2	564 0 0	15 9 2	39 13 6	.....	321 5 3	27 15 3	...	968 11 2		...	...	43·54	8
1,618 0 9	10,050 1 4	6,723 6 11	245 3 3	1,154 0 0	540 5 6	542 6 9	544 10 11	...	10,050 1 4		...	0 1 1	47·83	
879 6 1	1,834 9 6	1,009 0 0	46 15 7	254 3 6	117 4 5	106 13 10	71 6 0	...	1,604 11 4		...	0 1 6	36·16	9
.....	129 0 0	129 0 0	22 2 8	88 2 0	.....	19 9 6	.....	...	219 14 2		...	...		10
854 18 6	1,391 10 3	816 0 0	23 8 4	80 0 0	4 4 1	38 12 10	429 1 6	...	1,391 10 3		...	0 1 6	46·41	11
97 1 0	633 7 2	509 3 7	7 4 10	75 12 6	0 2 0	8 13 4	32 2 9	...	633 7 2		...	0 0 2	67·14	12
122 0 0	1,109 12 3	976 0 0	21 3 0	53 6 9	26 1 1	24 9 3	8 8 2	...	1,109 12 3		...	0 1 5	73·87	13
1,453 4 7	4,950 7 2	3,429 3 7	121 2 6	521 8 11	147 11 7	198 10 9	541 1 11	...	4,950 7 2		...	0 1 6	51·72	
19 0 0	6,255 0 6	2,850 15 2	30 3 10	794 5 2	835 6 4	401 3 3	393 14 7	...	5,255 0 6		...	0 1 9	36·26	14
.....	1,065 8 4	793 2 4	32 0 8	.....	.....	135 5 6	50 0 0	...	1,065 8 4		...	...		15
.....	155 14 10	80 0 0	12 0 6	.....	.....	72 14 4	11 0 0	...	155 14 10		...	...		16
127 1 6	636 7 9	373 8 4	40 2 10	103 3 0	23 14 11	61 9 6	44 1 8	...	636 7 9		...	0 1 5	45·44	17
20 8 0	1,347 0 1	852 0 0	58 13 7	.....	219 5 5	139 3 10	47 9 3	...	1,347 0 1		...	0 1 3	49·00	18
85 11 4	577 15 11	462 0 0	28 14 1	6 2 0	4 5 11	57 10 11	18 15 0	...	577 15 11		...	0 1 2	72·66	19
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	...	.....		...	...		20
223 4 10	9,037 15 5	5,435 9 9	252 3 4	903 10 2	1,113 0 7	857 15 6	475 8 1	...	9,037 15 5		...	0 1 7	41·14	
410 12 0	1,350 14 0	658 12 0	52 7 6	242 8 6	169 4 5	143 8 0	74 5 7	...	1,350 14 0		...	0 1 3	20·73	21
728 11 7	1,088 11 7	613 14 11	48 12 3	90 9 11	112 1 6	99 5 8	123 15 6	...	1,088 11 7		...	0 1 4	33·06	22
180 0 0	528 7 1	392 0 0	7 10 6	76 3 7	9 12 8	37 12 10	.....	...	528 7 1		...	0 0 10	42·66	23
1,319 7 7	2,963 0 8	1,664 10 11	118 13 9	409 6 0	291 2 7	289 10 4	198 5 1	...	2,963 0 8		...	0 1 3	29·02	
432 9 9	2,018 8 2	1,223 1 3	83 11 5	188 7 2	291 15 3	206 5 1	25 0 0	...	2,018 8 2		...	0 1 6	32·71	24
866 2 3	1,260 13 8	837 14 5	28 3 8	171 14 3	125 4 9	95 9 7	1 15 0	...	1,260 13 8		...	0 1 4	33·31	25
544 9 6	1,009 10 2	656 5 8	31 4 4	130 11 9	121 7 8	111 0 9	48 12 0	...	1,009 10 2		...	0 1 2	27·27	26
1,039 0 0	1,983 4 10	1,452 13 4	20 13 9	148 4 2	96 11 4	226 14 6	37 11 9	...	1,983 4 10		...	0 1 3	39·33	27
.....	1,607 12 10	1,103 0 0	12 5 5	341 2 0	11 3 3	75 2 2	65 0 0	...	1,607 12 10		...	0 2 9	100·00	28
88 8 0	1,422 5 0	312 0 0	14 2 1	124 5 3	.....	21 1 4	950 12 4	...	1,422 5 0		...	...	16·88	29
2,460 4 6	9,392 6 8	5,585 2 8	190 8 8	1,104 12 7	646 10 3	736 1 5	1,129 3 1	...	9,392 6 8		...	0 1 5	42·47	
220 0 0	1,332 10 8	1,075 6 10	46 6 6	386 4 5	167 14 4	79 3 10	177 8 9	...	1,932 10 8		...	0 1 1	32·59	30
250 0 0	1,665 14 9	1,054 4 5	22 3 9	256 2 9	105 5 1	104 7 7	123 7 5	...	1,665 14 9		...	0 1 4	34·33	31
900 0 0	1,200 0 0	600 0 0	19 12 8	145 3 7	37 4 2	60 15 8	14 12 0	...	878 0 1		321 15 11	0 0 10	34·17	32
87 0 0	584 15 1	384 0 0	15 11 1	147 2 3	.....	11 11 9	26 6 0	...	584 15 1		...	...	51·28	33
27 0 0	564 11 7	368 0 0	9 10 0	126 4 0	.....	22 7 6	38 6 1	...	564 11 7		...	...	95·22	34
1,484 0 0	5,948 4 1	3,481 11 3	113 11 9	1,061 1 0	310 7 7	278 14 4	380 6 3	...	5,626 4 2		321 15 11	0 1 1	41·59	
186 3 2	1,172 6 4	697 0 0	22 13 5	300 0 6	75 12 6	30 10 2	86 2 3	.....	1,172 6 4		.....	0 1 0	35·84	35
91 11 0	639 2 6	492 0 0	7 6 6	98 0 0	.....	29 12 6	12 0 0	.....	639 2 8		.....	...	71·67	36
276 14 2	1,811 8 10	1,179 0 0	30 3 11	398 0 0	75 12 6	60 6 2	68 2 3	.....	1,811 8 10		.....	0 1 6	43·48	
479 14 6	987 15 1	630 9 8	14 0 9	195 1 0	23 0 1	56 8 1	68 11 6	.....	987 15 1		.....	0 0 3	35·02	37
228 10 0	753 7 10	487 10 8	12 15 6	94 12 0	4 0 9	23 0 8	32 0 2	.....	753 7 10		.....	0 1 7	55·78	38
698 8 0	1,741 6 11	1,218 4 4	27 0 3	289 13 0	27 0 10	78 8 9	100 11 9	.....	1,741 6 11		.....	0 0 4	44·90	
1,453 9 4	2,214 7 7	1,020 4 0	74 12 4	378 2 5	220 10 8	224 12 5	155 4 1	.....	2,065 13 11		148 9 8	0 1 4	31·93	39
141 14 3	655 5 0	469 8 0	12 15 5	46 6 11	8 2 5	79 7 9	38 12 6	.....	655 5 0		.....	0 1 3	45·80	40
1,595 7 7	2,869 12 7	1,489 12 0	87 11 9	424 9 4	228 13 1	304 4 2	194 0 7	.....	2,721 2 11		148 9 8	0 1 5	36·28	

1	2	3																	
		Income.																	
		a	b									c.	c1.	d.	d1.	e.			
Mumbai.	Names of Dispensaries.	Cash balance on 1st January.	From Government.									From Local or other funds.	From Municipal funds.	Interest on investments.	Sale of securities or withdrawal of deposits.	Subscrip			
			As salaries.	As registers and forms.	As European medicines.	For diet of Police cases.	Sale of medicines.	Special allowance given by Government.	Total.							From Europeans.			
		Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.			Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.			
41	Seoni Main	...	660 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	660 0 0			...	2,013 7 2	...	...	3 0 0			
42	Lakhnadon	...	420 0 0	...	87 3 0	...	...	85 6 0	592 9 0			...	...	...	...	...			
	Total	...	1,080 0 0	...	87 3 0	...	...	85 6 0	1,252 9 0			...	2,013 7 2	...	...	3 0 0			
43	Palaghat Main	...	420 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	420 0 0			9 11 9	350 11 5	...	...	69 0 0			
44	Waraseoni	...	300 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	300 0 0			...	216 0 2	...	...	...			
45	Behir	...	308 8 1	...	...	...	...	...	308 8 1			...	...	...	...	...			
46	Katangi	...	35 0 0	...	...	...	...	8 12 0	43 12 0			...	177 2 1	...	...	...			
	Total	...	1,063 8 1	...	...	...	...	8 12 0	1,072 4 1			9 11 9	753 13 8	...	...	69 0 0			
47	Bhandara Main	...	648 8 8	...	...	...	...	...	648 8 8			...	873 7 8	19 7 4	...	90 0 0			
48	Tirora	...	300 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	300 0 0			1,924 11 4	...	16 6 0	...	...			
49	Sakoli	...	240 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	240 0 0			61 9 0	...	...	...	...			
50	Pauni	...	270 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	270 0 0			...	771 6 8	...	...	...			
51	Tumsar	...	300 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	300 0 0			...	3,926 13 6	...	...	...			
	Total	...	1,758 8 8	...	...	...	...	...	1,758 8 8			1,986 4 4	5,570 11 10	35 14 1	...	90 0 0			
52	Mayo Hospital	...	2,700 0 0	...	...	...	...	67 6 0	2,767 6 0			90 11 3	6,550 11 1	...	...	1,577 8 4			
53	Kamptee	...	933 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	933 0 0			1,835 13 7	...	...	...	22 0 0			
54	Rai Bahadur	...	690 15 6	...	...	...	...	...	690 15 6			...	1,053 5 8	276 5 1	...	...			
55	Itwari	...	420 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	420 0 0			...	1,397 12 6	...	...	...			
56	Hendo	...	660 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	660 0 0			...	1,249 0 7	...	...	...			
57	Khapa	...	660 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	660 0 0			...	795 14 1	...	...	...			
58	Gunsir	...	300 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	300 0 0			...	1,047 4 2	...	...	...			
59	Mowar	...	570 10 8	...	...	...	...	...	570 10 8			...	670 15 11	...	...	...			
60	Katol	...	300 0 0	...	...	...	...	4 12 0	304 12 0			559 14 10	...	...	...	...			
61	Ramtek	...	420 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	420 0 0			...	574 9 10	...	...	...			
	Total	...	7,714 10 2	...	...	...	...	72 2 0	7,786 12 2			2,486 7 8	12,331 9 10	276 5 1	...	1,599 8 4			
62	Wardha Main	...	333 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	333 0 0			330 13 6	209 12 4	...	...	415 8 0			
63	Arvi	...	506 13 0	...	...	...	...	...	506 13 0			1 13 9	273 9 5	...	...	...			
64	Sindhi	...	275 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	275 0 0			201 11 5	...	...	...	...			
65	Seli	...	660 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	660 0 0			...	557 13 2	...	...	...			
66	Hinganghat	...	609 5 8	...	...	...	...	...	609 5 8			...	543 9 8	...	...	...			
	Total	...	2,436 2 8	...	...	...	...	...	2,436 2 8			534 6 8	1,584 12 7	...	...	415 8 0			
67	Chanda Main	...	660 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	660 0 0			...	911 11 5	...	...	67 0 0			
68	Warora	...	292 8 0	...	...	...	...	13 3 0	305 11 0			...	300 10 7	...	...	...			
69	Brahmapuri	...	454 2 6	...	...	...	...	9 8 0	463 10 6			165 13 11	...	...	...	...			
70	Sironcha	...	831 1 10	...	...	...	...	...	831 1 10			...	...	...	...	...			
71	Armori	...	713 0 0	...	...	...	...	50 2 0	765 2 0			125 5 8	...	...	...	...			
72	Allapilly	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			...	...	...	...	...			
73	Mul	...	375 0 0	...	...	...	...	35 4 0	410 4 0			58 11 7	...	...	...	...			
	Total	...	3,327 12 4	...	...	...	...	108 1 0	3,435 13 4			349 15 2	1,212 6 0	...	...	67 0 0			
74	Raipur Main	...	1,429 6 0	...	...	...	...	...	1,429 6 0			...	3,095 11 10	...	...	99 0 0			
75	Drug	...	300 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	300 0 0			654 10 2	...	...	...	...			
76	Sadar Bazar	...	300 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	300 0 0			...	450 6 2	...	...	30 0			
77	Dhamtari	...	660 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	660 0 0			...	434 10 7	...	...	...			
78	Arang	...	300 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	300 0 0			458 4 5	...	...	...	...			
79	Biramppur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...			371 9 0	...	...	...	...			
	Total	...	2,989 6 0	...	...	...	...	...	2,989 6 0			1,484 7 7	3,980 12 7	...	...	129 0 0			
80	Bilaspur Main	...	660 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	660 0 0			...	525 0 3	...	...	106 0 0			
81	Mungeli	...	300 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	300 0 0			71 11 1	...	...	...	...			
82	Seoninarain	...	423 6 10	...	...	...	...	13 12 0	437 2 10			141 9 8	...	...	...	...			
	Total	...	1,383 6 10	...	...	...	...	13 12 0	1,397 2 10			213 4 9	525 0 3	...	...	106 0 0			
83	Sambalpur Main	...	300 0 0	...	...	...	...	...	300 0 0			...	1,109 4 2	...	...	158 3 0			
84	Sargarh	...	467 6 9	...	...	...	...	...	467 6 9			421 3 0	...	...	...	...			
	Total	...	767 6 9	...	...	...	...	...	767 6 9			421 3 0	1,109 4 2	...	...	158 3 0			
	Grand Total	...	42,537 9 1	...	652 9 0	38 11 10	5 0 9	548 5 11	43,777 9 7			10,458 3 7	40,635 7 2	1,228 12 8	...	3,973 14 4			

		4								5	6	7	
		Expenditure.											
Years.	*f*	*a*	*b*	*c*	*d*	*e*	*f*	*g*	*h*				
From Natives.	Total income.	On establishment.	On bazar medicines.	On European medicines, whether from Government stores or purchased.	On diet.	On Miscellaneous charges	On buildings or repairs.	Invested during the year.	Total expenditure during the year.	Cash balance on 31st December 1886.	Average cost of each diet.	Percentage of total cost paid by Government.	Number.
Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		
1 0 0	2,676 7 2	1,005 0 0	86 12 9	1,062 14 9	285 13 7	205 15 9	29 14 4	.....	2,676 7 2	.....	0 1 7	24·65	41
291 12 2	874 5 3	552 0 0	27 6 9	87 3 0	84 1 5	84 6 1	39 4 0	.....	874 5 3	.....	0 1 3	67·85	42
292 13 2	3,550 12 5	1,557 0 0	114 3 6	1,150 1 9	369 15 0	290 5 10	69 2 4	.....	3,550 12 5	.....	0 1 0	35·28	
231 13 7	1,091 6 6	623 9 11	14 3 9	155 5 3	85 15 5	130 0 0	83 4 1	.....	1,091 6 5	.....	0 1 1	38·19	43
40 0 0	556 0 2	384 0 0	27 4 5	70 10 1	.....	34 2 4	32 15 4	.....	556 0 2	.....	...	63·96	44
234 0 0	542 8 1	444 0 0	0 10 6	2 4 0	.....	47 9 7	48 0 0	.....	542 8 1	.....	...	56·58	45
.....	220 14 1	44 10 6	0 8 10	.....	.....	175 10 9	.....	.....	220 14 1	.....	...	19·91	46
505 13 7	2,410 12 9	1,495 4 5	42 11 6	228 3 4	85 15 6	387 6 8	171 3 5	.....	2,410 12 9	.....	0 1 1	44·46	
213 6 6	1,343 14 0	906 8 2	63 10 0	350 10 5	88 13 8	250 11 0	93 8 3	.....	1,343 14 0	.....	0 1 3	35·14	47
300 0 0	2,543 1 10	456 0 0	23 8 6	214 3 0	60 1 1	80 13 3	1,708 8 0	.....	2,543 1 10	.....	0 1 8	11·86	48
241 0 0	542 9 0	344 0 0	16 8 5	138 9 9	.....	43 6 10	.....	.....	542 9 0	.....	...	44·20	49
5 1 6	1,046 7 8	475 12 4	32 4 6	229 11 7	.....	199 6 6	109 4 9	.....	1,046 7 8	.....	...	25·81	50
26 2 0	4,253 0 0	418 0 0	9 9 0	131 11 4	.....	88 5 1	3,575 6 7	.....	4,253 0 0	.....	...	7·05	51
787 9 6	10,229 0 6	2,720 5 0	145 8 5	1,064 14 1	148 14 9	572 10 8	5,576 11 7	.....	10,229 0 6	.....	0 1 4	17·19	
122 8 6	10,108 12 8	6,118 7 1	1 14 6	1,325 11 2	2,239 12 5	1,009 11 1	413 4 5	.....	10,108 12 8	.....	0 1 6	27·37	52
340 8 0	3,331 5 7	1,953 0 0	110 1 11	899 6 8	342 3 2	25 10 0	.....	.....	3,331 5 7	.....	0 1 10	28·01	53
.....	2,019 10 10	976 15 6	28 0 0	883 12 8	.....	29 12 6	101 2 1	.....	2,019 10 10	.....	...	34·21	54
1 1 3	1,818 13 9	684 0 0	25 4 6	843 12 9	.....	33 12 6	192 0 0	.....	1,818 13 9	.....	...	23·09	55
.....	1,969 0 7	948 0 0	13 5 3	883 12 9	.....	13 14 7	50 0 0	.....	1,969 0 7	.....	...	34·57	56
.....	1,448 14 1	933 0 0	9 3 8	421 1 11	.....	18 6 7	67 2 3	.....	1,448 14 1	.....	...	45·65	57
.....	1,347 4 2	575 0 0	9 11 9	674 15 2	.....	78 5 9	109 3 6	.....	1,347 4 2	.....	...	22·27	58
.....	1,241 10 7	748 10 8	13 2 1	310 12 5	.....	14 1 9	155 0 2	.....	1,241 10 7	.....	...	45·97	59
.....	924 10 10	537 0 0	10 7 3	332 0 7	.....	25 4 7	19 14 3	.....	924 10 10	.....	...	39·46	60
.....	994 9 10	597 0 0	7 6 0	310 15 4	.....	83 15 6	45 5 6	.....	994 9 10	.....	...	42 21	61
634 1 3	25,144 12 11	15,071 1 3	228 8 11	6,817 5 1	2,581 15 7	1,292 13 5	1,153 0 8	.....	25,144 12 11	.....	0 1 5	30·97	
115 5 0	1,596 6 10	759 0 6	48 15 8	306 7 11	123 12 8	129 5 5	132 13 2	.....	1,596 6 10	.....	0 1 7	25·56	62
199 0 0	941 4 2	638 13 0	21 8 6	138 1 3	15 11 11	67 0 0	61 0 4	.....	941 4 2	.....	0 3 6	51·78	63
280 8 9	697 3 5	305 0 0	8 7 3	158 13 0	.....	20 11 2	194 4 0	.....	697 3 5	.....	...	39·45	64
24 8 0	1,242 5 2	736 0 0	10 12 6	113 1 8	.....	53 1 8	330 4 0	.....	1,242 5 2	.....	...	53 14	65
68 12 0	1,221 11 4	789 5 8	30 11 7	172 11 7	36 15 4	39 3 5	152 11 9	.....	1,221 11 4	.....	0 1 7	49 34	66
658 13 1	5,648 14 11	3,681 2 8	129 8 6	883 3 5	182 7 11	269 6 2	790 1 8	.....	5,648 14 11	.....	0 1 7	43·12	
99 2 0	1,737 13 5	1,025 8 4	29 2 8	312 12 0	72 14 0	251 11 3	37 12 7	.....	1,737 13 5	.....	0 1 5	37·97	67
207 0 0	813 5 7	484 8 0	32 8 0	250 15 0	.....	45 6 1	.....	.....	813 5 7	.....	...	37·64	68
125 15 8	755 7 8	602 2 8	17 12 8	90 6 3	.....	46 14 1	18 4 0	.....	755 7 8	.....	...	61·16	69
228 13 0	1,059 14 10	656 0 0	10 1 10	110 15 8	12 7 8	70 5 8	.....	.....	1,059 14 10	.....	0 1 3	78·10	70
173 12 0	1,964 3 8	823 0 0	20 14 3	99 13 8	.....	101 3 9	28 4 0	.....	1,964 3 8	.....	...	71·50	71
.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	...	...	72
213 11 0	682 11 4	483 0 0	8 7 8	99 13 8	.....	80 12 0	19 10 0	.....	682 11 4	.....	...	69·63	73
1,618 6 0	6,113 8 6	4,234 3 0	118 15	947 13 3	93 5 8	616 5 4	103 14 7	.....	6,113 8 6	.....	0 1 5	56·28	
75 0 0	4,699 1 10	2,055 2 6	119 7	392 2 8	552 4 9	996 3 6	573 6 6	.....	4,699 1 10	.....	0 1	37·41	74
.....	954 10 2	538 0 0	24 6	179 0 0	121 4 6	94 3 2	7 12 6	.....	954 10 2	.....	0 1	31·43	75
53 0 0	813 6 2	403 0 0	57 0	257 10 0	.....	56 7 9	53 3 11	.....	813 6 2	.....	...	36·91	76
.....	1,094 10 7	777 0 0	36 7	208 3 0	.....	42 10 10	.....	.....	1,094 10 7	.....	...	69·27	77
.....	758 4 5	474 0 0	52 11	179 0 0	.....	38 4 7	14 4 6	.....	758 4 5	.....	...	39·58	78
.....	371 9 0	132 0 0	20 12	179 2 0	18 1 6	21 9 8	.....	.....	371 9 0	.....	0 4	...	79
107 0 0	8,690 10 2	4,334 2 0	810 13	1,425 13 8	691 10 9	1,220 7 4	649 11 5	.....	8,690 10 2	.....	0 1	34·39	
175 4 0	1,466 4 3	924 0 0	67 2	207 6 10	63 4 9	107 6 9	77 0 0	.....	1,466 4 3	.....	0 0 7	45·02	80
135 0 0	506 11 1	300 0 0	19 14	67 14 9	.....	28 13 7	.....	.....	506 11 1	.....	...	59·17	81
29 6 6	608 3 0	501 6 10	4 3	67 14 9	.....	34 10 0	.....	.....	608 3 0	.....	...	77·87	82
339 10 6	2,581 2 4	1,815 6 10	91 4	343 4 4	83 4 9	170 13 9	77 0 0	.....	2,581 2 4	.....	0 0 7	54·13	
526 11 6	2,094 3 8	739 0 0	130 2	630 8 0	159 15 4	203 6 11	240 2 3	.....	2,094 3 8	.....	0 1 9	14·33	83
120 0 0	1,008 9 9	662 4 9	27 0	244 4 0	14 14 8	27 13 5	42 5 10	.....	1,008 9 9	.....	0 0 5	46·28	84
646 11 6	3,102 12 5	1,382 4 9	157 2 3	874 12 0	174 14 0	231 3 4	282 8 1	.....	3,102 12 5	.....	0 1 6	24·72	
16,178 7 3	116,246 6 7	64,254 11 4	2,525 7 6	30,000 2 11	7,792 8 4	8,698 7 3	12,504 7 8	.....	115,775 13 6	470 9 7	0 1 5	37·81	

IV.—STATISTICS OF INSTRUCTION.

Ecclesiastical.

Return of persons according to religious denominations in the Central Provinces for the year 1886-87.

1	2		3	4	5	6
Denominations.	Number of persons.		Number of Ministers or Priests.	Number of churches or buildings designed or used for Worship.	Total annual income from Government.	Remarks.
	Natives.	Others.				
Church of England	311	2,078	10	11	27,165	
Church of Scotland	248	82	4	2	.....	
Protestant Dissenters	214	204	6	3	.....	
Roman Catholics	4,098	2,093	14	14	12,062	
Methodists	30	100	1	3	.....	
Lutheran Church	25	8	3	.....	.....	
Greek Church	.....	8	.....	.....	.....	
Armenians	.....	13	1	1	72	
Syrians	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Jews	104	154	1	.....	.....	
Parsi	197	493	1	.....	.....	
Hindu	6,159,906	15,040	.....	.....	.....	
Mahomedans	218,770	3,205	.....	.....	.....	
Buddhists	502	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Jain	36,328	97	.....	.....	.....	
Arya Samaji	10	.....	.....	.....	.....	
Sikh	75	16	.....	.....	.....	
Other Sects	1,440,412	6,209	.....	.....	.....	
Total ...	7,861,230	29,800	41	34	39,299	

Return showing the results of Prescribed Examinations in the Central Provinces during the official year 1886-87.

Nature of Examination.	Number of Institutions sending Examinees.				Number of Examinees.					Number passed.					Race or Creed of passed scholars.						Remarks.
	Institutions under Public management.	Aided Institutions.	Other Institutions.	Total.	Institutions under Public management.	Aided Institutions.	Other Institutions.	Private Students.	Total.	Institutions under Public management.	Aided Institutions.	Other Institutions.	Private Students.	Total.	Europeans and Eurasians.	Native Christians.	Hindus.	Mahammadans.	Parsis.	Others.	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16*a*	16*b*	16*c*	16*d*	16*e*	16*f*	
Arts Colleges—																					
1. Master of Arts ...	...	...	F1	1	...	...	2	..	2	...	...	1	...	1	...	...	1	...	...	...	F. Foreign Colleges receiving our students.
2. Bachelor of Arts ...	1	2	F2	5	3	9	3	...	15	3	7	3	...	13	...	...	11	1	1	...	
3. B. Sc. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	
4 { First B. A. ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	..	...	...	...	
4 { First B. Sc. ...	...	...	...	...	..	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	
4 { First Arts ...	1	2	...	3	14	19	...	1	34	12	14	...	1	27	...	...	26	1	..	..	
4 { Previous Examination ...	...	..	...	...	...	...	..	.	...	...	...	...	..	...	. .	...	...	...	..	...	
Colleges for Professional Training—																					
Law—																					
1. Doctor of Law ...	..	...	..	..	. .	..	..	...	...	..	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	..	...	
2. Bachelor of Law ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	..	..	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	
Medicine—																					
4 { First M. B. ...	...	..	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
4 { First L. M. S. ...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	.	...	...	..	
Engineering—																					
3. L. C. E. ...	...	...	..	..	...	..	..	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..		
4. First L. C. E. ..	...	...	..	...	...	..	..	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Schools of General Education—																					
Matriculation ... { Boys ...	3	5	1	9	83	103	12	41	239	47	74	3	8	132	3	..	116	10	3	...	
Matriculation ... { Girls ...	...	...	.	...	...	...	..	.	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	..	
Middle School Examination. { Boys ...	36	16	...	52	375	242	..	82	699	251	139	...	14	404	7	5	346	45	1	...	
Middle School Examination. { Girls ...	...	2	..	2	...	9	...	.	9	...	2	..	...	2	2	...	...	...	...	...	
Upper Primary Examination. { Boys ...	839	197	14	1,050	8,874	1,161	92	4	10,131	5,879	582	34	4	6,499	21	14	5,840	419	1	204	
Upper Primary Examination. { Girls ...	23	12	2	37	139	81	4	...	224	91	30	2	...	123	20	4	97	2	...	...	
Lower Primary Examination. { Boys ...	930	311	17	1,258	11,624	2,579	139	2	14,344	8,089	1,321	69	1	9,480	9	2	8,484	692	3	272	
Lower Primary Examination. { Girls ...	61	22	2	85	530	141	2	...	673	300	48	8	...	356	19	4	322	7	..	4	
Public Service Certificate Examination. { English ...	...	..	4	4	...	...	11	3	14	...	...	2	3	5	...	...	3	2	...	...	
Public Service Certificate Examination. { Vernacular.	...	...	6	6	...	...	34	4	38	...	...	19	4	23	...	...	15	8	...	..	
Schools of Special Instruction—																					
1. Training School Examination for Masters. { Upper ...	3	...	...	3	89	..	..	1	81	70	...	...	...	70	...	..	67	3	...	...	
1. Training School Examination for Masters. { Lower ..	3	4	16	23	92	45	39	4	180	108	...	15	1	124	..	..	112	10	2	..	
2. Training School Examination for Mistresses. { Upper ..	...	..	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	..	..	...	...	..	...	.	...	...	
2. Training School Examination for Mistresses. { Lower ...	1	..	1	2	9	...	1	...	10	7	...	1	...	8	...	...	8	..	..	.	
3. Examination in Engineering ...	...	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	
4. Examination in Surveying ...	25	...	...	25	206	...	...	...	206	106	...	...	...	106	...	...	95	11	..	..	
5. Industrial School Examination ...	2	...	..	2	12	..	...	..	12	7	...	...	...	7	..	...	7	...	...	...	

Return of Colleges, Schools and Scholars

Class of Institutions.	Public													
	Under Public Management.												Under	
	Maintained by the Department.				Maintained by the District Councils and Local Boards.				Maintained by Feudatory States.				Aided by the the District nicipal	
	Number of Institutions.	Number of scholars on the rolls on 31st March.	Average number on the rolls monthly during the year.	Average daily attendance.	Number of Institutions.	Number of scholars on the rolls on 31st March.	Average number on the rolls monthly during the year.	Average daily attendance.	Number of Institutions.	Number of scholars on the rolls on 31st March.	Average number on the rolls monthly during the year.	Average daily attendance.	Number of Institutions.	Number of scholars on the rolls on 31st March.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Arts Colleges.														
University Education. — English ...	1	47	44	39	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	53
Total ...	1	47	44	39	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2	53
Secondary Schools.														
School Education, General. — For Boys ... English ...	37	2,687	2,558	2,116	2	89	97	76	1	8	8	6	23	1,250
For Boys ... Vernacular ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
For Girls ... English ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3	97
Total ...	37	2,687	2,558	2,116	2	89	97	76	1	8	8	6	26	1,347
Primary Schools.														
For Boys ...	192	14,032	13,937	10,661	740	50,879	49,890	34,422	68	4,101	3,280	2,654	583	24,692
For Girls ...	35	1,606	1,593	1,007	29	1,291	1,233	817	1	84	76	47	38	1,751
Total ..	227	15,638	15,530	11,668	769	52,170	51,123	35,239	69	4,185	3,356	2,701	621	26,443
Schools for Special Instruction.														
School Education, Special. — Training Schools for Masters.	3	194	187	170	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Training Schools for Mistresses ...	1	27	28	24	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Industrial Schools ...	10	151	144	102	4	91	90	68	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ...	14	372	359	296	4	91	90	68	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total of Colleges and Schools of Public Instruction ...	279	18,744	18,491	14,119	775	52,350	51,310	35,383	70	4,193	3,364	2,707	649	27,843

PRIVATE INSTITUTIONS ...

1.—Advanced teaching—
- (*a*) Arabic or Persian ... ...
- (*b*) Sanskrit ... ...
- (*c*) Any other Oriental Classic ... ...

2.—Elementary, teaching a Vernacular only or mainly ... ...

3.—European and Eurasian Schools not conforming to Departmental Standards ...

4.—Other Schools not conforming to Departmental Standards ... ...

tion 2.

in the Central Provinces for the official year 1886-87.

Institutions.								Number of scholars on the 31st of March learning.			Classification of scholars on the 31st of March according to Race or Creed.							Remarks.
Private Management.																		
Department or by Councils or Municipal Boards.		Unaided.																
Average number on the rolls monthly during the year.	Average daily attendance.	Number of Institutions.	Number of scholars on the rolls on 31st March.	Average number on the rolls monthly during the year.	Average daily attendance.	Grand Total of Public Institutions.	Grand Total of scholars on the 31st of March.	English.	A classical language.	A vernacular language.	Europeans and Eurasians.	Native Christians.	Hindus.	Mahomedans.	Parsis.	Gonds and other aboriginal tribes.	Others.	
16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27a	27b	27c	27d	27e	27f	27g	28
52	47	...	...	...	...	3	100	100	88	...	2	1	85	7	4	...	1	
52	47	...	...	...	...	3	100	100	88	...	2	1	85	7	4	...	1	
1,279	1,048	4	80	74	53	67	4,114	4,114	996	3,527	100	53	3,464	471	...	13	13	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
80	76	1	5	6	5	4	102	102	...	73	102	...	...	...	...	...	...	
1,359	1,124	5	85	80	58	71	4,216	4,216	996	3,600	202	53	3,464	471	...	13	13	
24,918	17,033	100	3,311	3,391	2,265	1,683	97,015	2,806	280	96,937	320	298	83,703	7,376	19	1,970	3,329	
1,673	1,180	13	426	378	264	116	5,158	467	41	4,823	392	216	4,158	327	4	16	45	
26,591	18,213	113	3,737	3,769	2,529	1,799	1,02,173	3,273	321	1,01,760	712	514	87,861	7,703	23	1,986	3,374	
...	...	...	...	...	...	3	194	...	...	194	...	...	177	15	...	...	2	
...	...	...	...	...	...	1	27	...	...	27	...	...	24	3	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	14	242	...	...	158	...	8	206	24	...	2	2	
...	...	...	...	...	...	18	463	...	...	379	...	8	407	42	...	2	4	
28,002	19,384	118	3,822	3,849	2,587	1,891	1,06,952	7,589	1,405	1,05,739	916	576	91,817	8,223	27	2,001	3,392	428 Girls in Boys' schools. 37 Boys in Girls' schools.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	For Boys ...				1	4	...	4	...	...	...	4	...	...	...	...	
		„ Girls ..				1	13	...	13	...	...	...	13	...	...	...	...	
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	For Boys ..				2	32	...	32	...	...	...	...	32	...	...	...	
		„ Girls ...				...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	For Boys ...				...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		„ Girls ...				...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
...	...	For Boys ...				...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		„ Girls ...				...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
		Total ...				4	49	...	49	...	...	...	17	32	...	...	...	Total Girls in Boys' schools 428. Total Boys in Girls' schools 37.
		Grand Total ...				1,895	107,001	7,589	1,454	105,739	916	576	91,834	8,255	27	2,001	3,392	

Objects of Expenditure.	Maintained by the Department.							Maintained by the District Councils			
	Provincial Revenues.	Local Rates or Cesses.	Municipal funds.	Fees.	Subscriptions.	Endowments and other sources.	Total.	Provincial Revenues.	Local Rates or Cesses.	Municipal Funds.	Fees.
1	2a	2b	2c	2d	2e	2f	2	3a	3b	3c	3d
Arts Colleges.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
University Education — English ...	9,948	...	...	1,090	...	3,404	14,442	...	...	...	...
Total	9,948	...	...	1,090	...	3,404	14,442	...	...	...	...
Secondary Schools.											
School Education, General — For Boys — English	45,533	...	14,401	15,043	191	1,250	76,418	...	866	...	250
For Boys — Vernacular	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
For Girls — English	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
For Girls — Vernacular	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	45,533	...	14,401	15,043	191	1,250	76,418	...	866	...	250
Primary Schools.											
For Boys ...	33,097	1,429	25,982	12,540	1,052	651	74,751	11,926	1,46,715	606	8,892
For Girls ..	6,346	392	2,753	..	252	13	9,756	26	4,990	178	...
Total	39,443	1,821	28,735	12,540	1,304	664	84,507	11,952	1,51,705	784	8,892
Schools for Special Instruction.											
School Education, Special — Training Schools for Masters	21,582	...	...	...	..	...	21,582	...	...	...	...
Training Schools for Mistresses	5,257	...	...	...	...	...	5,257	...	...	...	...
Schools of Art ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...
Engineering and Surveying Schools	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Industrial Schools	2,239	...	24	...	...	...	2,263	...	558	...	...
Other Schools ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total ..	29,078	...	24	...	...	...	29,102	...	558	...	...
University ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Direction ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Inspection ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Scholarships held in — Arts Colleges ...	5,935	...	...	...	...	...	5,935	..	.	...	...
Professional Colleges...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Secondary Schools ...	5,908	896	176	...	...	147	7,127	30	21	...	.
Primary Schools ...	1,386	503	263	...	36	68	2,256	13	2,329	8	...
Special Schools other than Training Schools.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Buildings ...	9,228	...	3,382	...	1,025	15	13,650	2,494	23,355	12	263
Furniture and Apparatus (Special grants only) ...	1,167	..	118	...	60	...	1,345	...	1,615	...	152
Miscellaneous	786	...	...	...	...	37,039	*37,825	...	...	...	...
Total ...	24,410	1,399	3,939	..	1,121	37,269	68,138	2,537	27,520	20	415
Total Expenditure on Public Instruction ...	1,48,412	3,220	47,099	28,673	2,616	42,587	2,72,607	14,489	1,80,649	804	9,557

* Book Depôt charges ... ... Rs. 35,179
Value of books lithographed in the Press 1,860
Grant for Vernacular literature ... 786
Total ... 37,825

TION 3.

Central Provinces for the official year 1886-87.

STITUTIONS.

Management.										Under Private Management.									
and Local Boards.			Maintained by Feudatory States.							Aided by the Department or by the District Councils or Municipal Boards.							Unaided.			
Subscriptions.	Endowments and other sources.	Total.	Native State Revenues.	Local Rates or Cesses levied in Native States.	Municipal Funds raised in Native States.	Fees.	Subscriptions.	Endowments and other sources.	Total.	Provincial Revenues.	Local Rates or Cesses.	Municipal Funds.	Fees.	Subscriptions.	Endowments and other sources.	Total.	Fees.	Subscriptions.	Endowments and other sources.	Total.
3e	3f	3	4a	4b	4c	4d	4e	4f	4	5a	5b	5c	5d	5e	5f	5	6a	6b	6c	6
Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	4,820	..	6,300	931	2,828	8,911	23,790	...	...	...	...
...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	4,820	...	6,300	931	2,828	8,911	23,790	...	...	...	...
646	...	1,762	615	...	..	...	...	...	615	12,830	...	5,079	5,162	5,023	8,233	36,327	112	177	1,375	1,664
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2,403	..	400	2,230	830	895	6,758	...	...	134	134
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
646	...	1,762	615	...	...	..	...	...	615	15,233	...	5,479	7,392	5,853	9,128	43,085	112	177	1,509	1,798
2,730	565	1,71,434	8,955	...	...	119	...	...	9,074	33,474	...	3,273	7,159	9,199	11,537	64,642	403	563	4,672	5,638
3	...	5,197	235	..	...	..	..	...	235	9,005	...	690	3,263	1,666	8,927	23,551	...	313	1,286	1,599
2,733	565	1,76,631	9,190	...	..	119	..	...	9,309	42,479	..	3,963	10,422	10,865	20,464	88,193	403	876	5,958	7,237
...	...	...	...	...	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	558	...	...	...	...	.	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	558	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	.	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1,596	...	...	...	770	490	2,856	...	...	...	...
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
...	...	51	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	3,577	...	...	...	...	39	3,616	...	...	18	18
...	...	2,350	180	...	...	...	...	...	180	555	...	...	...	...	...	555	...	...	...	...
...	...	28,426	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2,102	...	2,312	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	7,100	...	20	...	130	25,067	32,317	...	...	...	...
545	...	...	97	...	...	...	...	...	97	1,000	..	...	398	...	2,592	3,990	..	39	...	39
...	...	...	...	...	..	..	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2,647	...	33,139	277	...	...	...	.	...	277	13,828	...	20	398	900	28,188	43,334	...	39	18	57
6,026	565	2,12,090	10,082	...	...	119	...	...	10,207	76,360	..	15,762	19,143	20,446	66,691	1,98,402	515	1,092	7,485	9,092

B.—EDUCATION 3.—Concluded.

Return of Expenditure on Public Instruction in the Central Provinces for the official year 1886-87.

Objects of Expenditure.	Total Expenditure from						Remarks.
	Provincial Revenues.	Local Rates or Cesses.	Municipal Funds.	Fees.	All other sources.	Grand Total.	
	7a	7b	7c	7d	7e	7	8
Arts Colleges.							
University Education — English ...	14,768	...	6,300	2,021	15,143	38,232	
Total ...	14,768	...	6,300	2,021	15,143	38,232	
Secondary Schools.							
School Education, General. — For Boys — English ...	58,363	866	19,480	20,567	17,510	1,16,786	
For Boys — Vernacular ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
For Girls — English ..	2,403	...	400	2,230	1,859	6,892	
For Girls — Vernacular ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total ...	60,766	866	19,880	22,797	19,369	1,23,678	
Primary Schools.							
For Boys	78,497	1,48,144	29,861	29,113	39,924	32,539	
For Girls	15,377	5,382	3,621	3,263	12,695	40,338	
Total ...	93,874	1,53,526	33,482	32,376	52,619	3,65,877	
Schools for Special Instruction.							
School Education, Special. — Training Schools for Masters ...	21,582	...	...	...	...	21,582	
Training Schools for Mistresses ...	5,257	...	...	...	...	5,257	
Schools of Art ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Engineering and Surveying Schools ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Industrial Schools ...	2,239	558	24	...	...	2,821	
Other Schools ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Total ...	29,078	558	24	...	...	29,660	
University	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Direction	27,877	..	...	...	...	27,877	
Inspection	87,790	...	...	...	1,169	88,959	
Scholarships held in — Arts Colleges ...	7,531	...	...	...	1,260	8,791	
Scholarships held in — Professional Colleges ..	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Scholarships held in — Secondary Schools ...	9,515	917	176	...	204	10,812	
Scholarships held in — Primary Schools ...	1,954	2,832	271	...	284	5,341	
Special Schools other than Training Schools ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
Buildings	18,822	23,555	3,414	263	28,339	74,393	
Furniture and Apparatus (Special grants only).	2,167	1,615	118	550	3,333	7,783	
Miscellaneous	786	...	...	...	37,039	37,825	
Total ...	1,56,442	28,919	3,979	813	71,628	2,61,781	
Total Expenditure on Public Instruction...	3,54,928	*1,83,869	63,665	58,007	1,58,759	8,19,228	

* Of the total sum of Rs. 1,83,869, only Rs. 1,21,316 were rural cess receipts; the decrease in these receipts is explained in paragraph 5 of the Note by the Comptroller, Central Provinces, in the District Fund Budget Estimate for 1887-88.

B.—Education 4.

List of Government Colleges and Scholars of all Schools and Colleges aided and inspected by Government in the several districts under the Administration of the Central Provinces.

Name of District.	Vernacular spoken.	Area in square miles.	Estimate of population.	Number of Schools.	Number of Scholars on the roll on the 31st March 1887.	Average number of square miles to each school.	Percentage of scholars to population.	Remarks.
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Balaghat ...	Hindi ..	3,146	340,554	54	2,460	58·4	·7	
Betul ..	Hindi and Marathi ...	3,905	304,905	94	4,354	41·5	1·4	
Bilaspur ...	Hindi ...	7,798	1,017,327	79	5,420	98·7	·5	
Bhandara ...	Marathi ...	3,922	683,779	116	6,482	33·8	·9	
Chanda ...	Marathi and Telugu ...	10,785	649,146	91	5,032	118·5	·7	
Chhindwara ...	Marathi and Hindi ..	3,915	372,899	42	2,142	93·2	·5	
Damoh ...	Hindi and Urdu ...	2,799	312,957	68	3,225	41·1	1·03	
Hoshangabad ...	Marathi, Hindi and Urdu ..	4,437	488,787	98	5,166	45·2	1·05	
Jubbulpore ..	Hindi and Urdu ..	3,918	687,233	185	10,194	21·1	1·4	
Nagpur ...	Marathi ...	3,786	697,356	200	12,261	18·9	1·7	
Mandla ...	Hindi and Urdu ...	4,719	301,760	53	2,026	89·0	·6	
Nimar ...	Hindi and Marathi ..	3,340	231,341	106	4,700	31·5	2·03	
Narsinghpur ...	Hindi and Urdu ...	1,916	365,173	94	5,697	20·3	1·5	
Seoni ...	Hindi ...	3,247	334,733	45	2,424	72·1	·7	
Saugor ...	Hindi and Urdu ...	4,005	564,950	96	6,415	41·7	1·1	
Raipur ...	Hindi ...	11,885	1,405,171	183	13,401	64·9	·9	
Sambalpur ...	Hindi and Uriya ...	4,521	693,499	177	10,350	25·5	1·4	
Wardha ...	Marathi ...	2,401	387,221	114	5,252	21·0	1·3	
		84,445	9,838,791	1,895	107,001	44·5	1·1	

C.—Scientific and Literary.

1. Scientific and Literary Societies for 1886-87.

Name.	Object.	Income.				Members or visitors.					When established.	Remarks.
		From Government.	Endowments.	Subscriptions.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Juveniles.	Total.	Registered or not.		
BETUL.			Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.							
Native General Library, Badnur ...	Self improvement ...	...	...	118 8 9	118 8 9	55	...	...	55	Not	20th July 1884.	
Betul Reading club ...	Do. ...	...	...	121 7 6	121 7 6	43	...	...	43	do.	1st February 1885.	
BHANDARA.												
Public Library, Bhandara ...	Public interest ...	...	100 0 0	381 2 0	481 2 0	57	...	...	57	do.	1863.	
CHANDA.												
The Sneha Wardhak Sabha, Warora.	Public improvement and undertaking social matters ...	...	...	66 9 0	66 9 0	15	...	...	15	do.	17th October 1885.	
CHHINDWARA.												
Chicholi	Self Improvement ...	...	...	10 0 0	10 0 0	12	...	...	12	do.	July 1886.	
DAMOH.												
General Library	Do. ...	*	...	39 0 0	39 0 0	300	...	...	300	do.	17th July 1877.	* The grant of Rs. 100 will appear in next year's return.
HOSHANGABAD.												
Sanskrit Sabha, Hoshangabad ..	Regeneration of Sanskrit. ...	...	...	...	...	20	...	...	20	do.	September 1883.	
Native Reading Room, Seoni-Malwa.	Improvement of knowledge ...	...	...	30 0 0	30 0 0	60	...	...	60	do.	.....	
JUBBULPORE.												
Mahajani Sabha, Murwara ...	For the promotion of instruction in Sanskrit ..	...	40 0 0	...	40 0 0	40	...	20	60	do.	1st Septr. 1884.	
Kayasth Sabha, Jubbulpore ..	Literary and Political ...	...	...	...	...	23	...	...	23	do.	1874.	
Anjuman Islamiya, Jubbulpore ..	Do. ...	1,200	1,760 0 0	120 0 0	3,080 0 0	48	...	...	48	...	15th October 1876.	
Kowria Balbodhi, Sabha ...	Scientific and Literary ..	...	...	4 0 0	4 0 0	8	...	...	8	...	1886.	
Jubilee Reading club, Murwara ..	Improvement of General knowledge ...	...	...	120 0 0	120 0 0	40	...	20	60	...	16th Feby. 1887.	

NAGPUR.														
Native General Library, Nagpur ...	Propagation of General knowledge ...	...	[a] 15 0 0	[b] 546 1 0	561 1 0	61	1	1	63	do.	1863.	
Sitabaldi Reading room ...	Newspaper reading ...	...	...	250 0 0	250 0 0	35	...	25	60	...	1866.	
Umrer Native Library ...	To promote learning ...	...	*150 0 0	183 0 0	333 0 0	305	...	500	805	...	1st January 1867.	* From the Municipality.
NIMAR.												
Burhanpur Public Library ...	Reading Newspapers ...	...	145 6 3	215 12 0	361 2 3	46	...	...	46	do.	1870.	
Burhanpur Prayatnik Sabha ..	Encouragement of Vernacular literature ...	...	...	...	...	40	...	...	40	do.	1881.	
Burhanpur Students' meeting ...	Self improvement ...	...	...	5 0 0	5 0 0	10	...	20	30	do.	1883.	
Morris Memorial Library, Khandwa	Newspaper reading ...	...	...	226 8 0	226 8 0	49	...	...	49	do.	1875.	
Do. do. ...	Do. ...	...	124 5 9	240 13 0	365 2 9	57	...	...	51	do.	January 1884.	
Balkaumudi Sabha, Khandwa ...	Self-improvement ...	...	1 14 0	...	1 14 0	75	...	...	75	do.	1882.	
SAUGOR.												
Hit Sabha, Saugor ...	Political and Educational.	...	...	115 8 0	115 8 0	92	...	...	92	do.	15th Decr. 1874.	
Hit Sabha Newspaper and Reading Club, Saugor ...	Public good and encouragement of Education.	...	...	35 0 0	35 0 0	8	...	...	8	do.	1st Novr. 1873.	
WARDHA.												
Native Library, Wardha ...	Newspaper and other reading ...	...	...	*300 0 0	300 0 0	30	...	...	30	do.	September 1870.	* Of this sum Rs. 50 were given by the Municipality.
Arvi Education Society ...	Dialectics ..	...	...	*250 0 0	250 0 0	150	...	50	200	do.	1877.	* do.
Native Library Arvi ...	Newspaper reading ...	...	...	*200 0 0	200 0 0	25	...	...	25	do.	1874.	* do.
Do. Hinganghat ..	Do. ..	...	...	50 0 0	50 0 0	28	...	...	28	do.	July 1883.	
Do. Ashti ...	News paper and other reading ...	...	...	*400 0 0	400 0 0	15	...	...	15	do.	April 1886.	* From District Council.

(a) The Raja of Rajnandgaon gave a donation of Rs. 500. From the interest on this sum a prize of Rs. 30 is to be awarded to a student fulfilling certain conditions. The library can make use of only what remains after paying this sum of Rs. 30. Interest for last year was Rs. 45.

(b) Of this sum Rs. 165 was given as a donation by the Municipality of Nagpur. The money was placed in the Savings Bank and Rs. 8-15-0 were drawn as interest.

2.—The Press.

1	2	3	4		5
			Publication thereat.		
			A.	B	
District.	Name of Press.	Name of Proprietor.	Newspapers.	Periodicals.	Remarks.
Chanda	Ratna Khani ...	Sukhadeo Pardeshi and Company at Warora ..	.....	...	Miscellaneous forms and statements are lithographed.
Hoshangabad	Nyaya Sudha ...	Sadashive Ramchandra Patwardhan, Harda	Nyaya Sudha ...	...	Anglo Marathi paper.
Do.	Satya Prakash ...	Balwant Rao Gopal Kekre, Harda...	.....	...	
Do.	The Mauj-i-Narbada ...	Maulvi Abdul Karim, Hoshangabad	The Mauj-i-Narbada ...	...	One Urdu and one Hindi.
Jubbulpore	Star Press ...	Mr. J. Blanchett ...	.. ...	...	Job-work.
Do.	Imperial Press, Saddar Bazar, Jubbulpore ...	N. Narayanswami ...	.....	...	Do.
Do.	Anjuman Press ..	Anjuman Islamia ...	.....	...	Do.
Do.	Albert Press ...	Do. ...	... ..	...	Do.
Nagpur	Albert Press ...	Mr. J. Bailey ...	Weekly Newspaper ...	...	Anglo Marathi
Do.	Tarjuman-i-Nagpur ...	Mahomed Oosman ...	Do. ...	...	Anglo Urdu.
Do.	Fanindrapur Mani Prakash ..	Krishnaji Pant ...	Do. ...	...	Job-work
Do.	Nagpur Vritta ...	Balkrishna Laxman ...	Do. ...	...	Do.
Do.	Nagpur Vaibhava ...	Ramkrishna Dixit ...	Do. ...	...	Do.
Do.	Dand Dhari ...	Ramkrishna Hari ...	Do. ...	...	Do.
Do.	Victoria Press ..	Lala Ramcharan ...	Job-work ...	...	Do.
Narsinghpur	Saraswati Vilas Press ...	Nanhe Lal Murlidhar ...	Do. ...	Saraswati Vilas.	A monthly magazine in Hindi.
Nimar. Khandwa	Subodha Sindhu ...	Laxman Anant ...	Weekly paper ...	...	Marathi.
Nimar. Burhanpur	Arya Vaibhav ...	Raghunath Balkrishna Bhide ...	Do. ...	...	Do.
Seoni (Chhappara) ...	Hatty Daroo Press ...	Cowasji Meharwanji Hatty Daroo..	.....	...	Job-work.

V.—STATISTICS OF LIFE.

V. I.—Deaths registered from different causes in the Districts and Towns of the Central Provinces during the year 1886-87.

Number.	Districts and Towns.	Population according to Census of 1881.	Cholera.	Small pox.	Fevers.	Bowel complaints.	Injuries.					All other causes.	Total deaths from all causes.	Ratio of deaths per 1,000 of population.							
							Suicide.		Wounding or accident.	Snake bite or killed by wild beasts.	Total.			Cholera.	Small pox.	Fevers.	Bowel complaints.	Injuries.	All other causes.	From all causes.	
							Males.	Females.												For the year.	Mean of previous 5 years.
	A.—DISTRICTS.																				
	Vindhyan Division.																				
	Saugor ...	491,106	...	206	10,794	1,917	24	34	155	178	391	4,994	18,302	...	0·42	21·98	3·90	0·80	10·17	37·27	35·67
	Damoh ...	297,967	1	97	5,378	1,161	12	15	123	90	240	3,476	10,362	0·00	0·32	18·05	3·91	0·83	11·67	34·78	36·12
	Murwara ...	149,104	1	13	2,422	655	8	2	43	34	87	933	4,111	0·01	0·09	16·24	4·39	0·58	6·26	27·57	33·05
	Nerbudda Division.																				
	Jubbulpore ...	442,533	...	9	8,141	2,492	19	22	154	81	276	5,414	16,332	0·00	0·02	18·40	5·63	0·62	12·23	36·90	38·80
	Narsinghpur ..	346,851	...	71	10,952	1,088	11	31	88	55	185	2,145	14,441	0·00	0·20	31·58	3·14	0·53	6·18	41·63	38·43
	Hoshangabad ...	443,657	1	8	11,329	4,251	...	...	11	4	15	1,701	17,305	0·00	0·02	25·54	9·58	0·03	3·84	39·01	32·72
	Nimar ...	138,858	357	...	5,008	750	2	...	37	15	54	889	7,058	2·57	0·00	36·06	5·40	0·39	6·40	50·82	39·26
	Satpura Division.																				
	Burhanpur ...	47,106	1	...	1,184	96	5	...	20	2	25	353	1,659	0·02	0·00	25·13	2·03	0·53	7·49	35·21	32·80
	Mandla ...	297,939	...	26	7,822	568	5	7	75	110	197	931	9,544	0·00	0·09	26·33	1·91	0·66	3·13	32·13	28·75
	Betul ...	292,609	93	42	4,283	1,011	5	19	97	26	147	4,882	10,458	0·32	0·14	14·64	3·46	0·50	16·68	35·74	33·19
	Chhindwara ...	282,917	...	...	7,166	264	12	16	83	20	131	1,602	9,163	0·00	0·00	25·33	0·93	0·46	5·66	32·38	37·22
	Seoni ...	323,024	..	30	12,546	157	8	5	88	61	162	465	13,360	0·00	0·09	38·84	0·49	0·50	1·44	41·36	33·79
	Balaghat . .	336,418	1,043	110	9,051	375	10	12	113	49	184	1,657	12,420	3·10	0·33	26·90	1·11	0·55	4·93	36·92	29·17
	Wainganga Division.																				
	Bhandara ..	650,326	672	1,282	15,803	107	27	35	176	70	308	2,351	20,523	1·03	1·97	24·30	0·16	0·47	3·62	31·55	30·63
	Nagpur ...	480,737	7	122	5,816	492	27	22	126	43	218	7,294	13,949	0·01	0·25	12·10	1·02	0·46	15·17	29·01	33·22
	Wardha ...	342,462	135	31	4,917	945	10	11	64	45	130	3,724	9,882	0·39	0·09	14·36	2·76	0·38	10·87	28·85	30·32
	Chanda ...	501,026	433	232	6,970	811	19	20	145	65	249	5,335	14,030	0·86	0·46	13·91	1·62	0·50	10·65	28·00	29·37
	Mahanadi Division.																				
	Raipur ...	1,098,630	9,568	144	17,417	1,981	58	39	527	97	721	7,573	37,404	8·71	0·13	15·85	1·80	0·66	6·89	34·04	28·93
	Bilaspur ...	743,321	3,571	117	17,292	403	15	8	105	78	204	1,173	22,760	4·80	0·16	23·26	0·54	0·27	1·58	30·61	28·27
	Sambalpur ...	355,913	340	108	2,591	4,136	8	4	116	42	170	1,762	9,107	0·95	0·30	7·28	11·62	0·48	4·95	25·58	24·40
	Total of Districts ...	8,061,634	16,223	2,648	166,882	23,663	287	302	2,346	1,165	4,100	58,654	272,170	2·01	0·33	20·70	2·93	0·51	7·28	33·76	31·73

V. 2.—Showing the diseases of the In-door and Out-door patients treated in the Dispensaries of the Central Provinces during the year 1886.

1	2	3																																4	5	
		DISEASES.																																		Operations.	
		General diseases.													Local Diseases.																					
		Order A. Febrile or Zymotic diseases.				Order B. Constitutional diseases.																																
Number of Dispensaries.	Name of District.	Small-Pox.	Malarious fever, ague and remittent.	Cholera.	Other diseases of this order.	Rheumatic affections.	Syphilitic affections.	Scrofula.	Anæmia.	Leprosy.	Phthisis.	Dropsy.	Other diseases of this order.	Ophthalmia.	Inflammation of the external ear.	Goitre.	Respiratory affections.	Heart disease.	Dysentery.	Diarrhœa.	Worms.	Liver diseases.	Spleen diseases.	Gonorrhœa and its complications.	Abscess, boils and whitlow.	Skin diseases.	Ulcer.	Labour premature, natural and difficult.	Other local diseases.	Debility and old age.	Poisons and poisoned wounds.	Injuries.	Total number of in-door and out-door patients treated in each dispensary.	Major.	Minor.
8	Saugor ...	7	9,777	...	425	2,628	879	61	73	64	5	41	3	15,948	2,654	2	3,311	9	794	1,187	115	39	248	327	2,662	7,518	6,100	...	7,499	392	182	1,193	63,700	34	2,905
5	Damoh ...	..	2,492	..	43	836	80	5	44	27	8	19	1	5,013	1,154	...	829	1	393	49	63	39	66	70	984	3,727	1,537	...	2,725	22	38	762	21,521	61	684
7	Jubbulpore ...	1	9,329	...	567	2,161	694	63	162	46	39	35	12	7,029	1,930	2	4,898	17	1,608	1,667	361	205	358	824	2,430	5,262	6,345	...	8,002	584	168	1,496	56,417	52	2,873
3	Narsinghpur ...	...	3,366	...	49	847	196	13	286	12	23	36	2	4,239	939	2	1,349	7	413	385	33	51	128	197	1,001	3,610	2,219	3	4,080	110	110	764	24,520	47	581
7	Hoshangabad ...	2	10,967	...	133	1,616	300	10	177	15	15	17	1	4,343	1,075	...	3,237	26	1,557	1,447	104	101	259	493	1,703	4,461	3,241	40	5,558	256	215	779	42,108	125	1,324
5	Nimar ...	1	6,659	78	105	1,015	354	19	161	20	10	28	6	3,184	1,069	...	2,442	6	97	1,429	394	118	231	477	1,188	3,335	3,068	5	4,438	210	98	664	31,859	34	1,019
2	Mandla ...	...	2,130	...	1	236	22	4	57	4	1	4	...	646	142	...	436	1	115	259	26	6	118	21	192	893	903	...	1,168	67	15	190	7,659	1	88
2	Betul ...	...	3,380	69	75	525	58	16	44	..	3	7	34	812	238	2	691	71	210	213	185	12	84	97	358	1,485	1,514	3	2,318	85	22	97	13,238	8	278
2	Chhindwara ...	...	2,396	4	38	369	76	6	24	7	..	..	29	2,075	493	4	546	5	212	175	56	48	153	103	370	1,176	1,417	...	1,198	12	48	368	11,408	51	507
2	Seoni ...	2	6,381	...	20	459	92	28	134	21	7	22	62	2,400	259	..	879	6	365	418	202	33	189	140	519	1,665	1,338	...	2,478	68	50	317	18,554	20	519
4	Balaghat ...	..	4,225	38	...	330	151	1	160	18	4	13	6	1,910	230	1	1,034	..	185	342	234	9	133	101	508	1,435	1,302	6	3,286	47	14	126	15,859	17	159
5	Bhandara ...	2	10,592	10	80	1,054	147	8	46	13	4	19	12	6,343	1,332	41	2,360	10	478	3,710	4,725	20	269	311	819	6,311	5,625	4	4,666	57	215	717	50,111	8	881
10	Nagpur ...	6	47,857	8	545	7,677	2,065	182	1,373	190	351	109	494	35,650	11,295	18	20,022	66	4,873	6,627	8,308	317	896	2,677	7,527	19,951	26,767	21	40,863	2,555	1,155	5,576	2,55,629	276	4,425
5	Wardha ...	...	8,454	48	174	1,236	328	17	137	58	22	30	16	5,033	1,482	2	2,037	11	752	553	1,219	52	148	543	1,461	5,331	4,051	11	6,768	270	140	826	41,281	17	1,206
7	Chanda ...	...	11,152	29	68	2,015	207	9	201	26	10	47	16	8,243	1,932	3	3,054	6	732	1,194	4,648	68	190	850	1,071	9,072	5,773	1	10,934	291	100	677	62,008	23	493
6	Raipur ...	?	11,733	251	5	1,930	594	21	99	18	12	57	54	4,878	2,479	1	4,159	..	938	1,202	3,087	40	222	906	1,567	5,778	6,414	6	9,87:	214	101	965	57,549	47	983
3	Bilaspur ...	..	4,800	249	544	772	369	32	140	42	18	56	69	2,363	469	26	1,762	18	978	969	630	42	131	580	443	1,619	1,759	11	2,637	99	99	412	22,138	26	594
2	Sambalpur ...	...	4,413	82	18	1,411	159	3	158	52	9	15	36	2,267	717	4	1,333	3	647	1,061	4,550	3	232	504	577	1,942	3,418	...	7,006	49	16	988	31,657	31	1,020
	Total ...	28	1,59,733	866	2,840	27,116	6,272	498	3,476	683	541	545	1,520	112,412	29,879	68	54,579	263	16,151	23,407	28,940	1,203	4,057	8,721	25,410	84,581	82,866	111	1,25,391	5,391	2,829	16,886	8,27,198	878	20,904

V. 3.—STATEMENT showing particulars of Vaccination in the Central Provinces during the year 1886-87

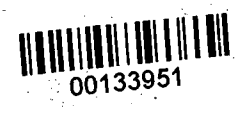
No.	District.	Population of districts according to Census of 1881.	Average population per square mile.	Average number of vaccinators employed throughout the season.	Total number of persons vaccinated.			Average number of persons vaccinated by each vaccinator.	Primary vaccination.				Re-vaccination.		Percentage of successful cases.		Persons successfully vaccinated per 1,000 of population.	Average annual number of persons successfully vaccinated during previous five years		Average annual number of deaths from Small-pox during previous five years.	
									Total.	Successful.			Total.	Successful.	Primary.	Re-vaccination		Number.	Ratio per 1,000.	Number.	Ratio per 1,000.
										Under one year.	Over one and under six years.	Total number of all ages.									
1	2	3	4	5	6			7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20
					Male.	Female.	Total.														
1	Saugor ...	564,950	141·06	12	10,226	9,482	19,708	1,619	18,213	11,532	5,609	17,311	1,495	1,178	95·05	78·79	30·61	20,445	36·19	422	0·75
2	Damoh ...	312,957	111·81	6	5,578	5,028	10,606	1,743	10,606	7,623	1,780	9,502	...	...	89·59	...	30·36	10,605	38·89	266	0·85
3	Jubbulpore ...	686,608	175·40	14	13,606	13,414	27,020	1,930	25,546	14,861	8,411	23,937	1,474	1,184	93·70	80·32	34·86	23,876	34·77	277	0·40
4	Narsinghpur ...	365,173	190·59	9	6,767	6,266	13,033	1,448	13,033	8,894	2,564	12,736	...	...	97·70	...	34·93	13,071	35·79	171	0·47
5	Hoshangabad ...	488,594	110·12	9	8,686	8,551	17,240	1,917	15,989	9,031	4,693	14,991	1,251	1,057	93·76	84·48	30·68	15,316	31·35	127	0·26
6	Nimar ...	231,123	69·26	6	6,790	6,253	13,043	2,080	12,230	7,877	3,079	11,837	813	323	96·78	39·73	51·21	11,378	49·23	203	0·88
7	Mandla ...	301,760	63·94	7	6,764	5,816	12,580	1,797	11,993	2,712	5,559	11,809	587	567	98.47	96·59	39·13	14,650	48·55	183	0·61
8	Betul ...	304,905	78·08	8	4,052	4,037	8,089	1,011	8,059	6,724	593	7,389	30	24	91·68	80·00	24·23	10,187	33·41	150	0·50
9	Chhindwara ...	366,940	95·65	8	9,635	12,782	22,417	2,802	10,885	7,045	2,112	10,735	11,532	8,990	98·62	77·96	29·25	15,494	42·23	105	0·29
10	Seoni ...	334,733	103·09	9	7,448	6,680	14,128	1,569	14,128	6,156	6,730	13,667	...	...	96·73	...	40·83	14,707	43·94	248	0·74
11	Balaghat ...	340,554	108·25	6	8,220	7,293	15,513	2,588	11,259	7,655	2,127	10,402	4,254	2,365	92·39	55·59	30·54	12,264	30·01	26	0·76
12	Bhandara ...	683,779	174·34	11	10,461	9,778	20,239	1,840	20,218	9,645	9,665	19,517	21	20	9 5·53	95·24	28·54	18,477	27·02	303	0·44
13	Nagpur ...	697,356	184·19	16	12,490	11,368	23,858	1,491	23,751	12,430	10,579	23,198	107	90	97·67	84·11	33·27	23,229	33·31	399	0·57
14	Wardha ...	387,221	161·27	7	7,953	7,430	15,383	2,155	15,388	7,037	7,478	14,719	...	...	95·68	...	38·01	14,603	37·71	334	0·86
15	Chanda ...	534,245	49·53	11	9,995	9,410	19,405	1,736	19,220	8,286	7,745	18,176	185	154	94·57	83·24	34·02	16,445	28·91	126	0·24
16	Raipur ...	1,178,961	142·17	20	18,743	18,276	37,019	1,851	36,565	6,512	25,933	34,882	454	301	95·35	66·30	29·59	38,865	32·12	167	0·14
17	Bilaspur ...	1,021,972	150·33	19	16,676	15,883	32,559	1,716	32,559	8,809	21,039	31,438	...	...	96·56	...	30·76	31,465	30·79	181	0·18
18	Sambalpur ...	551,358	146·71	13	12,259	11,531	23,790	1,824	23,790	3,777	18,771	22,967	...	...	96·54	...	41·65	24,270	44·02	53	0·10
	Total of Provinces (Exclusive of Feudatory States.)	9,353,187	118·51	191	176,349	169,281	345,630	1,809	323,427	1,46,597	1,41,470	308,233	22,203	16,253	95·30	73·20	34·69	3,28,347	35·15	3,741	0·40

V. 4.—STATEMENT showing the cost of the Vaccination Department in the Central Provinces during the year 1886-87.

No.	District.	Establishment.								Expenditure.				Paid from					Total.	Number of all successful vaccinations and re-vaccinations.	Average cost of each successful case.
		Superintendent General.	Superintendent of District.	Deputy Superintendent.	Native Superintendent.	Vaccinators. 1st Class.	Vaccinators. 2nd Class.	Vaccinators. 3rd Class.	Chaprasis and other servants.	Pay of Establishment.	Travelling allowance.	Contingencies.	Total cost.	Imperial Funds.	Provincial Funds.	District Funds.	Municipalities.	Native States.			
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
										Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.	Rs. a. p.		Rs a. p.	Rs.	Rs. a. p.
1	Saugor ...	...	1	...	1	6	3	3	2	1,857 8 4	362 8 0	34 2 5	2,254 2 9	...	362 8 0	1,441 10 9	450 0 0	...	2,254 2 9	18,489	0 1 11¼
2	Damoh ...	...	1	...	1	4	1	1	2	1,134 0 0	206 8 0	22 4 6	1,362 12 6	...	206 8 0	1,156 4 6	.....	...	1,362 12 6	9,502	0 2 3½
3	Jubbulpore ...	...	1	...	1	8	4	7	2	2,002 13 4	75 13 6	18 9 8	2,097 4 4	...	75 13 6	1,925 6 10	96 0 0	...	2,097 4 4	25,121	0 1 4
4	Narsinghpur ...	...	1	...	1	2	3	4	2	1,399 4 5	116 0 0	44 13 11	1,560 2 4	...	116 0 0	1,294 4 4	149 14 0	...	1,560 2 4	12,756	0 1 11¼
5	Hoshangabad ...	...	1	...	1	4	2	3	2	1,496 0 6	64 12 0	38 8 2	1,599 4 8	...	64 12 0	1,534 8 8	.....	...	1,599 4 8	16,048	0 1 7
6	Nimar ...	...	1	...	1	2	1	3	2	1,055 2 6	431 2 6	50 2 8	1,536 7 8	...	398 6 0	1,138 1 8	.....	...	1,536 7 8	13,160	0 2 0¼
7	Mandla ...	...	1	...	1	5	1	1	1	1,276 0 0	279 0 0	35 5 5	1,590 5 5	...	279 0 0	1,311 5 5	.....	...	1,590 5 5	12,376	0 2 0¼
8	Betul ...	...	1	...	1	5	1	2	2	1,171 9 3	273 8 7	10 13 9	1,455 15 7	...	273 8 7	1,182 7 0	.....	...	1,455 15 7	7,413	0 3 1½
9	Chhindwara ...	...	1	...	1	7	1	0	2	1,487 8 11	337 8 0	36 15 10	1,862 0 9	...	337 8 0	1,524 8 9	.....	...	1,862 0 9	19,725	0 1 6
10	Seoni ...	...	1	...	1	3	4	2	2	1,530 0 0	350 0 0	34 1 7	1,914 1 7	...	350 0 0	1,414 1 7	120 0 0	...	1,914 1 7	13,667	0 2 3
11	Balaghat ...	...	1	...	1	1	1	4	1	942 14 11	266 8 0	12 9 9	1,222 0 8	...	266 8 0	955 8 8	.....	...	1,222 0 8	12,767	0 1 6¼
12	Bhandara ...	...	1	...	1	4	2	5	2	1,624 0 0	256 12 0	21 8 2	1,902 4 2	...	256 12 0	1,615 8 2	30 0 0	...	1,902 4 2	19,537	0 1 6¾
13	Nagpur ...	...	1	...	1	8	4	4	2	2,433 0 0	... ..	122 3 7	2,555 3 7	...	.....	2,013 3 7	542 0 0	...	2,555 3 7	23,288	0 1 9
14	Wardha ...	...	1	...	1	4	2	1	2	1,398 10 1	190 0 0	18 9 4	1,607 3 5	...	190 0 0	1,417 3 5	.....	...	1,607 3 5	14,719	0 1 9
15	Chanda ...	...	1	...	1	4	2	5	2	1,415 5 4	17 12 8	33 10 4	1,466 12 4	...	17 12 8	1,448 15 8	.....	...	1,466 12 4	18,330	0 1 3¼
16	Raipur ...	...	1	...	1	2	8	10	2	2,658 8 0	1 63 8 0	80 6 10	2,902 6 10	...	163 8 0	2,632 14 10	106 0 0	...	2,902 6 10	35,183	0 1 3¾
17	Bilaspur ...	...	1	...	1	6	4	9	2	2,503 0 0	53 12 0	46 12 7	2,603 8 7	...	53 12 0	2,549 12 7	.....	...	2,603 8 7	31,438	0 1 4
18	Sambalpur ...	...	1	...	1	3	2	8	1	1,205 11 5	329 8 0	17 15 4	1,553 2 9	...	329 8 0	1223 10 9	.....	...	1,553 2 9	22,967	0 1 1
	One third of salary of Sanitary Commissioner ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	..	...	7,200 0 0	.....	.....	7,200 0 0	...	7,200 0 0	.....	.....	...	7,200 0 0	...	.....
	Total of Provinces (Exclusive of Feudatory States) ...	...	18	...	18	73	46	72	33	35,791 1 0	3,774 9 3	679 9 8	40,245 3 11	...	10,941 12 9	27,809 9 2	1,493 14 0	...	40,245 3 11	3,24,486	0 1 11¾

V. 5.—STATEMENT showing Dispensary Vaccination in the Central Provinces, during the year 1886-87.

District.	Number of dispensaries in each district to which a vaccinator is attached.	Average number of vaccinators attached to dispensaries during the season.	Total number of persons vaccinated.	Average number of persons vaccinated by each vaccinator.	Primary Vaccination.				Re-vaccination.		Percentage of successful cases.	
					Total.	Successful.			Total.	Successful.	Primary.	Re-vaccination.
						Under one year.	One and under six.	Total of all ages.				
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13
Saugor	...	...	1,087	...	1,068	917	111	1,032	19	16	96·63	84·21
Damoh	...	...	1,126	...	1,126	816	162	994	...	...	88·28	...
Jubbulpore	...	...	4,534	...	3,995	2,528	994	3,611	539	418	90·39	77·55
Narsinghpur ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hoshangabad ...	...	...	1,379	...	1,236	849	229	1,114	143	128	90·02	89·51
Nimar ...	...	...	330	...	312	214	62	276	18	5	88·46	27·78
Mandla	...	...	238	...	238	171	59	236	...	...	99·16	...
Betul	...	...	161	...	161	111	20	139	...	...	86·34	...
Chhindwara... ...	...	...	2,164	...	1,450	1,288	86	1,450	714	436	100·00	61·06
Seoni	...	...	190	...	190	123	62	185	...	...	97·37	...
Balaghat	...	...	808	...	705	508	167	681	103	47	96·59	4 5·63
Bhandara	...	...	991	...	990	465	475	940	1	1	94·95	100·00
Nagpur	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Wardha	...	...	929	...	929	464	361	831	...	...	89 45	...
Chanda	...	...	1,025	...	1,022	570	259	860	3	3	84·15	100·00
Raipur	...	...	905	...	876	389	401	806	29	18	89·48	62·07
Bilaspur	...	...	770	...	770	244	432	689	...	...	89·48	...
Sambalpur	...	...	407	...	407	50	342	398	...	...	97·79	...
Total of Province (Exclusive of Feudatory States.)	...	...	17,044	...	15,475	9,707	4,222	14,242	1,569	1,072	92·05	68.32


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